

# U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service

# NOTICE OF GRANT AND AGREEMENT AWARD

1. Award Identifying Number	2. Amendr	nent Number	3. Award /Project Per	riod	4. Type of award instrument:		
NR233A750004G102			Date of final sign 09/20/2026		Grant Agreement		
5. Agency (Name and Address) USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities c/o FPAC-BC Grants and Agreements Division			6. Recipient Organization (Name and Address) VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE & STATE UNIVERSITY SPONSORED PROGRAMS 0170				
1400 Independence Ave SW, Room 3236 Washington, DC 20250			BLACKSBURG VA 24061-0001				
Direct all correspondence to FPAC.BC.GAD@usda.gov			UEI Number / DUNS Number: QDE5UHE5XD16 / 003137015 EIN:				
7. NRCS Program Contact	1. 25 19 . The state of a 19	S Administrative 9. Recipient Program Contact Contact			10. Recipient Administrative Contact		
Name: ALLISON COSTA	Name: Aile	een Anderson	Name: THOMAS THO	OMPSON	Name: KAMALA UPADHYAYA		
(b)(6)							
11. CFDA	12. Authority		13. Type of Action		14. Program Director		
10.937	15 USC 71	I4 et seq	New Agreement		Name: THOMAS THOMPSON (b)(6)		
15. Project Title/ Description: Expands markets for climate-smart Corn, Rice, Beef, Pork, Dairy, Other Crops and Livestock in AR MN, ND, and VA and supports farmer implementation and monitoring of climate-smart practices.							
16. Entity Type: H = Public/State Controlled Institution of Higher Education							
17. Select Funding Type							
Select funding type:		🔀 Federal		🕅 Non-Federal			
Original funds total		\$80,000,000.00		\$20,849,855.00			
Additional funds total		\$0.00		\$0.00			
Grand total		\$80,000,000.00		\$20,849,855.00			
18. Approved Budget							

Personnel	\$4,589,23	35.00	Fringe Benefits		\$1,640,866.00
Travel	\$174,262	.00	Equipment		\$0.00
Supplies	\$176,202	.00	Contract	tual	\$1,536,471.00
Construction	\$0.00		Other		\$71,882,964.00
Total Direct Cost	\$77,686,3	08.00	Total Indirect Cost		\$2,313,692.00
	E.		Total No	on-Federal Funds	\$20,849,855.00
		Total Fe	deral Funds Awarded	\$80,000,000.00	
			Total Ap	proved Budget	\$100,849,855.00
award or amendmer act on behalf of the attachments), and a	nt and any pay awardee orga grees that acc	ments made pu nization, agrees ceptance of any	that the a payments	ereto, the undersigned rep award is subject to the app	al Assistance Regulations. In accepting this resents that he or she is duly authorized to licable provisions of this agreement (and all by the payee that the amounts, if any,
Name and Title of A Government Repres KATINA HANSON		Signature KATINA		Digitally signed by KATINA	Date

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Trudy M Riley Date: 2023.09.20 18:39:58

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Signature

Date: 2023.09.21 09:14:39

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Date

TRUDY RILEY

Acting Senior Advisor for

**Recipient Representative** 

**Climate-Smart Commodities** 

Name and Title of Authorized

Associate VP for Reseach and

Innovation, Sponsored Programs

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#### **PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT**

The above statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. Section 522a).

# Statement of Work

## Purpose

The purpose of this agreement, between the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University (Recipient), is to build markets for climate-smart commodities and invest in America's climate-smart producers to strengthen U.S. rural and agricultural communities.

## Objectives

The objectives of this project are to support the production and marketing of climate-smart commodities by providing voluntary incentives to producers and landowners, including early adopters, to implement climate-smart agricultural production practices, activities, and systems on working lands; measure/quantify, monitor and verify the carbon and greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits associated with those practices; and develop markets and promote the resulting climate-smart commodities.

## **Budget Narrative**

The official budget summarized below and described in the attached Budget Narrative will be considered the total budget as last approved by the Federal awarding agency for this award.

Amounts included in this budget narrative are estimates. Reimbursement or advance liquidations will be based on actual expenditures, not to exceed the amount obligated.

TOTAL BUDGET \$100,849,855

TOTAL FEDERAL FUNDS \$80,000,000 PERSONNEL \$3,399,433 FRINGE BENEFITS \$1,215,456 TRAVEL \$129,083 EQUIPMENT \$0 SUPPLIES \$130,520 CONTRACTUAL \$1,138,126 CONSTRUCTION \$0 OTHER \$71,673,690 (includes PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$57,407,735) TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$77,686,308 INDIRECT COSTS \$2,313,692

TOTAL NON-FEDERAL FUNDS \$20,849,855 PERSONNEL \$0 FRINGE BENEFITS \$0 TRAVEL \$0 EQUIPMENT \$0 SUPPLIES \$0 CONTRACTUAL \$0 CONSTRUCTION \$0 OTHER \$20,849,855 (includes PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$20,000,000) TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$20,849,855 INDIRECT COSTS \$0

Recipient has an approved Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA) with a rate of 35% percent and a base of Modified Total Direct Costs (\$6,610,543) consisting of salaries and wages, applicable fringe benefits, materials and supplies, services, travel and subawards up to the first \$25,000 of each subaward (regardless of the period of performance of the subawards under the award). Equipment, capital expenditures, charges for patient care, rental costs, tuition remission, scholarships and fellowships, participant support costs and the portion of each subaward in excess of \$25,000 shall be excluded from modified total direct costs.

When equipment is purchased with Federal funds it must be used until no longer needed as described in the General Terms and Conditions and 2 CFR 200. If the residual value of the equipment is \$5,000 or more at the time it is no longer needed, the recipient must request disposition instructions. The disposition instructions may direct the recipient to: 1) sell the equipment and return a proportionate share of the proceeds to the Federal agency; 2) transfer title to another eligible entity identified by the Federal agency; or 3) keep the equipment if desired and compensate the Federal agency

for its proportionate share of the value.

## Responsibilities of the Parties:

If inconsistencies arise between the language in this Statement of Work (SOW) and the General Terms and Conditions attached to the agreement, the language in this SOW takes precedence.

RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Perform the work and produce the deliverables as outlined in this Statement of Work and attachments.

Ensure Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) clearance is obtained prior to conducting data collection from producers or other project participants, including data collection performed by subrecipients.

Comply with the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions.

Submit reports and payment requests to the ezFedGrants system as outlined in the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions. Reporting frequency is as follows:

Performance Reports: Quarterly

SF425 Financial Reports: Quarterly

Detailed Progress Report: Quarterly (The detailed progress report is in addition to the performance and financial reports referenced above and described in the general terms and conditions)

## Expected Accomplishments and Deliverables

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

#### **Resources Required**

See the Responsibilities of the Parties section for required resources, if applicable.

#### Milestones

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

# **GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

Please reference the below link(s) for the General Terms and Conditions pertaining to this award: https://www.fpacbc.usda.gov/about/grants-and-agreements/award-terms-and-conditions/index.html

Attachments: Budget Narrative Project Narrative Benchmarks Table Climate-Smart Practices List and Limitations Data Dictionary Climate-Smart Specific Terms and Conditions

## Withheld pursuant to exemption

(b)(4)

# Withheld pursuant to exemption

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#### Withheld pursuant to exemption

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## The Alliance to Advance Climate-Smart Agriculture: Supporting Producers to Promote Productivity, Markets, and Environmental Benefits ("The Alliance")

## I. Executive Summary

# A. Contact information

Principal Investigator: Thomas L. Thompson, Associate Dean and Director, College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Virginia Tech, 250 Drillfield Dr., Blacksburg, VA 24061, 540-231-3724, <u>tlthomps@vt.edu</u>

Authorized Official: Trudy M. Riley, Assoc. Vice President for Research and Innovation, Office of Sponsored Programs, Virginia Tech, North End Center, Suite 4200, 300 Turner St. NW., Blacksburg, VA 24061, 540-231-5281, <u>ospdirector@vt.edu</u>

# B. List of Alliance partners

- 1. <u>State pilot leads:</u> Arkansas Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Division, Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources, North Dakota Farmers Union, and Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation.
- 2. <u>Producer groups:</u> Agricultural Council of Arkansas, Arkansas Rice Federation, Minnesota Farmers Union, Minnesota Soil Health Coalition, Minnesota State Cattlemen's Association, and the National Black Growers Council.
- 3. <u>Technical experts and conveners:</u> National Association of Conservation Districts, Supporters of Agricultural Research, Sustainable Food Lab, and the Environmental Initiative.

# C. List of underserved/minority focused partners

The National Black Growers Council (NBGC) will serve on the Advisory Council along with four additional to-be-identified groups (one per state) representing underserved producers. The Alliance will also form a DEI Committee, including relevant Tribal representatives, NBGC, and invited members of at least one young farmer organization, an indigenous representative from a national livestock association, a female small dairy operator, a young, small-scale, LGBTQ producer, a national corn association leader, among others, to represent underserved producers. In addition to their expertise on program design to meet the needs of underserved producers, these groups and individuals either have a presence in the four states in which the pilot will take place or are able to connect pilot partners to relevant groups in those states. The project will allocate funds to ensure underserved producers can participate in project meetings.

# D. Compelling need for the project

1. Climate-smart agriculture and forestry (CSAF) programs must reward all environmental benefits to be economically viable for producers. Currently, only 3% of producers are participating in voluntary carbon markets. This low number is due to the fact that payments for the greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits of CSAF practices typically do not meet producers' implementation costs, resulting in a financial loss. Producers lack the up-front financial resources to shift technology and equipment required to adopt CSAF practices, or to take on subsequent yield risks, and they cannot pass costs on to consumers. Climate-smart agricultural practices can deliver public environmental benefits with an "ecosystem service" value 400% greater than the value of the GHG benefit alone, particularly from water quality benefits in crops and air quality benefits in livestock. Paying producers at a rate that reflects the combined environmental values of CSAF practices enables them to earn a reasonable return, which enables them to rapidly scale adoption and deliver climate-smart commodities. This pilot project uniquely compensates producers with a payment that surpasses costs and reflects the combined public value delivered by stacked environmental benefits.

- 2. CSAF programs must promote sustainable agricultural productivity to achieve global goals. Increasing agricultural productivity is critically important to achieving climate goals and global food security, yet a focus on productivity is absent from climate-smart agricultural programs. Productivity-enhancing practices may have adverse environmental impacts; however, including climate and environmental goals is achievable. This project will draw on insights from Virginia Tech's seminal Global Agricultural Productivity Reports<sup>®</sup> and a SoAR-led technical workstream to deliver recommendations on integrating productivity considerations within our climate-smart pilot program.
- 3. CSAF programs typically fail to work for limited-resource and socially disadvantaged producers. This pilot creates a program that works for producers of all sizes and types. Private market programs often require administrative burdens that prevent equitable access for small and limited resource producers, which includes the majority of socially disadvantaged producers. Our pilot demonstrates an equitable program by: a) easing the administrative burden on producers and the private sector; b) offering minimum payments and equity payments to address historic discrimination; c) tailoring outreach to underserved communities; and d) evaluating how to support limited resource producers in using the Carbon Management Evaluation Tool (COMET).
- 4. The private sector lacks a climate-smart certificate that addresses supply chain barriers, works at scale, and leverages public and private investments to avoid penalizing early actors while demonstrating additional climate benefits. Private carbon market qualifying criteria for demonstrating additional GHG benefits prevent early adopter participation. The Alliance pilot will test a program model to verify and measure total and net GHG benefits. This model will enable the private sector to purchase climate-smart commodity certificates and claim additional investments using average net GHG reductions. Early adopters would be fairly compensated by the program, both gross and net impacts would be reported, and private sector actors would claim only the net impacts to meet their reporting needs. This model also resolves supply chain barriers that commodities confront by disconnecting the certificate from the need for chain of custody tracking. High-end estimates of private-sector market carbon farming are only \$5 billion<sup>1</sup>, while the cost of national adoption of climate smart practices is approximately \$50 billion<sup>2</sup>. Additionally, the pilot will conduct research on consumer willingness to pay for various climate-smart labels to help assess the size of the private market and label effectiveness.

- 5. Guidance is needed on how to support producers to effectively use COMET-Planner. Very few producers have experience with COMET-Planner and our pilot needs to identify what support producers need in order to use the tool effectively. This pilot will use several approaches to inform types of support needed, including outcome evaluation comparing COMET-Planner and COMET-Farm and interviews of participating producers.
- 6. Livestock producers are not incentivized to adopt practices that reduce methane gas production and deliver other environmental benefits. Economic incentivization of climate-smart livestock management requires specific consideration due to 1) the unique variability in investment associated with mitigation options (e.g., cost of feed supplements vs lagoon covers); 2) the technology-specific trade-offs among environmental impact, animal productivity, farm profitability, and other sustainability metrics such as consumer acceptance and animal wellbeing; and 3) the need for farm-specific planning and evaluation of effective, appropriate, affordable, and timely mitigation strategies. To account for these challenges, this project proposes to focus investigations on confined-animal farm operations in Minnesota and Virginia. The goal is to establish a payment system that provides incentives for reducing resource inputs and optimizing productivity, when both metrics are scaled by animal and land unit, and consider the need for reducing use of riparian areas by livestock.

## E. Approach to minimize transaction costs associated with project activities

This project will minimize transaction costs in multiple ways:

- 1. Administrative costs will be reduced by eliminating applicant ranking. All producers willing to adopt climate-smart practices will qualify and a stratified randomized selection process will be applied to ensure statistically representative and equitable enrollment.
- 2. By using existing measurement tools, the pilot will minimize training and development costs. GHG impact will be quantified using tools such as USDA's COMET and Field to Market's Fieldprint Calculator (for rice), which do not require extensive on-farm sampling. To inform a large-scale program design that can rely on COMET Planner, the pilot will simultaneously evaluate COMET-Planner and COMET-Farm outputs for up to 10% of producers. Additional carbon capture MMRV methods will be employed for comparison with COMET results. Producers will be compensated for extra time needed to use COMET-Farm. Soil Conditioning Index—Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation 2 (RUSLE2) and/or other state-based tools will be used to quantify other environmental benefits.
- 3. Unlike current carbon market programs, this pilot project will use the USDA best practice of producer self-verification and select audits, which the Congressional Budget Office found effective in current programs. To support private market investments at a dramatically reduced verification and administration cost, program partners will work with corporate stakeholders to propose parameters for a program based on verification of the net and total GHG reductions and reporting of the averages for the private market to use in the purchase of certificates. Process refinements will be suggested based on extensive dialogue with technical experts and private market actors.
- 4. To improve program design, producer groups, including equity-oriented groups, will host producer meetings in pilot states. Meetings will cover topics such as suggestions to refine

#### Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, VIRGINIA TECH

Application to USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Revision 4 s Use or disclosure of data contained on this sheet is subject to the restriction on the title page of this application. participation processes to minimize transaction costs and barriers to entry. Listening to producer suggestions, questions, and concerns will be an important feature of all producer meetings.

5. Livestock pilots will include recommendations on verifying methane reductions using practical, scientific, and cost-effective methods. Methods will be considered including drones for spot-checking and feedback from producers will be gathered to inform a practical approach for a voluntary program that delivers scientifically valid results.

## F. <u>Approach to reduce barriers to implementing Climate-Smart Agriculture and Forestry (CSAF)</u> practices for the purpose of marketing climate-smart commodities

This project will reduce barriers to implementing climate-smart practices by:

- 1. Designing a program that will dramatically increase the supply of climate-smart commodities by compensating producers at a payment level that offers a reasonable return to overcome the risks inherent in adopting new production practices.
- 2. Designing and deploying a prototype Climate-Smart Certificate through discussions and one in-person workshop with producers and multinational corporations, hosted by the Sustainable Food Lab, focused on overcoming supply-chain barriers in the commodity sector and not penalizing early adopters.
- 3. Distributing a prototype certificate to enrolled Alliance pilot producers to facilitate market access for selling CSC goods or the associated captured carbon.
- 4. Testing consumer willingness to pay for climate-smart labels through a Virginia Tech study of supermarket consumers using different labels and price points.
- 5. Supporting the participation of small producers by setting a minimum payment value and progressive payment structure.
- 6. Ensuring meaningful participation by underserved producers through mechanisms such as funding allocations, travel stipends, minimum payments, and equity payment terms.
- 7. Piloting a simple application and enrollment process to encourage greater interest in and access to the program.
- 8. Improving the verification process to be more practical for producers while remaining effective and useful for purchasers.
- 9. Providing TA to support practice adoption through existing networks of expertise in soil and water conservation districts within pilot states.
- 10. Developing a tool to model climate-smart livestock practices' environmental benefits by region and practice to enable payment terms that reflect public benefits and economic context.

## G. Geographic focus

The Alliance pilot project will be implemented in Arkansas, Minnesota, North Dakota, and Virginia to test the concept in a diverse array of geographies, ecologies, and economic contexts. Within each state, conservation districts will be selected to reach a diversity of operations and ecologies. Technical workstreams and conferences, tools, reports, producer meetings, and stakeholder dialogues will inform our climate-smart program design.

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H. <u>Project management capacity of partners, including description of existing relationship with</u> <u>and/or prior experience working with producers or landowners, promoting climate-smart</u> <u>commodities</u>

Virginia Tech is a "Research-1" Land Grant University with an annual research portfolio of more than \$500 million; the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences (CALS) has an annual portfolio of \$50 million in external grants and contracts. Virginia Tech's influence reaches into every county and city in Virginia through Virginia Cooperative Extension, which it leads in collaboration with Virginia State University, Virginia's 1890 Land Grant University. The project management and financial capabilities of Virginia Tech and CALS will be leveraged to ensure the success of this project. A project management unit with management, financial, and communication responsibilities for the entire project will be located at Virginia Tech.

Our partners were selected based on their experience and expertise. Our implementer partners include the Arkansas Department of Agriculture, the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources, the North Dakota Farmers Union, and the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation. Our producer partners include Arkansas Rice Federation, Agricultural Council of Arkansas, Minnesota Soil Health Coalition, Minnesota Farmers Union, Minnesota State Cattlemen's Association, NACD, and National Black Growers Council. Additional partners include Sustainable Food Lab, Environmental Initiative, and SoAR.

Our partners have a rich history of working with producers and landowners as well as promoting climate-smart commodities. Relevant to this project, their experience and expertise in working with producers and landowners includes contributing insights at producer meetings; providing guidance to landowners on climate-smart practices; and sharing information on watershed improvement opportunities. Our partners have been working with producers and landowners for a combined 150 years.

Our partners' histories include promoting climate-smart commodities through means such as supplying information on greenhouse gas benefits to producers; distributing information to landowners on ways to produce climate-smart commodities; collaborating with corporations to expand programs that engage producers in their supply chains to increase the supply of climatesmart commodities, and giving incentives to landowners who produce climate-smart commodities. Our partners have been doing this work for a combined 70 years.

In addition, this project will be informed by former USDA senior leaders Kevin Norton and Brad Karmen. Norton served as Associate Chief for the USDA National Resources Conservation Service (NCRS) and Karmen served as USDA Assistant Deputy Administrator for Farm Programs. They will advise on the pilot and program design recommendations based on USDA best practices for creating an economical, efficient, and environmentally impactful pilot program, based on their combined 80 years of expertise.

## II. Plan to pilot climate-smart agriculture on a large scale

## A. Description of climate-smart practices to be deployed

Qualifying practices will be selected from the USDA NOFO-identified list of practices as well as conservation crop rotation. Each implementing partner will assess the list for relevance to the selected state, county, and commodities. Environmental and cultural resources review will be conducted when required by USDA-NRCS guidelines. Each practice must meet the NRCS specifications for the respective state. Some NRCS livestock protocols allow for a wide set of

Application to USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Revision Use or disclosure of data contained on this sheet is subject to the restriction on the title page of this application. practices that may not deliver GHG benefits, so the livestock sub-pilot will develop a tool to incentivize reduced inputs and improved productivity, informing the refinement of NRCS protocols to be more climate-friendly. Qualifying practices will include, with NRCS codes:

- **Crop practices:** Cover crops (340); no-till (329); reduced till (345); nutrient management, including precision nutrient management (590); conservation crop rotation (328); silvopasture (381); riparian forest buffer (391); riparian herbaceous cover (390), tree/shrub establishment (612), pasture and hay planting (512).
- **Rice practices:** Residue management, no-till (329); residue management, reduced till (345); irrigation water management–alternate wetting and drying for water conservation in rice (449); conservation crop rotation (328); nutrient management, including precision application and/or advanced formulations (590).
- Livestock practices: Comprehensive nutrient and manure management plan and implementation (102); roofs and covers (367); waste separation facility (632); feed management to reduce enteric emissions (592); prescribed grazing (528); nutrient management (590); silvopasture (381)
- B. Plan to recruit producers, including estimated scale of the project (e.g., number of landowners, acres targeted, head of livestock)

**Recruitment.** We target enrolling more than 4,500 producers across four states in our pilot program. To do so, we assume that we will need to reach some multiple of this number of producers to yield enough interest. A priori, we have no idea what this multiple is. Therefore, we propose to use multiple communication channels to reach producers, including 1) website and social media, 2) existing channels of communication such as Conservation District and Cooperative Extension listservs and equity partner networks, and 3) face-to-face engagement. Based upon the extensive experience of our partners, we believe face-to-face engagement will be crucial for success in attracting applications and enrollment. Among agricultural audiences, person-to-person engagement events such as county extension meetings, conservation district meetings, and field days at research centers play a major role in attracting and informing producers. Furthermore, 40% of our enrolled producers are to be from underrepresented and limited resource populations. Such producers may not be connected to traditional agricultural communication channels such as county extension. The implementing conservation districts will be the primary, but not only, recruiters based on their extensive reach to thousands of producers. Each state will also have an equity partner focused on outreach to underserved producers, such as the 1890 land-grant university and the National Black Growers Council. The state agencies and producer group partners will also advertise in their communication channels reaching tens of thousands of producers. We have proposed 75 producer-focused meetings and field days across the four pilot states and three years, with an estimated 4,100 attendees.

**County/district selection.** State pilot leads, in consultation with the Advisory Council, which includes the NACD, will identify a combination of conservation districts to a) reach all major commodities including grazing and animal feeding operations plus specialty crops; b) reach underserved producers; c) have capacity for providing technical assistance; and d) meet any additional state-specific criteria such as watershed priorities and environmental justice cobenefits.

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**Statistically representative selection.** Virginia Tech researchers will develop an applicant selection model that statistically represents state demographics and does not set any restrictions on producer participation to inform program design. The model will include criteria such as diversity of commodities, operation size, underrepresented producers, and previous adoption of climate-smart practices.

**Project Scale.** This project is designed to yield information that could inform future program design, while also making a significant impact in the pilot stage. The pilot will reach an estimated 4,400 - 4,800 operations representing a total of 475,300 acres or animal units. This estimate assumes a project budget of \$80 million with \$57.3 million going directly to producer payments, including a \$4 million allocation for high-cost livestock practices, and a cap of paying for the adoption of practices on 160 acres or animal units per operation. Additionally, participating farm sizes will reflect state farm sizes, socially disadvantaged and limited resource producers will earn 25% equity payments, and new producers will be selected for participation in the second year in three of the four states, Minnesota the exception. The pilot scale may differ slightly from the above goals depending on the districts and counties selected. The estimated scale of the pilot per state is as follows:

State	Cropland Acres	Pasture/Range Acres	Animal Units
Arkansas	76,672	31,242	23,405
Minnesota	57,865	2,852	12,782
North Dakota	95,616	33,768	1,936
Virginia	72,923	48,791	17,447
Total Pilot Units	303,076 (64% of pilot units)	116,654 (24% of pilot units)	55,570 (12% of pilot units)

## C. <u>Plan to provide technical assistance, outreach, and training, including who will be conducting</u> these activities, qualifications, and project timeline

**State pilot implementation.** In all four pilot states, state pilot leads will implement the pilot by sub-granting or contracting with selected conservation districts and other experts to conduct outreach and enrollment and provide technical assistance (TA). The supporting team of partners is tailored to each state's context.

State leads will: a) receive all state pilot funds and sub-grant or contract to all partners doing TA, outreach and training; b) under Virginia Tech's leadership, coordinate training of TA providers on COMET tools and the pilot program overall; c) help identify the best-suited region for pilot implementation after the grant is received; and d) help refine the pilot program design. State leads will also establish parameters for the conservation districts to conduct local outreach, facilitate the application process, aggregate performance data, and conduct oversight of TA providers and COMET/ Fieldprint. Finally, state leads will provide overall administrative leadership for state pilots. In Minnesota and Virginia, the state leads will supplement federal

PCSC grant funding with state-based funds to enroll more units and/or additional practices for pilot participants.

Technical assistance will be provided by local conservation districts and contracted TA providers with demonstrated, successful experience working with agriculture producers and equity groups for planning and implementing qualifying practices. Please see state lead scopes of work for a list of these providers. Outreach and enrollment of producers will be conducted by the conservation districts as well as contractors with expertise in targeted outreach to underserved communities.

**Project Timeline.** The timeline is approximate and assumes project initiation on or near 1 July 2023. Additional details are given in the accompanying milestones document.

# D. Plan to provide financial assistance for producers/landowners to implement climate-smart practices

**Defining Qualifying Operators.** This project will allow one application per Farm Service Agency (FSA) farm number, with the payment going to the FSA designated operator or to be divided as designated on the enrollment form and contract. The participant selection model will allow up to two FSA farm numbers per designated operator.

**This project will pay producers \$100 per acre or animal unit per year** for voluntary adoption of climate-smart practices that deliver more than that amount in public environmental benefits. This payment level reflects the combined public value delivered to climate, water, and other environmental benefits, while covering the cost of the practice and de-risking adoption with an additional financial incentive. Producers will receive 50% of the payment upfront, 25% after implementation and verification, 25% after final reporting is completed. Limited resource producers may be eligible for a 100% upfront payment. If a participant is unable to implement the approved practice in year one due to conditions outside of their control, such as weather, they will be given an extension to install the practice in the second year. If a farmer does not adopt the practice after two years, they must return the funds or apply for an extension due to extenuating circumstances. The budget in this application assumes a 160-acre or animal unit cap per FSA farm number, except for the MN and VA livestock sub-pilots which may set a different cap. Equity payments are explained below.

All payments to producers will be issued by Virginia Tech. Once a producer is enrolled in the program, they will receive a debit card in the mail that will be used to load disbursements. Along with the card, farmers will receive a card holder agreement document containing the terms and conditions of the card. This document will list information on how to use the card and includes a disclosure of any applicable fees, including card replacement, foreign currency conversion, and ATM fees. Information on how to check balances and contact customer service is also included. Participants will be registered and the card mailed to the participant prior to any money being loaded into the account. Upon receipt, the participant will be directed to call, confirm their identity/enrollment and then Alliance project staff will transfer the funds to the card program. This will ensure the card is in the hands of the participant and no funds are "lost in the mail". There are procedures included in the terms of the card regarding replacement options for lost cards, etc. We have a vendor and are finalizing the contract now. The vendor was selected through an RFP process to select university wide solution(s) for research participants and other payments.

#### Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, VIRGINIA TECH

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Refining Payments for High-Cost, High-Value Livestock Practices. Because climatesmart livestock practices have significant variability and can be broken down into incremental practices (i.e., those incentivized under the per animal model) and high-cost, high-value practices (i.e., digesters, etc.), the incentivization of these practices requires a different structure. To address the regional variety of grazing and rangeland ecologies and economics, Virginia Tech will create a livestock tool that establishes a payment per head, which could be more or less than \$100/AU, to achieve ideal reductions in input use and increases in productivity, based on fiveyear goals of moving toward warming neutrality. The ultimate goal of the data collection in these pilot investigations would be to establish market-informed incentives that are regionally sensible and can be generated uniformly across operation locations, types, and sizes.

Additionally, the pilot will provide \$2 million to both Minnesota and Virginia to pilot the implementation of high-value and high-cost climate-smart practices in Animal Feeding Operations (AFOs). Targeting a small number of swine, dairy, poultry, and beef operations, this project will test and evaluate the payment terms and program design for the practices necessary to effectively reduce methane and nitrous oxide emissions from these operations. The conservation practices selected will be tailored to each operation and will include such items as basic lagoon covers, collectors and converters, separators, and composting systems. By paying for the full cost of an integrated waste management systems approach, the project will yield information with respect to the costs, technology, and management requirements to effect voluntary adoption of these practices across the United States.

Compensation for COMET-Farm. Producers using COMET-Farm will be compensated \$1,000 each for the estimated 35 hours to collect and input historical farm data. These payments are included in the \$57.3 million request for producer payments.

E. Plan to enroll underserved and small producers, including estimated number of underserved and small producers participating, and associated dollar amounts anticipated to go directly to producers, in the form of financial and technical assistance

Definitions. Underserved producers include beginning producers, socially disadvantaged producers, veteran producers, limited resource producers, women producers, small producers, and producers growing specialty crops. Socially disadvantaged producers include those belonging to groups that have been subject to racial or ethnic prejudice, such as farmers who are Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Hispanic or Latino, and Asian or Pacific Islander. We will use the USDA definition of a limited resource producer, which means a participant "with direct or indirect gross farm sales not more than the current indexed value in each of the previous two years, and who has a total household income at or below the national poverty level for a family of four, or less than 50 percent of county median household income in each of the previous two years."

Outreach & Inclusion. The National Black Growers Council and the Alliance DEI Committee will support outreach to inform their members about the opportunity, including hosting producer meetings focused on outreach, encouraging their members and constituents to apply, and informing program design. We also propose to engage four additional partner organizations, one per state ("Equity partners") to receive subawards. These organizations will be selected based upon their existing connections with and demonstrated ability to reach

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underserved and underrepresented producers, to help our Alliance reach our goal of 40% enrollment of producers in these categories. These organizations will support this project by helping to encourage application and enrollment by underserved and underrepresented producers. Equity partners will submit their draft outreach plan for guidance by the Advisory Council and DEI Committee.

Equitable Participation. Virginia Tech researchers will create a model that selects participants to ensure program diversity. This model will prioritize selecting a statistically representative sample of participants while ensuring sufficient allocation for underserved producers. In keeping with the spirit of the Justice40 initiative, at least 40% of participants will be underserved producers.

Equitable Funding Allocation. The pilot will allocate 5% of funds for socially disadvantaged producers and 5% for limited resource producers in each state. If the funds are not used during the first year, they will be rolled into the second year allocation for underserved producers. Additional efforts will then be made to achieve the goals, including potentially adjusting the selection of conservation districts to reach more socially disadvantaged producers.

Equity Payments. Limited resource producers, socially disadvantaged producers, and producers from female-only operations automatically qualify for an equity payment valued at 25% of the baseline \$100/unit. A minimum payment of \$500 will be provided to operations with fewer than five acres. Operations with fewer than five acres and operated by a participant eligible for equity payments will receive a minimum total payment of \$625.

Estimates of producer reach and direct payments. To achieve the Justice40 goals to include underserved (including small) producers, at least 40% of participants will be underserved reaching at least 1,800 operations. Additionally, a minimum of 550 operations with socially disadvantaged or limited resource producers will participate in the pilot project. Socially disadvantaged and limited resource producers will receive \$125 per acre on a maximum of 160 acres. Direct payments will total as much as \$20,000 per operation. Assuming an average practice cost of \$36 per acre, net profit per operation could reach \$14,240 per year.

Producer Category	Number of Operations	Percent of Operations	Number of Acres/Animal Units	Percent of Acres/Animal Units
Underserved, total	1,843	40%	142,590	30
Socially Disadvantaged	276	6%	19,012	4
Limited Resource	276	6%	19,012	4

### **III.** Measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verification plan

A. Approach to GHG benefit quantification, including methodology approach consistent with the section titled "Quantification Requirements" below

Quantifying GHG Benefits. Participants will quantify and report total GHG benefits through the use of COMET-Planner. COMET Planner does not include feed management, manure management, or rice, so operations implementing those practices will use alternative tools including COMET-Farm and Field to Market's Fieldprint Calculator. Virginia Tech will aggregate the data from all participants to report total and additional GHG impact. To enhance the robustness of GHG quantification, up to 10% of participants will use both COMET-Planner and COMET-Farm. Virginia Tech will extrapolate the difference in findings from the two COMET tools regarding additional GHG and long-term GHG impact projections. The results will inform how a COMET-Planner-based program can be augmented by COMET-Farm to obtain finer-scale estimates of farm-level GHG benefits. COMET-Farm will also allow the assessment of GHG benefits associated with changes in practices over a longer period of time. These results can be extrapolated from the COMET-Farm subset to provide a range of aggregate impact around the baseline impact estimated using COMET-Planner.

The above data-driven results will be complemented by a literature-review approach that estimates gross and net GHG impacts using studies of GHG impact for each climate-smart practice, rather than operation-level data. Using national data on rates of early adoption of climate-smart practices, the early adopters' GHG benefits will be subtracted and the additional GHG impacts will be reported. This model allows early adopters to be compensated for their contributions and allows the reporting process to track gross and additional GHG benefits.

Virginia Tech researcher Dr. Mark Reiter will work with state pilot leads and SWCDs to collect and analyze soil samples on a limited number of operations to evaluate efficacy of cover cropping, grazing management, and other CSAF on GHG sequestration potential. Dr. Robin White will direct measurements and modeling of on-farm verification of greenhouse gas emissions and various metrics of broader ecosystem services, to be focused on locations in Virginia and Minnesota where high-cost livestock practices have been implemented as part of the Alliance pilot. For each farm, she will collect comprehensive manure samples from the manure storage and handling systems to be evaluated for composition of volatile organic solids, as well as N and P fractions. We have also requested budget for three additional contracts, \$25,000 each, for measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verification (MMRV) to supplement COMET and other measurements. This might include soil analysis, remotely sensed data, or other relevant measurements.

To design a pilot program that does not penalize early adoption, Virginia Tech will develop a model and guidance for refining the methodology over time to inform how our pilot can include early adopters and quantify the total and additional GHG in a manner that is scientific and practical, such as by subtracting the average rate of early adoption. The Advisory Council will use those model insights along with the Alliance proposal to develop recommendations on how to account for total and additional GHG benefits while fairly compensating early adopters.

Quantifying Additional Environmental Benefits. To capture and demonstrate the additional environmental benefits from the implementation of the selected practice, the state pilot lead will provide data derived from the conservation planning process as appropriate for the enrolled acres, such as soil condition index, tons of soil erosion reduced, reduced application of nutrients, water quality benefits, etc. The state pilot lead will utilize RUSLE2 and provide the data to Virginia Tech, which will aggregate, report, and quantify the dollar value of soil and water quality benefits. Fieldprint also provides data on additional environmental benefits, including biodiversity, water quality, soil conservation, irrigation water use, energy use, and soil carbon.

For several of the climate-smart practices included in the pilot, the SoAR technical session on payment terms will include a comprehensive literature review to assess and quantify

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the stacked ecosystem service value delivered, including GHG benefits, using national and regional studies to provide estimates of public value. This work will draw on existing analysis conducted by the Rural Investment to Protect our Environment (RIPE) organization of the stacked ecosystem service value of the practices included in the pilot, each of which exceeds the threshold of delivering \$100/acre or AU in total environmental benefit. This report will inform the level of public value generated by our climate-smart program and contribute to streamlining the approach to incentivizing the adoption of climate-smart practices.

### B. Approach to monitoring of practice implementation, including the anticipated number of farms and acres reached through project activities

Pilot participants will self-report implementation of the practices adopted under the pilot. The conservation districts and other contracted TA providers will conduct spot checks of at least 10% of self-reporting farms to provide third-party verification. The spot checks will be structured to ensure that a subset of all adopted practices is sampled. The state pilot lead will report the number of operations, acres of each practice, and findings from the monitoring and compliance spot checks to the pilot lead. The reach of the project scope is addressed under II.B.

C. Approach to reporting and tracking of greenhouse gas benefits including the anticipated GHG benefits per operation, per project, per commodity produced, per dollar expended, and the anticipated longevity of GHG benefits

Reporting of GHG Benefits. Producers will report their GHG benefits using COMET and/or Fieldprint tools with or without TA support, as described above. Virginia Tech researchers will aggregate and report the GHG and environmental benefits by operation, project, commodity, dollar expended, and anticipated longevity of GHG benefits. This analysis will include a review of data provided by producers without COMET tool TA support compared to those receiving TA support, the use of COMET-Farm versus Planner outcomes, and the ability of smaller producers to use the tools. Results of this analysis will inform recommendations on the levels and types of support needed by producers enrolling in a program using the COMET tools. This data-driven reporting will be augmented by a literature review of climate-smart practices' GHG and ecosystem service values, leveraging RIPE's existing compilation of research. Virginia Tech will also assess how the transaction costs of reporting GHG benefits may vary across operations and with various production and socioeconomic dimensions.

Tracking and Marketing of GHG Benefits. Virginia Tech will report the GHG benefits accrued by each producer as well as across the pilot program using the tools identified above as well as other TBD partner-provided MMRV tools. Participating producers will be eligible for a prototype certificate that "certifies" either the value of environmental benefit of their product (e.g. "climate smart" rice) or the GHG benefits as a stand-alone product divorced from the commodity. Alliance partners will develop relationships with potential purchasers of these climate-smart commodities and/or GHG benefits and will promote the certificates to these organizations. In addition, Virginia Tech and partners will seek to establish pilot-specific relationships with companies and organizations that pay for either carbon or climate-smart commodities and with which enrolled producers may already have a relationship, thus capitalizing on existing channels through which to augment producer value. For example, if a producer is already paying for a tool or dashboard to manage his or her farm, and that tool has a

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channel through which they can begin to sell their environmental benefits, the Alliance will seek to establish a relationship with said company to easily support our producer's access to that marketplace.

Simultaneously, the Sustainable Food Lab (SFL) conduct interviews with corporate commodity purchasers, technical experts, producers, and Alliance partners and host a design workshop to develop at least two models for a climate-smart certificate that can be used with private sector purchasers to overcome commodity market supply chain challenges and that utilize the learnings from the certificate prototype process described above. These workshops will engage the members of and leverage the insights from the Sustainable Food Lab, the Midwest Row Crop Collaborative, and others.

There will be four main outputs from this SFL-led dialogue:

- 1. White Paper on a Model for Climate Smart Public-Private Market Integration, which will describe the context and design elements needed for a certificate system that includes chain of custody. This model will be crafted through a process of interviews with, discussions among and reviews by at least 6 food companies with science-based targets (SBTs). After the draft is developed, SFL will share it with key stakeholders to solicit their feedback, input, and recommendations which will then be used to refine the model. Taking account of difficulties with permanence, additionality, and the ability of participants in collaborative landscape initiatives to claim credit for their contributions to net emissions reduction and other environmental benefits, this white paper will propose solutions that enable private market purchasers to participate in the CSAF market while also meeting internal and external reporting requirements that dictate whether they can claim credit for environmental impacts.
- 2. White Paper on a Model for Climate-Smart Public-Private Market Integration without Chain of Custody that proposes a draft model for using certificates in commodity supply chains. This would be relevant to actors, including feed and biofuels, which do not have visibility to chain of custody and use an average figure, such as is done in the mass balance model in commodity grain purchases. Utilizing insights gained through interviews, SFL will develop a draft model for feedback and produce a white paper that describes the certificate model in which a certificate might help support both farmers and supply chain actors. In dialogue with key stakeholders, SFL will propose a system to assign the participating acres or animal feeding operations with a climate-smart certificate that has a tracking number captured in a centralized system, overcoming the need for chain-ofcustody tracking. In this model, the producer may choose to market their products as climate-smart and/or engage the private sector to purchase applicable certificates. Private sector buyers would be able to report their investments in GHG benefits using an average value assigned to each unit within the program.
- 3. A Certificate Program open to all enrolled producers, to be launched early in project year 3. The certificate should be synergistic with producer needs, livestock and ethanol supply chains, corporate supply chains with SBTs, and other collaborations.

4. <u>SFL will contribute</u> to the Alliance project final report with summaries of interviews, meetings, and research on outcomes of the certificate program resulting from our three-year, four-state pilot.

Based on recommendations and feedback that emerge during the prototype certificate process as well as our partnerships with purchasers and marketplace providers, the proposal will be refined to meet private sector reporting and tracking needs, including the evolving Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) disclosure of GHG rules. The aim is not to replicate the carbon offset model, but rather to design new models that rely on measurement and verification processes that are similar to existing USDA processes. Alongside developing a prototype for a chain-of-custody model, the goal is to test the feasibility of projecting impact based on statistical models rather than monitoring every field, allowing for a more practical program, with adjustments made to certificate values based on the determined accuracy of producers' self-verified GHG claims and level of additionality. The dialogue will explore options, such as a tracking system that publishes the total and average GHG impact by acre or animal unit, and potentially by commodity.

Anticipated GHG and Environmental Benefits. The project's impact is best described in the context that it is shaping a program that will have significant impacts in the pilot stage, and could inform larger-scale programs. We estimate that 80% of operations in the United States would be enrolled in a national program that provides payments at rates that surpass policy costs. This would reduce the agriculture sector's emissions by 55% and total U.S. emissions by 8% after ten years using existing practical climate-smart measures. Agricultural methane emissions would be reduced by 32%, and total U.S. methane emissions would be reduced by 8% compared to 'business as usual' estimates. Such a national program would have a benefit:cost ratio of 9:1, for a total environmental benefit of \$415 billion, assuming multiple climate-smart practices are implemented on the same cropland acres and animal units after ten years of the program<sup>4</sup>. SoAR and Virginia Tech will update the environmental impact projection based on the pilot results, technical session findings, research, and stakeholder feedback.

The pilot's near-term impacts will be an estimated GHG benefit of 215,000 metric tons carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e) and a total environmental value of \$170 million<sup>5</sup>. Per operation, this equates to a GHG benefit of 47 metric tons, assuming 160 acres or animal units per operation. Pilot practices provide a yearly GHG benefit, thus, a scaled-up program could incentivize longevity by offering yearly payments. Per dollar expended in direct payments, the GHG benefit is 0.004 metric tons CO2e<sup>6</sup>. This is in addition to the 3:1 benefit:cost ratio that pilot practices will provide in stacked environmental benefits, such as water quality and conservation, air quality, and soil health. While existing carbon market models may spend less per ton of GHG reduced, only 3% of producers participate in these programs due to low payment rates. Increased funding for GHG benefits beyond cost-share is necessary for incentivizing widespread adoption, significantly reducing agricultural emissions, and generating stacked environmental benefits beyond carbon.

Using model results from the COMET-Planner tool, the pilot's cropland practices will provide an estimated average per-acre GHG benefit of 0.4 metric tons. Grazing practices will provide an average per-acre GHG benefit of 0.1 metric tons<sup>7</sup>. Using existing regional and national studies, feeding operation practices will provide an average estimated per-animal unit GHG benefit of 0.8 metric tons<sup>8</sup>.

### D. Approach to verification of GHG benefits

- To verify the GHG benefits reported by COMET-Planner and provide added accuracy, up to 10% of participants will also use COMET-Farm.
- To verify the quality of TA provided, pilot leads in collaboration with Virginia Tech will establish internal quality assurance for the climate data entries supported or assisted by their TA provider (Virginia Tech or otherwise) by ensuring that each TA provider is knowledgeable in the use of COMET tools.
- To verify that practices were adopted, local conservation districts will conduct oversight with on-site spot-checks on at least 10% of participating farms per year and by reviewing the tailored conservation plans compared to the COMET run outcomes.
- Virginia Tech researchers will 1) evaluate efficacy of cover cropping, grazing management, and other CSAF practices on GHG sequestration potential, and 2) measure and model on-farm GHG emissions and various metrics of broader ecosystem services, at locations in Virginia and Minnesota where high-cost livestock practices have been implemented.

These verification methods will assess the accuracy and validity of the data provided for the project acres. Soil and livestock practice samples and data to be collected by Virginia Tech researchers will provide further insight into the validity of modeled data. State pilot leads will correct the COMET data that is submitted to Virginia Tech and will report on the types and scale of errors. State pilot leads will also make recommendations for verification process improvements for potential scalability. The project will also look to other USDA Partnership Network pilots for refined verification approaches.

### E. Agreement to participate in the Partnerships Network

The Alliance pilot partners agree to participate in the Partnerships Network.

# IV. A plan to develop and expand markets for climate-smart commodities generated as a result of project activities

### A. Any partnerships designed to market resulting climate-smart commodities

As described above, our Alliance will develop and distribute a prototype certificate that captures the environmental benefits delivered by enrolled producers and allows them to transfer ownership of either their climate-smart certified commodity or the GHG benefits delivered. Virginia Tech and other partners will build a marketplace of purchasers and actively connect the enrolled producers to this network, with the goal of linking every producer who wants to sell into this marketplace with a buyer. Additionally, the Alliance will seek partnerships with companies that may already be working with our producers to enable ease-of-use of any existing marketplace.

Additionally, the Sustainable Food Lab will host interviews, workshops, and a design workshop to gather and provide guidance on one or more models for a climate-smart certificate that would de-risk private-sector investment in climate-smart commodities by overcoming existing supply chain challenges. This climate-smart certificate model - developed and refined in

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Application to USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Revision 4 submitted: 15 June 2023 Use or disclosure of data contained on this sheet is subject to the restriction on the title page of this application. 15 partnership with major food and beverage manufacturers and processors that include but are not limited to Pepsi, Cargill, Mars, and Unilever - would be designed to enable a new marketplace for both the climate-smart commodities and their associated environmental benefits.

In addition to the project-specific generation of private market opportunities, this project also enables producers to market their climate-smart commodities to the American public as a worthwhile investment of the public dollars of the Climate Smart Commodities grant. Public support of government investments in farmers to improve soil health and water is over 93%, while public opinion of government spending on "climate" in general is as low as 39% with rural Republicans (Robert Bonnie, Duke University). The project's assessment of other stacked environmental benefits is designed to support producers in marketing their climate-smart commodities in a popular manner.

To help determine how to develop and promote a potential climate-smart commodity market, Virginia Tech researchers will study consumers' preferences and estimate their willingness to pay for climate-smart labeled goods using incentive-compatible field experiments, which are a standard research approach on consumer preference. Study details can be found in the Virginia Tech scope of work. The research will identify customer concerns, understandable terms and messaging, and acceptable premiums with the goal of determining consumer demand for climate-smart products. These analyses on climate-smart market dynamics will help inform the potential to scale the activities associated with the Climate-Smart Commodity concept, estimate the additional possible benefits to participating producers, and assess the long-term viability of these activities beyond the project period.

Finally, we propose to select three additional "marketing partners", with subawards of \$39,919 each, to access or develop additional marketing channels for enrolled producers. Activities under these awards are to be determined, and could include connecting corn producers with low-C ethanol feedstock markets, allowing enrolled producers to take advantage of existing "premium" markets for agricultural product (e.g. "Virginia Grown"), and connecting enrolled producers with local and regional markets for climate-smart products. None of our current partners have the necessary expertise nor connections to create such opportunities for enrolled producers. Virginia Tech will initiate and lead the dialogue to engage these additional partners to help our enrolled producers access other markets that will reward the production of climate-smart commodities.

B. A plan to track climate-smart commodities through the supply chain, if appropriate

Through the aforementioned prototype certificate, we will "pilot" a model that would incorporate the following design elements:

- Producers enrolled in the program will be assigned a climate-smart certificate, per acre or animal unit, that has a tracking number.
- Climate-smart certificates will be registered with a project-specific tracking system.
- Informed by feedback that emerges from producer and buyer experience of marketing or purchasing the certificates as well as during the meetings, the tracking system will include information that is needed by commodity purchasers to meet their sustainability goals. Information may be provided as a program-wide average or it may be tailored to include: facility location, climate-smart practices, owner, size, crops, the start date of climate-smart practices, emissions reduced due to climate-smart practices, and a fuller set of environmental benefits.

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The model(s) will include a process by which GHG benefits from participating farms, ranches, and animal feeding operations will be calculated and projected. Private sector buyers of the commodities and/or certificates will thus be enabled to report their supply chain GHG emissions reductions using these calculated values. Those purchasing the commodities will also be able to label their products as containing "climate smart" ingredients. The certificate protocol will align with the emerging SEC guidance on GHG emissions and climate-related risk disclosure.

In consultation with workshop participants (producers, companies from across the agriculture supply chain, and those corporations that would be interested in purchasing the climate-smart commodities), project partners will refine the certificate model(s) to ensure that climate-smart commodities can be easily tracked through the supply chain in a manner that reflects accurate climate benefits while not creating administrative burdens for either producers or purchasers. The model will also enable climate-smart commodities to be clearly marketed and their benefits measured and claimed by producers and/or purchasers.

### C. Estimated economic benefits for participating producers including market returns

Each participating producer will receive \$100 per acre or animal unit enrolled, with additional payments being made available to some underserved producers and those implementing high-cost livestock practices. According to NRCS data, the cost of implementing many climate-smart practices ranges from \$3 per acre to \$70 per acre, so the engineering estimated return is \$63 per acre, with a range of \$97 to \$30 per acre. Assuming 160-acres or animal units, each participant will receive an average gross payment of \$16,000 (split into three tranches in most cases) and an average net return of \$12,600 per year. For underserved producers eligible for equity payments, the payment rate of \$125 per acre will result in an average net return of \$10,080 per year. Pilot-wide, participants will receive an aggregate net return of approximately \$30 million, after practice costs. Commodity, equity, and other producer groups and additional partner organizations will host producer meetings to solicit feedback on the scale of economic impact on participating farms and the level of producer interest in the program.

Virginia Tech will also track the economic return to producers who participate in a climate-smart commodity marketing program (i.e. the certificate program), based on consumer and intermediary buyer demand for the climate-smart commodities and/or GHG benefits and the climate-smart certified food results obtained from the supermarket experiment described above.

### D. Post-project potential, including anticipated ability to scale project activities, likelihood of longterm viability beyond project period, and ability to inform future USDA actions to encourage climate-smart commodities.

The post-project potential to scale is significant due to its strategies to a) spur supply of climate-smart commodities, b) shape a private market certificate model that leverages the benefits of a public program, and c) develop tools and program design guidance that can effectively serve a national program. To inform future USDA actions to encourage climate-smart commodities, this project integrates robust stakeholder engagement and research to build models and program design recommendations.

Design payment terms to rapidly scale the adoption of climate-smart production practices by . covering practice costs and incentivizing behavior change while also reflecting the public value of environmental benefits. Focusing on de-risking producer investment in climate-

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smart practices while also enabling them to earn a reasonable return for adopting those practices is key to ensuring the long-term viability of a CSAF program.

- Develop a model for compensating livestock practices in a manner that refines NRCS protocols to integrate GHG impacts and addresses high upfront costs.
- Recommend ways for USDA to encourage integrating productivity within climate-smart programs and demonstrate additional GHG benefits without penalizing early adopters.
- Refine a climate-smart program that is designed by producers and technical experts that focuses on being simple and practical for all producers, including underserved producers.
- De-risk investments in climate-smart practices and overcome supply chain barriers by designing a certificate model for the private sector to invest in and "claim" program benefits in their environmental impact improvement reporting.
- Release a final report on how lessons learned and perspectives generated through the pilot program, research, producer meetings, marketing efforts, and engagement with experts can inform the national scaling of a climate-smart commodity program.

	Q	uarter	of Proj	ect (base	ed on a		launch une 2020		July 2	023 and 0	ent - Bend end date	
	Esti	mated	quarte	rs are Q	1 = Jul		30, Q2 = or 1-Jun		ec 31, (	)3 = Jan	1-Mar 3	1, Q4 =
Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
VT executes contracts, hires staff, sets COMET training plan for TA providers, details timelines for each partner, builds a project webpage and application portal.												
Equity groups selected and contracts issued by Virginia Tech								1				
NACD and state leads convene to select conservation districts that meet pilot criteria, plan training of COMET tools for TA providers, and coordinate educational workshop curriculum. State leads then select the participating conservation districts and sign agreements for them to serve as pilot enrollers and TA providers. In the third month, conservation districts and contracted outreach partners conduct extensive outreach over two months in selected counties with designated efforts to reach underserved producer communities.												
VT develops statistical model to select participants from the applicant pool, and finalizes plans to test consumer interest and environmental impact evaluation. SoAR identifies experts for technical conferences and hosts first Productivity Technical Conference.												
Livestock working group begins to meet online monthly to plan and coordinate the VA and MN livestock sub-pilots and research agenda to design tailored payment terms.												
Producer and other groups announce the pilot via their communication channels. State leads work with selected SWCDs to develop outreach plans, which are reviewed by the DEI Committee. Virginia Tech oversees development of outreach materials (i.e., marketing, application, and enrollment forms) with input from producer groups.												

	Q	uarter	of Proj	ect (base	d on a		launch ine 2026		July 20		nent - Ben end date	
	Esti	mated	quarte	rs are Q	l = Jul		0, Q2 = r 1-Jun		ec 31, Ç	)3 = Jan	1-Mar 3	91, Q4 =
Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Producer and equity groups host Q1 roundtables to raise awareness of the project, present program elements, and collect feedback. Advisory Council convenes for Q1 online meeting.												
Virginia Tech research ongoing												
Virginia Tech attends bi-annual CSAF Partnership-wide Engagement	As scheduled by USDA											
Outreach to producers continues for the second quarter. State pilot leads host a 60-day sign-up period and accept applications on the Alliance web portal. Applicants are accepted utilizing selection model that achieves diversity goals for agricultural operations and individuals.												
TA providers are selected to complement the conservation districts' capacity and training is provided to all TA providers on how to use the COMET tools. VT establishes a help desk for the pilot project leads to coordinate across states.										99 S.		
SoAR hosts second Productivity and first Payment Terms Technical Conferences sequentially.												
Virginia Tech begins consumer supermarket study												
Producer and equity groups host Q2 stakeholder roundtables. Advisory Council convenes for Q2 online meeting. Environmental Initiative hosts first annual stakeholder roundtable							2					
Advisory Council meets for annual in-person meeting to discuss project goals, timeline, selection criteria, process, and stakeholder roundtable format to solicit broader input; in-person Annual Summit is held sequentially to engage wider group of experts and relevant stakeholders.												

										Attachm	ent - Ben	hmarks
	Q	uarter	of Proje	ect (base	ed on a		launch ine 2026		July 2	023 and (	end date	of 30
	Esti	mated	quarter	s are Q	l = Jul		0, Q2 = r 1-Jun		ec 31, (	)3 = Jan	1-Mar 3	1, Q4 =
Activities	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Selected participants enroll, report baseline data, and attend educational workshops. Virginia Tech distributes 50% of the payment upfront to enrolled producers. TA providers help participants select/implement a practice by creating a record of decision; producers implement conservation practices.												
Enrolled producers implement conservation practices												
Producer and equity groups host Q3 stakeholder roundtables. Producer groups, implementing organizations, and TA providers host Field Visits and/or Field Days. Livestock Working Group members meet for first in-person meeting.					1						2 	
SoAR convenes second Payment Terms Technical Conference.										2.3 9		
Producers and TA providers quantify and report environmental benefits through COMET and/or Fieldprint, and RUSLE2. Data collected, analyzed, and used to report GHG and environmental data (including monetary value of climate-smart practices). Data informs SoAR technical conference on payment terms.												
Virginia Tech distributes remaining payments to producers upon self-certification or inspection of climate-smart practice(s) completion (25%) and associated GHG and other outcomes reporting (25%).												
Producer and equity group partners host Q4 roundtables. Environmental Initiative hosts second annual stakeholder engagement.												
First distribution of prototype certificate that "certifies" either the value of environmental benefit of their product (e.g. "climate smart" rice) or the GHG benefits as a stand-alone product divorced from the commodity.												

	Attachment - Benchmarks Quarter of Project (based on assumed launch date of 1 July 2023 and end date of 30 June 2026.													
	Estimated quarters are Q1 = Jul 1-Sep 30, Q2 = Oct 1-Dec 31, Q3 = Jan 1-Mar 31, Q4 Apr 1-Jun 30													
Activities	QI	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Outreach begins for second year of enrollment.														
The Alliance integrates two years of data and stakeholder dialogues into final report, including outputs from technical conferences on payment terms and productivity, workshops on private market certificate model, and research projects.										7				
Sustainable Food Lab hosts Private Market Certificate Design Workshop with corporations and producers; held sequentially with final in-person Advisory Council meeting and Annual Summit.														
Project partners host Concluding Summit (case presentation/close- out meeting).		7												
Input from final convening integrated into final report and published.														

		r.	Ť.	r i			Attachment - Benchmarks Table					
Activities	VT	AR Dept Agric.	MN BWSR	NDFU	VA DCR	Agric. Counc. AR	AR Rice	MN FU	MN Soil Hlth			
VT executes contracts, hires staff, sets COMET training plan for TA providers, details timelines for each partner, builds a project webpage and application portal.	Lead											
Equity groups selected and contracts issued by Virginia Tech	Lead	x	x	x	x							
NACD and state leads convene to select conservation districts that meet pilot criteria, plan training of COMET tools for TA providers, and coordinate educational workshop curriculum. State leads then select the participating conservation districts and sign agreements for them to serve as pilot enrollers and TA providers. In the third month, conservation districts and contracted outreach partners conduct extensive outreach over two months in selected counties with designated efforts to reach underserved producer communities.		X	x	x	X							
VT develops statistical model to select participants from the applicant pool, and finalizes plans to test consumer interest and environmental impact evaluation. SoAR identifies experts for technical conferences and hosts first Productivity Technical Conference.	x											
Livestock working group begins to meet online monthly to plan and coordinate the VA and MN livestock sub-pilots and research agenda to design tailored payment terms.	x		x		x							
Producer and other groups announce the pilot via their communication channels. State leads work with selected SWCDs to develop outreach plans, which are reviewed by the DEI Committee. Virginia Tech oversees development of outreach materials (i.e., marketing, application, and enrollment forms) with input from producer groups.	x					x	x	x	X			

		-			-		Allachment - I
Activities	MN Cattle	NBGC	NACD	SoAR	Sust. Food Lab	Environ. Init.	Equity Partners
VT executes contracts, hires staff, sets COMET training plan for TA providers, details timelines for each partner, builds a project webpage and application portal.							
Equity groups selected and contracts issued by Virginia Tech							
NACD and state leads convene to select conservation districts that meet pilot criteria, plan training of COMET tools for TA providers, and coordinate educational workshop curriculum. State leads then select the participating conservation districts and sign agreements for them to serve as pilot enrollers and TA providers. In the third month, conservation districts and contracted outreach partners conduct extensive outreach over two months in selected counties with designated efforts to reach underserved producer communities.			x				
VT develops statistical model to select participants from the applicant pool, and finalizes plans to test consumer interest and environmental impact evaluation. SoAR identifies experts for technical conferences and hosts first Productivity Technical Conference.				x			5 5
Livestock working group begins to meet online monthly to plan and coordinate the VA and MN livestock sub-pilots and research agenda to design tailored payment terms.	x						
Producer and other groups announce the pilot via their communication channels. State leads work with selected SWCDs to develop outreach plans, which are reviewed by the DEI Committee. Virginia Tech oversees development of outreach materials (i.e., marketing, application, and enrollment forms) with input from producer groups.	x	x				x	x

		T.	1	ŕ		1	Attachme	ent - Benchi	marks Table
Activities	VT	AR Dept Agric.	MN BWSR	NDFU	VA DCR	Agric. Counc. AR	AR Rice	MN FU	MN Soil Hlth
Producer and equity groups host Q1 roundtables to raise awareness of the project, present program elements, and collect feedback. Advisory Council convenes for Q1 online meeting.	x					x	x	x	X
Virginia Tech analysis ongoing	X				1				
Virginia Tech attends bi-annual CSAF Partnership-wide Engagement	Lead								
Outreach to producers continues for the second quarter. State pilot leads host a 60-day sign-up period and accept applications on the Alliance web portal. Applicants are accepted utilizing selection model that achieves diversity goals for agricultural operations and individuals.	x	x	x	x	x				
TA providers are selected to complement the conservation districts' capacity and training is provided to all TA providers on how to use the COMET tools. VT establishes a help desk for the pilot project leads to coordinate across states.	x	x	x	x	x				
SoAR hosts second Productivity and first Payment Terms Technical Conferences sequentially.	x				÷				
Virginia Tech begins consumer supermarket study	Lead								
Producer and equity groups host Q2 stakeholder roundtables. Advisory Council convenes for Q2 online meeting. Environmental Initiative hosts first annual stakeholder roundtable	x					X	x	x	x
Advisory Council meets for annual in-person meeting to discuss project goals, timeline, selection criteria, process, and stakeholder roundtable format to solicit broader input; in-person Annual Summit is held sequentially to engage wider group of experts and relevant stakeholders.	Lead	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	X

		-	<b>1</b>	-	<b>1</b>	1	Attachment -
Activities	MN Cattle	NBGC	NACD	SoAR	Sust. Food Lab	Environ. Init.	Equity Partners
Producer and equity groups host Q1 roundtables to raise awareness of the project, present program elements, and collect feedback. Advisory Council convenes for Q1 online meeting.	x	x				x	x
Virginia Tech analysis ongoing	-						
Virginia Tech attends bi-annual CSAF Partnership-wide Engagement							
Outreach to producers continues for the second quarter. State pilot leads host a 60-day sign-up period and accept applications on the Alliance web portal. Applicants are accepted utilizing selection model that achieves diversity goals for agricultural operations and individuals.							
TA providers are selected to complement the conservation districts' capacity and training is provided to all TA providers on how to use the COMET tools. VT establishes a help desk for the pilot project leads to coordinate across states.			x				
SoAR hosts second Productivity and first Payment Terms Technical Conferences sequentially.				Lead			
Virginia Tech begins consumer supermarket study	16		3.5	2			
Producer and equity groups host Q2 stakeholder roundtables. Advisory Council convenes for Q2 online meeting. Environmental Initiative hosts first annual stakeholder roundtable	x	x				x	X
Advisory Council meets for annual in-person meeting to discuss project goals, timeline, selection criteria, process, and stakeholder roundtable format to solicit broader input; in-person Annual Summit is held sequentially to engage wider group of experts and relevant stakeholders.	x	X	x	x	x	x	x

		AR Dept	MN		VA	Agric. Counc.	AR	MN	
Activities	VT	Agric.	BWSR	NDFU	DCR	AR	Rice	FU	MN Soil HIth
Selected participants enroll, report baseline data, and attend educational workshops. Virginia Tech distributes 50% of the payment upfront to enrolled producers. TA providers help participants select/implement a practice by creating a record of decision; producers implement conservation practices.	Lead	x	x	x	X				
Enrolled producers implement conservation practices	X	x	x	X	X				
Producer and equity groups host Q3 stakeholder roundtables. Producer groups, implementing organizations, and TA providers host Field Visits and/or Field Days. Livestock Working Group members meet for first in-person meeting.	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
SoAR convenes second Payment Terms Technical Conference.	X								
Producers and TA providers quantify and report environmental benefits through COMET and/or Fieldprint, and RUSLE2. Data collected, analyzed, and used to report GHG and environmental data (including monetary value of climate-smart practices). Data informs SoAR technical conference on payment terms.	Lead	x	x	x	x				
Virginia Tech distributes remaining payments to producers upon self-certification or inspection of climate-smart practice(s) completion (25%) and associated GHG and other outcomes reporting (25%).	Lead	x	x	x	x				
Producer and equity group partners host Q4 roundtables. Environmental Initiative hosts second annual stakeholder engagement.	x					x	x	x	X
First distribution of prototype certificate that "certifies" either the value of environmental benefit of their product (e.g. "climate smart" rice) or the GHG benefits as a stand-alone product divorced from the commodity.	Lead								

SoAR	GC NACD	Sust. Food Lab	Environ. Init.	Equity Partners
				1
	x		x	x
Lead				
	X			
	C C		x	X
		x		
			X	X

		Ť	-		1	-	Attachm	ent - Benchr	narks Table
Activities	VT	AR Dept Agric.	MN BWSR	NDFU	VA DCR	Agric. Counc. AR	AR Rice	MN FU	MN Soil Hith
Outreach begins for second year of enrollment.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
The Alliance integrates two years of data and stakeholder dialogues into final report, including outputs from technical conferences on payment terms and productivity, workshops on private market certificate model, and research projects.	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sustainable Food Lab hosts Private Market Certificate Design Workshop with corporations and producers; held sequentially with final in-person Advisory Council meeting and Annual Summit.	x								
Project partners host Concluding Summit (case presentation/close- out meeting).	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	X
Input from final convening integrated into final report and published.	x								

			1				Attachment - I
Activities	MN Cattle	NBGC	NACD	SoAR	Sust. Food Lab	Environ. Init.	Equity Partners
Outreach begins for second year of enrollment.	X	X					
The Alliance integrates two years of data and stakeholder dialogues into final report, including outputs from technical conferences on payment terms and productivity, workshops on private market certificate model, and research projects.	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Sustainable Food Lab hosts Private Market Certificate Design Workshop with corporations and producers; held sequentially with final in-person Advisory Council meeting and Annual Summit.					x		
Project partners host Concluding Summit (case presentation/close- out meeting).	x	X	x	X	x	x	
Input from final convening integrated into final report and published.							

										Attachm	nent - Benchmark	s Table
	Quarter of Project (based on assumed launch date of 1 July 2023 and end date of 30 June 2026.											
				Estimated q	uarters are Q1	= Jul 1-Sep 3	10, Q2 = Oct 1	-Dec 31, Q3 =	Jan 1-Mar 31	, Q4 = Apr 1-	Jun 30	
Activities	Q I	Q 2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4

#### **Quantified Targets**

Quantined Targets							r			-	-	
Numbers of												
producers enrolled	0	0	300	900	1,485	2,070	2,655	3,240	3,825	4,410	4,651	4,651
Numbers of												
producers involved	0	0	375	1,050	1,710	2,370	3,030	3,690	4,350	4,935	5,176	5,176
Number of												
underserved												
producers enrolled	0	0	0	360	594	828	1,062	1,296	1,530	1,764	1,860	1843
Number of												
underserved												
producers involved	0	0	150	420	684	948	1,212	1,476	1,740	1,974	2,070	2,070
Number of acres												
enrolled	0	0	0	81,216	134,006	186,797	239,587	292,378	345,168	397,958	419,706	404360
Number of acres	2								, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1		1
involved	0	0	6707	94630	154127	213624	273121	332618	392116	444906	466654	451308
Number of head												
enrolled	0	0	0	618,629	1,020,739	1,422,848	1,824,957	2,227,066	2,629,175	3,031,284	3,196,939	3196940
Number of head		Î				0			(			
involved	0	0	42,761	704,152	1,149,023	1,593,893	2,038,764	2,483,634	2,928,505	3,330,614	3,496,269	3,496,270
Dollars provided to												
enrolled producers	0	0	\$0	\$11,100,600	\$18,328,324	\$25,556,048	\$32,783,772	\$40,011,496	\$47,239,220	\$54,466,944	\$57,407,735	\$57,407,735
Dollars provided to	15 L I			20					+	1	2	1
involved producers	0	0	\$0	\$16,772,029	\$26,835,467	\$36,898,905	\$46,962,343	\$57,025,782	\$67,089,220	\$74,366,944	\$77,357,735	\$77,407,735
GHG Benefits (Metric			*i. /									- 11 HI - 11
tons of CO2e												
reduced or												
sequestered)	0	0	13,995	41,985	69,275	96,566	123,856	151,146	178,436	205,727	216,969	216,969
Number of new	6 - 10											5
marketing channels												
established	0	0	13,995	63,445	101,465	139,486	177,506	215,526	253,546	281,026	292,458	292,647
Number of marketing	15 L I			20		2			+		2	1
channels expanded	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of												
measurement tools												
utilized	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2

Please note that "Involved" includes growers receiving cost-share from VA-DCR and MN-BWSR.

#### **Climate-Smart Practices and Limitations**

NRCS Practice Code	Practice Name
CPA 102	Comprehensive Nutrient Management
328	Conservation Crop Rotation
329	Residue and Tillage Management, No-Till
340	Cover Crop
345	Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till
367	Roofs and Covers
381	Silvopasture
390	Riparian Herbaceous Cover
391	Riparian Forest Buffer
449	Irrigation Water Management
512	Pasture and Hay Planting
528	Prescribed Grazing
590	Nutrient Management
592	Feed Management
612	Tree/Shrub Establishment
632	Waste Separation Facility

Climate-Smart practices under this grant shall be limited to the following practices:

All practices applied under this grant will follow NRCS practice standards unless noted below. Practices implemented by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation (VA DCR) through the Virginia Agricultural Cost-Share Program to meet the match commitment will either meet the NRCS standards above or the following VA DCR practice standards:

Practice Name	Alternative Practice Standards
CCI-SL-6N*: Continuing Conservation Initiative Stream Exclusion with Narrow Width Buffer – Maintenance Practice (VA DCR)	https://consapps.dcr.virginia.gov/htdocs/agbmpman/BMPs/CCI- SL-6N_2023.pdf This practice provides protection by fencing along all live streams or live water in a field to prevent stream bank erosion, direct deposition of animal waste and contamination of water from agricultural nonpoint sources of pollution. The purpose of this practice is to offer an incentive payment to maintain exclusion fences, water systems and associated components (watering systems [wells, pumps, pressure tanks, pipelines, troughs, spring developments], livestock crossings, and hardened accesses) that together maintain land use change and/or improve management techniques to more effectively control soil erosion, sedimentation, and nutrient loss from surface runoff to improve water quality.
CCI-SL-6W*: Continuing Conservation Initiative Stream Exclusion with Wide Width Buffer – Maintenance Practice (VA DCR)	https://consapps.dcr.virginia.gov/htdocs/agbmpman/BMPs/CCI- SL-6W_2023.pdf This practice provides protection by fencing along all live streams or live water in a field to prevent stream bank erosion, direct deposition of animal waste and contamination of water from

Practice Name	Alternative Practice Standards
	agricultural nonpoint sources of pollution. The purpose of this practice is to offer an incentive payment to maintain exclusion fences, water systems and associated components (watering systems [wells, pumps, pressure tanks, pipelines, troughs, spring developments], livestock crossings, and hardened accesses) that together maintain land use change and/or improve management techniques to more effectively control soil erosion, sedimentation, and nutrient loss from surface runoff to improve water quality.
WFA-CC*: Whole Farm Approach – Cover Crop Bundle (VA DCR)	https://consapps.dcr.virginia.gov/htdocs/agbmpman/BMPs/WFA- CC_2023.pdf This practice will collect data and provide for the establishment of vegetative cover on agricultural land for protection from erosion and the reduction of nutrient losses to groundwater. The Chesapeake Bay Program Watershed Model separates cover crops into independent sets of practice elements, which stack onto a required core set of management elements known as Core Requirements; this practice is intended to enable reporting for each of these practice elements. In addition, the practice is also intended to offer financial assistance to agricultural producers to provide an incentive to keep cover on agricultural land, increase biomass, and promote biological diversity while providing water quality benefits. This practice bundles components of the following best management practices: • SL-8 Protective Cover for Specialty Crops; • SL-8B Small Grain and Mixed Cover Crop for Nutrient and Residue Management; • SL-8H Harvestable Cover Crop; • SL-8M Small Grain and Mixed Cover Crop for Nutrient Management and Residue Management with Fall Manure Application; • WQ-4 Legume Based Cover Crop
WFA-NM*: Whole Farm Approach – Nutrient Management Bundle (VA DCR)	https://consapps.dcr.virginia.gov/htdocs/agbmpman/BMPs/WFA- NM 2023.pdf This practice will collect data and assure that implemented Nutrient Management Plans are accurate and up to date in order to minimize the impact of nutrients used in crop and highly managed hay production, and reduce nutrient losses to groundwater. The Chesapeake Bay Program Watershed Model separates nutrient management into independent sets of practice elements for Nitrogen and Phosphorus, which stack onto a required core set of management elements known as Core Requirements; this practice is intended to enable reporting for each of these practice elements. In addition, the practice is also intended to offer financial assistance to agricultural producers to ensure implementation of core nutrient management requirements and support multiple enhanced nutrient management components such as precision nutrient management. Participants are provided an incentive to annually

Practice Name	Alternative Practice Standards
	<ul> <li>revise plans to accurately reflect field conditions so that farmers can maintain eligibility for other cost-share practices. This practice bundles components of the following best management practices:</li> <li>NM-3C Split Application of Nitrogen on Corn at the 6-Lead Stage</li> </ul>
	or at Least 15" in Height; • NM-4 Late Winter Split Application of Nitrogen on Small Grains; • NM-5N Precision Nutrient Management on Cropland – Nitrogen Application;
	<ul> <li>NM-5P Precision Nutrient Management on Cropland – Phosphorus Application;</li> </ul>
	NM-6 Manure Injection

\*Only used to help achieve greenhouse gas reductions and/or carbon sequestration.

ATTACHMENT - DATA DICTIONARY



Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023 Version 1.0

USDA is an equal opportunity lender, provider and employer.



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### **Overview of Reporting Requirements**

Grant recipients are required to submit reports to document their performance under the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodity funding opportunity. These submissions will be required to use the Microsoft Excel workbook templates provided by USDA. The workbooks contain a series of worksheets that collect data in a standardized format to ensure data quality and allow for aggregation and summary of this information. The entire workbook must be submitted quarterly, with updates to all applicable worksheets. This guide is divided into three sections. The Overview of Reporting Requirements section summarizes the layout of the reporting workbook and presents the data elements included in each worksheet. It also describes additional documents that must be submitted to supplement the performance reports. The Data Definitions section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated. Finally, the Appendices contain practice and commodity lists that will be used for these reports. Reporting is necessary for USDA oversight of this effort. The data elements required for inclusion in the quarterly performance reports allow USDA to conduct selected audits to review whether producers are receiving federal funds from multiple sources for the same purpose; to determine whether GHG benefits from implementation of climate-smart agriculture and forestry (CSAF) practices are being estimated accurately; and for other purposes deemed appropriate by USDA.

The reporting worksheets collect information at four levels: project, partner, producer, and field. Descriptions of each level:

**Project level**: Information about activities and impacts at a whole project/aggregate level (i.e., reflecting all activities under the grant agreement). Some project-level reporting is further subdivided by commodity type or a combination of commodity and CSAF practice(s) (commodity x practice). **Partner level:** Information about activities related to a single organization (recipient, subrecipient, contractor, or other partner) within a project.

**Producer level**: Information about individual producers who have one or more farms enrolled in a project. **Field level**: Information about individual fields enrolled in a project.

Certain data elements are required to be reported for each producer and field enrolled in a project. In order to minimize the burden associated with data collection and to enable USDA to match data to existing records, these producer- and field-specific records must use the producer's established FSA Farm, Tract and Field IDs, and report the State and County associated with the Farm ID. Associated data entered in conjunction with these data elements, such as Producer Name, must match the data contained in the customer's Business Partner record, and the Farm Operating Plan in Business File for that Farm ID. Disclosure of this information is protected under Section 1619 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (PL 110- 246), 7 U.S.C. 8791. Additionally, Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

**Note:** For purposes of this guide, "farm" refers to the operation from which climate-smart commodities are produced and may represent farms, ranches, forests or other operations. Similarly, "field" refers to the individual land units at which climate-smart practices are being implemented to produce climate-smart commodities and may represent lots, farmsteads or other units, depending on the type of operation and commodity. The use of "Farm", "Tract" and "Field" align with the FSA definitions; for example, "A field is a part of a farm that is separated from the balance of the farm by a permanent boundary, such as; fences, permanent waterways, woodlands, croplines in cases where farming practices make it probable that this cropline is not subject to change, and other similar features."

The following tables list the data elements included in each reporting worksheet, along with a brief description of each item.

#### **Project Summary**

These data will be collected about each project. Cumulative results are reported each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Commodity sales	Indicates sales of the commodity(ies) related to the project occurred this quarter	Quarterly
Farms enrolled	Indicates enrollment activities occurred this quarter	Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	Methods used to calculate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits	Quarterly
GHG cumulative calculation	Method used to calculate cumulative GHG benefits	Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	Whole project estimate of total GHG (CO2e) emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	Whole project estimate of total carbon sequestration	Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CO2 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CH4 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative N2O benefit	Whole project estimate of total N2O emission reductions	Quarterly
Offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced by project	Quarterly
Offsets sale	Name of marketplace where carbon offsets were sold	Quarterly
Offsets price	Price of carbon in offset sales	Quarterly
Insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced by project	Quarterly
Cost of on-farm TA	Cost of on-farm technical assistance (TA) provided to producers	Quarterly
MMRV cost	Cost of measurement, monitoring, reporting, and verification (MMRV) activities	Quarterly
GHG monitoring method	Methods used by project to monitor GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG reporting method	Methods used by project to report on GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG verification method	Methods used to verify GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly

Table 1. Project Summary elements

#### Partner Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will represent one organization involved in the project, including the recipient and all contributing partners. A partner is any organization that is receiving project funds or providing matching contributions (funds or in-kind contributions) to the project. While the recipient must complete one row for their own organization, not all data elements apply to the recipient. These exceptions are noted in the detailed descriptions of the specific elements in the *Data Definitions* section of this guide. Data are reported cumulatively each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Partner ID	Unique ID for each partner	One-time
Partner name	Name of partner organization	One-time
Partner type	Type of organization	One-time
Partner POC	Partner point of contact name	As applicable
Partner POC email	Partner point of contact email	As applicable
Partnership start date	Start of partnership on project	One-time
Partnership end date	End of partnership on project	As applicable
New partnership	Indicator for partner organizations that have no prior work with the recipient	As applicable
Partner total requested	Total amount requested to date by partner from recipient	Quarterly
Total match contribution	Total amount of match contribution by partner to date	Quarterly
Total match incentives	Total amount of match contribution by partner for incentives	Quarterly
Match type	Top 3 types of match contribution by partner, other than incentives	Quarterly
Match amount	Value of match contributions by type	Quarterly
Training provided	Top 3 types of training provided to the partner through project	Quarterly
Activity by partner	Top 3 types of activities provided by this partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Activity cost	Approximate cost per activity type provided by partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Products supplied	Names of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly
Product source	Supplier or source of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly

#### Table 2. Partner Activities elements

#### Marketing Activities

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These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to one commodity for which the project enrolls fields and one marketing channel used to sell that commodity by the project or producers enrolled in the project. Data are reported for the current quarter and are not cumulative. If no sales of the commodity were reported during a quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Marketing channel type	Type of marketing channels used	Quarterly
Number of buyers	Number of buyers per marketing channel	Quarterly
Names of buyers	Names of buyers in the marketing channel	Quarterly
Marketing channel geography	Geography of marketing channel	Quarterly
Value sold	Value of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Volume sold	Volume of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium	Price premium of commodity by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium to producer	Percent of price premium that goes to the producer	Quarterly
Product differentiation method	Top 3 types of product differentiation methods used	Quarterly
Marketing method	Top 3 types of marketing methods used	Quarterly
Marketing channel identification method	Top 3 ways marketing channel was identified	Quarterly
Traceability method	Top 3 types of supply chain traceability methods used	Quarterly

#### Producer Enrollment

These data will be collected at the producer level about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. Data are reported when a producer first enrolls one or more fields in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the farm characteristics each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates. The quarterly submission should contain information about each farm initially enrolled in the project during that quarter and for updates to farms that have re-enrolled during that quarter, as applicable. If no farms are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Producer data change	Indicator that producer data was updated at re-enrollment	As applicable
Producer start date	Contract start date	Enrollment
Producer name	Name of primary operator	Enrollment
Underserved status	Indicator the primary operator is considered underserved and/or a small producer	Enrollment
Total area	Total area of enrolled operation	Annual
Total crop area	Total crop area in enrolled operation enrolled	Annual
Total livestock area	Total livestock confinement, pasture and rangeland in enrolled operation	Annual
Total forest area	Total forest area in enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock type	Top 3 types of livestock on enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock head	Total livestock currently managed (by type)	Annual
Organic farm	Indicator that part of the farm is certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Organic fields	Indicator that any of the enrolled fields are certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Producer motivation	Motivation for participation	Annual
Producer outreach	Top 3 types of outreach provided to producer	Annual
CSAF experience	Indicator of prior implementation of CSAF practices at this farm	Annual
CSAF federal funds	Indicator of prior receipt of federal funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF state or local funds	Indicator of prior receipt of state funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF nonprofit funds	Indicator of prior receipt of nonprofit funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF market incentives	Indicator of prior receipt of market incentives for CSAF practices	Annual

#### Table 4. Producer Enrollment elements

### Field Enrollment

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row corresponds to one field x commodity combination enrolled in the project. Generally, data are reported once for each field, at its initial enrollment. The quarterly submission should contain information about each field initially enrolled in the project during that quarter. If no fields are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. If a field is enrolled for multiple years, any relevant changes, such as a new ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations should be entered in this worksheet during the quarter it is re-enrolled, or as applicable.

Data element name	Description
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name
Physical County of field	Physical county name must match FSA farm records
Prior Field ID	Previous Field ID when reconstitution of farm results in new Field IDs
Field data change	Indicator that field data has changed from initial enrollment
Contract start date	Start date of contract
Total field area	Size of enrolled field
Commodity category	Category of commodity(ies) produced
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced
Baseline yield	Average yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment
Baseline yield location	Location for which baseline yield is provided
Field land use	Most common land use in field in past 3 years
Field irrigated	Most common irrigation type in field in past 3 years
Field tillage	Most common tillage in field in past 3 years
Practice past extent - farm	Extent of operation that implemented this practice prior to project enrollment
Field any CSAF practice	Indicator for prior CSAF practices in this field in past 3 years
Practice past use - this field	Indicator of prior use of this practice in this field in the past 3 years
Practice type	CSAF practice(s) that will be implemented in enrolled field (up to 7)
Practice standard	Organization that developed CSAF practice standard implemented in field
Planned practice implementation year	Year that practice is planned to be implemented
Practice extent	Area or number of animals for which practice is implemented
Follow-on questions	Follow-on questions by practice type (see Table 11)

### Farm Summary

These data will be collected about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. The quarterly submission should contain updates to any data elements that have changed for each farm enrolled in the project during that quarter. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. Data are not cumulative.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name	
County of residence	County name	
Producer TA received	Type of technical assistance provided to producer	Quarterly
Producer incentive amount	Total financial incentive provided to the producer	Quarterly
Incentive reason	Top 4 reason(s) for financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Incentive structure	Top 4 units on which financial incentives are structured	Quarterly
Incentive type	Top 4 type(s) of financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Payment on enrollment	Extent of payment provided to producer upon enrollment	Quarterly
Payment on implementation	Extent of payment provided to producer upon implementation of CSAF practices	Quarterly
Payment on harvest	Extent of payment provided to producer upon harvest or slaughter	Quarterly
Payment on MMRV	Extent of payment provided to producer upon reporting or verification	Quarterly
Payment on sale	Extent of payment provided to producer upon sale of commodity	Quarterly

Table 6. Farm Summary elements

#### **Field Summary**

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project for a commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field x commodity x practice(s) combination enrolled in the project. Data for each field will be reported quarterly and are not cumulative. Report data for any elements that have an update in that quarter. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. This worksheet includes a section to report the "official" estimate of GHG benefits – amounts of greenhouse gas emissions reduced and carbon sequestered – for the field. These quantities refer to the estimates that are used to calculate the project's aggregate impact (reported in Table 1). Tables 8 and 9 are used to report alternate estimates of the field-level GHG benefits when additional methods are used to model (Table 8) or measure (Table 9) these impacts. Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to seven)	Quarterly
Date practice complete	Date that practice implementation is certified complete	Quarterly
Contract end date	End date of contract	Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	Indicator that MMRV assistance is provided to field	Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	Indicator that marketing assistance provided for commodity from field	Quarterly
Incentive per acre or head	Indicator that a per acre/head incentives is provided for the CSAF practice(s) on this field	Quarterly
Field commodity value	Value of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Field commodity volume	Volume of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Cost of implementation	Total cost of practice implementation in field	Quarterly
Cost coverage	Percent of total cost of implementation of practice covered by project incentives	Quarterly
Field GHG monitoring	Methods used to monitor GHG benefits in field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG reporting	Methods used to report on GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG verification	Methods used to verify GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG calculations	Methods used to calculate GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG calculation	Method used to calculate official GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG ER	Official estimate of total GHG emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official carbon stock	Official estimate of total carbon sequestration for field	Quarterly
Field official CO2 ER	Official estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official CH4 ER	Official estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official N2O ER	Official estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced in field	Quarterly
Field insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced in field	Quarterly
Other field measurements	Indicator that field data was collected for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation	Quarterly

#### Table 7. Field Summary elements

### GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

If greenhouse gas benefits are modeled for the same field using multiple methods, the results for the alternate models are reported in this worksheet. The "alternate" models refer to those model results that were not used in the calculation of the project's aggregate impact (as reported in Table 1). Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model. These data will be collected about the modeled GHG benefits for each field x commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field enrolled in the project. Data are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for all fields that have new modeled data. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced from the field (up to 6)	Annual
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to 7)	Annual
GHG model	Model used to calculate GHG benefits	Annual
Model start date	Start date of model run	Annual
Model end date	End date of model run	Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	Estimate of total GHG benefits for field	Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	Estimate of total change in carbon stock for field	Annual
Total CO2 estimated	Estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total CH4 estimated	Estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total N2O estimated	Estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Annual

Table 8. GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled elements

### GHG Benefits - Measured

Projects must report the results of any carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this worksheet. These data will be collected at the field level. Each row will represent a separate measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits for a given field. Data are reported once per year of measurement and are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for any field for which there are new soil samples or new calculations of annual GHG benefits based on actual measurements.

#### Data element name Description Frequency Farm ID Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA Tract ID Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA Field ID Unique Field ID assigned by FSA State name State County County name GHG measurement method Method of measurement Annual Lab name Entity that conducted analysis Annual Measurement start date Start date of measurements Annual Measurement end date End date of measurements Annual Total CO2 reduction calculated Calculation of total CO2 reduction Annual Total carbon stock change calculated Calculation of change in carbon stock Annual Total CH4 reduction calculated Calculation of total CH4 reduction Annual Total N2O reduction calculated Calculation of total N2O reduction Annual Numeric result from soil sample Annual Soil sample result Type of analysis conducted Annual Measurement type

### Table 9. GHG Benefits - Measured data elements

### Additional Environmental Benefits

Projects that track additional environmental benefits (e.g., water quality improvements) from enrolled fields report results in this worksheet. These data will be collected about each field. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to an enrolled field. Data are not cumulative. Estimates of environmental benefits must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

### Table 10. Additional Environmental Benefits elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State	State name	
County	County name	
Environmental benefits	Indicator that project tracks other environmental benefits	Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in nitrogen loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in phosphorus loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Other water quality	Indicator that project tracks other water quality improvements	Annual
Туре	Type of water quality metric being tracked	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Water quantity	Indicator that project tracks reduced water use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced erosion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in soil erosion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced energy use	Indicator that project tracks reductions in energy use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Avoided land conversion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in land conversion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Improved wildlife habitat	Indicator that project tracks improvements in wildlife habitat	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual

### Supplemental Data Submission

Project MMRV Plan

Definition of MMRV elements:

**Measurement**: Quantification of the greenhouse gas benefits (reduction or capture) using mathematical models and/or direct physical measurements in the field

**Monitoring**: Ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time

**Reporting**: Documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization

**Verification**: Independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable.

Projects must submit an MMRV plan that includes details about how each of the following are addressed:

- Quantification approach, including:
  - o GHG models used
  - o GHG measurement plan (if applicable)
  - Approach to quantifying additional environmental benefits, if applicable (e.g., water quality, habitat)
- Verification approach:
  - Compliance criteria
  - Verification plan/methodology
- Approach to ensuring:
  - o Additionality
  - o Permanence
  - o Leakage
  - Impacts of weather
- Plan for non-compliance

If the project is using a specific MMRV methodology or approach developed by the recipient, a project partner, or an outside organization, the project can submit documentation associated with the methodology as long as the documentation addresses each of the above categories.

If the project is tracking other environmental benefits (as reported in the *Additional Environmental Benefits* worksheet), include a description of the methodology and tools used to track and report on these benefits.

### Field modeled GHG benefit reports

Results from any models besides COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits must also be submitted as a separate report. This includes projects running COMET-Farm. The full results of any model can be submitted in the native/standard format generated by the modeling tool and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID.

### Field direct measurement results

For any direct physical measurements in the field, measurement results must be submitted as a separate report and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID. Measurement results reports must include the name of the equipment used for sampling or data collection, the name of the lab that analyzed the data, and the analytical method used.

Sample report types include soil analysis reports, summarized results of portable emissions analyzers or flux towers, water quality analyses, and plant species counts. These could be collected for the purposes of determining GHG emission reductions or carbon sequestration amounts, for calibration of tools or models, for tracking other environmental benefits, or for other reasons.

### **Data Descriptions**

This section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated.

### Unique IDs

Project ID: Unique ID at the project level – "Award Identifying Number" shown on award documentation Partner ID: Unique ID at the partner level – use EIN; if no EIN, a unique ID will be assigned for use in these reports State or territory of operation: State or territory name County of operation: Physical county name

Farm ID: Unique ID at the operation level assigned by Farm Service Agency (FSA)

Tract ID: Unique ID at the tract level assigned by FSA

Field ID: Unique ID at the field level assigned by FSA

Project Summary

Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What climate-smart commodity types are produced by this project?
Description: Type of commodity incentiviz	zed by the project. These commodities include those for whom
5 87 A	r other types of marketing support. See full list of commodity options
in Appendix B. List one commodity per row	Ν.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Commodity sales	
Data element name: Commodity sales	<b>Reporting question:</b> Did project activities result in sales this quarter of the commodity(ies) produced by this project?
Description: Indicator of sales of commod	ity(ies) related to project activities. If sales are reported, complete the
	is part of the quarterly performance report.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
ser "Nazio Ministra di Stano di California e California e 1924 - Indo de Roberto Bankovi	Yes
	• No
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Farms enrolled	
Data element name: Farms enrolled	<b>Reporting question:</b> Did the project enroll any producers or fields this quarter?
	olled producers or fields. If enrollment activities occurred this quarter
	d Enrollment worksheets (Tables 4 and 5) as part of the quarterly
performance report. Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incusar cinent unit, category	Yes
	• No
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	
Data element name: GHG calculation	Reporting question: What methods is the project using to
methods	calculate GHG benefits?
Description: List the way(s) that GHG bene	efits are being measured and calculated by the project this quarter.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Models
	<ul> <li>Direct field measurements</li> </ul>
· · · · · · · · ·	• Both
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

GHG cumulative calculation	
Data element name: GHG cumulative	<b>Reporting question:</b> What method(s) was used to calculate the
calculation	total cumulative GHG benefits reported here? sed to calculate the total cumulative GHG benefits reported by the
project this quarter.	sed to calculate the total cumulative GHG benefits reported by the
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
Weasurement unit. Category	Models
	Direct field measurements
	Both
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	
Data element name: Cumulative GHG	Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total GHG
benefits	emission reductions (CO2eq) to date?
	eenhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation.
CALIFIC THE REPORT OF AN AND AN	nanges, enter the same number as the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	
Data element name: Cumulative carbon	Reporting question: How much carbon has the project
stock	sequestered to date?
	ange in carbon stock based on practice implementation. This is
	, enter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is
one ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq. Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
10000 0100 020 00000 00 00 000000	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> eq	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit Data element name: Cumulative CO2	Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total
benefit	cumulative CO2 emission reductions to date?
	rbon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation.
	nanges, enter the same number as the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	<i>i ~ i ~ i</i>
Data element name: Cumulative CH4 bene	fit <b>Reporting question:</b> What are the project's estimated total
	CH4 emission reductions to date?
	ethane reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated
	e same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is one ton
of $CH_4 = 25$ tons of $CO_2eq$ .	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduc CO <sub>2</sub> eq	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative N20 benefit	
Data element name: Cumulative N2O benefi	
	N2O emission reductions to date?
and the second	ous oxide reduction based on practice implementation. This is
	umbers enter the same number as the previous quarter.
Conversion rate is one ton of N <sub>2</sub> O = 298 tons Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduce	
CO <sub>2</sub> eq	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Offsets produced	2011 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102
Data element name: Offsets produced	<b>Reporting question:</b> How many carbon offsets have been produced in the project?
	y enrolled project fields during the quarter. Offsets are defined as
having been verified and certified using an ac Data type: Decimal	ccepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Offsets sale	
Data element name: Offsets sale	Reporting question: To what marketplace(s) were carbon offsets sold?
defined as having been verified and certified List each marketplace name. Separate name	
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Offsets price	
Data element name: Offsets price	<b>Reporting question:</b> What was the average price of carbon received for offsets?
Description: Average price per metric ton pa	id for carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields. Offsets are
	using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars per metric ton	Allowed values: 0-500
Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Insets produced	
Data element name: Insets produced	Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in the project?
	enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having
The second s	standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes

Cost of on-farm TA	
Data element name: Cost of on-farm TA	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total amount that has been spent to provide on-farm TA?
and the state of the second of the second	tice-specific technical assistance provided by the project (by recipien ed quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
MMRV cost	
Data element name: MMRV cost	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total amount that has been spent on MMRV activities?
Deceription: Total cost of all MMAN/ activity	as naid for by the project (recipient or partners) MMPV company

**Description:** Total cost of all MMRV activities paid for by the project (recipient or partners). MMRV components are defined as measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practices have been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable). This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

GHG monitoring method		
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	

Data element name: GHG monitoring 1-5 Reporting question: How did the project monitor GHG benefits?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of monitoring GHG benefits used this quarter as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

#### Data type: List Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category Drones . Ground-level photos and videos . **On-farm visit** Plot-based sampling Producer records or attestation Satellite monitoring or remote sensing Soil metagenomics Soil sensors Water sensors Other (specify) Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

### GHG reporting method

Data element name: GHG reporting 1-5

**Reporting question:** How did the project track and report implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of tracking and reporting on practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Automated devices
	Email
	Mobile app
	Paper
	Third-party actors
	Website
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
GHG verification method	
Data alament names CUC varification	Departing exertion: Upped did the project configuration potentian

Data element name: GHG verification method 1-5

**Reporting question:** How did the project verify implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of verifying practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Artificial intelligence
	Audit by recipient
	Computer modeling
	Photos
	Record audit
	Satellite imagery
	Site or field visit
	Third-party audit
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Partner Activities

### **Unique IDs**

Partner ID

Unique Project ID for each partner

Partner name	
Data element name: Name of partner organization	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the official name of the recipient or partner organization?
Description: Legal name of recipient or partner organiz	zation
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partner type	
Data element name: Type of partner organization	Reporting question: What type of organization is this?
Description: Legal/financial structure of recipient or pa	artner organization
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Commodity groups (501c5)</li> </ul>
	For-profit
	Individual
	Nonprofit
	<ul> <li>State or local agency</li> </ul>
	Tribal agency
	University
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partner POC	
Data element name: Partner POC	<b>Reporting question:</b> Who is the point of contact for this project at the recipient or partner organization?
<b>Description:</b> Name of a point of contact for the recipie	
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation; update as necessary
Partner POC email	1944 Materia (1941 1944) (1945 Sale (1944) an inter-
Data element name: Partner POC email	Reporting question: What is the point of contact's email address?
Description: Email of the point of contact for the recip	ient or partner organization
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes

Partnership start date	
Data element name: Partnership start date	Reporting question: When did the partnership start?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	d the recipient began formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partnership end date	
Data element name: Partnership end date	Reporting question: When did the partnership end?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	the recipient stopped formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership end quarter
New partnership	
Data element name: New partnership	Reporting question: Is this a new partnership?
working relationship (under contract or on a grant) Data type: List	ipient and the partner organization have not had a formal prior to the start of the project. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	<ul> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: No response for recipient	• Tool t know Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
	bata concettori requency. Farmership initiation
Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project?
recipient from the start of the partnership to the en	at the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the ne amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes



Total match contribution	
Data element name: Total match contribution	Reporting question: What is the total match value the
	organization has contributed to the project to date?
	-kind contributions (e.g., staff time, inputs, equipment
	ided as a project match contribution from the start of the
	each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all orting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value
from the previous quarter.	or ting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Total match incentives	
Data element name: Total match incentives	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total value of match provided by this organization for producer incentives
provided as a project match contribution from the st	centive payments directly to producers that the partner has tart of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. sum of all previous entries plus match incentives in the e value from the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Match type	
Data element name: Match type 1-3	<b>Reporting question:</b> What types of match contributions has the organization provided to the
Description: Types of match contributions other that	project?
	e end of the reporting quarter. Enter up to the top three (in
	In-kind staff time could be used for technical assistance,
<ul> <li>Maximized States Control and Scherosofter and a submitted States and a strategy state for the strategy states of the states of th</li></ul>	. Production inputs include seed, fertilizer, pesticides,
	worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of
the allowed values. Choose one value for each colum	nn. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary
columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the addition	al column to enter other match types as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Equipment rental or use</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In-kind staff time</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Production inputs (reduced cost or free)</li> </ul>
	Program income
	Software
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients	
February 2023	

Data element name: Match amount 1-3	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the value of the match contributions the organization provided to the project?	
project match contribution from the start of the pa for up to the top three (in dollar value) match type element. Enter one value for each column. If fewer	each match type that the organization has provided as a artnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amount es. The worksheet provides three columns for this data r than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns	
blank. Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA	
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000	
	Construction of the second s	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Training type provided	Barrier Miller Miller	
Data element name: Training type 1-3 provided Description: Types of training provided to the proj	<b>Reporting question:</b> What types of training has the organization provided to project partners? ject partner as a result of participating in the project during	
of their own organization, or an outside organization training provided. The worksheet provides three co	pient, a project partner organization (including other divisions tion. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of partne columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose og types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" er training types as free text. Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Data collection	
	Grant reporting	
	Marketing opportunities	
	<ul> <li>Providing financial assistance</li> <li>Providing technical assistance</li> </ul>	
	Writing producer contracts	
	Broader contracto	
	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>	
Logic: None – all respond	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul>	
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Partner		
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Data collection level: Partner	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. I	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three es. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. I activity types as free text.	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three es. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity if "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three es. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity of "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Marketing support	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three ess. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Marketing support • MMRV support	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three es. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity if "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Marketing support • MMRV support • Producer outreach for enrollment	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three es. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity if "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Marketing support MMRV support Producer outreach for enrollment Technical assistance to producers	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three es. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity if "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Marketing support • MMRV support • Producer outreach for enrollment • Technical assistance to producers • Training to other partner organizations	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient of quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to columns with a drop-down list of the allowed value types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? or partner organization has provided during the reporting types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three es. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity if "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Marketing support MMRV support Producer outreach for enrollment Technical assistance to producers	

USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipient	S
February 2023	

Activity cost	
Data element name: Activity cost 1-3	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the value of the activitie this organization has provided to the project?
<b>Description:</b> Cumulative (total) cost of each activity typ the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting of	- 2019년 1월 22년 2019년 21년 1월 22년 1월 2019년 1월 2019년 2 1월 21년 1월 22년 2019년 21년 1월 21년 1월 1월 21년 1월 21년
value) activity types. The worksheet provides three colu	and a state of the second state
column. If fewer than 3 activity types are provided, leav	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Products supplied	
Data element name: Products supplied	Reporting question: What products or supplies were provided to enrolled fields?
Description: Name(s) of products supplied to enrolled p	roducers as incentives or matching contributions. Enter
the name of each product, including its brand. Separate	each product name with a comma. If no products or
supplies were provided by the organization, leave the co	blumn blank.
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Product source	
Data element name: Product source	<b>Reporting question:</b> Which companies provided the supplies?
Description: Name of firm or company from which supp	olies were obtained.
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: Respond if text entered for 'Products supplied'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly



### Marketing Activities

Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced by
	the farmers enrolled in this project?
	uced or marketed through incentives from this project. If multiple
commodities are produced by the project,	use additional rows of the worksheet to report each commodity. Use
the FSA commodity list in Appendix B and	choose the commodity from the list.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Marketing channel type	
Data element name: Marketing channel	Reporting question: What type of marketing channel is used to
type	sell this commodity?

**Description:** List a single type of marketing channel used to sell the commodity produced by farmers enrolled in the project. If a single commodity is marketed through multiple channels, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each combination of commodity and marketing channel. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the other marketing channel type(s) as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: <ul> <li>Agricultural marketing board</li> <li>Biorefinery</li> <li>Commodity broker</li> <li>Direct to consumer</li> <li>Direct to institution</li> <li>Direct to restaurant</li> <li>Distributor (including grain elevators)</li> <li>Food hub or cooperative</li> <li>Food processor</li> <li>Non-food byproducts processor</li> <li>Retailer</li> <li>USDA</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Other (specify) Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Number of buyers	
Data element name: Number of buyers Description: List the number of individual	<b>Reporting question:</b> How many buyers are there in this marketing channel? firms or buyers in this marketing channel.
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Count	Allowed values: 1-500
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Names of buyers	
Data element name: Names of buyers	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the names of all of the buyers in this marketing channel?
Description: Provide the names of all buyer	s in this marketing channel. Separate each name with a comma.
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Marketing channel geography	
Data element name: Marketing channel	Reporting question: What is the primary geography of the
geography	marketing channel?
	type of marketing channel. Primary geography means the scale at
	ling happens. Local means within a single state or directly
	a five-to-ten state area. National means across the United States.
	de of the United States. Global means across the world or not to a
specific international location.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Local
	Regional
	National
ees au Mini (2001 - 20	Global
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Value sold	
Data element name: Value sold	Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity sold in
	this marketing channel?
	dity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$1-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Volume sold	
Data element name: Volume sold	Reporting question: What is the volume of the commodity solo in this marketing channel?
Description: The volume of the commodity	sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Number	Allowed values: 1-100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	

Volume sold unit	
Data element name: Volume sold unit	Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?
<b>Description:</b> The unit associated with the vectors of the additional column to enter <b>Data type:</b> List	olume of the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If "other" is the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
Weasurement unit. Category	Bales (500 pounds)
	Bushels
	Carcass pounds
	Gallons
	Kilograms
	Linear board feet
	Liveweight pounds
	Metric tons
	Pounds
	Short tons
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Price premium	
Data element name: Price premium	Reporting question: What price premium is received for the commodity sold in this marketing channel?
Description: The price premium received for	or the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price
premium is the amount received above a 'b	. 에는 것은 것은 사람이 같은 것은 것을 하는 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 것 같아요. 것은 것은 것은 것을 것을 것을 것을 것 같아요. 나는 것을 것을 것을 것 같아요. 나는 것을 것을 것 같아요. 나는 것은 것 같아요. 나는 것을 것 같아요. 나는 것은 것 같아요. 나는 것은 것 같아요. 나는 것은 것 같아요. 나는 것은 것 같아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 같아요. 나는 것 같아요. 나는 것 같아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 같아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 같아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 같아요. 나는 것 같아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 않아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 것 않아요. 나는 않아요. 나 않아요. 나는 않아요. 나 않아요. 나요. 나 않아요. 나 않아요. 나요. 나요. 나 않아요. 나요. 나 않아요
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0.01-\$10,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Price premium unit	
Data element name: Price premium unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium?
State of the second state of the	rice premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If
	n to enter the appropriate unit as free text.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Per bale (500 pounds)</li> <li>Per bushel</li> </ul>
	Per bushel     Per carcass pound
	<ul> <li>Per gallon</li> </ul>
	Per kilogram
	Per linear board foot
	Per live pound
	Per metric ton
	Per ounce
	Per short ton
	Other (specify)
	The second s
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Data element name: Price premium to	Reporting question: What percent of the price premium is
producer	provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this marketing channel?
Description: The percent of the price prem	ium provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this
marketing channel this quarter. Price prem	ium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Percent	Allowed values: 0-100
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Data element name: Product differentiation method 1-3

**Reporting question:** What methods are used to differentiate climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

**Description:** Provide the methods used to differentiate the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Product differentiation methods are ways to distinguish or differentiate the climate-smart commodity in the marketplace. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 product differentiation methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other product differentiation methods as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	<ul> <li>Allowed values:</li> <li>Certification/verification for internal insetting</li> </ul>
	Farm certification
	<ul> <li>Label or badge used on packaging or marketing</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Third party certification/verification</li> </ul>
	Trademark
	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Aarketing method	

Data element name: Marketing method 1-3 Reporting question: What methods are used to market climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

**Description:** Provide the method(s) used to market this commodity in this market channel. Marketing method is the way that potential buyers of the climate-smart commodity are engaged by the project partners as the sellers or facilitators of sale. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing methods as free text

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Label or badge used on packaging or marketing materials</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Marketing partnership (e.g., promotion by buyer)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Print marketing campaign</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Social media and digital marketing campaign</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Verbal marketing campaign (e.g., radio, word of mouth)</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Data element name: Marketing channel	Reporting question: What methods are used to generate
identification method 1-3	interest in climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

**Description:** Provide the marketing channel identification method(s) used for this commodity in this market channel. Market channel identification methods are the ways that producers and project partners generate interest in purchasing the climate-smart commodity. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing channel identification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing channel identification methods as free text

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Educational tours for buyers</li> </ul>
	In-person lead generation
	<ul> <li>Negotiated contracts with buyers</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Partnership network or project partner</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Traceability method	
Data element name: Traceability method	Reporting question: What traceability methods are used for

1-3 climate-smart commodities in this channel?

Description: Provide the traceability method(s) used for the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Traceability methods are ways to trace the climate-smart commodity or the climate-smart claims through the supply chain. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 traceability methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other traceability methods as free text. Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Logic: None - all respond

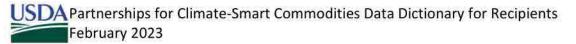
### Allowed values:

- Barcode or unique ID
- Blockchain
- Book and claim
- Chain of custody
- Mass balance
- Recordkeeping
- Registry with certification
- Segregation
- Supply shed
- Volume proxy
- Other (specify)
- Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

### Producer Enrollment

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA		
State or territory	12	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)		
Producer data change			
Data element name: Producer o	ata change	<b>Reporting question:</b> Is there new/updated information for a producer who is re-enrolling in the project?	
<b>Description:</b> Indicates that ther the project and is re-enrolling.	e is new or updated	d information for a producer who had previously enrolled in	
Data type: List		Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category		Allowed values: • Yes • No	
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment	
Producer start date		And the factor with the solution of the following the first solution of the	
Data element name: Producer s	tart date	Reporting question: When did the producer enroll in the project?	
Description: Date that the prod	ucer enrolled in the	e project by signing their first contract.	
Data type: Date		Select multiple values: NA	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YY	YY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Producer name			
Data element name: Producer r	ame	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the name of producer enrolled in the project?	
section with a section of the sectio		project; the name must match the name contained in the Operating Plan in FSA Business File for that Farm ID.	
Data type: Text		Select multiple values: NA	
Measurement unit: NA		Allowed values: Text	
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	



Jnderserved status	
Data element name: Underserved s	
Description: Underserved status of	underserved and/or a small producer? the primary operator of the enrolled operation. Underserved producers
	, socially disadvantaged farmers, veteran farmers, and limited resource
E	cers growing specialty crops are generally also included in these categories.
	less than \$350,000 in annual gross cash farm income. Indicate whether this
(第3) 報	, a small producer, or both underserved and a small producer. Use "I don't
	swer. Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for
collecting demographic data, includi	ng race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is
	e customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical
5 D	o determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they
apply. Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: No
Weasurement unit. Category	Yes, underserved
	Yes, small producer
	<ul> <li>Yes, underserved and small producer</li> </ul>
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: No
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
otal area	
Data element name: Total area	Reporting question: What is the total area of the farm?
	associated with the Farm ID. Report total area of the farm, even if only a
Comparison of the state of t	e project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review
	ract is signed and provide any necessary updates.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Less than 1 acre
	<ul> <li>1 to 9 acres</li> <li>10 to 49 acres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>50 to 69 acres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>70 to 99 acres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>100 to 139 acres</li> </ul>
	• 140 to 179 acres
	<ul> <li>180 to 219 acres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>220 to 259 acres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>260 to 499 acres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>500 to 999 acres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1,000 to 1,999 acres</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2,000 to 4,999 acres</li> </ul>
Logic: None - all respond	5,000 or more acres  Required: Yes
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer	<ul> <li>5,000 or more acres</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent</li> </ul>

Total crop area	
Data element name: Total crop area	<b>Reporting question:</b> What percent of the current operation is cropland?
<ul> <li>Description of the second s</li> </ul>	is currently used as cropland. If a producer is enrolled in the project for a each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
fotal livestock area	
Data element name: Total livestock area	<b>Reporting question:</b> What amount of the current operation is used for livestock (by area)?
feeding or milking. If a producer is enro	is currently used for pasture, grazing, rangeland; or animal housing, lled in the project for multiple years, review the total livestock area each
time a new contract is signed and provide	· 동생 - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Fotal forest area	
Data element name: Total forest area	<b>Reporting question:</b> What amount of the current operation is forested (by area)?
least 10% of the land area is covered in	is currently considered forest land use. Forest land use means that at trees that will be at least 13 feet tall when mature. If a producer is s, review the total forest area each time a new contract is signed and
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

ivestock type Data element name: Livestock type 1-3	Reporting question: What types of livestock are
Data element name: Livestock type 1-3	raised on the farm?
columns with a drop-down list of the allowed val 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blan other livestock types as free text. If a producer is type each time a new contract is signed and prov	y head count) on the farm. The worksheet provides three ues. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer thar nk. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the livestock ide any necessary updates.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Alpacas
	Beef cows
	Beefalo
	Buffalo or
	bison
	Chickens
	(broilers)
	Chickens
	(layers)
	Dairy cows
	• Deer
	Ducks
	• Elk
	Emus
	Equine
	Geese
	Goats
	Honeybees
	Llamas
	Reindeer
	Sheep
	Swine
	Turkeys
	• Other
	(specify)
Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
ivestock head	subsequent en onnent(s), il applicable
Data element name: Livestock head 1-3	Reporting question: How many livestock (by type) ar
sata clement numer livestock field 1 5	on this operation?

Description: Average annual head count for each type of livestock. Enter amounts for up to the top three livestock types by number. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the average annual head count each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.
Data type: Integer
Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Head count	Allowed values: 1-10,000,000
Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and
	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Organic fa	arm
------------	-----

Data element name: Organic farm

**Reporting question:** Is any part of the farm currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

**Description:** USDA-certified organic means that the farm has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the farm each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List	
and their rise	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: No
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and
	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Organic fields	
Data element name: Organic fields	<b>Reporting question:</b> Are any of the fields enrolled in the project currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?
certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-ce means that some or all of the fields enrolled i organic. No means that no part of the fields e certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in t	hat the operation has been certified by an accredited organic ertified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes in the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified enrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to he project for multiple years, review the organic certification status ct is signed and provide any necessary updates. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Organic operation'	Required: No
CH2 //11 K0 201 //	
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Data collection level: Producer Producer motivation	
Producer motivation Data element name: Producer motivation	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable Reporting question: Which of the following was the primary reason the producer enrolled in this project?
Producer motivation Data element name: Producer motivation Description: Primary operator's motivation for	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable <b>Reporting question:</b> Which of the following was the primary reason the producer enrolled in this project? or enrolling in the project.
Producer motivation Data element name: Producer motivation Description: Primary operator's motivation for Data type: List	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable <b>Reporting question:</b> Which of the following was the primary reason the producer enrolled in this project? or enrolling in the project. <b>Select multiple values:</b> No
Producer motivation Data element name: Producer motivation Description: Primary operator's motivation for	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable <b>Reporting question:</b> Which of the following was the primary reason the producer enrolled in this project? or enrolling in the project.
Producer motivation Data element name: Producer motivation Description: Primary operator's motivation for Data type: List	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable  Reporting question: Which of the following was the primary reason the producer enrolled in this project? or enrolling in the project. Select multiple values: No Allowed values:  Financial benefit Financial benefit New market opportunity Partnerships or networks

Producer outreach	
Data element name: Producer outreach 1- 3	Reporting question: What types of outreach were provided to producers?
	producers: bes of outreach provided to producer prior to enrollment. Outreach
activities are those focused on identifying a recipient or project partners. The workshe	and enrolling producers in the project. Outreach can come from the et provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed If there are fewer than 3 outreach types, leave unnecessary column
	hal column to enter other outreach types as free text.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: Yes
GE GE DE GELEK BERKEN DE KONDE	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity organizations
	Conferences
	Cooperative extension
	Digital communications and resources
	Education workshops, field days, and town halls
	Existing partner networks
	Farm visits and one-on-one meetings
	General advertising
	<ul> <li>Peer referrals and producer groups</li> <li>Phone calls</li> </ul>
	In a second s
	<ul> <li>Print communications and resources</li> <li>Retailers</li> </ul>
	State agencies
	<ul> <li>Targeted messaging using proprietary data</li> <li>Technical service providers</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: None – ali respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
SAF experience	Data collection frequency: initial enrollment
Data element name: CSAF experience	Reporting question: Has the primary operator implemented
Data element name. CoAr experience	CSAF practices in the last ten years anywhere on the farm?
Description: Has this farm implemented cl	imate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practices anywhere on the
a bur even a national and the second state and the state of the second state of the second state of the second s	ent primary operator took control (whichever time period is shorter)
CSAF practices are included in a list in App	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incover chieft white category	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Data collection level: Producer

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CSAF federal funds	
Data element name: CSAF federal funds	<b>Reporting question:</b> Were prior CSAF practices supported by federal funds?
implementation supported by federal funds? not limited to, those from the Natural Resour Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), Conservat	perator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was Federal funds are defined as being from programs including, but ces Conservation Service ((NRCS), including through Environmenta ion Stewardship Program (CSP), Regional Conservation Partnership rm Service Agency Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), as well as deral agencies. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
CSAF state or local funds	
Data element name: CSAF state or local funds	<b>Reporting question:</b> Were prior CSAF practices supported by state or local funds?
	perator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was rate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incusarement and category	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
CSAF nonprofit funds	
Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds	Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds?
	perator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was s? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Yes • No
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAE experience'	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' Data collection level: Producer	

CSAF market incentives	
Data element name: CSAF market incentives	Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by market incentives?
El su succher a success se site d'Alf - source a construction and Elforement serve a Million Difference and Million	perator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was es? Market incentives include premiums paid by a commodity labeling as a climate-smart commodity. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field Enrollment

Unique IDs		
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Prior Field ID, if applicable	Prior Field ID assigned by FSA if there has been reconstitution of the farm resulting in a new Field ID during the field's enrollment in the project	
Field data change		
Data element name: Field data c	reported for this field changed?	
	ntry is being used to report any relevant changes, such as a new Field ID odity or practice combinations, for a field that has previously been enrolled in	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	• Yes	
	• No	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment	
Contract start date		
Data element name: Contract sta Description: Start date listed on	art date <b>Reporting question:</b> What is the start date of the contract with the producer that includes this field? the contract that enrolls the field in the project.	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYY		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Total field area		
Data element name: Total field a	rea <b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total size of the enrolled field?	
Description: Total size of the field	d enrolled with the project.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: .01-500	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
LOBIC: None an respond	DRANDWED AVAILABLE MADE FERMA	

USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients	
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Data element name: Commodity category	Reporting question: What category of
	commodity(ies) is (are) produced from this field
Description: Category of commodity(ies) produced in fie	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Crops
	Livestock
	Trees
	Crops and livestock
	<ul> <li>Crops and trees</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Livestock and trees</li> </ul>
	Crops, livestock and trees
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What type of commodity i produced from this field?
Description: Type of commodity produced in field enroll	
worksheet provides a drop-down list of the allowed value	es. Choose the appropriate value. Enter additional
commodities in subsequent rows.	
	es. Choose the appropriate value. Enter additional Select multiple values: No
commodities in subsequent rows.	
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: FSA commodity list
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: FSA commodity list Required: Yes
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: FSA commodity list Required: Yes
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: FSA commodity list Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field?
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield Data element name: Baseline yield Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 year field if possible. If not at field level, provide average annual	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: FSA commodity list Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field? ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled ual yield for the specific commodity for the operation.
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield Data element name: Baseline yield Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 year	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: FSA commodity list Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field? ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield Data element name: Baseline yield Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 year field if possible. If not at field level, provide average annual	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: FSA commodity list Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field? ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled ual yield for the specific commodity for the operation.
commodities in subsequent rows. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield Data element name: Baseline yield Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 yea field if possible. If not at field level, provide average annual Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: FSA commodity list Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field? ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled ual yield for the specific commodity for the operation. Select multiple values: No



Data element name: Baseline yield unit	Reporting question: Baseline yield unit	
C. (25)	of commodity in enrolled field in 3 years prior to enrollment. The hoices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional it as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	<ul> <li>Allowed values:</li> <li>Animal units per acre</li> <li>Bushels per acre</li> <li>Carcass pounds per animal</li> <li>Head per acre</li> <li>Hundred-weights (or pounds) per head</li> <li>Linear feet per acre</li> <li>Liveweight pounds per animal</li> <li>Pounds per acre</li> <li>Tons per acre</li> </ul>	
1	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field Baseline yield location	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Data element name: Baseline yield locati		
"other" is chosen, use the additional colu Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond	baseline yield being reported? erage annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If imm to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes	
Description: Location of the reported ave "other" is chosen, use the additional colu Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	baseline yield being reported? erage annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If imn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify)	
Description: Location of the reported ave "other" is chosen, use the additional colu Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field ield land use	baseline yield being reported? erage annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If imn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Description: Location of the reported ave "other" is chosen, use the additional colu Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Field land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what wa	baseline yield being reported? erage annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If imm to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? as the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years?	
Description: Location of the reported ave "other" is chosen, use the additional colu Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field ield land use Data element name: Field land use	baseline yield being reported? erage annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If imm to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? as the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land • Forest land • Non-agriculture • Other agricultural land • Pasture	
Description: Location of the reported ave "other" is chosen, use the additional colu Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field ield land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what wa Data type: List	baseline yield being reported? erage annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If imm to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? as the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land • Forest land • Non-agriculture • Other agricultural land	

Field irrigated		
Data element name: Field irrigated	Reporting question: What is this field's irrigation history?	
Description: Prior to enrollment, what wa	as the most common irrigation practice on this field the past 3 years?	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	No irrigation	
	Center pivot	
	Drip-subsurface	
	Drip-surface	
	Flood/border	
	Furrow/ditch	
	Lateral/linear sprinklers	
	Micro-sprinklers	
	Seepage	
	Side roll	
	Solid set sprinklers	
	Supplemental	
	Surface	
	Traveling gun/towline	
	Wheel Line	
	• Other	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Field tillage		
Data element name: Field tillage	Reporting question: What is this field's tillage history?	
Description: Prior to enrollment, what wa	as the most common tillage approach during the past 3 years?	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	None	
	Conventional, inversion	
	<ul> <li>Conventional, vertical</li> </ul>	
	No-till, direct seed	
	<ul> <li>Reduced till, inversion</li> </ul>	
	Reduced till, vertical	
	Strip till	
	Other	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	

USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Diction	any for Posinionts
	ary for Recipients
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Data element name: Practice past extent -	Reporting question: What percent of the farm has	
farm	implemented this CSAF practice (combination) previously?	
에는 것 같아요. 말했다. 말하는 것 같은 것 같아요. 그는 것 같아요. 그는 것 같아요. 그는 것 같아요. 가지 않는 것 같아요. 가지 않는 것 같아요. 그는 것 같아요. 그는 것 같아요. 그는 가	ion of the whole farm had this (these) CSAF practice(s) ever beer tices are planned to be implemented in this field, enter the value	
that best corresponds to the farm's prior expe		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
include cincin and category	Never used	
	<ul> <li>Used on less than 25% of operation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Used on 25-50% of operation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Used on 51-75% of operation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Used on more than 75% of operation</li> </ul>	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
ield any CSAF practice		
Data element name: Field any CSAF practice	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is this field's prior experience with CSAF practices?	
Description: Prior to enrollment, have any CSA	F practice or practices been used in this field in the past 3 years	
CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendi		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Yes	
	• No	
	I don't know	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
ractice past use - this field		
Data element name: Practice past use - this field	Reporting question: Have this CSAF practice (combination)	
	been implemented previously in this field? se) CSAF practice(s) been used in this field in the in the past 3	
	n used previously in this field; enter some if multiple practices and	
(P) 11	all of the practices had been used previously in this field; and	
enter no if none of the practices had been use	[2] 그는 것은 그 것은 것을 사람이 있는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 만들었다. 것은 것 같은 것은 것을 다 있는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 다 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 가 하는 것을 수 있는 것을 가 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 가 있는 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있다. 것을	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Yes	
	Some	
	• No	
	I don't know	
	c: None – all respond Required: Yes	
Logic: None – all respond	Required. res	

Practice type	
Data element name: Practice type 1-7	<b>Reporting question:</b> What CSAF practice is being implemented in this field through the project?
project? CSAF practices are included in a list in	s will be implemented on this field as part of enrollment in the n Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field
through enrollment in the project, leave unne	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: See list in Appendix A
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Practice standard	
Data element name: Practice standard 1-7	Reporting question: What standard does the CSAF practice follow?
Description: Is the CSAF practice being impler	mented on the field as part of enrollment in the project following a
	ovides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for
	ypes entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7
	ough enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	NRCS
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Planned practice implementation year	
Data element name: Practice 1-7	Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to
implementation year	be implemented?
	nned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters
project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in	ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No
project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in implemented on this field through enrollment	nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.
project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in implemented on this field through enrollment <b>Data type:</b> Integer	nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No
project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in implemented on this field through enrollment <b>Data type:</b> Integer <b>Measurement unit:</b> Year	nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030
project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in implemented on this field through enrollment <b>Data type:</b> Integer <b>Measurement unit:</b> Year <b>Logic:</b> None – all respond <b>Data collection level:</b> Field	nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes
project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in implemented on this field through enrollment <b>Data type:</b> Integer <b>Measurement unit:</b> Year <b>Logic:</b> None – all respond	nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes
project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in implemented on this field through enrollment Data type: Integer Measurement unit: Year Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Practice extent Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent	nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: To what extent is the practice
project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in implemented on this field through enrollment Data type: Integer Measurement unit: Year Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Practice extent Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent Description: Total area, length, or head where	nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: To what extent is the practice implemented?
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project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered in implemented on this field through enrollment Data type: Integer Measurement unit: Year Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Practice extent Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent Description: Total area, length, or head where contract. Data type: Decimal Measurement unit: Extent	nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: To what extent is the practice implemented? e the practice is being implemented in the field specified by the Select multiple values: No Allowed values: .01- 100,000
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ractice extent unit		
Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent unit	Reporting question: Unit for extent of practice implementation	
Description: Unit for extent of practic	ce implementation on the field specified by the contract. If "other" is	
chosen, use the additional column to	enter the appropriate unit.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Acres	
	<ul> <li>Head of livestock</li> </ul>	
	Linear feet	
	Square feet	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	

### **CSAF Practice Sub-questions**

For certain practices, additional questions are asked that provide information necessary to estimate greenhouse gas benefits from implementation of the practice. See Table 11 in the *CSAF Practice Sub-questions* section for descriptions of individual questions to be answered depending on the CSAF practices selected.

Farm Summary

### Unique IDs

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

### **Producer TA received**

Data element name: Producer TA received Reporting question: What types of technical assistance were 1-3 provided to this producer?

Description: Did the recipient or any partner provide technical assistance (TA) to the producer this year? Technical assistance is any training, education, capacity building or other support provided by any project partner(s) directly to producers enrolled in the project. List up to the top three most common types of TA provided to this producer. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 TA types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other TA types as free text.

#### Data type: List

Select multiple values: No

### Measurement unit: Category

START WARD AND YOU WARD ACCOUNT ALL SAMPLE AND	<ul> <li>Provide a second se Second second second second second se</li></ul>
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
new desire and the contraction of the second providence of the second second to the second second second second	Demonstration plots
	Equipment demonstrations
	<ul> <li>Group field days or in-person field workshops</li> </ul>
	Hotline
	<ul> <li>One-on-one enrollment assistance</li> </ul>
	One-on-one field visits
	One-on-one producer mentorship
	<ul> <li>Producer networks and peer-to-peer groups</li> </ul>
	Retailer consultation
	<ul> <li>Social media/digital tools</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Train-the-trainer opportunities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Virtual meetings or field days</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Webinars and videos</li> </ul>
	Written materials
	None
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Producer incentive amount	
Data element name: Producer incentive	Reporting question: What is the total value of financial
amount	incentives provided to this producer?
	ved by the producer from USDA project funds for the year (non-
cumulative). Do not include incentive paym	· 2 AND 10 (19) / 2 AND 10 COMPLETE AND 10 AND 10 COMPLETE AND 10 AND 1
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$5,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

ncentive reason	
Data element name: Incentive reason 1-4	Reporting question: Why were incentives provided to this producer?
incentive for each reason. The worksheet p	ducer incentive payments. List the top 4 based on total value of the rovides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. are fewer than 4 reasons, leave unnecessary columns blank. If
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Avoided conversion</li> <li>Conference or training attendance</li> <li>Demographics/equity payment</li> <li>Enrollment</li> <li>Foregone revenue</li> <li>Historic data collection</li> <li>Identity preservation (supply chain tracing)</li> <li>Implementation of practices</li> <li>MMRV (e.g., data collection, reporting)</li> <li>Passing audit</li> <li>Price premium on output</li> </ul>
	Yield change
T	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ncentive structure Data element name: Incentive structure 1-	4 <b>Reporting question:</b> What are the units for the financial
but clement numer meentive structure 1	incentives provided to this producer?
producers. Production unit is weight or volu with a drop-down list of the allowed values	esponding to the top 4 (by dollar value) incentive payments to ume (bushel, kilogram, ton). The worksheet provides four columns 5. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 s blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter othe
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: Flat rate Per animal head Per area Per length Per production unit Per ton GHG Per tree
Logic: None – all respond	Other (specify)     Required: Yes
Data collection level. Producer	Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

ncentive type	
Data element name: Incentive type 1-4	<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of incentives were provided to each producer?
Description: List the top 4 types of incent	tive payments to producers (based on dollar value). The worksheet
	list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there
	nnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional
column to enter other incentive types as	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
	Allowed values:
Measurement unit: Category	
	<ul> <li>Cash payment</li> <li>Equipment loan</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Guaranteed commodity premium payment</li> </ul>
	Inputs and supplies
	Land rental
	• Loan
	Paid labor
	Post-harvest transportation
	Tuition or fees for training
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Payment on enrollment	
Data element name: Payment on	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is
enrollment	provided to the producer upon enrollment in the project?
Description: Any incentive payment prov	vided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not
	vided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not
related to any implementation, MMRV or	vided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not
related to any implementation, MMRV or contract held by the producer is paid upo	vided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not ir sales activities. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any on enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full
related to any implementation, MMRV or contract held by the producer is paid upo incentive amount for any contract held b	vided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not ir sales activities. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any on enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full by the producer is paid upon enrollment. No payment means that none
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related to any implementation, MMRV or contract held by the producer is paid upor incentive amount for any contract held b of the full incentive amount for any contr <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category	vided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not or sales activities. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any on enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full by the producer is paid upon enrollment. No payment means that none ract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment
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Payment on harvest	
Data element name: Payment on harvest	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is
	provided to the producer upon harvest of the commodity?
	ed to the producer upon harvesting or slaughtering the commodity
	ns the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is
R (S)	hat only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by
	nent means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract
held by the producer is paid upon harvest.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Full payment
	Partial payment
	No payment
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Payment on MMRV	
Data element name: Payment on MMRV	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is
	provided to the producer upon completing MMRV
	requirements?
	ed to the producer upon completing the annual MMRV requirements
51 J.50	ns the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is
paid upon MMRV being complete. Partial pa	ayment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any
contract held by the producer is paid upon	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.
contract held by the producer is paid upon	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values:
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values:</li> <li>Full payment</li> </ul>
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category <b>Logic:</b> None – all respond	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category <b>Logic:</b> None – all respond <b>Data collection level:</b> Producer	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
contract held by the producer is paid upon l incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul>
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category <b>Logic:</b> None – all respond <b>Data collection level:</b> Producer	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?</li>
contract held by the producer is paid upon a incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the
contract held by the producer is paid upon a incentive amount for any contract held by to Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?</li> <li>ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.</li>
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid</li>
contract held by the producer is paid upon a incentive amount for any contract held by to <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category <b>Logic:</b> None – all respond <b>Data collection level:</b> Producer <b>Payment on sale</b> <b>Data element name:</b> Payment on sale <b>Description:</b> Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of	<ul> <li>MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?</li> <li>ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.</li>
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale.	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is
contract held by the producer is paid upon a incentive amount for any contract held by the <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category <b>Logic:</b> None – all respond <b>Data collection level:</b> Producer <b>Payment on sale</b> <b>Data element name:</b> Payment on sale <b>Description:</b> Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incent Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. <b>Data type:</b> List	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is Select multiple values: No
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale.	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is Select multiple values: No Allowed values:
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment • No payment Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Full payment • Partial payment

Unique IDs		
Farm ID Ur	nique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID Ur	nique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID Ur	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field St	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field Co	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Commodity type		
Data element name: Commodity type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of commodity is produced from this field?	
	d in field enrolled in the project. See full list in Appendix B. The	
	th a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each	
column. Leave unnecessary columns blan		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Practice type		
this project? CSAF practices are included	1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented in this field through the project? ture or forestry (CSAF) practice or practices are being implemented in in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this olumn. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this	
field through enrollment in the project, le <b>Data type:</b> List		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: See list in Appendix A	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Date practice complete	7 8 8 8 7	
Data element name: Date practice comp	implementation as complete?	
Use January of the year prior to contract implemented in the year prior to a contra seven columns for this data element. Ent	es that implementation of the CSAF practice is complete on the field. year for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively act associated with this project is signed). The worksheet provides er one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through sary columns blank. Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

Contract end date	
Data element name: Contract end date	Reporting question: Contract end date
submit updated end date during the next quarte	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	
Data element name: MMRV assistance provided	Reporting question: Was MMRV assistance provided?
includes in-field support for the use of technolog support related to MMRV. MMRV is defined a m- monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that to the agreed upon standard and documentation impacts over time), reporting (documenting and partners, the recipient, and any third-party verifi	d to the primary operator for this field? MMRV assistance gies, consultation on data collection and input, and other easurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), at the climate-smart practice has been implemented according n of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions sharing monitoring and measurement results with project ication organization), and verification (independent d reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable). Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
<b>3</b> <i>i</i>	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	
Data element name: Marketing assistance provid	ded Reporting question: Was marketing assistance provided?
from this field? Marketing assistance includes gu	ided to the primary operator for the commodity(ies) produced laranteeing the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a platform abel, branding, or other support related to marketing. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	<ul><li>No</li><li>I don't know</li></ul>
Logic: None – all respond	<ul> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field	<ul><li>No</li><li>I don't know</li></ul>
Data collection level: Field ncentive per acre or head	<ul> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field ncentive per acre or head Data element name: Incentive per acre or head	<ul> <li>No         <ul> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?</li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field ncentive per acre or head Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Description: Is this field receiving an incentive pa	<ul> <li>No         <ul> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?</li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field ncentive per acre or head Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Description: Is this field receiving an incentive pa on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis?	<ul> <li>No         <ul> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?         <ul> <li>ayment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field ncentive per acre or head Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Description: Is this field receiving an incentive pa on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis? Data type: List	<ul> <li>No         <ul> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?         <ul> <li>ayment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field ncentive per acre or head Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Description: Is this field receiving an incentive pa on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis?	<ul> <li>No         <ul> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?         <ul> <li>ayment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li></ul></li></ul>
Data collection level: Field ncentive per acre or head Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Description: Is this field receiving an incentive pa on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis? Data type: List	<ul> <li>No         <ul> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?         <ul> <li>ayment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li></ul></li></ul>
Data collection level: Field Incentive per acre or head Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Description: Is this field receiving an incentive pa on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis? Data type: List	<ul> <li>No         <ul> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?         <ul> <li>ayment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li></ul></li></ul>
Data collection level: Field ncentive per acre or head Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Description: Is this field receiving an incentive pa on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis? Data type: List	<ul> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> <li>Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?</li> <li>ayment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values:         <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Field commodity value	
Data element name: Field commodity value	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the value of the commodity produced on the enrolled field?
Description: The dollar value of the commodity p	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field commodity volume	
Data element name: Field commodity volume	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the volume of commodity produced on the enrolled field?
Description: The volume of the commodity prod	uced on the enrolled field
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Number	Allowed values: 1-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field commodity volume unit	
Data element name: Field commodity volume	Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify)
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Measurement unit: Category Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Measurement unit: Category Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field?
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation Description: Total annual estimated cost per uni	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" i ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field? t of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field.
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Measurement unit: Category Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation Description: Total annual estimated cost per uni Data type: Decimal	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field? t of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field. Select multiple values: No

Cost unit	
Data element name: Cost unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for cost?
enter the appropriate value in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Per acre
	Per bushel
	Per head
	Per linear foot
	Per pound
	Per ton     Other (creatify)
Lesia Nega all sourced	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cost coverage	
Data element name: Cost coverage	Reporting question: What percent of the practice cost is
	covered by the incentive?
incentives.	annual cost of implementing the practice(s) that is covered by project
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Percent	Allowed values: 0-100
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field GHG monitoring	
Data element name: Field GHG monitoring 1-3	g Reporting question: How were GHG impacts monitored in this field?
is defined as ongoing review and confirmat to the agreed upon standard and documer impacts over time. Include up to 3 method The worksheet provides three columns wit column. If fewer than 3 GHG monitoring m	monitoring GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring tion that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according natation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions is, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. It a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each nethods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is r other GHG monitoring methods as free text. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Drones
	Ground-level photos and videos
	On-farm inspection
	<ul> <li>Plot-based sampling (e.g., soil, water)</li> </ul>
	Producer records or attestation
	Satellite monitoring or remote sensing     Sail motogenemics
	Soil metagenomics     Soil concorr
	<ul> <li>Soil sensors</li> <li>Water sensors</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Water sensors</li> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: None - all recoord	
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly

USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Re	cipients
February 2023	

ield GHG reporting	
Data element name: Field GHG reporting	<b>Reporting question:</b> How were GHG benefits reported for this field?
1-3 Description: Up to the ten three forms of	reporting on GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting
is defined as documenting and sharing mo recipient, and any third-party verification most commonly used for this field. The wo values. Choose one value for each column	onitoring and measurement results with project partners, the organization. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are orksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed . If fewer than 3 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary ne additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Automated devices
	Email
	Mobile app
	Paper
	Third-party actors
	Website
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ield GHG verification	
Data element name: Field GHG verificatio	26
defined as independent confirmation that accurate and reliable. Include up to 3 met The worksheet provides three columns wi column. If fewer than 3 GHG verification r chosen, use the additional column to ente <b>Data type:</b> List	reduce GHG emissions verified for this field? ation of GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, hods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field th a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each nethods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is er other GHG verification methods as free text. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Artificial intelligence
	Computer modeling
	Recipient audit
	<ul> <li>Photos</li> <li>Record audit</li> </ul>
	Satellite imagery
	Site of field visit
	<ul> <li>Site or field visit</li> <li>Third-party audit</li> </ul>
	Third-party audit
Logic: None – all respond	

Reporting question: What methods are used to calculate GHG
benefits in this field?
lculate GHG benefits in this field. If yes to direct physical
Supplemental Data Submission – Field direct GHG measurement
Select multiple values: No
Allowed values:
Models
<ul> <li>Direct field measurements</li> </ul>
• Both
Required: Yes
Data collection frequency: Quarterly
<b>Reporting question:</b> What method was used to calculate the official GHG benefits in this field?
late the official GHG benefits in this field that are reported as part of
Select multiple values: No
Allowed values:
Models
<ul> <li>Direct field measurements</li> </ul>
Required: Yes
Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Reporting question: What are the estimated total GHG emission
reductions (CO2eq) in this field?
mission reductions from practice implementation in this field that are e impact. This data element must be entered upon practice completion
Select multiple values: No
Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Required: Yes
Data collection frequency: Quarterly
<b>Reporting question:</b> How much carbon has been sequestered in this field?
rbon stock based on practice implementation in this field. This data
nd is cumulative for the year. Conversion rate is one ton of carbon =
Select multiple values: No
Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
15.1 G
Required: Yes

Field official CO2 ER	
Data element name: Field official CO2	Reporting question: What are the estimated total CO2 emissio reductions in this field?
emission reductions	e emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field
that are reported as part of the project's ag	ggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice
completion or annually, as appropriate.	(e to have have before the formal latter)
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official CH4 ER	
Data element name: Field official CH4 emis reductions	ssion Reporting question: What are the estimated total CH4 emission reductions in this field?
- construction and an additional state of the second state of the second state of the second s	sion reductions based on practice implementation in this field that
	ate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice
	nversion rate is one ton of $CH_4 = 25$ tons of $CO_2eq$ .
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduce CO <sub>2</sub> eq	ed in Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official N20 ER	
Data element name: Field official N2O emi reductions	ssion <b>Reporting question:</b> What are the estimated total N2O emission reductions in this field?
Description: Estimated total nitrous oxide (	emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field
5	ggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice
completion or annually, as appropriate. Con	nversion rate is one ton of $N_2O = 298$ tons of $CO_2eq$ .
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduc	red in Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
CO <sub>2</sub> eq	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field offsets produced	
Data element name: Field offsets produced	d Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been produced in this field?
	in the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Offsets are defined
<ul> <li>Standard and structure of the section of the sector structure and the sector sector structure sector.</li> </ul>	an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field insets produced	
Data element name: Field insets produced	Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in this field?
	the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Insets are defined as ccepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Other field measurement	
Data element name: Other field measurement	Reporting question: Were data collected from the field for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation?
benefits estimation. These reasons could incle environmental benefits (see Field environme corresponding reports (see <i>Supplemental da</i>	or data collection taken in the field for any reason other than GHG lude calibration of GHG estimation tools or models, tracking other ental benefits report), and other reasons. If yes, submit ta submission - Field direct measurement results).
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

### GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

Farm ID	Uniq	ue Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Uniq	ue Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Uniq	ue Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Commodity type		
Data element name: Commodity	type 1-6	<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of commodity(ies) is produced from this field?
in Appendix B. The worksheet proof one value for each column. Leave	ovides mult	
Data type: List		Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category		Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond		Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field		Data collection frequency: Annual
Practice type		
Data element name: Practice typ	e 1-7	<b>Reporting question:</b> What CSAF practice is being implemented by this project?
included in a list in Appendix A. T	he workshe	es are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are eet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value ractices being implemented by the project, leave unnecessary
Data type: List		Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category		Allowed values: See list in Appendix A
Logic: None – all respond		<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field		Data collection frequency: Annual

iHG model Data element name: GHG model	Reporting question: What model was used for alternate calculation of GHG benefit
	1/511 FEE 51
	d for the alternate calculation of the field's GHG benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	ACC Calculator
	<ul> <li>Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU) Carbon Calculator</li> </ul>
	AIRES
	APEX
	Bowen Ratio Energy Balance     Great Calculator
	Carat-Calculator     Carat-Calculator
	CArPE     CDFA web based calculates
	CDFA web-based calculator     COMET-Farm
	COMET-Farm     COMET-Planner
	CoolFarm
	Cover Crop Explore
	CropTrak
	CultivateAl's FMIS
	DayCent-CR
	• DNDC
	• DSSAT
	Earth Optics
	EcoPractices
	EPIC
	<ul> <li>Extrapolation based on literature</li> </ul>
	FieldPrint
	Granular
	GREET
	• gTIR
	IFSM
	<ul> <li>IPCC default emissions factors &amp; models</li> </ul>
	• itree
	Nitrogen Balance
	<ul> <li>Nutrient Tracking Tool (NTT)</li> </ul>
	RCD Project Tracker
	<ul> <li>Revised Universal Soil Loss equation 2 (RUSLE2)</li> </ul>
	RuFaS
	SAFE-Link
	SALUS (CIBO)
	SNAPGRAZE
	SquareRoots
	SWAT-C     SWAT-C
	SYMFONI
	Truterra Sustainability Tool
	Verra     MEDD
	WEPP     VendStiele
	YardStick     Other (specify)
Logic: Nono - all second	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> <li>Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Model start date	
Data element name: Model start date	<b>Reporting question:</b> For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model start date)?
Description: Date that the model parameter	s begin.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/1950 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Model end date	
Data element name: Model end date	<b>Reporting question:</b> For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model end date)?
Description: Date that the model parameter	rs end.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023- 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	
Data element name: Total GHG benefits estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field' total GHG emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total greenhouse gas emission using an alternate model.	reductions from practice implementation in the field estimated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	
Data element name: Total carbon stock estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of how muc carbon has the field has sequestered?
	used on practice implementation in the field estimated using an
alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton	전경하기는 그녀면 '에게 이상상상 방송이는 강성, 정도와 가격하는 것은 것 같아요. 가격이 있는 것 같아요. 가격이 있는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 가지 않는 것을 것 같아. ? ? ? ? ? ?? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total CO2 estimated	
Data element name: Total CO2 estimated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the alternate estimate of the field total CO2 emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total carbon dioxide emission r using an alternate model.	eductions based on practice implementation in the field estimated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual



Fotal CH4 estimated	
Data element name: Total CH4 estimated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the alternate estimate of the field's total CH4 emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total methane emission reductions based on pracan alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton of CH <sub>4</sub> = 25 ton	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
otal field N20 estimated	
Data element name: Total N2O estimated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the alternate estimate of the field's total N2O emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on using an alternate method. Conversion rate is one ton of $N_2O$	= 298 tons of CO₂eq.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

#### GHG Benefits - Measured

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)

#### GHG measurement method

Data element name: GHG measurement met	hod <b>Reporting question:</b> What measurement method is used to calculate GHG benefits?
<b>Description:</b> Field-based measurement metho appropriate value as free text in the additional	od used to calculate GHG benefits. If "other" is chosen, enter the al column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Emissions measurement unit • Flux towers • Litterbags • Plant measurements • Portable emissions analyzers • Soil flux chambers
Logic: None – all respond	<ul> <li>Soil samples</li> <li>Soil sensors</li> <li>Vehicle-mounted sensors</li> <li>Other (specify)</li> <li>Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas</li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field	emission measurements in this field <b>Data collection frequency:</b> Annual
ab name	
Data element name: Lab name Description: Name of entity that received dat	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the name of the lab that processed the measurement samples?
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Free text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If applicable

Data collection frequency: Annual

Data collection level: Field



Measurement start date	
Data element name: Measurement start date	<b>Reporting question:</b> On what date did the measurement start?
and end date. If multiple measurements took place ov	was a single point in time, use the same date for start date er a time period, use the date that the measurements first
began.	Select multiple values: No
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond         Required: If a project conducts soil samp carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Measurement end date	
Data element name: Measurement end date	Reporting question: On what date did the measurement end?
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	was a single point in time, use the same date for start date
and end date. If multiple measurements took place ov were completed.	er a time period, use the date that the measurements
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023– 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes
Logic. None - an respond	carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission
	measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total CO2 reduction calculated	
Data element name: Total CO2 reduction calculated Description: Total annual CO2 emission reductions bas	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the total measured CO2 emission reductions? sed on practice implementation in the field calculated
from in-field measurements.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Data type: Decimal Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
755	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Required: If a project takes
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency:
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency:
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Total field carbon stock measured Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual Reporting question: What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field? implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil les should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Total field carbon stock measured Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samp	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual Reporting question: What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field? implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil les should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Total field carbon stock measured Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samp 'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual Reporting question: What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field? implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil les should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq.
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Total field carbon stock measured Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samp 'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one Data type: Decimal	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual Reporting question: What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field? implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil les should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq. Select multiple values: No

Total CH4 reduction calculated	
Data element name: Total CH4 reduction calculated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the total measured CH4 emission reductions?
Description: Total annual methane emission reductions b	ased on practice implementation in the field calculated
from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is one ton o	$f CH_4 = 25 tons of CO_2 eq.$
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes
	carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission
	measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total N20 reduction calculated	
Data element name: Total N2O reduction calculated	Reporting question: What are the total measured N2O emission reductions?
Description: Total annual nitrous oxide emission reductio	ns based on practice implementation in the field
calculated from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is	s one ton of $N_2O = 298$ tons of $CO_2eq$ .
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes
	carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission
	measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Soil sample result	
Data element name: Soil sample result	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the numeric result from this soil sample?
Description: Results of measurement(s) taken to determine	ne the carbon stock of a soil (the tons of carbon found
in a specified volume of soil).	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: .00001-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

oil sample result unit		
Data element name: Soil sample result unit	Reporting question: What is unit for the soil sample result?	
	ample result. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices e the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Percent	
	• Ppm	
	Grams	
	<ul> <li>Grams per cubic centimeter</li> </ul>	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Aeasurement type		
Data element name: Measurement type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of analysis was conducted for this soil sample?	
Description: Type of soil analysis conducted.	The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data	
element. If "other" is chosen, use the addition	nal column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Organic matter	
	Total organic carbon	
	Bulk density	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

### Additional Environmental Benefits

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Environmental benefits	
Data element name: Environmental	Reporting question: Are environmental benefits other than
benefits	GHGs being tracked in the field?
그는 소리는 것 이 수 있는 것 같은 것 같	fits other than greenhouse gas emission reductions and carbon
sequestration in the enrolled field. Tracking that can quantify benefits.	means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
Measurement unit. Category	Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss	
Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen	Reporting question: Are reductions in nitrogen losses being
loss	tracked in the field?
	losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using
some form of monitoring and reporting that	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss amount	
Data element	Reporting question: How much reduction in nitrogen losses
name: Reduction in nitrogen loss amount Description: Total amount of reduction in nit	have been measured in the field? trogen losses that is measured and reported in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in nitrogen loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss amount unit Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen	Reporting question: What is the unit for how much reduction in
loss amount unit	nitrogen losses have been measured in the field?
Description: Unit for the total amount of red	luction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the
	appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilograms
	Metric tons
	<ul><li>Pounds</li><li>Other (specify)</li></ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
nitrogen loss'	Required. (cs
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss purpose	
Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduction in
loss purpose	nitrogen losses?
	n nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets     Declusing effects
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
nitrogen loss'	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: Are reductions in phosphorus losses being
phosphorus loss	tracked in the field?
using some form of monitoring and reporting	horus losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
Weasurement unit. Category	Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss amount	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses
phosphorus loss amount	have been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of reduction in ph	
Description: Total amount of reduction in ph	Soloct multiple values No
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Data type: Decimal Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Data type: Decimal	

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Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in
phosphorus loss amount unit	phosphorus losses measured in the field?
Description: Unit for the total amount of re	eduction in phosphorus losses that is measured in the enrolled field. I
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate va	lue as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilograms
	Metric tons
	Pounds
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in phosphorus loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss purpose	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reductions
phosphorus loss purpose	in phosphorus losses?
	in phosphorus losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter
the appropriate value as free text in the ad	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	Producing offsets
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in phosphorus loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: Are other water quality metrics being
	tracked in the field?
	r quality metrics in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
using some form of monitoring and reporti	ng that can quantify benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What type of other water quality metric
type	have been measured in the field?
Description: Type of other water quality me	tric (besides nitrogen loss and phosphorus loss reductions) that is
measured in the field. If "other" is chosen, e	nter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Sediment load reduction
	Temperature
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: How much reduction in other water quality
amount	metrics have been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of reduction in of	ther water quality metrics that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount unit	
Data element name: Other water quality amount unit	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the unit for the reduction in other water quality metrics measured in the field?
and the second	duction in other water quality metrics that is measured in the
	appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Degrees F
	Kilograms
	Kilograms per liter
	Metric tons     Pounds
	<ul> <li>Pounds</li> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water	• Other (specify) Required: Yes
quality'	neguneur res

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Other water quality purpose	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking other water
purpose	quality benefits?
	r quality benefits in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	I don't know     Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water	Other (specify)     Required: Yes
quality'	<b>Nequileu.</b> Tes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Nater quantity	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: Is water conservation being tracked in the field?
Description: Tracking of water conservation	or reduction in use in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a
minimum using some form of monitoring an	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: How much water conservation has been
amount	measured in the field?
15	ation or reduction that is measured in the field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount unit	
Data element name: Water quantity amount unit	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the unit for the amount of water conservation measured in the field?
	ater conservation or reduced use that is measured and reported in
	the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acre-feet
	Cubic feet
5 5 2 (1452) 2226 407 M	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Water quantity purpose	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking water
purpose	conservation?
	rervation or reductions in water use in the enrolled field. If "other" is
chosen, enter the appropriate value as free	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Commodity marketing</li> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced erosion	
Data element name: Reduced erosion	<b>Reporting question:</b> Is reduced soil erosion being tracked in the field?
Description: Tracking of reduced soil erosio	n in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some
form of monitoring and reporting that can o	NAME OF A DESCRIPTION OF A
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
V B DI NAMA HAMAN B HAM	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits' Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced erosion amount	Data concetion in equency. Annual
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: How much erosion reduction has been
amount	measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of erosion reduct	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced erosion amount unit	
Data element name: Reduced erosion unit	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the unit for the amount of erosion reduction measured?
Description: Unit for the total amount of er	osion reduction from enrolled fields that is measured and reported
by the project. If "other" is chosen, enter th	e appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Tons
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced erosion purpose	
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced
purpose	erosion in the field?
<b>Description:</b> Purpose of tracking reduced error value as free text in the additional column.	osion the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
88 x x x x	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing     Producing insets
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use	THE CHARMEN CONTRACTOR STREAM CONTRACTOR OF CO
Data element name: Reduced energy use	<b>Reporting question:</b> Is reduced energy use being tracked in the
Description: Tracking of reduced operatures	field? in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some
form of monitoring and reporting that can q	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incusarement and category	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	CONS. MARKANING VOUN
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
educed energy use amount	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: How much energy use reduction has been
amount	measured in the field?
	luction that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use amount unit	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: What is the unit for the energy use
unit	reduction measured in the field?
	ergy use reduction that is measured in the enrolled field. If "other"
is chosen, enter the appropriate value as fre	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilowatt hours
Legis: December if use to (Deduced second	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced energy use purpose	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced
purpose	energy use in the field?
	ergy use in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Commodity marketing</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	I don't know
5 D 50 100000 0 10000 00 10	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion	
Data element name: Avoided land conversion	Reporting question: Is avoided land conversion being tracked in the field?
	rsion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some uantify benefits. Land conservation means land use changing from
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incoor entent unit outeBory	Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion amount	
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: How much avoided land conversion has
conversion amount	been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of avoided land c	onversion that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land conversion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion amount unit	
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of avoided
conversion unit	land conversion measured in the field?
The second	pided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field. If
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acres
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land conversion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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Avoided land conversion purpose	
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking avoided
conversion purpose	land conversion in the field?
and the second se	land conversion in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addit	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land	Required: Yes
conversion'	Data collection from communication
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
mproved wildlife habitat	
Data element name: Improved wildlife habitat	Reporting question: Are improvements to wildlife habitat being tracked in the field?
	wildlife in and around the enrolled field. Tracking means at a
minimum using some form of monitoring	194 D1 221
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incustrement unit. category	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
mproved wildlife habitat amount	
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: How much improved wildlife habitat has
habitat amount	been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of improved w	ildlife habitat that is measured in and around the enrolled fields.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife	e Required: Yes
habitat'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Improved wildlife habitat amount unit	
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of improved
habitat unit	wildlife habitat measured in the field?
	improved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around enrolled
	opriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acres
	Linear feet
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife habitat'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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mproved wildlife habitat purpose Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking improved
habitat purpose	wildlife habitat in the field?
H C LA CHARLES CONTRACTOR CO	
appropriate value as free text in the additio	wildlife habitat in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the nal column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	Producing offsets
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife habitat'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

#### CSAF Practice Sub-questions

For some CSAF practices, there is an additional set of questions that are unique to each practice. Responses to these questions are needed to verify estimated GHG benefits of these practices. If a field is implementing a CSAF practice with an NRCS CPS code in Table 11, answer the follow-up questions listed next to the relevant practice name in the table. Use the *Supplemental Reporting Workbook – CSAF Practice Sub-questions* to report the required information.

#### Table 11. Follow-on questions for select CSAF practices

Practice name and code	Follow-up question	Options (select one)
Alley Cropping (CPS 311)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Anaerobic Digester (CPS 366)	Waste storage system prior to installing anaerobic digester	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring, Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Digester type	Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring Complex mix with energy generation Plug flow with energy generation Other (specify)
	Additional feedstock source (select most common if using more than one)	Food waste Straw or bedding Wastewater Other (specify)

		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
		Kerosene
	Fuel type before installation	Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount before installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Fuel amount unit before	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene
		Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
<b>Combustion System</b>		Other (specify)
Improvement (CPS 372)		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
	Fuel type after installation	Gasoline
		Kerosene
		Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount after installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Fuel amount unit after	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene
	installation	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	InstandUUI	Pounds (wood, coal)
		Other (specify)
	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Brassicas
Conservation Cover		Grasses
(CPS 327)		Legumes
(013327)		Non-legume broadleaves
		Shrubs

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		Brassica
		Broadleaf
	Concernation eron type	Cool season
	Conservation crop type	Grass
		Legume
		Warm season
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Added perennial crop
a 102 521 51/01 mil	Change implemented	Reduced fallow period
Conservation Crop Rotation		Both
(CPS 328)	2	Conventional (plow, chisel, disk
		No-till, direct seed
		Reduced till
	Conservation crop rotation tillage type	Strip till
		None
		Other (specify)
	Total conservation crop rotation length in	other (specify)
	days	1-120
12 122 11 1 12 12 12	Strip width (feet)	1-100
Contour Buffer Strips (CPS		Grasses
332)	Species category	Forbs
		Mix
		Brassicas
	Species category (select most	Forbs
	common/extensive type if using more	Grasses
	than one)	Legume
		Non-legume broadleaves
	2	Grazing
Court Crop (CDS 240)	Cover crop planned management	Haying
Cover Crop (CPS 340)		Termination
		Burning
		Herbicide application
	× 158 001	Incorporation
	Cover crop termination method	Mowing
		Rolling/crimping
		Winter kill/frost
		Grass
	ರ್ಷದ ಈ ವರ ಸಾಹ್ರಕ್ರಮಗಳ ಬರಗ	Grass Grass legume/forb mix
Critical Area Planting (CPS	Species category (select most	Grass legume/forb mix
Critical Area Planting (CPS 342)	common/extensive type if using more	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix
Critical Area Planting (CPS 342)		Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding
	common/extensive type if using more	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs
	common/extensive type if using more	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding
	common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs Trees
342)	common/extensive type if using more than one) Crude protein (percent)	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs Trees 0-100
342)	common/extensive type if using more than one) Crude protein (percent) Fat (percent)	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs Trees 0-100 0-100 Chemical
1773	common/extensive type if using more than one) Crude protein (percent)	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs Trees 0-100 0-100 Chemical Edible oils/fats
342)	common/extensive type if using more than one) Crude protein (percent) Fat (percent)	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs Trees 0-100 0-100 Chemical Edible oils/fats Seaweed/kelp
342)	common/extensive type if using more than one) Crude protein (percent) Fat (percent) Feed additives/supplements	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs Trees 0-100 0-100 Chemical Edible oils/fats Seaweed/kelp Other (specify)
342) Feed Management (CPS 592)	common/extensive type if using more than one) Crude protein (percent) Fat (percent) Feed additives/supplements Species category (select most	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs Trees 0-100 0-100 Chemical Edible oils/fats Seaweed/kelp Other (specify) Forbs
342)	common/extensive type if using more than one) Crude protein (percent) Fat (percent) Feed additives/supplements	Grass legume/forb mix Herbaceous woody mix Perennial or reseeding Shrubs Trees 0-100 0-100 Chemical Edible oils/fats Seaweed/kelp Other (specify)

	Strip width (feet)	20-1,000
Filter Strip (CPS 393)	-	Forbs
	Species category (select most	Grasses
	common/extensive type if using	Mix
	more than one)	Shrubs
		Forest
		Multi-story cropping
Forest Farming (CPS 379)	Land use in previous year	Pasture/grazing land
		Row crops
		Other agroforestry
		Maintain or improve forest carbon stocks
		Maintain or improve forest health and
		productivity
		Maintain or improve forest structure and
Forest Stand	<b>D</b>	composition
Improvement (CPS 666)	Purpose for implementation	Maintain or improve wildlife, fish, and
an natation and a station of the station of the state of		pollinator habitat
		Manage natural precipitation more efficient
		Reduce forest pest pressure
		Reduce forest wildfire hazard
Grassed Waterway (CPS	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using	Flowering Plants
S 0.		Forbs
412)	more than one)	Grasses
	Species category (select most	Grasses
	common/extensive type if using	Shrubs
Hedgerow Planting (CPS	more than one)	Trees
422)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs
		Grasses
Herbaceous Wind		Mix
Barriers (CPS 603)		Shrubs
ವಾಲಾಗಲ್ ಗ್ರಿಪ್ ಕಲ್ಲಾ ನಿ <b>ಸಿ</b> ಸಾಗಿ, ಮಂತನದ ಹೊಂಡಿಗೆ ಗಿ	Barrier width (feet)	1-1,000
	Number of rows	1-100
	Mulch type	Gravel
		Natural
Mulching (CPS 484)		Synthetic
		Wood

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TENER MOUNTER		
	Nutrient type with CPS 590	Biosolids Commercial fertilizers Compost EEF (nitrification inhibitor) EEF (slow or controlled release) EEF (urease inhibitor) Green manure Liquid animal manure Organic by-products Organic residues or materials Solid/semi-solid animal manure Wastewater
Nutrient management (CPS 590)	Nutrient application method with CPS 590	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
	Nutrient application method in the previous year	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
	Nutrient application timing with CPS 590	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application timing in the previous year	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application rate with CPS 590	0-20,000
	Nutrient application rate unit with CPS 590	Gallons per acre Pounds per acre
	Nutrient application rate change	Decrease compared to previous year Increase compared to previous year No change
Pasture and Hay Planting	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Cool-season broadleaf Cool-season grass Warm-season broadleaf Warm-season grass
(CPS 512)	Termination process	Grazing Haying (i.e., cutting and baling) Other (specify)
Prescribed Grazing (CPS 528)	Grazing type	Cell grazing Deferred rotational Management intensive Rest-rotation

Range Planting (CPS 550)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs Grasses Legumes Shrubs Trees
Residue and Tillage Management – No-till (CPS 329)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row only
Residue and Tillage Management – Reduced Till (CPS 345)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row/ridge tillage for planting Shallow across most of the soil surface Vertical/mulch
Riparian Forest Buffer (CPS 391)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CF3 591)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Riparian Herbaceous Cover (CPS 390)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Ferns Forbs Grasses Legumes Rushes Sedges
Roofs and Covers (CPS 367)	Roof/cover type	Concrete Flexible geomembrane Metal Timber Other (specify)
Silvopasture (CPS 381)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Forage Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Strip width (feet)	1-1,000
Stripcropping (CPS 585)	Crop category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Erosion resistant crops Fallow Sediment trapping crops
	Number of strips	2-100
Tree/Shrub Establishment	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CPS 612)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Vegetative Barrier (CPS 601)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses Grass forb mix Grass legume mix
001)	Barrier width (feet)	3-1,000

		Chemical (e.g., salts, polymers)
Waste Separation Facility	Separation type	Mechanical (e.g., screens, presses)
		Settling basin
(CPS 632)	3	Bedding
<b>N N</b>	Most common use of solids	Field applied
		Other (specify)
		Aerobic lagoon
		Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with
		energy generation
		Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with
		energy generation
		Anaerobic lagoon
		Composting
		Covered lagoon (no energy generation
		or flaring)
Waste Storage Facility (CPS	Waste storage system prior to	Covered lagoon with energy generatio
313)	installing your waste storage facility	Covered lagoon with flaring
279457° 78 🖡	······································	Daily spread
		Deep bedding pack
		Deep pit
		Dry lot
		Dry stacking/solid storage
		Pasture/range/paddock
		Poultry with bedding
		Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise
		Slurry tank/basin
	Treatment type	Biological
Waste Treatment (CPS 629)		Chemical
		Mechanical
		Aerobic lagoon
		Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with
		energy generation
		Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with
		energy generation
		Anaerobic lagoon
		Composting
		Covered lagoon (no energy generation
		or flaring)
	Waste storage system prior to	Covered lagoon with energy generatio
		Covered lagoon with flaring
Waste Treatment Lagoon	installing waste treatment lagoon	0
Waste Treatment Lagoon	installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread
Waste Treatment Lagoon (CPS 359)	installing waste treatment lagoon	1771 1771 1771 1771 1771 1771 1771 177
NT 140 GENERAL - 12 및 2011년 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전	installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread
NT 140 GENERAL - 12 및 2011년 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전	installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread Deep bedding pack
NT 140 GENERAL - 12 및 2011년 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전	installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit
NT 140 GENERAL - 12 및 2011년 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전	installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot
NT 2.40 GED UP UP A 2 - 12 이용을 전했던 관련을 통하는 것을 것 같아요? 2.40 The THE PARTY	installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage
NT 140 GENERAL - 12 및 2011년 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전	installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding
NT 2.40 GED UP UP A 2 - 12 이용을 전했던 관련을 통하는 것을 것 같아요? 2.40 The THE PARTY	installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise
NT 140 GENERAL - 12 및 2011년 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전		Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock
NT 140 GENERAL - 12 및 2011년 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전	Installing waste treatment lagoon	Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise Slurry tank/basin
NT 2.40 GED UP UP A 2 - 12 이용을 전했던 관련을 통하는 것을 것 같아요? 2.40 The THE PARTY		Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise Slurry tank/basin Yes

Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation (CPS 380)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs	
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000	

# Appendix A: Climate-smart Agriculture and Forestry Practices

All NRCS Practice Standards (not limited to climate-sma 309, Agrichemical Handling Facility	<u>rt practices)</u> 390, Riparian Herbaceous Cover
이 이 것 같은 것	이는 것은 것은 것 같아요. 이는 것은 것은 가지 않는 것은 것은 가지 않아요. 이는 것은 것은 것을 가지 않았다. 이는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 하는 것은 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 이는 것은 것
311, Alley Cropping	391, Riparian Forest Buffer
313, Waste Storage Facility	393, Filter Strip
314, Brush Management	394, Firebreak
315, Herbaceous Weed Treatment	395, Stream Habitat Improvement and Management
316, Animal Mortality Facility	396, Aquatic Organism Passage
317, Composting Facility	397, Aquaculture Pond
318, Short Term Storage of Animal Waste and By-Products	398, Fish Raceway or Tank
319, On-Farm Secondary Containment Facility	399, Fishpond Management
320, Irrigation Canal or Lateral	400, Bivalve Aquaculture Gear and Biofouling Control
324, Deep Tillage	402, Dam
325, High Tunnel System	410, Grade Stabilization Structure
326, Clearing and Snagging	412, Grassed Waterway
327, Conservation Cover	420, Wildlife Habitat Planting
328, Conservation Crop Rotation	422, Hedgerow Planting
329, Residue and Tillage Management, No Till	423, Hillside Ditch
330, Contour Farming	428, Irrigation Ditch Lining
331, Contour Orchard and Other Perennial Crops	428A, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,
332, Contour Buffer Strips	Plain Concrete
333, Amending Soil Properties with Gypsum Products	428B, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,
334, Controlled Traffic Farming	Flexible Membrane
336, Soil Carbon Amendment	428C, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,
338, Prescribed Burning	Galvanized Steel
340, Cover Crop	430, Irrigation Pipeline
342, Critical Area Planting	432, Dry Hydrant
345, Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till	436, Irrigation Reservoir
348, Dam, Diversion	441, Irrigation System, Microirrigation
350, Sediment Basin	442, Sprinkler System
351, Well Decommissioning	443, Irrigation System, Surface and Subsurface
353, Monitoring Well	447, Irrigation and Drainage Tailwater Recovery
355, Groundwater Testing	449, Irrigation Water Management
356, Dike and Levee	450, Anionic Polyacrylamide (PAM) Application
359, Waste Treatment Lagoon	453, Land Reclamation, Landslide Treatment
360, Waste Facility Closure	455, Land Reclamation, Toxic Discharge Control
362, Diversion	457, Mine Shaft and Adit Closing
366, Anaerobic Digester	460, Land Clearing
367, Roofs and Covers	462, Precision Land Forming and Smoothing
368, Emergency Animal Mortality Management	464, Irrigation Land Leveling
371, Air Filtration and Scrubbing	466, Land Smoothing
372, Combustion System Improvement	468, Lined Waterway or Outlet
373, Dust Control on Unpaved Roads and Surfaces	472, Access Control
374, Energy Efficient Agricultural Operation	484, Mulching
375, Dust Management for Pen Surfaces	490, Tree/Shrub Site Preparation
376, Field Operations Emissions Reduction	500, Obstruction Removal
378, Pond	511, Forage Harvest Management
379, Forest Farming	512, Pasture and Hay Planting
	방법: 1925년 1925년 2020년 2020년 2021년 1922년 2020년 2020년 1927년 192
380, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation	516, Livestock Pipeline
381, Silvopasture	520, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Soil Treatment
382, Fence 383, Fuel Break	521, Pond Sealing or Lining, Geomembrane or
202 FUELDLEAK	Geosynthetic Clay Liner
384, Woody Residue Treatment	521A, Pond Sealing or Lining, Flexible Membrane
	521A, Pond Sealing or Lining, Flexible Membrane 521B, Pond Sealing or Lining, Soil Dispersant 521C, Pond Sealing or Lining, Bentonite Sealant

- 521D, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Clay Treatment
- 522, Pond Sealing or Lining Concrete
- 527, Sinkhole Treatment
- 528, Prescribed Grazing
- 533, Pumping Plant
- 543, Land Reclamation, Abandoned Mined Land
- 544, Land Reclamation, Currently Mined Land
- 548, Grazing Land Mechanical Treatment
- 550, Range Planting
- 554, Drainage Water Management
- 555, Rock Wall Terrace
- 557, Row Arrangement
- 558, Roof Runoff Structure
- 560, Access Road
- 561, Heavy Use Area Protection
- 562, Recreation Area Improvement
- 566, Recreation Land Improvement and Protection
- 570, Stormwater Runoff Control
- 572, Spoil Disposal
- 574, Spring Development
- 575, Trails and Walkways
- 576, Livestock Shelter Structure
- 578, Stream Crossing
- 580, Streambank and Shoreline Protection
- 582, Open Channel
- 584, Channel Bed Stabilization
- 585, Stripcropping
- 587, Structure for Water Control
- 588, Crosswind Ridges
- 589, Cross Wind Trap Strips
- 590, Nutrient Management
- 591, Amendments for Treatment of Agricultural Waste
- 592, Feed Management
- 595, Pest Management Conservation System
- 600, Terrace
- 601, Vegetative Barrier
- 602, Equitable Relief
- 603, Herbaceous Wind Barriers
- 604, Saturated Buffer
- 605, Denitrifying Bioreactor
- 606, Subsurface Drain
- 607, Surface Drain, Field Ditch
- 608, Surface Drain, Main or Lateral
- 609, Surface Roughening
- 610, Salinity and Sodic Soil Management
- 612, Tree/Shrub Establishment
- 614, Watering Facility
- 620, Underground Outlet
- 629, Waste Treatment
- 630, Vertical Drain

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- 632, Waste Separation Facility
- 633, Waste Recycling
- 634, Waste Transfer
- 635, Vegetated Treatment Area
- 636, Water Harvesting Catchment
- 638, Water and Sediment Control Basin
- 640, Waterspreading
- 642, Water Well
- 643, Restoration of Rare or Declining Natural Communities
- 644, Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management
- 645, Upland Wildlife Habitat Management
- 646, Shallow Water Development and Management
- 647, Early Successional Habitat Development-Mgt
- 649, Structures for Wildlife
- 650, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Renovation
- 654, Road/Trail/Landing Closure and Treatment
- 655, Forest Trails and Landings
- 656, Constructed Wetland
- 657, Wetland Restoration
- 658, Wetland Creation
- 659, Wetland Enhancement
- 660, Tree-Shrub Pruning
- 666, Forest Stand Improvement
- 670, Energy Efficient Lighting System
- 672, Energy Efficient Building Envelope
- 736, Crop By-Product Transfer, interim
- 724, Water Treatment Facility, interim
- 735, Waste Gasification Facility, interim

737, Reduced Water and Energy Coffee Conveyance System, interim

- 740, Pond Sealing and Lining, Soil Cement, interim
- 751, Individual Terrace, interim
- 753, Infiltration Ditch, interim
- 755, Well Plugging, interim
- 770, Livestock Confinement Facility, interim
- 775, Drainage Ditch Covering, interim
- 782, Phosphorus Removal System, interim
- 800, Controlling Existing Flowing Wells, interim
- 803, Water Well Disinfection, interim
- 805, Amending Soil Properties with Lime, interim
- 808, Soil Carbon Amendment, interim
- 809, Conservation Harvest Management, interim
- 810, Annual Forages for Grazing Systems, interim
- 812, Raised Beds, interim
- 815, Groundwater Recharge Basin or Trench, interim

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- 817, On-Farm Recharge, interim
- 818, Water Conservation System, interim
- 821, Low Tunnel Systems, interim
- 823, Organic Management, interim

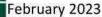
Other CSAF Practices Traditional or cultural practices Microbial products Solar power generation Grain bin construction Pre-season drainage

Appendix B: Commodity List CROPS ALFALFA ALMONDS AMARANTH GRAIN APPLES APRICOTS ARONIA (CHOKEBERRY) ARTICHOKES **ASPARAGUS** ATEMOYA **AVOCADOS BAMBOO SHOOTS** BANANAS BARLEY BEANS BEETS **BIRDSFOOT/TREFOIL BLUEBERRIES** BREADFRUIT BROCCOFLOWER BROCCOLI BROCCOLINI **BRUSSEL SPROUTS** BUCKWHEAT CABBAGE CACAO CACTUS CAIMITO CALABAZA MELON CALALOO CAMELINA CANARY MELON CANARY SEED CANEBERRIES CANISTEL CANOLA CANTALOUPES CARAMBOLA (STAR FRUIT) CARROTS CASHEW CASSAVA CAULIFLOWER CELERIAC CELERY CHERIMOYA CHERRIES CHESTNUTS CHICORY/RADICCHIO CHINESE BITTER MELON CHRISTMAS TREES CHUFAS

CINNAMON CLOVER COCONUTS COFFEE CORN COTTON ELS COTTON UPLAND CRANBERRIES **CRENSHAW MELON** CRUSTACEAN **CUCUMBERS** CURRANTS DASHEEN DATES DURIAN EGGPLANT EINKORN **ELDERBERRIES** EMMER FIGS FINFISH FLAX **FLOWERS** FORAGE SOYBEAN/SORGHUM GAILON GARLIC GENIP GINGER GINSENG GOOSEBERRIES GOURDS GRAPEFRUIT GRAPES GRASS GREENS **GROUND CHERRY GUAMABANA/SOURSOP** GUAR **GUAVA GUAVABERRY GUAYULE** HAZEL NUTS HEMP HERBS **HESPERALOE** HONEY HONEYBERRIES HONEYDEW HOPS HORSERADISH HUCKLEBERRIES

HYBRID POPLAR TREES IDLE INDIGO **ISRAEL MELONS** JACK FRUIT JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES JICAMA JOJOBA JUJUBE JUNEBERRIES KENAF **KHORASAN KIWIBERRY** KIWIFRUIT KOCHIA (PROSTRATA) KOHLRABI KOREAN GOLDEN MELON **KUMQUATS** LAMBS EAR LEEKS LEMONS LENTILS LESPEDEZA LETTUCE LIMES LONGAN LOQUATS LYCHEE MANGOS MANGOSTEEN MAPLE SAP MAYHAW BERRIES MEADOWFOAM MILKWEED MILLET MIXED FORAGE MOHAIR MOLLUSK MORINGA **MULBERRIES MUSHROOMS** MUSTARD NECTARINES NIGER SEED NONI OATS OKRA OLIVES ONIONS ORANGES PAPAYA

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PARSNIP PASSION FRUITS PAWPAW PEACHES PEANUTS PEARS PEAS PECANS PENNYCRESS PEPPERS PERENNIAL PEANUTS PERIQUE TOBACCO PERSIMMONS **PINE NUTS** PINEAPPLE PISTACHIOS PITAYA/DRAGONFRUIT PLANTAIN PLUMCOTS PLUMS POMEGRANATES POTATOES POTATOES SWEET PRUNES PSYLLIUM PUMMELO PUMPKINS QUINCES QUINOA RADISHES RAISINS RAMBUTAN RAPESEED RHUBARB RICE RICE SWEET RICE WILD RUTABAGA RYE SAFFLOWER SAPODILLA SAPOTE SCALLIONS SESAME SHALLOTS SORGHUM SORGHUM DUAL PURPOSE SORGHUM FORAGE SOYBEANS SPELT SQUASH STAR GOOSEBERRY

**STRAWBERRIES** SUGAR BEETS SUGARCANE **SUNFLOWERS** SUNN HEMP TANGELOS TANGERINES TANGORS TANGOS TANNIER TARO TEA TEFF TL **TOBACCO CIGAR WRAPPER TOBACCO BURLEY TOBACCO BURLEY 31V TOBACCO CIGAR BINDER TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER BINDER **TOBACCO DARK AIR CURED TOBACCO FIRE CURED TOBACCO FLUE CURED** TOBACCO MARYLAND **TOBACCO VIRGINIA FIRE CURED** TOMATILLOS TOMATOES TREES TIMBER TRITICALE TRUFFLES TURNIPS VETCH WALNUTS WAMPEE WASABI WATERMELON WAX JAMBOO FRUIT WHEAT WILLOW SHRUB WINTER MELON WOLFBERRY/GOJI YAM

LIVESTOCK ALPACAS **BEEF COWS** BEEFALO **BUFFALO OR BISON** CHICKENS (BROILERS) CHICKENS (LAYERS) DAIRY COWS DEER DUCKS ELK EMUS EQUINE GEESE GOATS HONEYBEES LLAMAS REINDEER SHEEP SWINE TURKEYS

# Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions February 2023

#### I. Overarching Statement

The following award terms and conditions are applicable to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities agreements and are in addition to the USDA FPAC General Terms and Conditions. The award recipient must abide by all terms of this grant including, but not limited to, the General Terms and Conditions, the terms in the Funding Opportunity and associated Frequently Asked Questions, and this addendum. The recipient must also deliver on the planned objectives in the project narrative and budget narrative associated with this grant.

#### II. Eligibility and Highly Erodible Lands and Wetlands Compliance

In order to be eligible for an incentive payment as a part of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities, a producer must:

- Establish Farm Records with the Farm Service Agency (FSA) (have farm, tract, and field numbers in place);
- Complete an AD-2047 (Customer Data Worksheet to facilitate the collection of customer data for Business Partner Record);
- Certify highly erodible land conservation (HEL) and wetland conservation (WC) compliance via Form AD-1026, Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification; and
- Certify that they are not a foreign person or entity.

Farm, tract, and field numbers are required for the producer, and ultimately the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipient, to report climate-smart practice implementation to USDA, as well as to certify and maintain HELC/WC compliance. This will require that some producers who do not already have these numbers, like perennial crop growers or feedlots, establish these records with USDA's FSA. Farm, tract, field numbers, producer name, and Core Customer I.D. (CCID) will be provided by the recipient to the National Program Officer as a part of routine grant reporting. Recipients must ensure that producers receiving financial assistance or incentives through this project use the same name as is included in the relevant FSA Business File for that Farm ID in any contracts or similar documentation kept by the recipient.

Producers are not bound by the payment limitations and the adjusted gross income (AGI) limitations that are in place for other USDA programs.

In order to demonstrate HELC/WC compliance for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities incentive payments, producers will need to request a copy of their subsidiary print from their

Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions Page 1 of 6 February 2023 USDA FSA field office. The Subsidiary Print includes print year specific eligibility related information about a selected producer. The producer will then provide this documentation to the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipients as proof of compliance. A current year subsidiary print will be required for each crop year that the producer receives a payment, and HELC/WC eligibility information is provided under the AD-1026 and Conservation Compliance sections of subsidiary (determined by year, which can change at any time during the year or in a subsequent year). As is the case already, field offices will not be expected to provide documentation to anyone besides the producer themselves (and must always comply with Section 1619 limitations if they ever do provide documentation to third parties). Producers must have control of the land for the term of their beneficiary contract.

Recipients are responsible for determining producer eligibility within the funding opportunity requirements. Recipients must inform producers of eligibility requirements and direct them to local USDA offices for requested information as necessary, including but not limited to, farm and tract establishment and Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Compliance determinations. Privacy of producers is a priority throughout this process, and recipients are responsible for maintaining producer privacy in the process.

At minimum, the recipient will collect and review subsidiary reports from participating producers. They will ensure that the producer is listed as "compliant" in all sections of the conservation compliance portion of subsidiary and "certified" for AD-1026 before an incentive payment is made. If payments to a producer span more than one Federal fiscal year, the recipient will review an updated subsidiary print each fiscal year to ensure that the status is still compliant.

#### III. Other Environmental and Cultural Resources Reviews

A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was signed by USDA NRCS on August 26, 2022. A copy of the Programmatic Environmental Assessment for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities is available at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</u>. USDA may determine that additional environmental and cultural resources review is needed for any particular action under Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities. The recipient must not execute any beneficiary contracts under this grant agreement prior to receipt of a letter from USDA that specifically details:

- 1) further procedures deemed appropriate by the Agency to ensure a completed National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review and all appropriate consultation requirements are met, and
- 2) additional instructions for any unanticipated discoveries or conditions.

A resolution of support is required for projects on Tribal lands from the governing body of the Tribe with jurisdiction over that land, if the applicant is not the Tribe nor an entity owned or operated by that Tribe. USDA may approve alternative documentation for resolutions when USDA deems necessary and legally sufficient.

#### **IV. Producer Benefits**

USDA encourages the recipient to disclose to participating producers the manner and amount for which any market premiums derived from the development of the relevant climate-smart commodity will be shared between participating parties, including producers. USDA will be monitoring producer benefits, in particular those to small and underserved producers, throughout the grant period. Recipients agree that their project(s) will implement a plan for engaging small and underserved producers as laid out in this agreement.

#### V. Producer Data Protection and Disclosure

Recipients must ensure each producer has convenient access to any data collected from that producer or the producer's land and any associated modeling as part of the project. The recipient must provide each producer applying for benefits under this grant a description in writing of how their information, including but not limited to data about their farm and commodities, will be utilized, protected and shared as applicable.

#### VI. Other Data and Reporting Requirements

In addition to the reporting information provided in the statement of work and General Terms and Conditions, USDA will provide a template for the Detailed Progress Report, also known as the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities (PSCS) Project Reporting Workbook. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, a copy of this workbook will be posted at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</u> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer. USDA may provide updates to the PCSC Project Reporting Workbook or submission methods to streamline the data collection process and/or reduce the burden on the recipient throughout the grant period. Generally, these updates will be provided at least 3 months in advance of any required changes. The recipient must not transfer any data to foreign governments or foreign entities without prior approval from USDA.

USDA will provide a Technical Contact for this grant. The Technical Contact will have the responsibility of technical oversight for USDA for the project. The recipient is responsible for providing the technical assistance required to successfully implement and complete the project. The recipient must comply with any requests for information from the Technical Contact. The Technical Contact for this award is the National Program Officer assigned to this grant.

Prior to execution of this grant, the recipient must provide a shapefile depicting the project boundary for enrollment under this grant. Producer enrollment may not occur outside this boundary without modification of this grant. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, the recipient must provide to the National Program Officer a website address where enrollment information will be posted for producers for the project associated with this grant. Recipients will be responsible for the following reports:

- Submit quarterly performance reports that include a written progress report, as well as additional reporting on specific data elements contained in the most up-to-date version of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Project Reporting Workbook. Additional information about each reported element is described in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit supplemental reports required to validate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefit data, including: (1) an initial project MMRV plan, (2) field-modeled GHG benefit reports, and (3) field-direct GHG measurement results, as applicable. Additional information about these reports is in included in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit copies of project outputs and deliverables (e.g., fact sheets, reports) as attachments in ezFedGrants along with quarterly performance reports.
- Report the version of COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits of the project within each quarterly performance report. As COMET-Planner is updated, recipients must adopt the latest version of the tool as directed by USDA for use in performance reports.

Recipients must designate an individual as a member of the USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network (Partnerships Network); this representative should be identified in the Project Narrative for this grant. Each project includes a plan for up to two Partnerships Network virtual meetings and two in-person meetings a year during the project duration. Dates and other details on events will be posted at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smartcommodities</u> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer.

The Partnerships Network will be co-chaired by representative from the USDA Office of the Chief Economist and the Farm Production and Conservation Mission Area. The Partnerships Network will inform synthesis reports to be assembled by USDA on a range of topics related to the implementation of Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities projects, including:

- Lessons-learned as projects are implemented;
- Options for providing technical assistance;
- Procedures for measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verifying GHG benefits;
- Options for tracing climate-smart commodities through the supply chain;
- Mechanisms for reducing costs of implementation;
- A forum for discussion and learning regarding approaches to climate-smart agriculture and forestry implementation (including but not limited to deployment and

measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, tracking, and verification of associated greenhouse gas benefits and marketing of climate-smart commodities).

- Synthesis of outcomes; and
- Opportunities for USDA and others to inform future approaches to generating new and expanded markets for climate-smart commodities.

The Partnerships Network topics to be discussed will cover at minimum the areas described in previous FAQs and will evolve with USDA's ongoing project data analysis efforts and with input from the project recipients on the kinds of sessions that will be most helpful to them in building the diverse climate-smart markets associated with their projects. Participation may include at least one interview a year and include questions related to the following areas:

- Technical assistance approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Producer outreach approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Monitoring, measurement, reporting, and verification (MMRV) approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Marketing approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Partnership approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Data collection and storage approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Supply chain approaches, methods and successes and/or challenges, including approaches to traceability
- Supply chain benefits and demand for climate-smart commodities
- Perspectives on program design, climate-smart commodity definitions, and future approaches or opportunities
- Project successes and stories

USDA may also request producer exit reports at a later date. Additional marketing and branding-related requirements may be provided by USDA, including signage related to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities.

### VII. Competition and Anti-Competitive Practices

In connection with this grant, recipients may not prohibit or otherwise limit a producer from changing the provider of other services or materials not included as part of this grant. Recipients may not condition, limit, steer, or discriminate in their provision or sale of non-project business functions or products to producers based on their participation or non-participation in or use of any services provided as part of this grant. Additionally, funds in this agreement shall not be used for purposes or activities related to mergers or acquisitions.

#### VIII. Suspension and Disbarment

The provisions governing Suspension and Disbarment in subsection 1.a.8 shall also apply to fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification, or destruction of records, making false statements, or violations of the Federal civil antitrust or unfair trade practice laws.

#### IX. Special provisions for awards to for-profit entities as recipients

This section contains provisions that apply to awards to for-profit entities. These provisions are in addition to other applicable provisions of these terms and conditions, or they make exceptions from other provisions of the terms and conditions for awards to for-profit entities. For-profit entities that receive awards have two options regarding audits:

- A financial related audit of a particular award in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, in those cases where the for-profit entity receives awards under only one USDA program; or, if awards are received under multiple USDA programs, a financial related audit of all awards in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; or
- 2) An audit that meets the requirements contained in 2 CFR 200 subpart F.

For-profit entities that receive annual awards totaling less than the audit requirement threshold in 2 CFR 200 subpart F are exempt from USDA audit requirements for that year, but records must be available for review by appropriate officials of Federal agencies or the Government Accountability Office.

#### X. Non-Disparagement

Recipients may not engage in any advertising deemed by USDA as disparaging to another agricultural commodity or competing product, or in violation of the prohibition against false and misleading advertising. Disparagement is defined as anything that depicts other commodities in a negative or unpleasant light via overt or subjective video, photography, or statements. Comparative advertising is allowable, provided the presentation of facts is truthful, objective, not misleading, and supported by a reasonable basis.