

U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service

## NOTICE OF GRANT AND AGREEMENT AWARD

1. Award Identifying Number	2. Amendr	ment Number	3. Award /Project Perio	d	4. Type of award instrument:
NR233A750004G012			Date of final signatur 04/06/2028	е-	Grant Agreement
5. Agency (Name and Address)			6. Recipient Organization (Name and Address)		
USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities c/o FPAC-BC Grants and Agreements Division 1400 Independence Ave SW, Room 3236 Washington, DC 20250 Direct all correspondence to FPAC.BC.GAD@usda.gov			SUSTAINABLE NORTHWEST 1130 SW MORRISON ST STE 510 PORTLAND OR 97205-2216 UEI Number / DUNS Number: C843LJP2LGK7 / 948147772 EIN:		
7. NRCS Program Contact	1. 19 19 4 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	Administrative ontact	9. Recipient Program Contact		10. Recipient Administrative Contact
Name: JOHN ANDERSON	Name: AD	AM CARL	Name: Greg Block		Name: Dallas Hall Defrees
(b)(6)					
11. CFDA	12. Authority		13. Type of Action		14. Program Director
10.937	15 USC 714 et seq		New Agreement		Name: Dallas Hall Defrees
					(b)(6)
15. Project Title/ Description: E UT, WA, WY and the E'NUMU [			t beef production in AZ,	CA, CO,	HI, ID, MT, NM, NV, OR, TX,
16. Entity Type: M = Nonprofit v	with 501C3	IRS Status (Other that	an Institution of Higher E	ducation)	
17. Select Funding Type					
Select funding type:		⊠ Federal		🕅 Non-Federal	
Original funds total		10,000,000.000		25750377.00	
Additional funds total		\$0.00		\$0.00	
Grand total		10,000,000.000		25750377.00	
18. Approved Budget					

	20		
Personnel	\$925,428.00	Fringe Benefits	\$277,629.00
Travel	\$222,166.00	Equipment	\$0.00
Supplies	\$68,317.00	Contractual	\$4,574,146.00
Construction	\$0.00	Other	\$3,932,314.00
Total Direct Cost	\$8,813,210.00	Total Indirect Cost	\$1,186,790.00
		Total Non-Federal Funds	25750377.00
		Total Federal Funds Awarded	10,000,000.000
		Total Approved Budget	35,750,377.000
award or amendment a act on behalf of the awa attachments), and agre	nd any payments made p ardee organization, agree es that acceptance of an	ursuant thereto, the undersigned rep s that the award is subject to the app	cial Assistance Regulations. In accepting this presents that he or she is duly authorized to plicable provisions of this agreement (and all it by the payee that the amounts, if any,
Name and Title of Auth Government Represent KATINA HANSON		Digitally signed by KATINA HANSON	Date 04/10/2023

Acting Senior Advisor for Climate-Smart Commodities	HANSON	Date: 2023.04.10 16:48:40 -05'00'	
	<sup>Signature</sup> Greg Block	Digitally signed by Greg Block Date: 2023.04.06 13:52:40 -07'00'	Date 04/06/2023

## NONDISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

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## PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

The above statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. Section 522a).

## Statement of Work

## Purpose

The purpose of this agreement, between the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and Sustainable Northwest, is to build markets for climate-smart commodities and invest in America's climate-smart producers to strengthen U.S. rural and agricultural communities.

## Objectives

The objectives of this project are to support the production and marketing of climate-smart commodities by providing voluntary incentives to producers and landowners, including early adopters, to implement climate-smart agricultural production practices, activities, and systems on working lands; measure/quantify, monitor and verify the carbon and greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits associated with those practices; and develop markets and promote the resulting climate-smart commodities.

## **Budget Narrative**

The official budget summarized below and described in the attached Budget Narrative will be considered the total budget as last approved by the Federal awarding agency for this award.

Amounts included in this budget narrative are estimates. Reimbursement or advance liquidations will be based on actual expenditures, not to exceed the amount obligated.

TOTAL BUDGET \$35,750,377

TOTAL FEDERAL FUNDS \$10,000,000 PERSONNEL \$746,253 FRINGE BENEFITS \$223,876 TRAVEL \$179,152 EQUIPMENT \$0 SUPPLIES \$55,090 CONTRACTUAL \$3,688,530 CONSTRUCTION \$0 OTHER \$3,920,309 PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$0 TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$8,813,210 INDIRECT COSTS \$1,186,790

TOTAL NON-FEDERAL FUNDS \$25,750,377 PERSONNEL \$282,179 FRINGE BENEFITS \$84,654 TRAVEL \$0 EQUIPMENT \$0 SUPPLIES \$10,000 CONTRACTUAL \$940,000 CONSTRUCTION \$0 OTHER \$24,338,265 PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$0 TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$25,655,098 INDIRECT COSTS \$94,279

Recipient has an approved Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA) with a rate of 24.01 percent and a base of \$4,942,901 including Personnel, Fringe Benefits, Travel, Supplies, Contractual, and first \$25,000 of two subawards.

#### Responsibilities of the Parties:

If inconsistencies arise between the language in this Statement of Work (SOW) and the General Terms and Conditions attached to the agreement, the language in this SOW takes precedence.

## RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Perform the work and produce the deliverables as outlined in this Statement of Work and attachments.

Ensure Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) clearance is obtained prior to conducting data collection from producers or other project participants, including data collection performed by subrecipients.

Comply with the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions.

Submit reports and payment requests to the ezFedGrants system as outlined in the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions. Reporting frequency is as follows:

Performance Reports: Quarterly

SF425 Financial Reports: Quarterly

Detailed Progress Report: Quarterly (The detailed progress report is in addition to the performance and financial reports referenced above and described in the general terms and conditions)

## Expected Accomplishments and Deliverables

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

## **Resources Required**

See the Responsibilities of the Parties section for required resources, if applicable.

#### Milestones

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

## **GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

Please reference the below link(s) for the General Terms and Conditions pertaining to this award: https://www.fpacbc.usda.gov/about/grants-and-agreements/award-terms-and-conditions/index.html

Attachments: Budget Narrative Project Narrative Benchmarks Table Climate-Smart Practices List and Limitations Data Dictionary Climate-Smart Specific Terms and Conditions

#### Withheld pursuant to exemption

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## **BUILDING A REGENERATIVE RANCHING ECONOMY IN THE WEST**

# 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## A. Contact Information

Dallas Hall Defrees, Sustainable Northwest: (541) 990-5773; dhdefrees@sustainablenorthwest.org

## **B.** Project Partners

Dallas Hall Defrees, Regenerative Ranching Program Director, Sustainable Northwest Dylan Kruse, Vice President, Sustainable Northwest Dan Probert, Marketing Director, Country Natural Beef John Wilson, Managing Partner/Owner, Beef Northwest James Rogers, Co-owner, Northway Ranch Services Marissa Taylor, Co-owner, Northway Ranch Services Mark E. Ritchie, Professor, Utah State University Mark Green, Sustainability Consultant, Quantis International Michelle Battista, Founder CEO, Stockpot Collective Dr. Kristen Johnson, Professor, Washington State University Roland Fumasi, Head of RaboResearch & Food Agribusiness-North America, Rabobank

## C. Underserved and Minority-Focused Project Partners

- Ranchers representing diverse ethnic and racial groups, including Native American Tribes, Hawaiian, Japanese, Chinese, Thai, and Mexican
- Over 700,000 project acres managed by Tribal producers and ranch managers
- 35 small producers (consistent with USDA definition)

# **D.** Project Overview

Rangelands comprise 770 million acres of the U.S. land base, with ranching employing hundreds of thousands of people, and sustaining stable regional food systems. However, ranching is facing historic threats due to climate change, conversion pressure, supply chain consolidation, trade instability, and costly production inputs. Simultaneously, beef production has been critiqued as one of the most carbon intensive and problematic agricultural sectors in the nation. USDA Agricultural Research Service findings suggest that beef cattle production could account for up to 3.3% of all US GHG emissions<sup>1</sup>. Within the global livestock sector, the FAO estimates that cattle represent 62% of the sector's emissions<sup>2</sup>, and beef emits 31 times more CO<sub>2</sub> per calorie than tofu<sup>3</sup>. While beef remains the best-selling meat in America, calls for a significantly disrupt this critical industry and the broad stewardship and economic benefits ranching provides. If these production factors and sectoral trends are unmitigated, the impacts on land management, national

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>https://www.ars.usda.gov/news-events/news/research-news/2019/study-clarifies-us-beefs-resource-use-and-greenhouse-gas-emissions/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.fao.org/gleam/results/en/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>https://www.economist.com/graphic-detail/2021/10/02/treating-beef-like-coal-would-make-a-big-dent-in-greenhouse-gas-emissions

food systems, and rural economies will be profound.

# E. Approach to Minimize Transaction Cost

This project will demonstrate a suite of scientifically sound, quantifiable, and replicable climatesmart ranching practices that will reduce the carbon intensity of beef products by 50-100% compared to conventional options. It will provide quantifiable economic benefits to producers and promote new incentives and market opportunities for increased adoption of new practices, with an emphasis on maintaining family operations, as well as a dedicated focus on underserved and Tribal ranchers. Costs for planning, conversion to, and monitoring of climate-smart practices will be provided to participating ranches and finishing operations, and comprehensive technical assistance, continuing education, and market access will ensure implementation and durability after the project period. Innovative monitoring tools and practices will be deployed, including remote sensing, mapping applications, aggregated platforms, and information dashboards that will achieve scalability, traceability, and reduced transaction costs and barriers to replicability. On-the-ground monitoring will accompany innovative ground-and satellite-based monitoring tools to ensure accountability and replicability across a wide range of ecosystems and operations.

# This project will result in the following deliverables:

- Climate-smart regenerative grazing practices on 120 operations across thirteen states and over 7 million acres of public and private rangelands.
- Demonstrate an economically viable whole supply chain approach that reduces the carbon intensity of beef production by 50-100% compared to conventional options.
- Annual carbon sequestration to soil<sup>4</sup>, locally of 0.9 4 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e/acre and projectwide 5-8 million metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e, for 100+ years<sup>5</sup>, in addition to reduction of GHG emissions on project operations. This is equivalent to emissions from consumption of one billion gallons of gasoline or 10 billion pounds of coal<sup>6</sup>.
- An average of 5,000-75,000 metric tons of annual CO<sub>2</sub>e at each participating operation, equating to 0.56-0.80 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e per federal dollar. These estimates are based on operation size, location, and current modeling inputs.
- Provide \$67 million in annual increased market returns for participating producers.

# F. Approach to Reduce Producer Barriers

In response to these integrated challenges, Sustainable Northwest is partnering with Country Natural Beef, independent ranchers, finishing operations, and leading agricultural science and business experts to implement the largest climate-smart beef production program in the nation. This includes a first of its kind, fully integrated supply chain approach to significantly increase carbon sequestration, reduce GHG emissions, increase water efficiency and quality, and reduce and improve the climate impacts of beef production across 120 ranching and finishing operations in 13 western states. Not only will the program implement climate-smart grazing management practices at an unprecedented scale, but for the first time, it will incorporate innovative feed and finishing practices to reduce emissions in the most carbon intensive phase of commercial beef production. In addition to significant GHG reductions and climate benefits, this project will meet growing consumer demand for sustainable food and other agricultural goods, enhanced economic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ritchie, M.E. 2020. Resources

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Frank et al 2012. Ecosystems 15: 604–615

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator#results

viability in a shifting marketplace, diversified revenue streams, improved habitat for threatened and endangered species of plants and wildlife, and avoided conversion of large landscapes and wildlife habitat.

## **G.** Geographic Focus

This project will be implemented on 120 ranches and two finishing operations across more than 7 million acres of private and public land in Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Nevada, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

# H. Project Team

The team consists of individuals and organizations with extensive expertise and success working with producers and landowners to develop and market climate-smart commodities.

**Sustainable Northwest (SNW)** has 28 years of experience developing solutions to natural resources challenges for conservation, economic, and community benefits. SNW manages the largest Forest Stewardship Council certificate in the country, providing auditing services to over 120 wood products businesses, as well as procurement and marketing assistance to forest and agricultural landowners. SNW has extensive experience managing multi-million-dollar public and private grants and contracts.

**Country Natural Beef (CNB)** is the largest ranching co-op in the western U.S., consisting of over 100 member operations in thirteen states and sales distribution to multiple nationally recognized brands including Whole Foods, New Seasons, and Burgerville.

**Beef Northwest** is a nationally recognized leader in cattle finishing operations, managing four feedyards with a collective capacity of 110,000 head, as well as extensive grazing operations for cows, calves, and feeder cattle across the Pacific Northwest.

**Northway Ranch Services** consists of nationally recognized consultants with technical, applied, and operational rangeland management expertise making for a technical service provider that can relate to the ranching community, as well as government agencies, conservation organizations, and academic professionals.

**Utah State University** Mark E. Ritchie is a Professor of Biology at Utah State University and will oversee project quantification and monitoring functions. He has studied rangeland grazing in North America and Africa for over 30 years, is an author or coauthor of over 90 scientific journal publications, and has consulted with several large private ranches in the United States on livestock grazing management and wildlife conservation.

**Quantis International** is a leading sustainability consultancy that partners with organizations across the globe to provide tools and expert analysis to transform industries, track environmental impacts, and build resilient operations strategies.

**Stockpot Collective** is a brand and marketing agency that has helped companies with strong values in the business of food, farm and agriculture tell their stories for the last 15 years. Services include brand and creative strategy, marketing planning, digital strategy, design, and production through owned and paid media channels.

**University and Industry Experts:** Dr. Kristen Johnson and Roland Fumasi have academic and industry expertise in regenerative rangeland management, quantification and monitoring, economics, and commodity markets and scaling strategies.

# 2. PROJECT PLAN

Regenerative agriculture is rapidly gaining attention as a comprehensive strategy to achieve conservation and carbon sequestration on working lands, maintain rural jobs, meet growing demand for sustainable goods and services, and overcome food system insecurity exposed by the COVID-19 pandemic. However, no scaled standard or program exists for recognizing and certifying regenerative ranching in the U.S., omitting a massive market sector and land base in these emerging opportunities. *Rapidly accumulating research at a niche-analysis level suggests that multi-paddock grazing can produce substantial soil carbon sequestration across a variety of climates and soils*<sup>7</sup> and yield beef with a 66% lower carbon footprint than that of conventionally-raised beef<sup>8</sup>. Projects that develop regenerative grazing practices in Montana and in East Africa<sup>9</sup> have even produced verifiable carbon offsets<sup>10</sup>. Thus, a significant scaling effort is needed to achieve market transformation and truly realize and validate the climate-related benefits of these practices. *This project will integrate regenerative practices, through participation in a climate-smart ranching program, across a full regional supply chain to reduce the carbon footprint and stimulate climate-friendly branding of beef production.* 

## A. CSAF Practices to be Deployed

## A.1 Climate-Smart Ranching

Globally, rangelands contain 12 percent of terrestrial carbon, 87 percent of which is sequestered in the soil. However, these carbon stores are lost when natural ecosystem cycles are disturbed. Established efforts such as the Sage-grouse Initiative identify rangeland conversion, invasive annual grasses, conifer encroachment, and poor grazing practices as primary factors negatively impacting rangeland and soil health, carbon stocks, and production viability in the West. These pressures lead to increased wildfire risk, loss of habitat, diminished water infiltration and flows, and reduced forage for ranching operations. These compounding pressures further impact the viability of ranching operations, resulting in an increased risk of rangeland sale and conversion, fragmentation, and diminishing carbon stocks due to decreased landscape stewardship.

This project will work with producers to develop a variety of regenerative livestock management practices, customized for both calf-producing individual ranches and finishing operations. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Phukubye et al 2022 Geoderma Regional 28 e00479; Ritchie, M.E. 2020a Resources 9:, 49 https://doi.org/10.3390/resources9040049

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Rowntree et al. 2020. Front. Sustain. Food Syst. https://doi.org/10.3389/fsufs.2020.544984

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Ritchie et al submitted Nature Sustainability

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>http://blogs.edf.org/growingreturns/2018/07/19/market-grassland-carbon-credits-conservation-climate-resilience

project will then help producers convert the ecological outcomes of these practices into climatesmart commodities such as climate-friendly beef or carbon credits. We expect these practices to conserve and increase soil organic carbon (SOC), ensure soil coverage to prevent erosion, and restore or invigorate perennial grasses to sustain production under grazing. These practices should also improve other resources at the ranch level such as water quality and quantity and biodiversity–resulting in a win-win for both domestic and wild animals.

The following climate-smart grazing practices will be implemented on participating operations:

- Optimize stocking rates, livestock rotations, and forage utilization rates to enhance productivity and carbon acquisition by plants, minimize chronic disturbances, efficiently manage water resources, improve infiltration rates and reduce nutrient loading.
- Protect and enhance biodiversity of native vegetation with strategic grazing plans.
- Ensure soil coverage through focused grazing on mature forage and residual retention.
- Maintaining living roots in the ground at all times and protecting perennial pastures.
- Remove invasive conifers to decrease risk of wildfire, improve water infiltration, and enhance native forage production.

# A.2 Climate-Smart Finishing

Our first of its kind full supply chain approach will incorporate climate-smart practices at regional finishing operations, typically one of the most resource and carbon intensive phases of beef production. Conventional feedlot systems produce much higher net amounts of GHG than grass-fed systems through nitrogen-fertilized intensive crop feed production and anaerobic manure decomposition, even though grass finished beef produces higher enteric emissions<sup>11</sup>. Conventional finishing operations also produce unhealthy, compacted soils, increased bare ground, and dominance of undesirable plant species.

A project partner, Beef Northwest, currently utilizes a pasture-based finishing operation following Global Animal Partnership Step Level 4 standards, and will establish a new, expanded "Regenerative Beef" feedlot model that incorporates multiple climate-smart practices. The new finishing model integrates rotational livestock feeding and crop production together with feed management to reduce enteric emissions, and improved manure management to avoid anaerobic decomposition. This regenerative finishing system will acquire more land to adequately rotate fed animals, rest pastures, and plant annual crops, which we expect to improve soil health, maximize uptake of excessive nitrogen, and convert nutrients into valuable feed that will be incorporated into the finishing diet. *This climate-smart finishing model will combine elements of both conventional and grass finished systems into an economically viable climate-smart production system with net GHG emissions low enough that the entire beef supply chain may be carbon negative.* 

We plan to integrate a rotational crop system on paddocks split into 6 different crop circles/pastures. Each paddock will be phased into a 6-year crop rotation cycle which incorporates annual cropping and cattle feeding to optimize nutrient uptake from targeted crop selections, nutrient input from cattle manure and crop residue, and aeration of soil through hoof action. Crop species such as corn, alfalfa, wheat, and others will be specifically chosen to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Karen A. Beauchemin, et al. 2010. Agricultural Systems, Volume 103: 371-379, ISSN 0308-521X

optimize soil health. Current conditions of these pasture exhibit diminished soil cover, compaction, runoff, and undesirable vegetative species. By integrating crops, we will increase total cover of bare ground, increase the living root days in the soil, and balance nutrient input and uptake throughout the growing and dormant seasons. Crops will be mechanically harvested, however, we will minimize tillage and maximize crop residue left on the ground to help armor the soil and integrate more organic material back into the system. The schedule below is an example of the proposed crop rotation system. The actual timing and species of crop may vary due to climate, supply chain, nutrient loading, and soil health variables. However, the model is catered towards reaching two goals 1) improving the soil health of these pastures that have a history of compaction, overgrazing, and undesirable species, and 2) developing an economically viable model for pasture-based finishing that can be scaled throughout this operation and others to promote climate-smart beef production. The schedule below also allows for flexibility of timing in the inevitable events of drought, late harvest, etc.

## Year 1:

January: Cattle February: Pasture Rest March: Pasture Rest April: Corn May: Corn June: Corn July: Corn August: Corn September: Corn October: Corn November: Corn December: Pasture Rest

## Year 2:

January: Pasture Rest February: Cattle March: Cattle April: Pasture Rest May: Pasture Rest June: Sweet Corn July: Sweet Corn August: Sweet Corn September: Sweet Corn October: Cattle November: Cattle December: Winter Crop (Likely alfalfa)

## Year 3:

January: Alfalfa February: Alfalfa March: Alfalfa April: Alfalfa May: Alfalfa June: Cattle July: Cattle August: Pasture Rest September: Wheat October: Wheat November: Wheat December: Wheat

## Year 4:

January: Wheat February: Wheat March: Wheat April: Wheat May: Wheat June: Wheat July: Wheat August: Cattle September: Cattle October: Pasture Rest November: Pasture Rest December: Pasture Rest

## Year 5:

January: Pasture Rest (wheat regrowth) February: Pasture Rest (wheat regrowth) March: Pasture Rest (wheat regrowth) April: Cattle May: Cattle June: Sweet Corn July: Sweet Corn August: Sweet Corn September: Sweet Corn October: Pasture Rest November: Pasture Rest December: Pasture Rest

## Year 6:

January: Pasture Rest February: Pasture Rest March: Pasture Rest April: Corn May: Corn June: Corn July: Corn August: Corn September: Corn October: Corn November: Corn December: Cattle

Over five years, the project will phase 6,000 + acres into this feeding and crop rotation system. These acres are currently being used for agricultural production and are projected to see improvement in soil and ecological health through the proposed practice changes. Ground disturbing activities will be limited and will not occur below the plow line. These activities are not currently part of a CAFO, nor will they be as the concentration of animals will not meet the requirements for a CAFO. These animals are currently finished on a pasture system, providing ample space and limited confinement. Animals will continue to be provided space and limited confinement through this crop rotation finishing operation.

Changes in soil bulk density (compaction), SOC, and N and forage production will be monitored and all relevant GHG data from this program will be incorporated in a life cycle analysis. The proposed regenerative finishing operations will achieve largely the same goals as the regenerative vegetation restoration and grazing practices (see A1).

# **B.** Recruitment Plan

Country Natural Beef co-op producers, independent ranchers, and an affiliated network of finishing operations have committed to each phase of project implementation, monitoring, and reporting. CNB, Tribal ranches, and other independent producers operate on 120 different ranches spanning more than 7 million acres across 13 different states. This project will also be implemented on two finishing operations across more than 6,000 acres.

## C. Technical Assistance and Implementation

All ranches will be mapped for baseline land cover using the NRCS/USDA National Land Cover data set and the Rangeland Analysis Program (RAP), followed by on the ground baseline soil sampling and data collection. The project will evaluate current and recent past grazing processes (grazing history) and will provide technical assistance to transition to a customized rangeland and grazing management plan emphasizing priority regenerative and climate-smart practices to achieve enhanced carbon sequestration and other desired ecological outcomes. With access to localized technical support, ranchers will become aware of previously underutilized tools and establish monitoring points on their land known as "management learning locations". These actions will address structural challenges, provide regularly updated field data, facilitate funding, implement management plans, and evaluate ecological changes.

## **Technical Assistance Project Team and Qualifications**

## Dallas Hall Defrees, Regenerative Ranching Program Director, Sustainable

**Northwest:** Dallas is a fifth-generation cattle rancher with an established career in rangeland ecology and management. She is an active member of her family's operation, which has received several excellences in land management honors, including National Tree Farmer of the Year. Dallas is a trained rangeland ecologist with a Master's in

Rangeland Ecology and Management (Oregon State University). She has held positions with the USDA Forest Service, engineering firms, and managed multi-county sage-grouse habitat management plans.

James Rogers, Co-owner, Northway Ranch Services: James spent 10 years managing the one million-acre Winecup Gamble Ranch in Nevada where his efforts in stakeholder collaboration, rancher engaged monitoring, and outcome based grazing management were keys to restoring the social, economic, and ecological landscapes of the operation.

**Marissa Taylor, Co-owner, Northway Ranch Services:** Marissa has been instrumental in identifying solutions for wildlife migration corridors and weed abatement projects across the West, as well as being gifted with developing models for improving processes and systems. Her involvement and leadership in her family's operation in Wyoming is invaluable to keep this program grounded and credible with rancher experience.

Katie Meiklejohn, Ecological Advisor, Northway Ranch Services: Katie's range monitoring expertise across the West and her experience in large scale conservation bolster the skillset of the Northway team. She is a Kinship Conservation Fellow and obtained her Master's in Conservation Biology from Columbia University. She oversees annual monitoring on millions of public and private acres of rangelands across the West.

**CNB Education Partnership:** CNB will facilitate continued education and success in their regenerative ranching program through peer-to-peer learning groups administered by 15 regional Regenerative Leaders. The Regenerative Leaders are CNB ranchers selected by their peers and are experts in regional funding opportunities, educational services, and cultivate working relationships with TSPs and other professionals throughout their region. These Regenerative Leaders will facilitate conversations and learning between ranchers, organize networking and learning events from local technical service providers, and report minutes and share stories from their working groups. This education opportunity will foster partnership, collaboration between ranchers, as well as create a culture of learning and creativity among climate-smart producers.

### **Quarterly Milestones:**

- Quarter 2
  - o Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - o 600 acres enrolled in climate-smart finishing.
- Quarter 3
  - o 40 ranches onboarded for baseline monitoring.
  - Marketing research and online surveys completed.
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - 40 ranches baseline monitoring completed (approximately 50% of producers will be small producers or otherwise underserved).

- Marketing narrative completed and ready for implementation.
- Soil sampling for carbon sequestration monitoring year 1 completed.
- Data collection plan and methodology finalized for LCA analysis.
- o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
- Producer working group meetings.

- Quarter 1
  - o Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - o 2,400 acres enrolled in climate-smart finishing.
  - o 40 monitoring reports completed for producers
  - LCA Screening vs. ISO Compliant Comparative LCA evaluation done; decision made; implementation plan designed.
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 2
  - Aggregate LCA data to begin comparative LCA.
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 3
  - 80 ranches onboarded for baseline monitoring.
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - 80 ranches baseline monitoring completed (approximately 50% of producers will be small producers or otherwise underserved).
  - Soil sampling for carbon sequestration monitoring year 2 completed.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - Producer working group meetings.
  - o 8 media articles published in regional or national outlets.
  - Anticipated expanded market share for climate-smart beef products by 5%
  - Anticipate 1 to 2 million metric tons of CO2 sequestered on enrolled project ranches. (These estimates are based off of current USDA approved modeling protocols. The actual number may be different as modeling systems evolve, current practices are fine tuned, and eco-based modeling protocols become more accurate).

- Quarter 1
  - o Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - 4,200 acres enrolled in climate-smart finishing.
  - o 80 monitoring reports completed for producers
  - o 120 ranches onboarded for baseline monitoring.
  - Producer working group meetings.

- Quarter 2
  - o Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 3
  - o Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - 120 ranches baseline monitoring completed (approximately 50% of producers will be small producers or otherwise underserved).
  - Soil sampling for carbon sequestration monitoring year 3 completed.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - o Producer working group meetings.
  - o 8 media articles published in regional or national outlets.
  - Anticipated expanded market share for climate-smart beef products by 10%
  - Anticipated 2 to 4 million metric tons of CO2 sequestered on enrolled project ranches. (These estimates are based off of current USDA approved modeling protocols. The actual number may be different as modeling systems evolve, current practices are fine tuned, and eco-based modeling protocols become more accurate).

- Quarter 1
  - Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - o 6,073 acres enrolled in climate-smart finishing.
  - o 120 monitoring reports completed for producers
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 2
  - Comparative LCA analysis midpoint
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 3
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - o 40 ranches follow-up monitoring completed.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - Producer working group meetings.
  - o 8 media articles published in regional or national outlets.
  - Anticipated expanded market share for climate-smart beef products by 15%
  - Anticipated 4 to 6 million metric tons of CO2 sequestered on enrolled project ranches. (These estimates are based off of current USDA approved modeling protocols. The actual number may be different as modeling systems evolve, current practices are fine tuned, and eco-based modeling protocols become more accurate).

- Quarter 1
  - o Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - Deliver follow-up monitoring reports to Year 1 ranches.
  - Begin CliCOR platform development (a climate smart technology for producers to assess likely climate impact of different potential practices)
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 2
  - o Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 3
  - o Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - 80 ranches follow-up monitoring completed.
  - o CliCOR platform development completed.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - o 8 media articles published in regional or national outlets.
  - o Anticipated expanded market share for climate-smart beef products by 20%
  - Grazewell<sup>™</sup> branded trademark completed.

2028

- Quarter 1
  - Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - LCA Comparative analysis completed.
  - o LCA report on advised method changes.
  - Deliver follow-up monitoring reports to Year 2 ranches.
  - Follow-up marketing research report completed.
  - GHG benefit analysis completed for finishing pastures and Climate-smart ranches.
  - 4 Marketing channels expanded through increased production and adoption of Climate-smart Beef.
  - 4 to 6 million metric tons of CO2 sequestered on enrolled project ranches.
     (Validated through soil sampling data collection, USDA approved carbon sequestration approved modeling protocols, and LCA analysis throughout the lifetime of the grant).

In Summary: By 2028 we will have 120 landowners enrolled in the climate smart program, encompassing approximately 7 million acres. We will be sequestering an anticipated project-wide 5-8 million metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e, and we will expand current marketing channels by a total of 20 percent over the five year grant period.

### **Payment Schedule:**

Payments will be made based on the reimbursement for partner benchmarks based on actual cost quarterly.

### D. Financial Assistance Plan

All 120 producers in the project will receive comprehensive assistance to develop and implement climate-smart ranch management practices and establish standardized metrics to improve and track ecosystem health and performance. This assistance mimics and assesses the effectiveness of the broader finance needed to achieve widespread regenerative grazing practices beyond the project. Transition costs for infrastructure (fences, water points, etc.) are often the main barrier to implementation of climate-smart practices. The project will provide an average of \$27,000 per cow-calf operation for a total of \$3,240,000, as well as technical and financial assistance worth \$2,273,400 for the climate-smart finishing operation. Financial assistance for producers will be provided through the services gained in technical assistance to help establish land health objectives and regenerative management actions, costs covering baseline and followup monitoring, life-cycle analysis at each operation, as well as costs associated with continuing education and peer-to-peer learning opportunities. Northway Ranch Services will conduct baseline monitoring and spatial analysis for each property. Baseline Ground monitoring, sampling, and program enrollment services are calculated at \$8,500 per operation, follow up monitoring between 3-5 years is calculated at \$8,500 per operations, customized regenerative ranching management plans are calculated at \$3,000 in services per operation, life cycle assessment is \$6,000 per operation, and each operation will receive \$250/ year for 4 years for a total of \$1,000 to cover cost of travel and/or program enrollment for educational opportunities. Furthermore, Northway Ranch Services will provide technical support to landowners to establish land health objectives and associated management actions to meet their climate-smart agricultural goals. Most climate-smart regenerative practices include:

- NRCS Code 528 Prescribed Grazing
  - NRCS Code 382 Fencing to promote rotational grazing
- NRCS Code 340 Cover Crop
- NRCS Code 328 Conservation Crop Rotation
- NRCS Code 345 Residue and Tillage Management
- NRCS Code 449 Irrigation Water Management
- NRCS Code 420 Wildlife Habitat Planting
- NRCS Code 550 Range Planting
- NRCS Code 314 Brush Management

Regional technical services providers such as NRCS soil range conservationists, extension agents, and others will be invited to each ranch as part of the enrollment process to increase networking and create inroads for future collaboration and project development. *This direct technical support will supply the basis for broader additional resources, tools, and investment opportunities needed for full implementation of regenerative and climate-smart practices.* These opportunities include Farm Bill programs, traditional capital, and revenues from emerging markets for ecosystem services and certified value-based products. Total financial assistance per ranching operation is broken down as follows and described in the paragraph above:

- Baseline Monitoring @ \$8,500/operation
- Ranching Management Plans @ \$3,000/operation

- Ranch Level Life Cycle Analysis @ \$6,000/operation
- Education @ \$250/year/operation for 4 years=\$1,000
- Follow up monitoring @ \$8,500/operation

Implementation of climates-smart practices will occur through future partnerships with NRCS and other state and federal land agency programs. These practices will be developed in coordination with localized NRCS offices, technical service providers, extension services, USFWs and other partners that are integral to the formation of collaborative and regenerative practice management decisions. Funds from this proposal will not be used for any ground disturbing activities, any regenerative management actions requiring ground disturbance will be funded through other NRCS, state, or local programs. All proposed climate-smart activities associated with this project are occurring on lands already utilized for agricultural production.

This assistance will be applied in a holistic learning approach through each step in the transition to climate-smart practices. Workshops, field tours, peer to peer learning, and monitoring will develop an understanding of ecological principles, inform improved grazing management plans, and clarify available tools and infrastructure enhancements. These events and processes will be led by local Regenerative Leaders and experts within the CNB network.

### E. Plan to Enroll Underserved and Small Producers

This project will primarily benefit small and mid-size family ranching operations (75% of participants), including 35 small producers and 700,000 acres managed by Tribal producers and ranch managers. Project participants represent diverse racial and ethnic groups, including Native American Tribes, Hawaiian, Japanese, Chinese, Thai, and Mexican. Over 75% of project producers manage operations that are at least partially owned and operated by women. CNB coop is 100% owned by rancher-members, with profits returned to the ranchers and thus support to local economies.

The geography of this project comprises predominantly rural, natural resource dependent communities seeking to maintain and diversify stewardship and agricultural opportunities. The communities that this project serves earn less and are more likely to experience poverty: median household income in ranching areas is lower than averages in 9 of 13 project states. Census tracts in ranching areas of six project states are more diverse than the national average, and the median age is greater than the national average in six project states<sup>12</sup>.

### 3. MEASUREMENT/QUANTIFICATION, MONITORING, REPORTING, AND VERIFICATION PLAN

### A. Quantification of GHG Benefits

### Methodology/Measurements

# *a) Livestock numbers and classes - enteric methane (ranch level)* Enteric methane emissions by livestock represent the biggest single source of GHG emissions from the livestock sector. We plan to use an IPCC Tier I approach to estimating

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> data.census.gov/ for 2020 ACS (American Community Survey) and ESRI Demographics 2021

methane emissions based on body size of different livestock classes and then using local ranch livestock numbers to estimate total annual methane emissions<sup>13</sup>. This approach has successfully been validated by third party reviewers in established Verra Registry carbon projects and protocols.

### b) N<sub>2</sub>O and methane from soil and dung - based on livestock numbers (ranch level)

High nitrous oxide N<sub>2</sub>O and methane emissions from soil and dung may occur only in feedlot or high stocking density situations where soils may lack the necessary microbial diversity to nitrify deposited N and the plants to take up nitrate. Recent literature suggests that dung that lies as is over plant-covered soils may emit 10-100 times less N<sub>2</sub>O and methane than IPCC estimates<sup>14</sup>. Nevertheless, we will generate a Tier I literature-based conversion of livestock numbers into annual mass of dung and urine deposited, assume that such deposits occur on grass-covered soil, and then determine emission factors and total GHG emissions<sup>15</sup>.

c) Soil carbon density - sampling stratification, methods (regional or biome level, linked to grazing history). Even with multiple simulation models available, all regenerative agriculture standards, carbon credit, and soil health programs have soil organic carbon density (hereafter SOC, mass/area to a depth (cm)) as a key metric. SOC is correlated with multiple measures of soil fertility, including total soil nutrients, exchangeable bases, water-holding and rainfall infiltration capacity, and productivity for the same precipitation. As discussed below in section e), remote-sensing technology has not yet developed well enough to assess soil carbon density with enough precision to detect expected changes in SOC of 1-2 Mg/acre every 3-5 years.

We will establish stratified baselines for the major climate-soil combinations across the regions in the western US represented by our 120 participating ranches. First, we will assemble existing literature, state extension and NRCS data and fold it into the database on SOC estimates from ranches that have already been sampled under the Grazewell<sup>TM</sup> monitoring program. Where spatial gaps exist or climate-soil combinations are underrepresented, we will then measure SOC using standard methods<sup>16</sup> at new random points in our target ranches.

*d)* Changes in shrub cover, juniper mitigation, and effects of treatments on woody carbon (regional or biome level). Juniper encroachment and persistent sagebrush cover signifies past degradation at many participating ranches. Reduction in these should favor an increase in SOC that more than compensates for the loss of woody carbon, but woody carbon density must be quantified regardless. Following standard field at participating ranches with different covers and stand ages of juniper and/or sagebrush, we will employ standard forest inventory methods<sup>17</sup> to measure woody carbon density at 150 different points distributed among a set of ranches that encompass a range of woody cover. These carbon densities will combine with standard satellite-based land cover change analyses to estimate loss of woody carbon.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Franz R, Soliva CR, Kreuzer M, Steuer P, Hummel J, Clauss M. 2010. Evol Ecol Res. 12:727-38.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Nichols et al. 2018. J. Env Qual 47:419-426; Taylor et al. 2017. Agric Ecosyst Env 239: 65-79

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Inatomi et al. 2019.PLoS ONE 14.; Wolf et al. 2017. Carbon Balance and Management. 12:16. doi: 10.1186/s13021-017-0084-y.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Vagen & Winowiecki 2013. Environmental Research Letters. 8: 1-9; Soilytics <u>https://www.persistencedata.com/</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Fernandez, D.P., Neff, J.C., Huang, Cy. et al. Carbon Balance Manage 8, 8 (2013).

*e) Exploring remote sensing methods.* Numerous research groups have attempted to develop remote sensing-based (spectral) methods of assessing SOC (either concentration (%) or density (mass/area to a specified depth)<sup>18</sup>. These methods unfortunately have margins of error > 50% across the narrower range of baseline SOC typically encountered in our target rangelands (5-15 Mg/acre). Consequently, we choose not to develop remotely sensed measures of SOC. Instead, we will rely on existing published and NRCS archived data and new data gathered from participating ranches to build rangeland-focused, stratified assessments of baseline SOC, as discussed in c) above.

Remote-sensing methods will, however, be developed to assess changes in vegetation that accompany regenerative grazing practices as well as short-term impacts of livestock on grassland production. We will use a method<sup>19</sup> that uses calibrated MODIS NDVI-based estimates of forage biomass to detect grazing impacts and livestock movements. Bi-weekly changes in NDVI, when calibrated to background changes in NDVI in ungrazed areas, detect reductions in forage biomass to  $\pm$  20-30 g/m<sup>2</sup> error even in very dry, low productivity environments <sup>20</sup>. Likewise, these same calibrations can be used to use NDVI and/or EVI as indicators of increasing perennial grass biomass associated with improved range conditions.

### B. Measurement and Monitoring Plan

The 120 project ranches encompassing 7+ million acres are identified and mapped, depicting the boundary of private lands and public grazing allotments. Ranches will report project implementation (livestock numbers, numbers of paddocks or pastures, days in pasture, etc.) as designed by ranchers to achieve improved grazing management. Grazing management plans will be customized to demonstrate the utility of our climate commodity assessment under different management practices. In addition, CNB and Grazewell teams will gather data on infrastructure and operational costs, sources of capital, and vegetation and soil changes on specific property/pastures.

Operation monitoring protocols will follow NRCS guidelines and ranchers/operators will be trained by project teams. These protocols have been piloted at eight ranches in 2021 and will expand to all participating ranches by 2025. All ranches and finishing operations will measure: 1) bare ground, 2) water infiltration, 3) plant diversity, and 4) soil organic carbon (SOC) to 40 cm depth or bedrock. Monitoring locations will be selected at random within ranches or operations, but additional locations will be selected in subareas of a ranch with special interest to the outcome of management changes. On-the-ground monitoring will be utilized in tandem with modeling (see above) in order to test the hypotheses of anticipated vegetation changes during years 2-4, and potential changes in SOC in year 5 of the project. Data recorded in the field will be captured with ESRI Survey 123, and all data will sync into a cloud-based portal. This database will feed into the proposed CliCoR climate-smart commodity assessment platform (see **D1** below). Grazing plans and cattle movements will be recorded and monitored annually.

This monitoring program is designed to make data collection by local operators easy, engaging, repeatable, standardized, and scientifically valid without the need for external input. Ranch-level

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Vagen & Winowiecki 2013. Environmental Research Letters. 8: 1-9; Soilytics <u>https://www.persistencedata.com/</u>
 <sup>19</sup> Ritchie, M.E. et al submitted Nature Sustainability

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Blanco et al 2008 Journal of Arid Environments 72:764-776; Olsen et al 2014.Biogeosciences Discuss. 11: 16309–16347

data will be uploaded into a database, but data reporting will be anonymous and/or aggregated with contractors operating under confidentiality and privacy protection agreements.

### C. Reporting and Tracking of GHG Benefits

### 1) Choice of model

Success in certifying climate-smart commodities in rangelands depends heavily on modeling tools to assess carbon sequestration in soils. Carbon sequestration occurs at a relatively slow rate in rangelands, even though soils in drier, colder areas can hold substantial carbon stocks. These relatively small increments may take up to 10 years before statistically significant change in SOC can be detected, given typical sampling margins of error.

2) Soil Carbon Dynamic Models. An alternative approach is to use soil carbon dynamic models, such as Century<sup>21</sup> and its agricultural version COMET, RothC<sup>22</sup>, DNDC<sup>23</sup>, and SNAPGRAZE<sup>24</sup>. We will, perhaps for the first time, compare the ability of these models simultaneously to predict change in SOC, given a set of local model inputs and measurements of soil carbon stocks and changes in stocks from the same location (see A(c) and B above).

Parameters used in model predictions will be local if possible, and on relevant time scales (days, months, years). These include a) Soil texture (silt, sand, clay); b) Soil depth; c) Lignin and cellulose of dominant plants; d) Temperature; e) Rainfall; f) Fire history; Lignin and cellulose are routinely measured in livestock feeds but are not widely known for dominant rangeland plants, particularly annuals. Where literature data gaps occur, clipped biomass samples will be analyzed for lignin and cellulose at the Utah State University lab (co-PI Mark Ritchie) using standard fiber digestion<sup>25</sup>. Models will also input grazing management decisions, e.g., number of cattle and pastures or paddocks, time and timing of cattle in pastures or paddocks, and type of cattle unit.

**3) Model Evaluation and Comparison**. We will evaluate the success of different models in predicting current SOC and changes in SOC under different regenerative grazing practices<sup>26</sup>. Models will be compared for fit with measured SOC using standard model selection statistics<sup>27</sup>, that balance model accuracy and precision against their number of parameters. We will recommend the most appropriate models for different management, climate, and soils through a decision tree embedded in the climate-smart commodity assessment platform (see **D1**).

**4)** Tracking rates of GHG per units Since GHG benefits are calculated with each ranch as an "instance" of climate-smart commodity production (this is required by Verra) and its area

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> https://www2.nrel.colostate.edu/projects/century/MANUAL/html\_manual/man96.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Poeplau, C. 2016. Plant and Soil. 407: 293-305 https://doi.org/10.1007/s1110-016-3017-8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Wang et al 2016 Remote Sens. 2016, 8(3), 168; https://doi.org/10.3390/rs8030168

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Ritchie, M.E. 2020. Resources 9:, 49 https://doi.org/10.3390/resources9040049;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Ritchie, M.E. 2014. PeerJ 2:e233 https://doi.org/10.7717/peerj.233

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Ritchie, M.E. 2020. Resources 9:, 49 https://doi.org/10.3390/resources9040049; Wang et al 2016 Remote Sens.
 2016, 8(3), 168; https://doi.org/10.3390/rs8030168

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Berardi, et al. 2020. GCB Bioenergy. 12: 774–788. https://doi.org/10.1111/gcbb.12730

will be known, the total GHG benefits for each participating producer will already be calculated. Therefore, determining the per ranch benefits will be straightforward. *Per project/region:* Baseline SOC for the entire project will be estimated based on key strata across the western US landscape. GHG benefits per region or project stratum will be the sum of benefits across ranches in each stratum for that stratum. *Per pound of beef):* Since livestock numbers and body mass are critical inputs to soil carbon models, GHG benefits per pound of beef can be calculated. *Per dollar invested:* Because investments to transition to regenerative practices will be known, we can estimate benefits per dollar invested.

5) Longevity of benefits SNAPGRAZE analyses suggest that most rangeland systems in the US are well below their potential equilibrium SOC. This likely reflects impacts of historical overgrazing dating back to the mid-19th Century. Recent improvements in management and reduction in stocking rates have started recovery, but it is far from complete. Consequently, *SOC accruals from persistent regenerative practices will likely continue through the end of the century*.

### D. Verification and Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Benefits

### **D.1 CliCoR Platform**

Since each producer has the potential to engage in different practices and achieve the standards for different climate-smart commodity standards, *the project will develop a* **"Climate Commodities Resources (CliCoR)" Platform** *to help producers assess the likely climate impact of different potential practices and the standards for which their operation is likely to qualify.* This platform will aggregate project data and tested models to allow producers to optimize their regenerative activities via participation in desired climate-smart markets. While the intent of this project is development of climate-smart beef commodities; the practices, monitoring protocol, and tracing employed will allow producers to participate in other markets, including sale of carbon offset credits and other biodiversity and ecosystem service certifications.

Given the diversity of project partners and potential climate-related outcomes, the platform will integrate the common set of rancher-participatory monitoring variables with published literature, NRCS and public satellite data to yield broader scale, platform-calculated metrics, such as whole-ranch carbon budgets, biodiversity impacts, and hydrological budget and contribution to water supplies. The platform will feature decision-trees that help producers identify and apply for appropriate climate-smart commodity standards or certifications and to assess the magnitude of benefits they might provide. *This tool will help producers navigate the complex standards and certifications needed for generating climate-smart commodities.* 

### D.2 Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

To verify project impacts, protocol integrity, and inform marketing, Quantis International will deliver a robust accounting of the GHG benefits associated with climate-smart beef products generated by the project and its novel land management and finishing practices. The LCA will pave the way for future evaluations of these systems by adapting existing methodologies, uncovering innovations, and recommending efficiencies for replication and scaling.

### Phase 1 - Project Context and Scoping

The scope of the exercise will be established, including data collection and systems mapping. A special focus will be placed on the integration of soil carbon data into traditional product LCA, which is an evolving area where Quantis is recognized as an industry leader.

### Phase 2 - Scoping Checkpoint and Study Design

A scoping checkpoint will be used to determine whether an ISO comparative LCA is appropriate and/or feasible, or if a screening-level comparative LCA is an appropriate alternative path. An ISO compliant LCA covers a product's complete life cycle and presents an extensive understanding of the product's environmental performance. To perform an ISO-compliant LCA, a third-party review panel will assess the study against its compliance with ISO 14040-44 standards, including the scientific rigor of the methodology and data used, the transparency and the consistency of the report, and the validity of the results interpretation, and its limitations.

### Phase 3 – Life Cycle Assessment

Quantis will aggregate and process all project data to perform a comparative LCA (ISO or screening-level) of the beef produced in this program. Of particular interest to this study is the modeling of the novel finishing stage in this production system. If no comparisons are readily identified to other production systems, Quantis will compare the baseline scenario and 5th year results to determine the levels of improvement within this new production system.

### Phase 4 - Implications and Advisory Capacity

Upon LCA completion, Quantis will collaborate with project partners to advise on methods to monitor change over time, capture benefits from new production practices, and ensure external claims that arise from the results of this study are credible, science-based, and transparent.

### E. USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network

As part of our monitoring, quantification, and reporting plan, project manager Dallas Hall Defrees is committed to participating in the USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network and fulfilling all associated obligations to ensure project success.

### 4. PLAN TO DEVELOP CLIMATE SMART PROJECT COMMODITIES

This project will stimulate, across a substantial representation of US rangelands, the production of climate-friendly beef associated with a significantly reduced carbon footprint and increased ecological benefits compared to conventional options. Beef produced according to the practices and monitoring protocol of this program will be tracked, marketed, and sold in commodity supply chains as part of a climate-smart beef campaign associated with the newly established Grazewell<sup>TM</sup> Regenerative Attribute. Marketing and purchasing partnerships will be established with major national vendors to purchase from producers enrolled in the program, highlight the benefits of climate-smart practices, and meet demand for regenerative and climate-smart products. This campaign will demonstrate demand for, availability, and affordability of

climate-smart beef in established markets and allow for scalability and durability for producers to retain and expand their presence in the marketplace.

### A. Partnerships to Market Resulting Climate-Smart Commodities

This climate-smart commodity campaign and Grazewell<sup>™</sup> brand attribute is essential to securing and retaining market access for small and underserved producers. It will allow for continued ownership and management at the family level while reducing risk of market entry and increasing competitiveness of small producers – all by aggregating and streamlining sales, promotion, and distribution. *These brand attributes are critical differentiators for family-owned and Tribal ranches and necessary for diversified, resilient American beef production*. If not for the new commodity markets established by this program, this network of producers and those like them across the nation will continue to lose access to markets and suffer from aggressively narrow margins and pricing strategies determined by large, consolidated companies. Our approach will generate increased beef sales to compensate landowners for ecosystem services and reduced carbon emissions, provide and secure market access, establish product partnerships that strengthen agricultural livelihoods, satisfy growing consumer demand for climate-smart products, and create healthier ecosystems.

### **Marketing Strategies**

- Promote the program by highlighting people, practice, product and place.
- Educate consumers about why they should care, and how climate-smart beef is the best, tastiest, most widely available, and most conscientious beef choice.
- Use a comprehensive marketing mix that speaks to food enthusiasts.
- Be visually compelling with the media mix to catch consumer attention.

### Year 1: Research and Narrative Development

Conduct focus groups and market research among target audiences and develop narrative messaging, branding, and an integrated marketing communications plan. The plan will include stories and content for digital media, an earned media strategy that leverages journalists and brand ambassadors, and a paid media strategy to reach and influence target audiences. Grazewell<sup>™</sup> will be further developed as a way to distinguish climate-smart beef for consumers through product branding, advertising, messaging, and earned media creation.

### Years 2-4: Implementation

Implement the integrated marketing communications plan by designing and developing content that producers, partners, ambassadors, and journalists can utilize in designated channels. This will further integrate Grazewell<sup>TM</sup> brand and climate-smart food products into consumer vernacular.

### Year 5: Research and reporting

Measure the reach, impact, and effectiveness of the climate-smart beef marketing campaign and review changes in attitudes and buying habits around climate-smart beef.

### B. Plan to Track Climate-Smart Commodities Through the Supply Chain

GHG and carbon sequestration benefits from the program and Grazewell<sup>™</sup> attribute will be tracked through the supply chain using a three-way identification system for each phase of the animal's life from birth to processed product. This approach will prohibit double counting of

climate benefits entering commodity chains and maintain program integrity and assurances to customers. The project team and producers also attest that funds under this funding opportunity will not be used to pay for implementation of the same practice on the same land. Through our traceability program as well as partnership communication and procedure we will ensure there is no duplication of payment for the same benefits or activities occurring on the same land.

- 1. USDA regulated Electronic Identification (EID) tags are affixed to each animal at the birth ranch and associated with a unique 15-digit number that is transmitted via a short-range radio frequency. Through the EID tag, animals are uniquely identified and easily tracked.
- 2. Upon arrival at a finishing pasture, each animal receives a program specific visual ear tag associated with EID tag. This tag will be used for internal record-keeping and provides redundancy. The program cattle will be segregated in designated pens to eliminate mixing and misidentification.
- 3. At the harvest facility, animals will be assigned a carcass number associated with their EID/finishing pasture tag. A dedicated run will occur when only program animals will be harvested, and all meat from the run will be packed, labeled, and shipped before any other animals are harvested to ensure all animals are part of the program.

### C. Estimated Economic Benefits for Participating Producers

Based on climate-smart/regenerative purchasing projections from primary corporate partners, this project will provide *\$67 million in increased annual market returns* in new and existing markets for participating producers. Major commodity buyers supporting this project (see attached letters) have stated that the availability of a climate-smart beef product consistent with the Grazewell<sup>TM</sup> attribute and protocols will meet their branded climate-smart/regenerative product goals and satisfy customer demand for these goods.

Climate-smart grazing practices in this project are anticipated to increase forage productivity, resulting in higher stocking rates for producers<sup>30</sup>. Additional ranch level economic benefits from increases in above-ground biomass will further sustain economic stability and growth in the climate-smart commodity marketplace.

### **D.** Post-Project Potential

This project will develop, as far as we are aware, the only nationally scaled full supply chain approach to significantly increase carbon sequestration, reduce GHG emissions, increase water efficiency and quality, and consequently reduce and improve the climate impacts of beef production. To fully realize this potential, *Climate Smart Leadership Summits* will be hosted throughout the project timeline. Academics and industry leaders will gather at annual CNB producer meetings to analyze post-project potential, capacity to scale climate-smart project activities, likelihood of long-term viability beyond project period, and ability to inform USDA actions to encourage climate-smart commodities. Summits will provide opportunities for continued research and analysis of project outcomes from academic and industry professionals. Committed academic and industry leaders participating in these summits include Dr. Kristen Johnson, Washington State University and Roland Fumasi, head of RaboResearch & Food Agribusiness-North America Rabobank.

<sup>30</sup> Juliana D B Gil et al 2018 Environ. Res. Lett. 13 064025

### Sustainable Northwest Milestones

### **Quarterly Milestones:**

#### <u>2023</u>

- Quarter 2
  - o Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - o 600 acres enrolled in climate-smart finishing.
- Quarter 3
  - 40 ranches onboarded for baseline monitoring.
  - Marketing research and online surveys completed.
  - o Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - 40 ranches baseline monitoring completed (approximately 50% of producers will be small producers or otherwise underserved).
  - Marketing narrative completed and ready for implementation.
  - Soil sampling for carbon sequestration monitoring year 1 completed.
  - Data collection plan and methodology finalized for LCA analysis.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - Producer working group meetings.

- Quarter 1
  - Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - 2,400 acres enrolled in climate-smart finishing.
  - 40 monitoring reports completed for producers
  - LCA Screening vs. ISO Compliant Comparative LCA evaluation done; decision made; implementation plan designed.
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 2
  - Aggregate LCA data to begin comparative LCA.
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 3
  - o 80 ranches onboarded for baseline monitoring.
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - 80 ranches baseline monitoring completed (approximately 50% of producers will be small producers or otherwise underserved).
  - Soil sampling for carbon sequestration monitoring year 2 completed.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - o Producer working group meetings.
  - 8 media articles published in regional or national outlets.

- Anticipated expanded market share for climate-smart beef products by 5%
- Anticipate 1 to 2 million metric tons of CO2 sequestered on enrolled project ranches. (These estimates are based off of current USDA approved modeling protocols. The actual number may be different as modeling systems evolve, current practices are fine tuned, and eco-based modeling protocols become more accurate).

- Quarter 1
  - Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - 4,200 acres enrolled in climate-smart finishing.
  - o 80 monitoring reports completed for producers
  - 120 ranches onboarded for baseline monitoring.
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 2
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 3
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - 120 ranches baseline monitoring completed (approximately 50% of producers will be small producers or otherwise underserved).
  - Soil sampling for carbon sequestration monitoring year 3 completed.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - Producer working group meetings.
  - 8 media articles published in regional or national outlets.
  - Anticipated expanded market share for climate-smart beef products by 10%
  - Anticipated 2 to 4 million metric tons of CO2 sequestered on enrolled project ranches. (These estimates are based off of current USDA approved modeling protocols. The actual number may be different as modeling systems evolve, current practices are fine tuned, and eco-based modeling protocols become more accurate).

- Quarter 1
  - Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - o 6,073 acres enrolled in climate-smart finishing.
  - o 120 monitoring reports completed for producers
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 2
  - o Comparative LCA analysis midpoint
  - Producer working group meetings.

- Quarter 3
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - o 40 ranches follow-up monitoring completed.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - Producer working group meetings.
  - 8 media articles published in regional or national outlets.
  - Anticipated expanded market share for climate-smart beef products by 15%
  - Anticipated 4 to 6 million metric tons of CO2 sequestered on enrolled project ranches. (These estimates are based off of current USDA approved modeling protocols. The actual number may be different as modeling systems evolve, current practices are fine tuned, and eco-based modeling protocols become more accurate).

- Quarter 1
  - o Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - o Deliver follow-up monitoring reports to Year 1 ranches.
  - Begin CliCOR platform development (a climate smart technology for producers to assess likely climate impact of different potential practices)
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 2
  - o Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 3
  - Producer working group meetings.
- Quarter 4
  - 80 ranches follow-up monitoring completed.
  - CliCOR platform development completed.
  - o 120 producers participate in annual education training.
  - 8 media articles published in regional or national outlets.
  - Anticipated expanded market share for climate-smart beef products by 20%
  - Grazewell<sup>™</sup> branded trademark completed.

- Quarter 1
  - Building Regenerative Ranching in the West project engagement meeting.
  - LCA Comparative analysis completed.
  - LCA report on advised method changes.
  - Deliver follow-up monitoring reports to Year 2 ranches.
  - Follow-up marketing research report completed.
  - GHG benefit analysis completed for finishing pastures and Climate-smart ranches.

- 4 Marketing channels expanded through increased production and adoption of Climate-smart Beef.
- 4 to 6 million metric tons of CO2 sequestered on enrolled project ranches.
   (Validated through soil sampling data collection, USDA approved carbon sequestration approved modeling protocols, and LCA analysis throughout the lifetime of the grant).

In Summary: By 2028 we will have 120 landowners enrolled in the climate smart program, encompassing approximately 7 million acres. We will be sequestering an anticipated project-wide 5-8 million metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e, and we will expand current marketing channels by a total of 20 percent over the five year grant period.

### Climate-Smart Practices and Limitations-Sustainable Northwest

NRCS Practice Code (if applicable)	Practice Name
314	Brush Management
328	Conservation Crop Rotation
340	Cover Crop
345	Residue & Tillage Management
382	Fencing to Promote Rotational Grazing
420	Wildlife Habitat Planting
449	Irrigation Water Management
528	Prescribed Grazing
550	Range Planting

Climate-Smart practices under this grant shall be limited to the following practices:

All practices applied under this grant will follow NRCS practice standards unless noted below:

Practice Name	Alternative Practice Standards
None	

ATTACHMENT - DATA DICTIONARY



Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023 Version 1.0

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#### **Overview of Reporting Requirements**

Grant recipients are required to submit reports to document their performance under the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodity funding opportunity. These submissions will be required to use the Microsoft Excel workbook templates provided by USDA. The workbooks contain a series of worksheets that collect data in a standardized format to ensure data quality and allow for aggregation and summary of this information. The entire workbook must be submitted quarterly, with updates to all applicable worksheets. This guide is divided into three sections. The Overview of Reporting Requirements section summarizes the layout of the reporting workbook and presents the data elements included in each worksheet. It also describes additional documents that must be submitted to supplement the performance reports. The Data Definitions section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated. Finally, the Appendices contain practice and commodity lists that will be used for these reports. Reporting is necessary for USDA oversight of this effort. The data elements required for inclusion in the quarterly performance reports allow USDA to conduct selected audits to review whether producers are receiving federal funds from multiple sources for the same purpose; to determine whether GHG benefits from implementation of climate-smart agriculture and forestry (CSAF) practices are being estimated accurately; and for other purposes deemed appropriate by USDA.

The reporting worksheets collect information at four levels: project, partner, producer, and field. Descriptions of each level:

**Project level**: Information about activities and impacts at a whole project/aggregate level (i.e., reflecting all activities under the grant agreement). Some project-level reporting is further subdivided by commodity type or a combination of commodity and CSAF practice(s) (commodity x practice). **Partner level:** Information about activities related to a single organization (recipient, subrecipient, contractor, or other partner) within a project.

**Producer level**: Information about individual producers who have one or more farms enrolled in a project. **Field level**: Information about individual fields enrolled in a project.

Certain data elements are required to be reported for each producer and field enrolled in a project. In order to minimize the burden associated with data collection and to enable USDA to match data to existing records, these producer- and field-specific records must use the producer's established FSA Farm, Tract and Field IDs, and report the State and County associated with the Farm ID. Associated data entered in conjunction with these data elements, such as Producer Name, must match the data contained in the customer's Business Partner record, and the Farm Operating Plan in Business File for that Farm ID. Disclosure of this information is protected under Section 1619 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (PL 110- 246), 7 U.S.C. 8791. Additionally, Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

**Note:** For purposes of this guide, "farm" refers to the operation from which climate-smart commodities are produced and may represent farms, ranches, forests or other operations. Similarly, "field" refers to the individual land units at which climate-smart practices are being implemented to produce climate-smart commodities and may represent lots, farmsteads or other units, depending on the type of operation and commodity. The use of "Farm", "Tract" and "Field" align with the FSA definitions; for example, "A field is a part of a farm that is separated from the balance of the farm by a permanent boundary, such as; fences, permanent waterways, woodlands, croplines in cases where farming practices make it probable that this cropline is not subject to change, and other similar features."

The following tables list the data elements included in each reporting worksheet, along with a brief description of each item.

#### **Project Summary**

These data will be collected about each project. Cumulative results are reported each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Commodity sales	Indicates sales of the commodity(ies) related to the project occurred this quarter	Quarterly
Farms enrolled	Indicates enrollment activities occurred this quarter	Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	Methods used to calculate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits	Quarterly
GHG cumulative calculation	Method used to calculate cumulative GHG benefits	Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	Whole project estimate of total GHG (CO2e) emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	Whole project estimate of total carbon sequestration	Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CO2 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CH4 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative N2O benefit	Whole project estimate of total N2O emission reductions	Quarterly
Offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced by project	Quarterly
Offsets sale	Name of marketplace where carbon offsets were sold	Quarterly
Offsets price	Price of carbon in offset sales	Quarterly
Insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced by project	Quarterly
Cost of on-farm TA	Cost of on-farm technical assistance (TA) provided to producers	Quarterly
MMRV cost	Cost of measurement, monitoring, reporting, and verification (MMRV) activities	Quarterly
GHG monitoring method	Methods used by project to monitor GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG reporting method	Methods used by project to report on GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG verification method	Methods used to verify GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly

Table 1. Project Summary elements

#### Partner Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will represent one organization involved in the project, including the recipient and all contributing partners. A partner is any organization that is receiving project funds or providing matching contributions (funds or in-kind contributions) to the project. While the recipient must complete one row for their own organization, not all data elements apply to the recipient. These exceptions are noted in the detailed descriptions of the specific elements in the *Data Definitions* section of this guide. Data are reported cumulatively each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Partner ID	Unique ID for each partner	One-time
Partner name	Name of partner organization	One-time
Partner type	Type of organization	One-time
Partner POC	Partner point of contact name	As applicable
Partner POC email	Partner point of contact email	As applicable
Partnership start date	Start of partnership on project	One-time
Partnership end date	End of partnership on project	As applicable
New partnership	Indicator for partner organizations that have no prior work with the recipient	As applicable
Partner total requested	Total amount requested to date by partner from recipient	Quarterly
Total match contribution	Total amount of match contribution by partner to date	Quarterly
Total match incentives	Total amount of match contribution by partner for incentives	Quarterly
Match type	Top 3 types of match contribution by partner, other than incentives	Quarterly
Match amount	Value of match contributions by type	Quarterly
Training provided	Top 3 types of training provided to the partner through project	Quarterly
Activity by partner	Top 3 types of activities provided by this partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Activity cost	Approximate cost per activity type provided by partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Products supplied	Names of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly
Product source	Supplier or source of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly

#### Table 2. Partner Activities elements

Frequency

### USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

#### Marketing Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to one commodity for which the project enrolls fields and one marketing channel used to sell that commodity by the project or producers enrolled in the project. Data are reported for the current guarter and are not cumulative. If no sales of the commodity were reported during a quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Data element name	Description
Commodity type	Type of commodity
	project
Marketing channel type	Type of marketing c

Commodity type	Type of commodity incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Marketing channel type	Type of marketing channels used	Quarterly
Number of buyers	Number of buyers per marketing channel	Quarterly
Names of buyers	Names of buyers in the marketing channel	Quarterly
Marketing channel geography	Geography of marketing channel	Quarterly
Value sold	Value of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Volume sold	Volume of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium	Price premium of commodity by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium to producer	Percent of price premium that goes to the producer	Quarterly
Product differentiation method	Top 3 types of product differentiation methods used	Quarterly
Marketing method	Top 3 types of marketing methods used	Quarterly
Marketing channel identification method	Top 3 ways marketing channel was identified	Quarterly
Traceability method	Top 3 types of supply chain traceability methods used	Quarterly

#### Producer Enrollment

These data will be collected at the producer level about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. Data are reported when a producer first enrolls one or more fields in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the farm characteristics each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates. The quarterly submission should contain information about each farm initially enrolled in the project during that quarter and for updates to farms that have re-enrolled during that quarter, as applicable. If no farms are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Producer data change	Indicator that producer data was updated at re-enrollment	As applicable
Producer start date	Contract start date	Enrollment
Producer name	Name of primary operator	Enrollment
Underserved status	Indicator the primary operator is considered underserved and/or a small producer	Enrollment
Total area	Total area of enrolled operation	Annual
Total crop area	Total crop area in enrolled operation enrolled	Annual
Total livestock area	Total livestock confinement, pasture and rangeland in enrolled operation	Annual
Total forest area	Total forest area in enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock type	Top 3 types of livestock on enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock head	Total livestock currently managed (by type)	Annual
Organic farm	Indicator that part of the farm is certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Organic fields	Indicator that any of the enrolled fields are certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Producer motivation	Motivation for participation	Annual
Producer outreach	Top 3 types of outreach provided to producer	Annual
CSAF experience	Indicator of prior implementation of CSAF practices at this farm	Annual
CSAF federal funds	Indicator of prior receipt of federal funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF state or local funds	Indicator of prior receipt of state funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF nonprofit funds	Indicator of prior receipt of nonprofit funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF market incentives	Indicator of prior receipt of market incentives for CSAF practices	Annual

#### Table 4. Producer Enrollment elements

#### Field Enrollment

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row corresponds to one field x commodity combination enrolled in the project. Generally, data are reported once for each field, at its initial enrollment. The quarterly submission should contain information about each field initially enrolled in the project during that quarter. If no fields are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. If a field is enrolled for multiple years, any relevant changes, such as a new ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations should be entered in this worksheet during the quarter it is re-enrolled, or as applicable.

Data element name	Description
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name
Physical County of field	Physical county name must match FSA farm records
Prior Field ID	Previous Field ID when reconstitution of farm results in new Field IDs
Field data change	Indicator that field data has changed from initial enrollment
Contract start date	Start date of contract
Total field area	Size of enrolled field
Commodity category	Category of commodity(ies) produced
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced
Baseline yield	Average yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment
Baseline yield location	Location for which baseline yield is provided
Field land use	Most common land use in field in past 3 years
Field irrigated	Most common irrigation type in field in past 3 years
Field tillage	Most common tillage in field in past 3 years
Practice past extent - farm	Extent of operation that implemented this practice prior to project enrollment
Field any CSAF practice	Indicator for prior CSAF practices in this field in past 3 years
Practice past use - this field	Indicator of prior use of this practice in this field in the past 3 years
Practice type	CSAF practice(s) that will be implemented in enrolled field (up to 7)
Practice standard	Organization that developed CSAF practice standard implemented in field
Planned practice implementation year	Year that practice is planned to be implemented
Practice extent	Area or number of animals for which practice is implemented
Follow-on questions	Follow-on questions by practice type (see Table 11)

#### Farm Summary

These data will be collected about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. The quarterly submission should contain updates to any data elements that have changed for each farm enrolled in the project during that quarter. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. Data are not cumulative.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name	
County of residence	County name	
Producer TA received	Type of technical assistance provided to producer	Quarterly
Producer incentive amount	Total financial incentive provided to the producer	Quarterly
Incentive reason	Top 4 reason(s) for financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Incentive structure	Top 4 units on which financial incentives are structured	Quarterly
Incentive type	Top 4 type(s) of financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Payment on enrollment	Extent of payment provided to producer upon enrollment	Quarterly
Payment on implementation	Extent of payment provided to producer upon implementation of CSAF practices	Quarterly
Payment on harvest	Extent of payment provided to producer upon harvest or slaughter	Quarterly
Payment on MMRV	Extent of payment provided to producer upon reporting or verification	Quarterly
Payment on sale	Extent of payment provided to producer upon sale of commodity	Quarterly

Table 6. Farm Summary elements

#### **Field Summary**

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project for a commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field x commodity x practice(s) combination enrolled in the project. Data for each field will be reported quarterly and are not cumulative. Report data for any elements that have an update in that quarter. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. This worksheet includes a section to report the "official" estimate of GHG benefits – amounts of greenhouse gas emissions reduced and carbon sequestered – for the field. These quantities refer to the estimates that are used to calculate the project's aggregate impact (reported in Table 1). Tables 8 and 9 are used to report alternate estimates of the field-level GHG benefits when additional methods are used to model (Table 8) or measure (Table 9) these impacts. Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to seven)	Quarterly
Date practice complete	Date that practice implementation is certified complete	Quarterly
Contract end date	End date of contract	Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	Indicator that MMRV assistance is provided to field	Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	Indicator that marketing assistance provided for commodity from field	Quarterly
Incentive per acre or head	Indicator that a per acre/head incentives is provided for the CSAF practice(s) on this field	Quarterly
Field commodity value	Value of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Field commodity volume	Volume of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Cost of implementation	Total cost of practice implementation in field	Quarterly
Cost coverage	Percent of total cost of implementation of practice covered by project incentives	Quarterly
Field GHG monitoring	Methods used to monitor GHG benefits in field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG reporting	Methods used to report on GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG verification	Methods used to verify GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG calculations	Methods used to calculate GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG calculation	Method used to calculate official GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG ER	Official estimate of total GHG emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official carbon stock	Official estimate of total carbon sequestration for field	Quarterly
Field official CO2 ER	Official estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official CH4 ER	Official estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official N2O ER	Official estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced in field	Quarterly
Field insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced in field	Quarterly
Other field measurements	Indicator that field data was collected for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation	Quarterly

#### Table 7. Field Summary elements

#### GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

If greenhouse gas benefits are modeled for the same field using multiple methods, the results for the alternate models are reported in this worksheet. The "alternate" models refer to those model results that were not used in the calculation of the project's aggregate impact (as reported in Table 1). Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model. These data will be collected about the modeled GHG benefits for each field x commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field enrolled in the project. Data are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for all fields that have new modeled data. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced from the field (up to 6)	Annual
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to 7)	Annual
GHG model	Model used to calculate GHG benefits	Annual
Model start date	Start date of model run	Annual
Model end date	End date of model run	Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	Estimate of total GHG benefits for field	Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	Estimate of total change in carbon stock for field	Annual
Total CO2 estimated	Estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total CH4 estimated	Estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total N2O estimated	Estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Annual

Table 8. GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled elements

#### GHG Benefits - Measured

Projects must report the results of any carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this worksheet. These data will be collected at the field level. Each row will represent a separate measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits for a given field. Data are reported once per year of measurement and are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for any field for which there are new soil samples or new calculations of annual GHG benefits based on actual measurements.

#### Data element name Description Frequency Farm ID Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA Tract ID Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA Field ID Unique Field ID assigned by FSA State name State County County name GHG measurement method Method of measurement Annual Lab name Entity that conducted analysis Annual Measurement start date Start date of measurements Annual Measurement end date End date of measurements Annual Total CO2 reduction calculated Calculation of total CO2 reduction Annual Total carbon stock change calculated Calculation of change in carbon stock Annual Total CH4 reduction calculated Calculation of total CH4 reduction Annual Total N2O reduction calculated Calculation of total N2O reduction Annual Numeric result from soil sample Annual Soil sample result Type of analysis conducted Annual Measurement type

#### Table 9. GHG Benefits - Measured data elements

#### Additional Environmental Benefits

Projects that track additional environmental benefits (e.g., water quality improvements) from enrolled fields report results in this worksheet. These data will be collected about each field. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to an enrolled field. Data are not cumulative. Estimates of environmental benefits must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

#### Table 10. Additional Environmental Benefits elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State	State name	
County	County name	
Environmental benefits	Indicator that project tracks other environmental benefits	Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in nitrogen loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in phosphorus loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Other water quality	Indicator that project tracks other water quality improvements	Annual
Туре	Type of water quality metric being tracked	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Water quantity	Indicator that project tracks reduced water use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced erosion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in soil erosion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced energy use	Indicator that project tracks reductions in energy use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Avoided land conversion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in land conversion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Improved wildlife habitat	Indicator that project tracks improvements in wildlife habitat	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual

#### Supplemental Data Submission

Project MMRV Plan

Definition of MMRV elements:

**Measurement**: Quantification of the greenhouse gas benefits (reduction or capture) using mathematical models and/or direct physical measurements in the field

**Monitoring**: Ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time

**Reporting**: Documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization

**Verification**: Independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable.

Projects must submit an MMRV plan that includes details about how each of the following are addressed:

- Quantification approach, including:
  - o GHG models used
  - o GHG measurement plan (if applicable)
  - Approach to quantifying additional environmental benefits, if applicable (e.g., water quality, habitat)
- Verification approach:
  - o Compliance criteria
  - Verification plan/methodology
- Approach to ensuring:
  - o Additionality
  - o Permanence
  - o Leakage
  - Impacts of weather
- Plan for non-compliance

If the project is using a specific MMRV methodology or approach developed by the recipient, a project partner, or an outside organization, the project can submit documentation associated with the methodology as long as the documentation addresses each of the above categories.

If the project is tracking other environmental benefits (as reported in the *Additional Environmental Benefits* worksheet), include a description of the methodology and tools used to track and report on these benefits.

#### Field modeled GHG benefit reports

Results from any models besides COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits must also be submitted as a separate report. This includes projects running COMET-Farm. The full results of any model can be submitted in the native/standard format generated by the modeling tool and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID.

#### Field direct measurement results

For any direct physical measurements in the field, measurement results must be submitted as a separate report and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID. Measurement results reports must include the name of the equipment used for sampling or data collection, the name of the lab that analyzed the data, and the analytical method used.

Sample report types include soil analysis reports, summarized results of portable emissions analyzers or flux towers, water quality analyses, and plant species counts. These could be collected for the purposes of determining GHG emission reductions or carbon sequestration amounts, for calibration of tools or models, for tracking other environmental benefits, or for other reasons.

#### **Data Descriptions**

This section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated.

#### Unique IDs

Project ID: Unique ID at the project level – "Award Identifying Number" shown on award documentation
Partner ID: Unique ID at the partner level – use EIN; if no EIN, a unique ID will be assigned for use in these reports
State or territory of operation: State or territory name
County of operation: Physical county name
Farm ID: Unique ID at the operation level assigned by Farm Service Agency (FSA)

Tract ID: Unique ID at the tract level assigned by FSA

Field ID: Unique ID at the field level assigned by FSA

Project Summary

Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What climate-smart commodity types are produced by this project?
Description: Type of commodity incentivia	zed by the project. These commodities include those for whom
51 87 A	r other types of marketing support. See full list of commodity options
in Appendix B. List one commodity per row	Ν.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Commodity sales	
Data element name: Commodity sales	<b>Reporting question:</b> Did project activities result in sales this quarter of the commodity(ies) produced by this project?
Description: Indicator of sales of commod	ity(ies) related to project activities. If sales are reported, complete the
	is part of the quarterly performance report.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Farms enrolled	
Data element name: Farms enrolled	<b>Reporting question:</b> Did the project enroll any producers or fields this quarter?
Description: Indicator that the project en	olled producers or fields. If enrollment activities occurred this quarter
complete the <i>Producer Enrollment</i> and <i>Fie</i> performance report.	d Enrollment worksheets (Tables 4 and 5) as part of the quarterly
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	
Data element name: GHG calculation	Reporting question: What methods is the project using to
methods	calculate GHG benefits?
Description: List the way(s) that GHG ben	efits are being measured and calculated by the project this quarter.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Models
	Direct field measurements
1	• Both
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

GHG cumulative calculation	
Data element name: GHG cumulative	Reporting question: What method(s) was used to calculate the
calculation	total cumulative GHG benefits reported here?
project this quarter.	sed to calculate the total cumulative GHG benefits reported by the
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
8791 AT 6	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Models
	<ul> <li>Direct field measurements</li> </ul>
	Both
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	
Data element name: Cumulative GHG	Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total GHG
benefits	emission reductions (CO2eq) to date?
Description: Total cumulative estimated gr	reenhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation.
- ' 사실 중 전 1977 - 2월 42일 전 1979, 1979, 2079, 2077 - 2017 - 2017 - 2017 - 2017 - 2017 - 2017 - 2017 - 2017 - 201	hanges, enter the same number as the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	
Data element name: Cumulative carbon	Reporting question: How much carbon has the project
stock	sequestered to date?
	nange in carbon stock based on practice implementation. This is
	, enter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is
one ton of carbon = $3.67$ tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	Colord working and the Ale
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Data element name: Cumulative CO2	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the project's estimated total
benefit	cumulative CO2 emission reductions to date? arbon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation.
	hanges, enter the same number as the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	Data concettor in equency. Quarterly
Data element name: Cumulative CH4 bene	efit <b>Reporting question:</b> What are the project's estimated total
	CH4 emission reductions to date?
	ethane reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated
	ne same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is one ton
of $CH_4 = 25$ tons of $CO_2eq$ .	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduce CO <sub>2</sub> eq	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes

Cumulative N20 benefit	
Data element name: Cumulative N2O benefi	
	N2O emission reductions to date?
	ous oxide reduction based on practice implementation. This is
	umbers enter the same number as the previous quarter.
Conversion rate is one ton of $N_2O = 298$ tons	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduce CO <sub>2</sub> eq	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Offsets produced	1994 1850 1952 1977 - 1926 1844 194 19 1
Data element name: Offsets produced	<b>Reporting question:</b> How many carbon offsets have been produced in the project?
Ph 22	y enrolled project fields during the quarter. Offsets are defined as
having been verified and certified using an ac Data type: Decimal	ccepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Offsets sale	
Data element name: Offsets sale	Reporting question: To what marketplace(s) were carbon offsets sold?
defined as having been verified and certified List each marketplace name. Separate name	
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Offsets price	
Data element name: Offsets price	Reporting question: What was the average price of carbon received for offsets?
	id for carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields. Offsets are
	using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars per metric ton	Allowed values: 0-500
Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Insets produced	
Data element name: Insets produced	<b>Reporting question:</b> How many carbon insets have been produced in the project?
	enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having
	l standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
medbarement and methe tons cozeq	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes

Cost of on-farm TA	
Data element name: Cost of on-farm TA	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total amount that has been spent to provide on-farm TA?
and the start with the second fill the second second start second start start start start and the second second	tice-specific technical assistance provided by the project (by recipiened ed quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
MMRV cost	
Data element name: MMRV cost	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total amount that has been spent on MMRV activities?
Deceription: Total cost of all MMADV activity	as noted for by the project (recipient or partners) MMPV company

**Description:** Total cost of all MMRV activities paid for by the project (recipient or partners). MMRV components are defined as measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practices have been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable). This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

GHG monitoring method		
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	

Data element name: GHG monitoring 1-5 Reporting question: How did the project monitor GHG benefits?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of monitoring GHG benefits used this quarter as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

#### Data type: List Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category Drones . Ground-level photos and videos . **On-farm visit** Plot-based sampling Producer records or attestation Satellite monitoring or remote sensing Soil metagenomics Soil sensors Water sensors Other (specify) Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

### GHG reporting method

Data element name: GHG reporting 1-5

**Reporting question:** How did the project track and report implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of tracking and reporting on practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Automated devices
	Email
	Mobile app
	Paper
	Third-party actors
	Website
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
GHG verification method	
Data alament names CUC varification	Departing exertions, Upper did the project configuration potentian

Data element name: GHG verification method 1-5

**Reporting question:** How did the project verify implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of verifying practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Artificial intelligence	
	<ul> <li>Audit by recipient</li> </ul>	
	Computer modeling	
	Photos	
	Record audit	
	Satellite imagery	
	Site or field visit	
	Third-party audit	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

Partner Activities

### **Unique IDs**

Partner ID

Unique Project ID for each partner

Partner name	
Data element name: Name of partner organization	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the official name of the recipient or partner organization?
Description: Legal name of recipient or partner organized	zation
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partner type	
Data element name: Type of partner organization	Reporting question: What type of organization is this
Description: Legal/financial structure of recipient or pa	artner organization
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Commodity groups (501c5)</li> </ul>
	For-profit
	Individual
	Nonprofit
	<ul> <li>State or local agency</li> </ul>
	Tribal agency
54 10 1031 1251 da	University
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partner POC	
Data element name: Partner POC	<b>Reporting question:</b> Who is the point of contact for this project at the recipient or partner organization?
Description: Name of a point of contact for the recipie	
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation; update as necessary
Partner POC email	219 0201 022 2010 0055 100 92000 020 000 400
Data element name: Partner POC email	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the point of contact's email address?
Description: Email of the point of contact for the recip	
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
	357: 1124 62 (63)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes

Data element name: Partnership start date	Reporting question: When did the partnership start?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	d the recipient began formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partnership end date	
Data element name: Partnership end date	Reporting question: When did the partnership end?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	d the recipient stopped formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership end quarter
New partnership	
Data element name: New partnership	Reporting question: Is this a new partnership?
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)	ipient and the partner organization have not had a formal prior to the start of the project.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values:
	102.5
0.7	Allowed values: • Yes • No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know
Measurement unit: Category Logic: No response for recipient	Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know Required: Yes
Measurement unit: Category Logic: No response for recipient Data collection level: Partner	Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know
Measurement unit: Category Logic: No response for recipient Data collection level: Partner Partner total requested	<ul> <li>Allowed values:</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation</li> </ul>
Measurement unit: Category Logic: No response for recipient	Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know Required: Yes
Measurement unit: Category Logic: No response for recipient Data collection level: Partner Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the er value must be the sum of all previous entries plus th there are no changes, report the value from the pre-	Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? at the partner has requested reimbursement for from the he amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If evious quarter.
Measurement unit: Category Logic: No response for recipient Data collection level: Partner Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds that recipient from the start of the partnership to the er value must be the sum of all previous entries plus to there are no changes, report the value from the previous Data type: Decimal	Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? at the partner has requested reimbursement for from the he amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If evious quarter. Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Category Logic: No response for recipient Data collection level: Partner Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the er value must be the sum of all previous entries plus th there are no changes, report the value from the pre-	Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? at the partner has requested reimbursement for from the he amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If evious quarter.



Total match contribution	
Data element name: Total match contribution	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total match value the organization has contributed to the project to date?
Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds and in	-kind contributions (e.g., staff time, inputs, equipment
- Press and Performent and Mark Stores and a marked full of Section 2014 Stores and Architectures and a section	ided as a project match contribution from the start of the
	each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all
	orting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value
from the previous quarter.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Total match incentives	
Data element name: Total match incentives	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total value of match provided by this organization for producer incentives
provided as a project match contribution from the st	centive payments directly to producers that the partner has tart of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. sum of all previous entries plus match incentives in the e value from the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Match type	
Data element name: Match type 1-3	<b>Reporting question:</b> What types of match contributions has the organization provided to the
Description: Trace of motols and should be the	project?
<b>Description:</b> Types of match contributions other that	end of the reporting guarter. Enter up to the top three (in
·	In-kind staff time could be used for technical assistance,
<ul> <li>State of the state of the state</li></ul>	. Production inputs include seed, fertilizer, pesticides,
	worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of
	nn. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary
21	al column to enter other match types as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Equipment rental or use</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In-kind staff time</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Production inputs (reduced cost or free)</li> </ul>
	Program income
	Software
	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Match amount	
Data element name: Match amount 1-3	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the value of the match contributions the organization provided to the project?
project match contribution from the start of the part for up to the top three (in dollar value) match types.	ach match type that the organization has provided as a tnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amounts . The worksheet provides three columns for this data than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Training type provided	
Data element name: Training type 1-3 provided	<b>Reporting question:</b> What types of training has the organization provided to project partners? ct partner as a result of participating in the project during
of their own organization, or an outside organization training provided. The worksheet provides three col- one value for each column. If fewer than 3 training t is chosen, use the additional column to enter other t	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Data collection
	Grant reporting
	Marketing opportunities
	<ul> <li>Providing financial assistance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Providing technical assistance</li> </ul>
	Writing producer contracts
Logic: None – all respond	Other (specify)
	Roquirod, Voc
Data collection level: Partner	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Data collection level: Partner	
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project?
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values	Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If	Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? partner organization has provided during the reporting ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text.	Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? partner organization has provided during the reporting ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three . Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? partner organization has provided during the reporting ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three by Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Marketing support
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project? partner organization has provided during the reporting ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three . Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Marketing support • MMRV support
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Data collection frequency: Quarterly         Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project?         partner organization has provided during the reporting ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other         Select multiple values: No         Allowed values:       Marketing support         MMRV support       Producer outreach for enrollment
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Data collection frequency: Quarterly         Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project?         partner organization has provided during the reporting ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other         Select multiple values: No         Allowed values:         Marketing support         MRRV support         Producer outreach for enrollment         Technical assistance to producers
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Data collection frequency: Quarterly         Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project?         partner organization has provided during the reporting ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three to choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other         Select multiple values: No         Allowed values:         Marketing support         MMRV support         Producer outreach for enrollment         Technical assistance to producers         Training to other partner organizations
Data collection level: Partner Activity by partner Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Description: Types of activities that the recipient or quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) ty columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If activity types as free text. Data type: List	Data collection frequency: Quarterly         Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project?         partner organization has provided during the reporting ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other         Select multiple values: No         Allowed values:         Marketing support         MRRV support         Producer outreach for enrollment         Technical assistance to producers

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Activity cost	
Data element name: Activity cost 1-3	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the value of the activitie this organization has provided to the project?
<b>Description:</b> Cumulative (total) cost of each activity typ the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting of	그는 사람이 집중에는 것이다. 특히 사람이 있는 것이다. 사람이 가지 않는 것이다. 이번 것이다. 사람이 가지 않았는 사람이 없는 사람이 없는 것이다. 것이 같은 것이 가지 않는 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이다.
value) activity types. The worksheet provides three colu	mns for this data element. Enter one value for each
column. If fewer than 3 activity types are provided, leave	e unnecessary columns blank.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Products supplied	
Data element name: Products supplied	Reporting question: What products or supplies were provided to enrolled fields?
Description: Name(s) of products supplied to enrolled p	roducers as incentives or matching contributions. Enter
the name of each product, including its brand. Separate	each product name with a comma. If no products or
supplies were provided by the organization, leave the co	blumn blank.
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Product source	
Data element name: Product source	<b>Reporting question:</b> Which companies provided the supplies?
Description: Name of firm or company from which supp	blies were obtained.
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: Respond if text entered for 'Products supplied'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly



### **Marketing Activities**

Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of commodity is produced by the farmers enrolled in this project?
	uced or marketed through incentives from this project. If multiple use additional rows of the worksheet to report each commodity. Use choose the commodity from the list.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Marketing channel type	
Data element name: Marketing channel type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of marketing channel is used to sell this commodity?

**Description:** List a single type of marketing channel used to sell the commodity produced by farmers enrolled in the project. If a single commodity is marketed through multiple channels, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each combination of commodity and marketing channel. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the other marketing channel type(s) as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Agricultural marketing board Biorefinery Commodity broker Direct to consumer Direct to institution Direct to restaurant Distributor (including grain elevators) Food hub or cooperative Food processor Non-food byproducts processor Retailer USDA
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Number of buyers	
Data element name: Number of buyers	<b>Reporting question:</b> How many buyers are there in this marketing channel?
Description: List the number of individual	firms or buyers in this marketing channel.
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Count	Allowed values: 1-500
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Names of buyers	
Data element name: Names of buyers	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the names of all of the buyers in this marketing channel?
Description: Provide the names of all buyer	s in this marketing channel. Separate each name with a comma.
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Marketing channel geography	
Data element name: Marketing channel	Reporting question: What is the primary geography of the
geography	marketing channel?
	type of marketing channel. Primary geography means the scale at
	ling happens. Local means within a single state or directly
	a five-to-ten state area. National means across the United States.
	de of the United States. Global means across the world or not to a
specific international location.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Local
	Regional
	National
I	Global
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Value sold	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Data element name: Value sold	Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity sold in
Description: The dollar value of the commo	this marketing channel? dity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$1-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Volume sold	
Data element name: Volume sold	Reporting question: What is the volume of the commodity solo
	in this marketing channel?
Description: The volume of the commodity	sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Number	Allowed values: 1-100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes

Volume sold unit		
Data element name: Volume sold unit	Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?	
<b>Description:</b> The unit associated with the vectors of the additional column to enter <b>Data type:</b> List	olume of the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If "other" is the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
Measurement unit. Category	Bales (500 pounds)	
	Bushels	
	Carcass pounds	
	Gallons	
	Kilograms	
	Linear board feet	
	Liveweight pounds	
	Metric tons	
	Pounds	
	Short tons	
12 65 1284 1026 M	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Price premium		
Data element name: Price premium	<b>Reporting question:</b> What price premium is received for the commodity sold in this marketing channel?	
가슴에 가 가지 않는 것 같은 것 같	or the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price	
premium is the amount received above a 'b Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
2524CA DFU 1524 7705		
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0.01-\$10,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Price premium unit		
Data element name: Price premium unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium?	
Standard and the second standard standard standard standard standard standard standard standard standard standa	rice premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If n to enter the appropriate unit as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
field:	Allowed values:	
Measurement unit: Category	Per bale (500 pounds)	
	<ul> <li>Per bushel</li> </ul>	
	Per carcass pound	
	Per gallon	
	Per kilogram	
	Per linear board foot	
	Per live pound	
	Per metric ton	
	Per ounce	
	Per short ton	
	Other (specify)	
	Required: Yes	
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

Data element name: Price premium to	Reporting question: What percent of the price premium is
producer	provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this marketing channel?
considered and the second s	ium provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this
marketing channel this quarter. Price prem	ium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Percent	Allowed values: 0-100
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Data element name: Product differentiation method 1-3

**Reporting question:** What methods are used to differentiate climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

**Description:** Provide the methods used to differentiate the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Product differentiation methods are ways to distinguish or differentiate the climate-smart commodity in the marketplace. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 product differentiation methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other product differentiation methods as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	<ul> <li>Allowed values:</li> <li>Certification/verification for internal insetting</li> <li>Farm certification</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	<ul> <li>Label or badge used on packaging or marketing</li> <li>Third party certification/verification</li> <li>Trademark</li> <li>Other (specify)</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul>
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Data element name: Marketing method 1-3 Report

**Reporting question:** What methods are used to market climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

**Description:** Provide the method(s) used to market this commodity in this market channel. Marketing method is the way that potential buyers of the climate-smart commodity are engaged by the project partners as the sellers or facilitators of sale. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing methods as free text

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	<ul> <li>Label or badge used on packaging or marketing materials</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Marketing partnership (e.g., promotion by buyer)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Print marketing campaign</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Social media and digital marketing campaign</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Verbal marketing campaign (e.g., radio, word of mouth)</li> </ul>	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

Reporting question: What methods are used to generate
interest in climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

**Description:** Provide the marketing channel identification method(s) used for this commodity in this market channel. Market channel identification methods are the ways that producers and project partners generate interest in purchasing the climate-smart commodity. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing channel identification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing channel identification methods as free text

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	<ul> <li>Educational tours for buyers</li> </ul>	
	In-person lead generation	
	<ul> <li>Negotiated contracts with buyers</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Partnership network or project partner</li> </ul>	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Fraceability method		
Data element name: Traceability method	Reporting question: What traceability methods are used for	

1-3 climate-smart commodities in this channel?

Description: Provide the traceability method(s) used for the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Traceability methods are ways to trace the climate-smart commodity or the climate-smart claims through the supply chain. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 traceability methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other traceability methods as free text. Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Logic: None - all respond

## Allowed values:

- Barcode or unique ID
- Blockchain
- Book and claim
- Chain of custody
- Mass balance
- Recordkeeping
- Registry with certification
- Segregation
- Supply shed
- Volume proxy
- Other (specify)
- Required: Yes

그는 것 같은 것같 것 같 같은 것 것	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
지금 것 같아요. 한 것은 것 같아요. 이는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것 같아. 이는 것 같아. 이는 것 같아. 것 같아. 이는 것 않아. 이는 것 같아. 이는 것 않아. 이는 것 같아. 이는 것 않아. 이는 이 이는 것 않아. 이는 것 않이 이 이는 것 않아. 이는 것 이는 것 않이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이	동 그 동안 방법 공격하고 한 것은 것으로 한 것을 수 있는 것을 다 가지 않는 것을 가지 않는 것을 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 수 있는 것을 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 다 나가 있다.

Producer Enrollment

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name	(must match FSA farm enrollment data)
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Producer data change		
Data element name: Produce	r data change	<b>Reporting question:</b> Is there new/updated information for a producer who is re-enrolling in the project?
<b>Description:</b> Indicates that th the project and is re-enrolling.	지난 영국 이상에 있는 것이 많은 것이 집에 들었다. 것이 같이 많이	information for a producer who had previously enrolled in
Data type: List		Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category		Allowed values: • Yes • No
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment
Producer start date		
Data element name: Produce	r start date	Reporting question: When did the producer enroll in the project?
Description: Date that the pro-	oducer enrolled in the	e project by signing their first contract.
Data type: Date		Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/	YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Producer name		
Data element name: Produce		<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the name of producer enrolled in the project?
		project; the name must match the name contained in the perating Plan in FSA Business File for that Farm ID.
Data type: Text		Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA		Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment



Jnderserved status			
Data element name: Underserved s	tatus <b>Reporting question:</b> Is this producer considered an underserved and/or a small producer?		
Description: Underserved status of t	the primary operator of the enrolled operation. Underserved producers		
	socially disadvantaged farmers, veteran farmers, and limited resource		
E commence and a second s	cers growing specialty crops are generally also included in these categories.		
	less than \$350,000 in annual gross cash farm income. Indicate whether this		
producer is considered underserved	, a small producer, or both underserved and a small producer. Use "I don't		
~ 2011년 2월 11일 - 11일 2월 11일 11일 2월 11일 2월 11일 2월 11일 - 2011년 2월 11일 11일 2월 11일 2월 11일 2월 11일 2월 11일 2월 11일 2월 1	swer. Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for		
and A Marcanese a surger of a surger of the second first second of the second of the second of the AV	ng race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is		
-	e customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical		
5 D D	o determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they		
apply. <b>Data type:</b> List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
5,	Yes, underserved		
	Yes, small producer		
	<ul> <li>Yes, underserved and small producer</li> </ul>		
	• No		
e e 111 - 112 - 1	I don't know		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: No		
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment		
otal area			
Data element name: Total area	Reporting question: What is the total area of the farm?		
	issociated with the Farm ID. Report total area of the farm, even if only a		
(i) Some effective and the second of a second se Second second se Second second sec	project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review		
	ract is signed and provide any necessary updates.		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
	<ul> <li>Less than 1 acre</li> <li>1 to 9 acres</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>10 to 9 acres</li> <li>10 to 49 acres</li> </ul>		
	• 50 to 69 acres		
	• 70 to 99 acres		
	<ul> <li>100 to 139 acres</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>140 to 179 acres</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>180 to 219 acres</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>220 to 259 acres</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>260 to 499 acres</li> </ul>		
	500 to 999 acres		
	<ul> <li>1,000 to 1,999 acres</li> <li>2,000 to 4,000 acres</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>2,000 to 4,999 acres</li> <li>5,000 or more acres</li> </ul>		
	5,000 or more acres  Required: Yes		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes		
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent		

Total crop area	
Data element name: Total crop area	<b>Reporting question:</b> What percent of the current operation is cropland?
- No. 2012년 2월 20일 전에 12월 20일 전에 대해 12월 20일 전에 가지 않는 것이다. 12월 2월 20일 전에 전에 12월 20일 전에 12월 20일 전에 12월 20일 전에 12월	is currently used as cropland. If a producer is enrolled in the project for a each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
fotal livestock area	
Data element name: Total livestock area	<b>Reporting question:</b> What amount of the current operation is used for livestock (by area)?
feeding or milking. If a producer is enro	is currently used for pasture, grazing, rangeland; or animal housing, led in the project for multiple years, review the total livestock area each
time a new contract is signed and provid	
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Fotal forest area	
Data element name: Total forest area	<b>Reporting question:</b> What amount of the current operation is forested (by area)?
least 10% of the land area is covered in	is currently considered forest land use. Forest land use means that at trees that will be at least 13 feet tall when mature. If a producer is s, review the total forest area each time a new contract is signed and
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

ivestock type Data element name: Livestock type 1-3	Reporting question: What types of livestock are
Data element name: Livestock type 1-5	raised on the farm?
columns with a drop-down list of the allowed valu 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blar other livestock types as free text. If a producer is type each time a new contract is signed and provi	y head count) on the farm. The worksheet provides three ues. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than nk. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the livestock ide any necessary updates.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Alpacas
	Beef cows
	Beefalo
	Buffalo or
	bison
	Chickens
	(broilers)
	Chickens
	(layers)
	Dairy cows
	Deer
	<ul> <li>Ducks</li> <li>Elk</li> </ul>
	Emus     Equine
	Geese
	Geese     Goats
	Honeybees
	Llamas
	Reindeer
	Sheep
	Swine
	Turkeys
	Other
	(specify)
Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and
er er ning pr	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
ivestock head	Barrows Conservation France (Francescon Observation (Francescon Observation)
Data element name: Livestock head 1-3	Reporting question: How many livestock (by type) ar on this operation?

Description: Average annual head count for each type of livestock. Enter amounts for up to the top three livestock types by number. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the average annual head count each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.
Data type: Integer
Select multiple values: NA

	•
Measurement unit: Head count	Allowed values: 1-10,000,000
Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and
	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Organic fa	arm
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Data element name: Organic farm

**Reporting question:** Is any part of the farm currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

**Description:** USDA-certified organic means that the farm has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the farm each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

necessary updates.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: No
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and
	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Organic fields	
Data element name: Organic fields	<b>Reporting question:</b> Are any of the fields enrolled in the project currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?
certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-c means that some or all of the fields enrolled organic. No means that no part of the fields certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in	hat the operation has been certified by an accredited organic ertified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes in the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified enrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status act is signed and provide any necessary updates. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Organic operation'	Required: No
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Producer motivation	
Data element name: Producer motivation	Reporting question: Which of the following was the primary
	reason the producer enrolled in this project?
Description: Primary operator's motivation f	or enrolling in the project.
Description: Primary operator's motivation f Data type: List	
0.00C Z0 CC	or enrolling in the project.
Data type: List	for enrolling in the project. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Financial benefit • Environmental benefit • New market opportunity • Partnerships or networks

Producer outreach	
Data element name: Producer outreach 1- 3	Reporting question: What types of outreach were provided to producers?
activities are those focused on identifying a recipient or project partners. The workshee values. Choose one value for each column. blank. If "other" is chosen, use the addition	es of outreach provided to producer prior to enrollment. Outreach nd enrolling producers in the project. Outreach can come from the et provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed If there are fewer than 3 outreach types, leave unnecessary column al column to enter other outreach types as free text.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: Yes
Measurement unit: Category	<ul> <li>Allowed values:</li> <li>Commodity organizations</li> <li>Conferences</li> <li>Cooperative extension</li> <li>Digital communications and resources</li> <li>Education workshops, field days, and town halls</li> <li>Existing partner networks</li> <li>Farm visits and one-on-one meetings</li> <li>General advertising</li> <li>Peer referrals and producer groups</li> <li>Phone calls</li> <li>Print communications and resources</li> <li>Retailers</li> <li>State agencies</li> <li>Targeted messaging using proprietary data</li> <li>Technical service providers</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
SAF experience	
Data element name: CSAF experience	<b>Reporting question:</b> Has the primary operator implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years anywhere on the farm?
수가 이상에 이 방법에 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있었다. 그는 것이 되어 있었다. 그는 것이 가지 않는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것	mate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practices anywhere on the nt primary operator took control (whichever time period is shorter) ndix A. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know Required: Yes
Logic: None – all respond	Required: res

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Data collection level: Producer

USDA Partnerships for Cli	mate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients
February 2023	

CSAF federal funds Data element name: CSAF federal funds	Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by
Data element name: CSAF lederal funds	federal funds?
implementation supported by federal funds? not limited to, those from the Natural Resour Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), Conservat	pperator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was Federal funds are defined as being from programs including, but rces Conservation Service ((NRCS), including through Environmenta ion Stewardship Program (CSP), Regional Conservation Partnership rm Service Agency Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), as well as deral agencies. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
CSAF state or local funds	
Data element name: CSAF state or local	Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by
funds	state or local funds?
Decerimtions of this form lunder the primary of	neveter) has implemented CCAF exactions in the last ten years, was
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis	
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis <b>Data type:</b> List	tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis	tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No Allowed values:
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis <b>Data type:</b> List	tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Yes
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis <b>Data type:</b> List	tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Yes • No
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category	<ul> <li>tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis <b>Data type:</b> List	tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Yes • No
<ul> <li>implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis Data type: List</li> <li>Measurement unit: Category</li> <li>Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'</li> <li>Data collection level: Producer</li> </ul>	tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know Required: Yes
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category <b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know Required: Yes
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category <b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' <b>Data collection level:</b> Producer <b>CSAF nonprofit funds</b> <b>Data element name:</b> CSAF nonprofit funds <b>Description:</b> If this farm (under the primary o implementation supported by nonprofit funds	<ul> <li>tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> </li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds?</li>
<ul> <li>implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis Data type: List</li> <li>Measurement unit: Category</li> <li>Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'</li> <li>Data collection level: Producer</li> <li>CSAF nonprofit funds</li> <li>Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds</li> <li>Description: If this farm (under the primary or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> </li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds? <ul> <li>operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was</li> </ul> </li>
<ul> <li>implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis Data type: List</li> <li>Measurement unit: Category</li> <li>Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'</li> <li>Data collection level: Producer</li> <li>CSAF nonprofit funds</li> <li>Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds</li> <li>Description: If this farm (under the primary o implementation supported by nonprofit fund organization to a producer.</li> <li>Data type: List</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> </li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds? <ul> <li>operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was be? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit</li> </ul></li>
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis <b>Data type:</b> List <b>Measurement unit:</b> Category <b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' <b>Data collection level:</b> Producer <b>CSAF nonprofit funds</b> <b>Data element name:</b> CSAF nonprofit funds <b>Description:</b> If this farm (under the primary o implementation supported by nonprofit fund organization to a producer.	<ul> <li>tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values:         <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds?</li> <li>operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was a s? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit</li> </ul> <li>Select multiple values: No</li>
<ul> <li>implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis Data type: List</li> <li>Measurement unit: Category</li> <li>Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'</li> <li>Data collection level: Producer</li> <li>CSAF nonprofit funds</li> <li>Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds</li> <li>Description: If this farm (under the primary o implementation supported by nonprofit fund organization to a producer.</li> <li>Data type: List</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values:         <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds?</li> <li>operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was is? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit</li> </ul> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values:</li>
<ul> <li>implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis Data type: List</li> <li>Measurement unit: Category</li> <li>Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'</li> <li>Data collection level: Producer</li> <li>CSAF nonprofit funds</li> <li>Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds</li> <li>Description: If this farm (under the primary o implementation supported by nonprofit fund organization to a producer.</li> <li>Data type: List</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> </li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds? <ul> <li>operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was s? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li>
implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality dis Data type: List Measurement unit: Category           Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'           Data collection level: Producer           CSAF nonprofit funds           Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds           Description: If this farm (under the primary o implementation supported by nonprofit funds organization to a producer.           Data type: List	<ul> <li>tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies.</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul> </li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment</li> </ul> <li>Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds? <ul> <li>operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was is? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit</li> <li>Select multiple values: No</li> <li>Allowed values: <ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li>

SAF market incentives	
Data element name: CSAF market incentives	Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by market incentives?
Black and March and March 1995. A substant and a configurated March and a March 2005 and a sublighted	perator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was es? Market incentives include premiums paid by a commodity labeling as a climate-smart commodity.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

## Field Enrollment

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Prior Field ID, if applicable	Prior Field ID assigned by FSA if there has been reconstitution of the farm resulting in a new Field ID during the field's enrollment in the project	
Field data change		
Data element name: Field data c	hange <b>Reporting question:</b> Has the information previously reported for this field changed? ntry is being used to report any relevant changes, such as a new Field ID	
	odity or practice combinations, for a field that has previously been enrolled in	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Yes	
	• No	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment	
Contract start date		
Data element name: Contract sta Description: Start date listed on	art date <b>Reporting question:</b> What is the start date of the contract with the producer that includes this field? the contract that enrolls the field in the project.	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYY		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Total field area		
Data element name: Total field a	rea <b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total size of the enrolled field?	
Description: Total size of the field		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: .01-500	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	

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Data element name: Commodity category	Reporting question: What category of
but clement name. commonly category	commodity(ies) is (are) produced from this field
Description: Category of commodity(ies) produced in fie	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Crops
	Livestock
	Trees
	Crops and livestock
	Crops and trees
	<ul> <li>Livestock and trees</li> </ul>
a a 192 an a	<ul> <li>Crops, livestock and trees</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What type of commodity i produced from this field?
<b>Description:</b> Type of commodity produced in field enroll worksheet provides a drop-down list of the allowed valu commodities in subsequent rows.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
and a second sec	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list Required: Yes
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond	the constant St
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Required: Yes
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Required: Yes
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field?
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield Data element name: Baseline yield Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 yea field if possible. If not at field level, provide average ann	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field? ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled mual yield for the specific commodity for the operation.
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield Data element name: Baseline yield Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 yea	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field? ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Baseline yield Data element name: Baseline yield Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 yea field if possible. If not at field level, provide average ann	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field? ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled mual yield for the specific commodity for the operation.
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field aseline yield Data element name: Baseline yield Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 yea field if possible. If not at field level, provide average ann Data type: Decimal	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field? ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled mual yield for the specific commodity for the operation. Select multiple values: No



Data element name: Baseline yield un	it <b>Reporting question:</b> Baseline yield unit
	eld of commodity in enrolled field in 3 years prior to enrollment. The of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional unit as free text.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Animal units per acre
	Bushels per acre
	Carcass pounds per animal
	Head per acre
	Hundred-weights (or pounds) per head
	Linear feet per acre
	<ul> <li>Liveweight pounds per animal</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pounds per acre</li> </ul>
	Tons per acre
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
aseline yield location	
Description: Location of the reported a	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If
<b>Description:</b> Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co <b>Data type:</b> List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field
<b>Description:</b> Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co <b>Data type:</b> List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. <b>Select multiple values</b> : No <b>Allowed values:</b> • Enrolled field • Whole operation
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional o Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional of Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify)
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field eld land use	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field eld land use Data element name: Field land use	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history?
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional of Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field eld land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years?
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field eld land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what Data type: List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field eld land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what Data type: List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No Allowed values:
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field eld land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what Data type: List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field eld land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what Data type: List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land • Forest land
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field leld land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what Data type: List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land • Forest land • Non-agriculture
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field leld land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what Data type: List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land • Forest land
Description: Location of the reported a "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field leld land use Data element name: Field land use Description: Prior to enrollment, what Data type: List	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land • Forest land • Non-agriculture • Other agricultural land
"other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field ield land use Data element name: Field land use	baseline yield being reported? average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If olumn to enter the appropriate location as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Enrolled field • Whole operation • Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What is this field's land use history? t was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years? Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land • Forest land • Non-agriculture • Other agricultural land • Pasture

Field irrigated	
Data element name: Field irrigated	Reporting question: What is this field's irrigation history?
Description: Prior to enrollment, what wa	as the most common irrigation practice on this field the past 3 years?
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
1993 - S	No irrigation
	Center pivot
	Drip-subsurface
	Drip-surface
	Flood/border
	Furrow/ditch
	Lateral/linear sprinklers
	Micro-sprinklers
	Seepage
	Side roll
	Solid set sprinklers
	Supplemental
	Surface
	Traveling gun/towline
	Wheel Line
	Other
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Field tillage	
Data element name: Field tillage	Reporting question: What is this field's tillage history?
Description: Prior to enrollment, what wa	as the most common tillage approach during the past 3 years?
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	None
	Conventional, inversion
	Conventional, vertical
	No-till, direct seed
	<ul> <li>Reduced till, inversion</li> </ul>
	Reduced till, vertical
	Strip till
	Other
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients	5
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Practice past extent - farm Data element name: Practice past extent -	Reporting question: What percent of the farm has
farm	implemented this CSAF practice (combination) previously?
	ion of the whole farm had this (these) CSAF practice(s) ever beer
가 있는 것은 것을 것을 수 있다. 이상 등 등 것이지 않는 것을 알려야 하는 것을 가지 않는 것이 있는 것을 것을 것을 했다. 것이 있는 것을 것을 것을 가지 않는 것을 것을 하는 것이 하는 것이 ㅠ	tices are planned to be implemented in this field, enter the value
that best corresponds to the farm's prior expe	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incusar cinent and category	Never used
	<ul> <li>Used on less than 25% of operation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Used on 25-50% of operation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Used on 51-75% of operation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Used on more than 75% of operation</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
ield any CSAF practice	ರುವಾದ, ಕರ್ನಾಮದರು ದೇವಡಿ ಮರುಜ್ಯ ೩೪೧ ರಾಜನಾಗಿಯ ಮುದ್ದಾರೆ. 1
Data element name: Field any CSAF practice	Reporting question: What is this field's prior experience with
a 15	CSAF practices?
Description: Prior to enrollment, have any CSA	AF practice or practices been used in this field in the past 3 years
CSAF practices are included in a list in Append	ix A.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
ractice past use - this field	
Data element name: Practice past use - this	Reporting question: Have this CSAF practice (combination)
field	been implemented previously in this field?
	se) CSAF practice(s) been used in this field in the in the past 3
	n used previously in this field; enter some if multiple practices are
	all of the practices had been used previously in this field; and
enter no if none of the practices had been use	이 이 가슴에 있는 것은
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
	Allowed values:
Measurement unit: Category	
Measurement unit: Category	Yes
Measurement unit: Category	• Some
Measurement unit: Category	<ul><li>Some</li><li>No</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Some</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond	<ul><li>Some</li><li>No</li></ul>

Practice type	
Data element name: Practice type 1-7	<b>Reporting question:</b> What CSAF practice is being implemented in this field through the project?
project? CSAF practices are included in a list in	s will be implemented on this field as part of enrollment in the n Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data
	there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field
through enrollment in the project, leave unne	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: See list in Appendix A
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Practice standard	
Data element name: Practice standard 1-7	Reporting question: What standard does the CSAF practice follow?
defined practice standard? The worksheet pro each column, corresponding to the practice to	mented on the field as part of enrollment in the project following a ovides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for ypes entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 ough enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	NRCS
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
	neguired. res
Data collection level: Field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Data collection level: Field	
Data collection level: Field Planned practice implementation year Data element name: Practice 1-7 implementation year	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented?
Data collection level: Field Planned practice implementation year Data element name: Practice 1-7 implementation year Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pla defined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colun corresponding to the practice types entered i	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented?
Data collection level: Field Planned practice implementation year Data element name: Practice 1-7 implementation year Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pla defined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollment	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented? anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.
Data collection level: Field Planned practice implementation year Data element name: Practice 1-7 implementation year Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pla defined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colun corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollment Data type: Integer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented? anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No
Data collection level: Field Planned practice implementation year Data element name: Practice 1-7 implementation year Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pla defined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollment Data type: Integer Measurement unit: Year	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented? anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030
Data collection level: Field Planned practice implementation year Data element name: Practice 1-7 implementation year Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pla defined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollment Data type: Integer Measurement unit: Year Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented? anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field Planned practice implementation year Data element name: Practice 1-7 implementation year Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pla defined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollment Data type: Integer Measurement unit: Year Logic: None – all respond	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented? anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: To what extent is the practice
Data collection level: Field         Planned practice implementation year         Data element name: Practice 1-7         implementation year         Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pladefined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered is implemented on this field through enrollment         Data type: Integer         Measurement unit: Year         Logic: None – all respond         Data collection level: Field         Practice extent         Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented? anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, n the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Data collection level: Field         Planned practice implementation year         Data element name: Practice 1-7         implementation year         Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pladefined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollment         Data type: Integer         Measurement unit: Year         Logic: None – all respond         Data collection level: Field         Practice extent         Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent         Description: Total area, length, or head where	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment  Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented?  anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment  Reporting question: To what extent is the practice implemented?
Data collection level: Field Planned practice implementation year Data element name: Practice 1-7 implementation year Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pla defined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colun corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollment Data type: Integer Measurement unit: Year Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Practice extent Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent Description: Total area, length, or head where contract.	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment  Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented?  anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this ons for this data element. Enter one value for each column, in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment  Reporting question: To what extent is the practice implemented? e the practice is being implemented in the field specified by the Select multiple values: No Allowed values: .01-
Data collection level: Field         Planned practice implementation year         Data element name: Practice 1-7         implementation year         Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pladefined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colum corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollment         Data type: Integer         Measurement unit: Year         Logic: None – all respond         Data collection level: Field         Practice extent         Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent         Description: Total area, length, or head where contract.         Data type: Decimal	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment  Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to be implemented?  anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters ly implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this ons for this data element. Enter one value for each column, in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being t in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 2022-2030 Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment  Reporting question: To what extent is the practice implemented? e the practice is being implemented in the field specified by the Select multiple values: No

Practice extent unit	
Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent unit	Reporting question: Unit for extent of practice implementation
Description: Unit for extent of practic	ce implementation on the field specified by the contract. If "other" is
chosen, use the additional column to	enter the appropriate unit.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acres
	<ul> <li>Head of livestock</li> </ul>
	Linear feet
	Square feet
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

### **CSAF Practice Sub-questions**

For certain practices, additional questions are asked that provide information necessary to estimate greenhouse gas benefits from implementation of the practice. See Table 11 in the *CSAF Practice Sub-questions* section for descriptions of individual questions to be answered depending on the CSAF practices selected.

Farm Summary

#### Unique IDs

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

#### **Producer TA received**

Data element name: Producer TA received Reporting question: What types of technical assistance were 1-3 provided to this producer?

Description: Did the recipient or any partner provide technical assistance (TA) to the producer this year? Technical assistance is any training, education, capacity building or other support provided by any project partner(s) directly to producers enrolled in the project. List up to the top three most common types of TA provided to this producer. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 TA types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other TA types as free text.

### Data type: List

Select multiple values: No

Measurement	unit:	Category
-------------	-------	----------

Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Demonstration plots
	<ul> <li>Equipment demonstrations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Group field days or in-person field workshops</li> </ul>
	Hotline
	<ul> <li>One-on-one enrollment assistance</li> </ul>
	One-on-one field visits
	One-on-one producer mentorship
	<ul> <li>Producer networks and peer-to-peer groups</li> </ul>
	Retailer consultation
	<ul> <li>Social media/digital tools</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Train-the-trainer opportunities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Virtual meetings or field days</li> </ul>
	Webinars and videos
	Written materials
	None
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Producer incentive amount	
Data element name: Producer incentive	Reporting question: What is the total value of financial
amount	incentives provided to this producer?
Description: Total incentive payment received	ved by the producer from USDA project funds for the year (non-
cumulative). Do not include incentive paym	ents made with partner match funds.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$5,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

ncentive reason	
Data element name: Incentive reason 1-4	Reporting question: Why were incentives provided to this producer?
incentive for each reason. The worksheet p	ducer incentive payments. List the top 4 based on total value of the rovides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. are fewer than 4 reasons, leave unnecessary columns blank. If
Measurement unit: Category	<ul> <li>Allowed values:</li> <li>Avoided conversion</li> <li>Conference or training attendance</li> <li>Demographics/equity payment</li> <li>Enrollment</li> <li>Foregone revenue</li> <li>Historic data collection</li> <li>Identity preservation (supply chain tracing)</li> <li>Implementation of practices</li> <li>MMRV (e.g., data collection, reporting)</li> <li>Passing audit</li> <li>Price premium on output</li> <li>Yield change</li> <li>Other (mersic)</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Other (specify)     Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ncentive structure	
Data element name: Incentive structure 1-4	4 Reporting question: What are the units for the financial incentives provided to this producer? esponding to the top 4 (by dollar value) incentive payments to
with a drop-down list of the allowed values	ume (bushel, kilogram, ton). The worksheet provides four columns . Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 s blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter othe
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: Flat rate Per animal head Per area Per length Per production unit Per ton GHG Per tree Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level, Producer	Data collection from unantur Quartarly

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Data element name: Incentive type 1-4	Reporting question: What type of incentives were provided to
	each producer?
Description: List the top 4 types of incentiv	ve payments to producers (based on dollar value). The worksheet
provides four columns with a drop-down li	st of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there
are fewer than 4 incentive types, leave unr	necessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional
column to enter other incentive types as fr	ree text.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incusarement and category	Cash payment
	Equipment loan
	<ul> <li>Guaranteed commodity premium payment</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Inputs and supplies</li> </ul>
	Land rental
	Loan
	Paid labor
	<ul> <li>Post-harvest transportation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Tuition or fees for training</li> </ul>
Legis None all respond	
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer	Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ayment on enrollment	Data conection nequency. Quarterry
Data element name: Payment on	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is
enrollment	provided to the producer upon enrollment in the project?
	ded to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not
related to any implementation MMRV or a	cales activities. Full navment means the full incentive amount for any
44 (8)	
contract held by the producer is paid upon	enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by	the producer is paid upon enrollment. No payment means that none
contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by of the full incentive amount for any contra-	enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full the producer is paid upon enrollment. No payment means that none ct held by the producer is paid upon enrollment.
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Data element name: Payment on harvest	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is
	provided to the producer upon harvest of the commodity?
	ed to the producer upon harvesting or slaughtering the commodity
	ns the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is
R (S)	hat only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by
	nent means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract
held by the producer is paid upon harvest.	Colort multiple values. No
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Full payment
	Partial payment
Logic: None - all respond	No payment     Required: Yes
Logic: None – all respond	22 AVA 12 RE 10
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Payment on MMRV Data element name: Payment on MMRV	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is
Data element name. Payment on wiwiky	provided to the producer upon completing MMRV
	requirements?
Description: Any incentive payment provide	ed to the producer upon completing the annual MMRV requirements
	is the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is
51 J.50	ayment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any
	MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full
- 홍산 2.43 ~ 10 월일 2.45 시간 ~ 10 10 - 특징 방법 - 기대 14 대부터 사내 방법 전대 대상 전쟁이 문화했다. 2	he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Full payment
	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	<ul><li>Full payment</li><li>Partial payment</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale.	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes         Data collection frequency: Quarterly     </li> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?</li> <li>ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.</li> <li>e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale.	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment         Required: Yes         Data collection frequency: Quarterly         </li> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is         provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?</li> <li>ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the         tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.</li> <li>e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid         the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is         Select multiple values: No         Allowed values:</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is Select multiple values: No Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is sale. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes         Data collection frequency: Quarterly     </li> <li>Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?</li> <li>ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.</li> <li>e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is</li> <li>Select multiple values: No         Allowed values:         <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Producer Payment on sale Data element name: Payment on sale Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incen Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale. Data type: List	<ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> <li>No payment</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Quarterly</li> </ul> Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity? ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. e full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is Select multiple values: No Allowed values: <ul> <li>Full payment</li> <li>Partial payment</li> </ul>

Unique IDs		
Farm ID Ur	ique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID Ur	ique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID Ur	ique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field Sta	ate name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field Co	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Commodity type		
Data element name: Commodity type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of commodity is produced from this field?	
	d in field enrolled in the project. See full list in Appendix B. The	
	h a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each	
column. Leave unnecessary columns blan Data type: List	k. Select multiple values: No	
505) -	Allowed values: FSA commodity list	
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
	Data collection frequency. Quarterly	
Practice type Data element name: Field practice type 1	-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented	
Data element name. Field practice type 1	in this field through the project?	
Description: Which climate-smart agricul	ture or forestry (CSAF) practice or practices are being implemented in	
- 1998년 1979년 2월 1979년 1982년 1982년 1988년 1989년 1989년 1989년 1989년 1989년 1987년 1987년 1987년 1987년 1987년 1987년 1987	in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this	
data element. Enter one value for each co	olumn. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this	
field through enrollment in the project, le		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: See list in Appendix A	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Date practice complete		
Data element name: Date practice comp	ete <b>Reporting question:</b> When did the project certify CSAF practice implementation as complete?	
Description: Date that the project certifie	s that implementation of the CSAF practice is complete on the field.	
Use January of the year prior to contract	year for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively	
10 TO 10	ct associated with this project is signed). The worksheet provides	
	er one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types	
· 이상 사실에 있는 것 수 있는 것 같아요. 이상 사실에 가지 않는 것 것 같아요. 이상 가지 않는 것 것 같아요. 이상 사실에 있는 것 같아요. 이상 사실에 있는 것 같아요. 이상 사실에 있는 것	are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through	
enrollment in the project, leave unnecess	e and a second provide and the second s	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

Contract end date	
Data element name: Contract end date	Reporting question: Contract end date
<b>Description:</b> End date listed on the contract that enr submit updated end date during the next quarter's re <b>Data type:</b> Date	olls the field in the project. If contract end date changes, eporting. Select multiple values: No
124/221 2414 (1997) 2414 (1997) 2417 (1997)	124-0354-021410-020-021420-022-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02042-02
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	
Data element name: MMRV assistance provided	Reporting question: Was MMRV assistance provided?
includes in-field support for the use of technologies, support related to MMRV. MMRV is defined a measu monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that th to the agreed upon standard and documentation of a impacts over time), reporting (documenting and shar partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification	rement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), the climate-smart practice has been implemented according any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions ring monitoring and measurement results with project
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	
Data element name: Marketing assistance provided	provided?
그는 사람들은 것을 모아났다. 아이는 아이는 아이는 아이는 아이는 것을 다 나라 가지 않는 것을 다 나라 가지 않는 것을 다 가지 않는 것을 다 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다.	to the primary operator for the commodity(ies) produced nteeing the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a platform branding, or other support related to marketing. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ncentive per acre or head	
Data element name: Incentive per acre or head	Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?
Description: Is this field receiving an incentive payme	ent to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices
on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis?	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Yes
	• No
	I don't know
	• I don t know
Logic: None – all respond	• Required: Yes

Field commodity value	
Data element name: Field commodity value	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the value of the commodity produced on the enrolled field?
Description: The dollar value of the commodity p	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field commodity volume	16 (24) (2 U
Data element name: Field commodity volume	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the volume of commodity produced on the enrolled field?
Description: The volume of the commodity prod	uced on the enrolled field
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Number	Allowed values: 1-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field commodity volume unit	
Data element name: Field commodity volume	Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify)
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify)
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field?
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Measurement unit: Category Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation Description: Total annual estimated cost per uni	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field? t of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field.
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation Description: Total annual estimated cost per uni Data type: Decimal	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field? t of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field. Select multiple values: No
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Measurement unit: Category Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation Description: Total annual estimated cost per uni Data type: Decimal Measurement unit: Dollars	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field? t of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000
Data element name: Field commodity volume unit Description: The unit associated with the volume chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field Cost of implementation Data element name: Cost of implementation Description: Total annual estimated cost per uni Data type: Decimal	e of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is ional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels Carcass weight pounds Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify) Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field? t of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field. Select multiple values: No

Cost unit Data element name: Cost unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for cost?
	the cost of implementing CSAF practices in the field. If "other" is chosen,
enter the appropriate value in the add	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
20-028-039-04-0408-049-05-00-05-00-0-00-0-00-0-00-0-0-0-0-0-0	Allowed values:
Measurement unit: Category	Per acre
	Per bushel
	Per head
	Per linear foot
	Per pound
	Per ton
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cost coverage	
Data element name: Cost coverage	Reporting question: What percent of the practice cost is
a meneral and a reaction of the second of them	covered by the incentive?
<b>Description:</b> Estimated proportion of t incentives.	total annual cost of implementing the practice(s) that is covered by project
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Percent	Allowed values: 0-100
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ield GHG monitoring	
Data element name: Field GHG monit	
1-3	field?
is defined as ongoing review and confi to the agreed upon standard and docu impacts over time. Include up to 3 me The worksheet provides three column column. If fewer than 3 GHG monitoria	s of monitoring GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring rmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according umentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions thods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. s with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each ng methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Drones
	<ul> <li>Ground-level photos and videos</li> </ul>
	On-farm inspection
	<ul> <li>Plot-based sampling (e.g., soil, water)</li> </ul>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Producer records or attestation
	<ul><li>Producer records or attestation</li><li>Satellite monitoring or remote sensing</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Producer records or attestation</li> <li>Satellite monitoring or remote sensing</li> <li>Soil metagenomics</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producer records or attestation</li> <li>Satellite monitoring or remote sensing</li> <li>Soil metagenomics</li> <li>Soil sensors</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producer records or attestation</li> <li>Satellite monitoring or remote sensing</li> <li>Soil metagenomics</li> <li>Soil sensors</li> <li>Water sensors</li> </ul>
logic: None – all respond	<ul> <li>Producer records or attestation</li> <li>Satellite monitoring or remote sensing</li> <li>Soil metagenomics</li> <li>Soil sensors</li> <li>Water sensors</li> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond Data collection level: Field	<ul> <li>Producer records or attestation</li> <li>Satellite monitoring or remote sensing</li> <li>Soil metagenomics</li> <li>Soil sensors</li> <li>Water sensors</li> </ul>

USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for	or Recipients
February 2023	

ield GHG reporting	
Data element name: Field GHG reporting 1-3	Reporting question: How were GHG benefits reported for this field?
is defined as documenting and sharing mo recipient, and any third-party verification most commonly used for this field. The wo values. Choose one value for each column	reporting on GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting onitoring and measurement results with project partners, the organization. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are orksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed I. If fewer than 3 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary ne additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Automated devices
	Email
	Mobile app
	Paper
	Third-party actors
	Website
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ield GHG verification	
Data element name: Field GHG verificatio	n Reporting question: How was implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions verified for this field?
defined as independent confirmation that accurate and reliable. Include up to 3 met The worksheet provides three columns wi column. If fewer than 3 GHG verification r chosen, use the additional column to ente <b>Data type:</b> List	ation of GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, hods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field th a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each nethods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is er other GHG verification methods as free text. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Artificial intelligence
	Computer modeling
	Recipient audit     Rector
	<ul> <li>Photos</li> <li>Record audit</li> </ul>
	Satellite imagery
	Site or field visit
	Service Service and a state of the state of the state
	<ul> <li>Third-party audit</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Third-party audit</li> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	<ul> <li>Third-party audit</li> <li>Other (specify)</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul>

Field GHG calculations	
Data element name: Field GHG	Reporting question: What methods are used to calculate GHG
calculations	benefits in this field?
the state is a first second data and the state is a state of the state	alculate GHG benefits in this field. If yes to direct physical
measurements, submit result reports (see results).	e Supplemental Data Submission – Field direct GHG measurement
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Models
	<ul> <li>Direct field measurements</li> </ul>
	• Both
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ield official GHG calculation	
Data element name: Field official GHG calculation	Reporting question: What method was used to calculate the official GHG benefits in this field?
	ulate the official GHG benefits in this field that are reported as part of
the project's aggregate impact.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
nan da talan keta mata keta alam kata dari kata mata kata kata kata kata kata kata	Models
	<ul> <li>Direct field measurements</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official GHG ER	
Data element name: Field official GHG	Reporting question: What are the estimated total GHG emission
emission reductions	reductions (CO2eq) in this field?
	mission reductions from practice implementation in this field that are
	e impact. This data element must be entered upon practice completion
or annually, as appropriate.	Colort multiple volume. No
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official carbon stock	
Data element name: Field official carbon stock	<b>Reporting question:</b> How much carbon has been sequestered in this field?
	rbon stock based on practice implementation in this field. This data
element can be reported in any quarter a	nd is cumulative for the year. Conversion rate is one ton of carbon =
3.67 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	Colort multiple values. No
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official CO2 ER		
Data element name: Field official CO2 emission reductions	Reporting question: What are the estimated total CO2 emission reductions in this field?	
	e emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field	
that are reported as part of the project's ag	ggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice	
completion or annually, as appropriate.	Colorat manufation in the second state	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Field official CH4 ER		
Data element name: Field official CH4 emis reductions	ssion <b>Reporting question:</b> What are the estimated total CH4 emission reductions in this field?	
Description: Estimated total methane emis	sion reductions based on practice implementation in this field that	
(13)	ate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice	
	nversion rate is one ton of $CH_4 = 25$ tons of $CO_2eq$ .	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduce CO <sub>2</sub> eq	ed in Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Field official N20 ER		
Data element name: Field official N2O emis reductions	ssion <b>Reporting question:</b> What are the estimated total N2O emission reductions in this field?	
Characterization and the second s	emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field	
that are reported as part of the project's ag	ggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice nversion rate is one ton of $N_2O = 298$ tons of $CO_2eq$ .	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduc	24-10 Million Linux III A Construction Construction Construction	
CO <sub>2</sub> eq	ed in Allowed Values. 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Field offsets produced		
Data element name: Field offsets produced	Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been produced in this field?	
Description: Total carbon offsets produced	in the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Offsets are defined	
	an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	

Field insets produced		
Data element name: Field insets produced	Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in this field?	
	the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Insets are defined as ccepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Other field measurement		
Data element name: Other field measurement	<b>Reporting question:</b> Were data collected from the field for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation?	
benefits estimation. These reasons could incle environmental benefits (see Field environme corresponding reports (see <i>Supplemental da</i>	or data collection taken in the field for any reason other than GHG lude calibration of GHG estimation tools or models, tracking other ental benefits report), and other reasons. If yes, submit ta submission - Field direct measurement results).	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Yes • No • I don't know	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

### GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA		
Tract ID	Uniqu	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Uniqu	ue Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State	name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	Coun	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Commodity type			
Data element name: Commodity type 1-6		<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of commodity(ies) is produced from this field?	
	ovides mult	ced in field enrolled in the project. See full list of commodity options iple columns with drop-down lists of the allowed values. Choose ary columns blank Select multiple values: No	
		Allowed values: FSA commodity list	
Logic: None – all respond Required: If project calculates GH		Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods	
Data collection level: Field		Data collection frequency: Annual	
Practice type			
Data element name: Practice type 1-7		<b>Reporting question:</b> What CSAF practice is being implemented by this project?	
included in a list in Appendix A.	he workshe	es are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are eet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value ractices being implemented by the project, leave unnecessary	
Data type: List Select multiple values: No		Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category		Allowed values: See list in Appendix A	
Logic: None – all respond		Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods	
Data collection level: Field		Data collection frequency: Annual	

iHG model Data element name: GHG model	Reporting question: What model was used for alternate calculation of GHG benefit
	d for the alternate calculation of the field's GHG benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
600 ac	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	ACC Calculator
	<ul> <li>Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU) Carbon Calculator</li> <li>AIRES</li> </ul>
	AIRES     APEX
	Bowen Ratio Energy Balance
	Carat-Calculator
	CArPE
	CDFA web-based calculator
	COMET-Farm
	COMET-Planner
	CoolFarm
	Cover Crop Explore
	CropTrak
	CultivateAl's FMIS
	DayCent-CR
	DNDC
	DSSAT
	Earth Optics
	EcoPractices
	EPIC
	<ul> <li>Extrapolation based on literature</li> </ul>
	FieldPrint
	Granular
	GREET
	• gTIR
	IFSM
	<ul> <li>IPCC default emissions factors &amp; models</li> </ul>
	itree
	Nitrogen Balance
	Nutrient Tracking Tool (NTT)
	RCD Project Tracker
	Revised Universal Soil Loss equation 2 (RUSLE2)
	RuFas
	SAFE-Link     SALUE (CIRC)
	SALUS (CIBO)     SNADCRAZE
	SNAPGRAZE     SquareBoats
	<ul> <li>SquareRoots</li> <li>SWAT-C</li> </ul>
	SYMFONI     Truterra Sustainability Tool
	Verra
	WEPP
	YardStick
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Model start date	
Data element name: Model start date	<b>Reporting question:</b> For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model start date)?
Description: Date that the model parameter	rs begin.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/1950 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Model end date	Y
Data element name: Model end date	<b>Reporting question:</b> For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model end date)?
Description: Date that the model parameter	rs end.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023- 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	
Data element name: Total GHG benefits estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field' total GHG emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total greenhouse gas emission using an alternate model.	reductions from practice implementation in the field estimated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	
Data element name: Total carbon stock estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of how muc carbon has the field has sequestered?
<b>Description:</b> Total change in carbon stock ba alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton	ased on practice implementation in the field estimated using an
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total CO2 estimated	22 22
Data element name: Total CO2 estimated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the alternate estimate of the field total CO2 emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total carbon dioxide emission r using an alternate model.	eductions based on practice implementation in the field estimated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual



Fotal CH4 estimated		
Data element name: Total CH4 estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternat estimate of the field's total CH4 emissior reductions?	
<b>Description:</b> Total methane emission reductions based on prac an alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton of CH <sub>4</sub> = 25 ton	N 174	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
otal field N20 estimated		
Data element name: Total N2O estimated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the alternate estimate of the field's total N2O emission reductions?	
<b>Description:</b> Total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on using an alternate method. Conversion rate is one ton of $N_2O$ =	= 298 tons of CO₂eq.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

#### GHG Benefits - Measured

110	iau	~ 1	n.	

Unique IDs		
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by F	SA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by F	SA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FS	5A
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
GHG measurement method		
Data element name: GHG measurement method		<b>Reporting question:</b> What measurement method is used to calculate GHG benefits?
1.172		G benefits. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in	n the additional column.	
Data type: List		Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category		<ul> <li>Allowed values:</li> <li>Emissions measurement unit</li> <li>Flux towers</li> <li>Litterbags</li> <li>Plant measurements</li> <li>Portable emissions analyzers</li> <li>Soil flux chambers</li> <li>Soil samples</li> <li>Soil sensors</li> <li>Vehicle-mounted sensors</li> <li>Other (specify)</li> <li>Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field</li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field		Data collection frequency: Annual
Lab name		256 Decembra 25.00 (10) 01.000 01.000 01.000 01.000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Data element name: Lab name	1 Martine Contraction (1997)	question: What is the name of the lab that the measurement samples?
Description: Name of entity that	at received data and conducted analys	All and a second second from the second s
Data type: Text	Select mu	tiple values: No
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed v	alues: Free text
Logic: None – all respond	Required:	If applicable
MANY INC. CALLS 1981 AN ALL DRAFT AND		FIGURE MANY day for

Data collection frequency: Annual

Data collection level: Field



Measurement start date		
Data element name: Measurement start date	<b>Reporting question:</b> On what date did the measurement start?	
Description: Date that the measurements began. If it was a single point in time, use the same date for s		
and end date. If multiple measurements took place ov began.	er a time period, use the date that the measurements firs	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples or take carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Measurement end date		
Data element name: Measurement end date	Reporting question: On what date did the measurement end?	
	was a single point in time, use the same date for start date	
and end date. If multiple measurements took place ov were completed.	er a time period, use the date that the measurements	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023- 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Total CO2 reduction calculated		
Data element name: Total CO2 reduction calculated Description: Total annual CO2 emission reductions bas from in-field measurements.	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the total measured CO2 emission reductions? sed on practice implementation in the field calculated	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project takes	
Logic: None an respond		
Data collection level: Field	carbon stock or greenhouse ga emission measurements in this field <b>Data collection frequency:</b> Annual	
is building to occurrent the end of the end of the period of the end of the e	emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency:	
is building to occurrent the end of the end of the period of the end of the e	emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency:	
Total field carbon stock measured Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samp 'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one	emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual Reporting question: What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field? implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil les should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	
Total field carbon stock measured Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samp 'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one Data type: Decimal	emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual Reporting question: What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field? e implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil les should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq. Select multiple values: No	
Total field carbon stock measured Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samp 'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one	emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual Reporting question: What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field? implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil les should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	
Total field carbon stock measured Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samp 'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one Data type: Decimal	emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual Reporting question: What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field? e implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil les should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq. Select multiple values: No	

Total CH4 reduction calculated		
Data element name: Total CH4 reduction calculated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the total measured CH4 emission reductions?	
Description: Total annual methane emission reductions b	ased on practice implementation in the field calculated	
from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is one ton o		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes	
	carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission	
	measurements in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Total N20 reduction calculated		
Data element name: Total N2O reduction calculated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the total measured N2O emission reductions?	
Description: Total annual nitrous oxide emission reductio	ns based on practice implementation in the field	
calculated from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is	s one ton of $N_2O$ = 298 tons of $CO_2eq$ .	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes	
	carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission	
	measurements in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Soil sample result		
Data element name: Soil sample result	Reporting question: What is the numeric result from this soil sample?	
Description: Results of measurement(s) taken to determine	ne the carbon stock of a soil (the tons of carbon found	
in a specified volume of soil).		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: .00001-100,000	
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

oil sample result unit		
Data element name: Soil sample result unit	Reporting question: What is unit for the soil sample result?	
	ample result. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices e the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Percent	
	• Ppm	
	Grams	
	<ul> <li>Grams per cubic centimeter</li> </ul>	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Aeasurement type		
Data element name: Measurement type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What type of analysis was conducted for this soil sample?	
Description: Type of soil analysis conducted.	The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data	
element. If "other" is chosen, use the addition	nal column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Organic matter	
	Total organic carbon	
	Bulk density	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

### Additional Environmental Benefits

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)		
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Environmental benefits	
Data element name: Environmental	Reporting question: Are environmental benefits other than
benefits	GHGs being tracked in the field?
	fits other than greenhouse gas emission reductions and carbon
sequestration in the enrolled field. Tracking that can quantify benefits.	means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
Measurement unit. Category	Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss	
Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen	Reporting question: Are reductions in nitrogen losses being
loss	tracked in the field?
	losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using
some form of monitoring and reporting that	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss amount	
Data element	Reporting question: How much reduction in nitrogen losses
name: Reduction in nitrogen loss amount Description: Total amount of reduction in nit	have been measured in the field? trogen losses that is measured and reported in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in nitrogen loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen	Reporting question: What is the unit for how much reduction in
loss amount unit	nitrogen losses have been measured in the field?
- 이 사가 가지 다 나님의 것이 같았다. 그는 가지 않는 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같아요. 이렇게 가지 않는 것이 것 같아요. 그는 것이 가지 않는 것이 가지 않는 것이 것 같아요. 그는 것이 있다.	uction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the
	appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilograms
	Metric tons
	Pounds
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
nitrogen loss' Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
	Data collection frequency. Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss purpose	Departing suppliant What is the surgest of tracking reduction in
Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen loss purpose	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduction in nitrogen losses?
	nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
nitrogen loss'	100-04160 - 000 - 000 - 000 - 000 - 000 - 000 - 000 - 000
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: Are reductions in phosphorus losses being
phosphorus loss	tracked in the field?
using some form of monitoring and reporting	norus losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Yes
	<ul> <li>res</li> <li>No</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	Construction and All All All All All All All All All Al
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss amount	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses
phosphorus loss amount	have been measured in the field?
	osphorus losses that is measured in the field.
Description: Total amount of reduction in ph	
<b>Description:</b> Total amount of reduction in ph <b>Data type:</b> Decimal	Select multiple values: No
and the second sec	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Data type: Decimal Measurement unit: Amount	
Data type: Decimal	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

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Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in
phosphorus loss amount unit	phosphorus losses measured in the field?
같은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 것을 수 있는 것은 것을 가지 않는 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 했다. 것은 것을 수 있다. 것을	eduction in phosphorus losses that is measured in the enrolled field. I
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate va	lue as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilograms
	Metric tons
	Pounds
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in phosphorus loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss purpose	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reductions
phosphorus loss purpose	in phosphorus losses?
	in phosphorus losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter
the appropriate value as free text in the ad	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in phosphorus loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: Are other water quality metrics being
	tracked in the field?
	r quality metrics in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
using some form of monitoring and report	ner were alle the state of the
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What type of other water quality metric
type	have been measured in the field?
50 (5.1 th 10.6 c)	tric (besides nitrogen loss and phosphorus loss reductions) that is
	nter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Sediment load reduction
	Temperature
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: How much reduction in other water quality
amount	metrics have been measured in the field?
	ther water quality metrics that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount unit	
Data element name: Other water quality amount unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in other water quality metrics measured in the field?
	duction in other water quality metrics that is measured in the
Data type: List	appropriate value as free text in the additional column. Select multiple values: No
CICC 14	-
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:     Degrees F
	Kilograms
	Kilograms per liter
	Metric tons
	Pounds
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes

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Other water quality purpose	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking other water
purpose	quality benefits?
	r quality benefits in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water	Required: Yes
quality'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: Is water conservation being tracked in the field?
Description: Tracking of water conservation	or reduction in use in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a
minimum using some form of monitoring an	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: How much water conservation has been
amount	measured in the field?
	ation or reduction that is measured in the field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount unit	=
Data element name: Water quantity amount unit	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the unit for the amount of water conservation measured in the field?
	ter conservation or reduced use that is measured and reported in
	the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acre-feet
	Cubic feet
1	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Water quantity purpose	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking water
purpose	conservation?
and the reason of the second	servation or reductions in water use in the enrolled field. If "other" is
chosen, enter the appropriate value as free	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced erosion	
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: Is reduced soil erosion being tracked in the
	field?
Description: Tracking of reduced soil erosio	n in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some
form of monitoring and reporting that can d	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced erosion amount	11년2 중요리 11년2년 6년2년 11월 12일 11년 11월 12일
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: How much erosion reduction has been
amount	measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of erosion reduct	5 (Chird) (Ca
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced erosion amount unit	
Data element name: Reduced erosion unit	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the unit for the amount of erosion reduction measured?
Description: Unit for the total amount of er	osion reduction from enrolled fields that is measured and reported
	e appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Tons
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced erosion purpose	
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced
purpose	erosion in the field?
- a state of a state of the second state of the State State of the State of the state of the second state of the state	osion the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate
value as free text in the additional column.	and an even in the feet of the second second
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	<ul> <li>Other (specify)</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul>
Data collection level: Field	
-5-73.2000,03.03.58.200,000,04.80.200,00,000,0000000000000000000000000	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: Is reduced energy use being tracked in the
Data element name: Reduced energy use	field?
Description: Tracking of reduced energy use	in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some
form of monitoring and reporting that can qu	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use amount	155 82 52 52 52 1 (2) (3) a (0)
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: How much energy use reduction has been
amount	measured in the field?
10 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	uction that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use amount unit	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: What is the unit for the energy use
unit	reduction measured in the field?
	ergy use reduction that is measured in the enrolled field. If "other"
is chosen, enter the appropriate value as fre Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Perinden de la competition de	Service of Subjects March 1999 (1999) State On Adde Nanders Will Lemma
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilowatt hours
Logic: Personal if yes to (Peduced energy	Other (specify)     Pequired: Yes
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
	Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced energy use purpose	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced
purpose	energy use in the field?
	ergy use in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	I don't know
5 p mot (1942) (1 1942) (1 1	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion	
Data element name: Avoided land conversion	Reporting question: Is avoided land conversion being tracked in the field?
	rsion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some uantify benefits. Land conservation means land use changing from
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
measurement and category	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion amount	
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: How much avoided land conversion has
conversion amount	been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of avoided land c	onversion that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
	Required: Yes
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land conversion'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion amount unit	
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of avoided
conversion unit	land conversion measured in the field?
State of the state	oided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field. If
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acres
In the Design of the Control of the	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land conversion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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Avoided land conversion purpose	
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking avoided
conversion purpose	land conversion in the field?
- No. 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 2월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2017년 1월 2	nd conversion in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	I don't know
	• Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land conversion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Improved wildlife habitat	Data conection nequency. Annual
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: Are improvements to wildlife habitat being
habitat	tracked in the field?
	ildlife in and around the enrolled field. Tracking means at a
minimum using some form of monitoring an	11 12 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
12 6	Yes
	• No
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
mproved wildlife habitat amount	
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: How much improved wildlife habitat has
habitat amount	been measured in the field?
	life habitat that is measured in and around the enrolled fields.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife	Required: Yes
habitať	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Improved wildlife habitat amount unit	
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of improved
habitat unit	wildlife habitat measured in the field?
	proved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around enrolled
	riate value as free text in the additional column. Select multiple values: No
Data type: List	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acres
	Linear feet
Logics Decroped if up to (Increased with Bits	Other (specify)     Populated Vec
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife habitat'	• Other (specify) Required: Yes

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mproved wildlife habitat purpose Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking improved	
habitat purpose	wildlife habitat in the field?	
H TO A SHARED STREET AND THE STREET		
appropriate value as free text in the additic	wildlife habitat in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the nal column.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Commodity marketing	
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>	
	Producing offsets	
	I don't know	
	Other (specify)	
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife habitat'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

#### CSAF Practice Sub-questions

For some CSAF practices, there is an additional set of questions that are unique to each practice. Responses to these questions are needed to verify estimated GHG benefits of these practices. If a field is implementing a CSAF practice with an NRCS CPS code in Table 11, answer the follow-up questions listed next to the relevant practice name in the table. Use the *Supplemental Reporting Workbook – CSAF Practice Sub-questions* to report the required information.

#### Table 11. Follow-on questions for select CSAF practices

Practice name and code	Follow-up question	Options (select one)
Alley Cropping (CPS 311)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Anaerobic Digester (CPS 366)	Waste storage system prior to installing anaerobic digester	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring, Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Digester type	Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring Complex mix with energy generation Plug flow with energy generation Other (specify)
	Additional feedstock source (select most common if using more than one)	Food waste Straw or bedding Wastewater Other (specify)

		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
	en la seconda de la compañía de la c	Kerosene
	Fuel type before installation	Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount before installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Fuel amount unit before	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene
	installation	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	Installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
<b>Combustion System</b>	<u></u>	Other (specify)
Improvement (CPS 372)		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
	Fuel type after installation	Kerosene
	ruei type arter installation	Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount after installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Fuel amount unit after	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene
	installation	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	Installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
		Other (specify)
	Species category (select most common/extensive type if	Brassicas
Conservation Cover		Grasses
(CPS 327)		Legumes
(0,0027)	using more than one)	Non-legume broadleaves
		Shrubs

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		Brassica
		Broadleaf
	Conservation crop type	Cool season
		Grass
		Legume
		Warm season
		Added perennial crop
@ \V9 58: \$ 715 mil	Change implemented	Reduced fallow period
Conservation Crop Rotation	19	Both
(CPS 328)		Conventional (plow, chisel, disk
		No-till, direct seed
		Reduced till
	Conservation crop rotation tillage type	Strip till
		None
		Other (specify)
	Total conservation crop rotation length in	other (speeny)
	days	1-120
12 12 1428 at a 14953	Strip width (feet)	1-100
Contour Buffer Strips (CPS		Grasses
332)	Species category	Forbs
		Mix
		Brassicas
	Species category (select most	Forbs
	common/extensive type if using more	Grasses
	than one)	Legume
		Non-legume broadleaves
	N.	Grazing
C (CCC 240)	Cover crop planned management	Haying
Cover Crop (CPS 340)		Termination
	1	Burning
		Herbicide application
	Net 13 15 521 1311 12	Incorporation
	Cover crop termination method	Mowing
		Rolling/crimping
		Winter kill/frost
		Grass
		Grass legume/forb mix
Critical Area Planting (CPS	Species category (select most	Herbaceous woody mix
342)	common/extensive type if using more	Perennial or reseeding
5721	than one)	Shrubs
		Trees
	Crude protein (percent)	0-100
	Fat (percent)	0-100
20 5 55 Contraction		Chemical
Feed Management (CPS 592)		
	Feed additives/supplements	Edible oils/fats
		Seaweed/kelp
		Other (specify)
	Species category (select most	Forbs
Field Border (CPS 386)	common/extensive type if using more	Grasses
- en reconstructure reconstruction (3) 0053149/0340070060010	than one)	Mix Shrubs

	Strip width (feet)	20-1,000
	Spacing catogony (coloct most	Forbs
Filter Strip (CPS 393)	Species category (select most	Grasses
	common/extensive type if using	Mix
	more than one)	Shrubs
		Forest
		Multi-story cropping
Forest Farming (CPS 379)	Land use in previous year	Pasture/grazing land
220		Row crops
		Other agroforestry
		Maintain or improve forest carbon stocks
		Maintain or improve forest health and
		productivity
		Maintain or improve forest structure and
Forest Stand	7 7 7 7 F	composition
Improvement (CPS 666)	Purpose for implementation	Maintain or improve wildlife, fish, and
anananan anan anan anan		pollinator habitat
		Manage natural precipitation more efficient
		Reduce forest pest pressure
		Reduce forest wildfire hazard
	Species category (select most	Flowering Plants
Grassed Waterway (CPS	common/extensive type if using	Forbs
412)	more than one)	Grasses
	Species category (select most	Grasses
	common/extensive type if using	Shrubs
Hedgerow Planting (CPS	more than one)	Trees
422)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Canalas astarany (salast most	Forbs
	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using	Grasses
Herbaceous Wind		Mix
Barriers (CPS 603)	more than one)	Shrubs
	Barrier width (feet)	1-1,000
	Number of rows	1-100
		Gravel
		Natural
Mulching (CPS 484)	Mulch type	Synthetic
Mulching (CPS 484)	Mulen type	Synthetic Wood

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Nutrient management (CPS 590)	Nutrient type with CPS 590	Biosolids Commercial fertilizers Compost EEF (nitrification inhibitor) EEF (slow or controlled release) EEF (urease inhibitor) Green manure Liquid animal manure Organic by-products Organic residues or materials Solid/semi-solid animal manure Wastewater
	Nutrient application method with CPS 590	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
	Nutrient application method in the previous year	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
	Nutrient application timing with CPS 590	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application timing in the previous year	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application rate with CPS 590	0-20,000
	Nutrient application rate unit with CPS 590	Gallons per acre Pounds per acre
	Nutrient application rate change	Decrease compared to previous year Increase compared to previous year No change
Pasture and Hay Planting	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Cool-season broadleaf Cool-season grass Warm-season broadleaf Warm-season grass
(CPS 512)	Termination process	Grazing Haying (i.e., cutting and baling) Other (specify)
Prescribed Grazing (CPS 528)	Grazing type	Cell grazing Deferred rotational Management intensive Rest-rotation

Range Planting (CPS 550)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs Grasses Legumes Shrubs Trees
Residue and Tillage Management – No-till (CPS 329)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row only
Residue and Tillage Management – Reduced Till (CPS 345)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row/ridge tillage for planting Shallow across most of the soil surface Vertical/mulch
Riparian Forest Buffer	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CPS 391)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Riparian Herbaceous Cover (CPS 390)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Ferns Forbs Grasses Legumes Rushes Sedges
Roofs and Covers (CPS 367)	Roof/cover type	Concrete Flexible geomembrane Metal Timber Other (specify)
Silvopasture (CPS 381)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Forage Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Strip width (feet)	1-1,000
Stripcropping (CPS 585)	Crop category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Erosion resistant crops Fallow Sediment trapping crops
	Number of strips	2-100
Tree/Shrub Establishment	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CPS 612)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Vegetative Barrier (CPS 601)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses Grass forb mix Grass legume mix
	Barrier width (feet)	3-1,000

		Chemical (e.g., salts, polymers)
Waste Separation Facility (CPS 632)	Separation type	Mechanical (e.g., screens, presses)
	<ul> <li>Construction of the second state state is a second state state of the second state stat State state stat State state st</li></ul>	Settling basin
		Bedding
	Most common use of solids	Field applied
		Other (specify)
		Aerobic lagoon
		Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with
		energy generation
		Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with
		energy generation
		Anaerobic lagoon
		Composting
		Covered lagoon (no energy generation
		or flaring)
Waste Storage Facility (CPS	Waste storage system prior to installing your waste storage facility	Covered lagoon with energy generation
313)		Covered lagoon with flaring
		Daily spread
		Deep bedding pack
		Deep pit
		Dry lot
		Dry stacking/solid storage
		Pasture/range/paddock
		Poultry with bedding
		Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise
		Slurry tank/basin
		Biological
Waste Treatment (CPS 629)	Treatment type	Chemical
waste freatment (cr 5 025)		Mechanical
		Aerobic lagoon
		Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with
		energy generation
		Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with
		energy generation
		energy generation Anaerobic lagoon
		Anaerobic lagoon
		Anaerobic lagoon Composting
		Anaerobic lagoon Composting
	Waste storage system prior to	Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring)
		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generatio
Waste Treatment Lagoon	Waste storage system prior to installing waste treatment lagoon	Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generatio Covered lagoon with flaring
Waste Treatment Lagoon (CPS 359)		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generatio Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread
Waste Treatment Lagoon (CPS 359)		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generatio Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generatio Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generatio Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generatio Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generatio Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.	installing waste treatment lagoon	Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise Slurry tank/basin
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.		Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise Slurry tank/basin Yes
NY 1991 10~ HOA - 11 방송에서 방송 방송 방송 방송 가지 아파 가지 않는 것이다.	installing waste treatment lagoon	Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise Slurry tank/basin

Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation (CPS 380)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs	
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000	

### Appendix A: Climate-smart Agriculture and Forestry Practices

All NRCS Practice Standards (not limited to climate-sma 309, Agrichemical Handling Facility	<u>rt practices)</u> 390, Riparian Herbaceous Cover
이 이 것 같은 것	
311, Alley Cropping	391, Riparian Forest Buffer
313, Waste Storage Facility	393, Filter Strip
314, Brush Management	394, Firebreak
315, Herbaceous Weed Treatment	395, Stream Habitat Improvement and Management
316, Animal Mortality Facility	396, Aquatic Organism Passage
317, Composting Facility	397, Aquaculture Pond
318, Short Term Storage of Animal Waste and By-Products	398, Fish Raceway or Tank
319, On-Farm Secondary Containment Facility	399, Fishpond Management
320, Irrigation Canal or Lateral	400, Bivalve Aquaculture Gear and Biofouling Control
324, Deep Tillage	402, Dam
325, High Tunnel System	410, Grade Stabilization Structure
326, Clearing and Snagging	412, Grassed Waterway
327, Conservation Cover	420, Wildlife Habitat Planting
328, Conservation Crop Rotation	422, Hedgerow Planting
329, Residue and Tillage Management, No Till	423, Hillside Ditch
330, Contour Farming	428, Irrigation Ditch Lining
331, Contour Orchard and Other Perennial Crops	428A, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,
332, Contour Buffer Strips	Plain Concrete
333, Amending Soil Properties with Gypsum Products	428B, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,
334, Controlled Traffic Farming	Flexible Membrane
336, Soil Carbon Amendment	428C, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,
338, Prescribed Burning	Galvanized Steel
340, Cover Crop	430, Irrigation Pipeline
342, Critical Area Planting	432, Dry Hydrant
345, Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till	436, Irrigation Reservoir
348, Dam, Diversion	441, Irrigation System, Microirrigation
350, Sediment Basin	442, Sprinkler System
351, Well Decommissioning	443, Irrigation System, Surface and Subsurface
353, Monitoring Well	447, Irrigation and Drainage Tailwater Recovery
355, Groundwater Testing	449, Irrigation Water Management
356, Dike and Levee	450, Anionic Polyacrylamide (PAM) Application
359, Waste Treatment Lagoon	453, Land Reclamation, Landslide Treatment
360, Waste Facility Closure	455, Land Reclamation, Toxic Discharge Control
362, Diversion	457, Mine Shaft and Adit Closing
366, Anaerobic Digester	460, Land Clearing
367, Roofs and Covers	462, Precision Land Forming and Smoothing
368, Emergency Animal Mortality Management	464, Irrigation Land Leveling
371, Air Filtration and Scrubbing	466, Land Smoothing
372, Combustion System Improvement	468, Lined Waterway or Outlet
373, Dust Control on Unpaved Roads and Surfaces	472, Access Control
374, Energy Efficient Agricultural Operation	484, Mulching
375, Dust Management for Pen Surfaces	490, Tree/Shrub Site Preparation
376, Field Operations Emissions Reduction	500, Obstruction Removal
378, Pond	511, Forage Harvest Management
379, Forest Farming	512, Pasture and Hay Planting
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380, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation	516, Livestock Pipeline
381, Silvopasture	520, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Soil Treatment
382, Fence 383, Fuel Break	521, Pond Sealing or Lining, Geomembrane or
DOD FUELBLEAK	Geosynthetic Clay Liner
384, Woody Residue Treatment	521A, Pond Sealing or Lining, Flexible Membrane
	521A, Pond Sealing or Lining, Flexible Membrane 521B, Pond Sealing or Lining, Soil Dispersant 521C, Pond Sealing or Lining, Bentonite Sealant

- 521D, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Clay Treatment
- 522, Pond Sealing or Lining Concrete
- 527, Sinkhole Treatment
- 528, Prescribed Grazing
- 533, Pumping Plant
- 543, Land Reclamation, Abandoned Mined Land
- 544, Land Reclamation, Currently Mined Land
- 548, Grazing Land Mechanical Treatment
- 550, Range Planting
- 554, Drainage Water Management
- 555, Rock Wall Terrace
- 557, Row Arrangement
- 558, Roof Runoff Structure
- 560, Access Road
- 561, Heavy Use Area Protection
- 562, Recreation Area Improvement
- 566, Recreation Land Improvement and Protection
- 570, Stormwater Runoff Control
- 572, Spoil Disposal
- 574, Spring Development
- 575, Trails and Walkways
- 576, Livestock Shelter Structure
- 578, Stream Crossing
- 580, Streambank and Shoreline Protection
- 582, Open Channel
- 584, Channel Bed Stabilization
- 585, Stripcropping
- 587, Structure for Water Control
- 588, Crosswind Ridges
- 589, Cross Wind Trap Strips
- 590, Nutrient Management
- 591, Amendments for Treatment of Agricultural Waste
- 592, Feed Management
- 595, Pest Management Conservation System
- 600, Terrace
- 601, Vegetative Barrier
- 602, Equitable Relief
- 603, Herbaceous Wind Barriers
- 604, Saturated Buffer
- 605, Denitrifying Bioreactor
- 606, Subsurface Drain
- 607, Surface Drain, Field Ditch
- 608, Surface Drain, Main or Lateral
- 609, Surface Roughening
- 610, Salinity and Sodic Soil Management
- 612, Tree/Shrub Establishment
- 614, Watering Facility
- 620, Underground Outlet
- 629, Waste Treatment
- 630, Vertical Drain

Version 1.0

- 632, Waste Separation Facility
- 633, Waste Recycling
- 634, Waste Transfer
- 635, Vegetated Treatment Area
- 636, Water Harvesting Catchment
- 638, Water and Sediment Control Basin
- 640, Waterspreading
- 642, Water Well
- 643, Restoration of Rare or Declining Natural Communities
- 644, Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management
- 645, Upland Wildlife Habitat Management
- 646, Shallow Water Development and Management
- 647, Early Successional Habitat Development-Mgt
- 649, Structures for Wildlife
- 650, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Renovation
- 654, Road/Trail/Landing Closure and Treatment
- 655, Forest Trails and Landings
- 656, Constructed Wetland
- 657, Wetland Restoration
- 658, Wetland Creation
- 659, Wetland Enhancement
- 660, Tree-Shrub Pruning
- 666, Forest Stand Improvement
- 670, Energy Efficient Lighting System
- 672, Energy Efficient Building Envelope
- 736, Crop By-Product Transfer, interim
- 724, Water Treatment Facility, interim
- 735, Waste Gasification Facility, interim

737, Reduced Water and Energy Coffee Conveyance System, interim

- 740, Pond Sealing and Lining, Soil Cement, interim
- 751, Individual Terrace, interim
- 753, Infiltration Ditch, interim
- 755, Well Plugging, interim
- 770, Livestock Confinement Facility, interim
- 775, Drainage Ditch Covering, interim
- 782, Phosphorus Removal System, interim
- 800, Controlling Existing Flowing Wells, interim
- 803, Water Well Disinfection, interim
- 805, Amending Soil Properties with Lime, interim
- 808, Soil Carbon Amendment, interim
- 809, Conservation Harvest Management, interim
- 810, Annual Forages for Grazing Systems, interim
- 812, Raised Beds, interim
- 815, Groundwater Recharge Basin or Trench, interim

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- 817, On-Farm Recharge, interim
- 818, Water Conservation System, interim
- 821, Low Tunnel Systems, interim
- 823, Organic Management, interim

Other CSAF Practices Traditional or cultural practices Microbial products Solar power generation Grain bin construction Pre-season drainage

Appendix B: Commodity List CROPS ALFALFA ALMONDS AMARANTH GRAIN APPLES APRICOTS ARONIA (CHOKEBERRY) ARTICHOKES **ASPARAGUS** ATEMOYA **AVOCADOS BAMBOO SHOOTS** BANANAS BARLEY BEANS BEETS **BIRDSFOOT/TREFOIL BLUEBERRIES** BREADFRUIT BROCCOFLOWER BROCCOLI BROCCOLINI **BRUSSEL SPROUTS** BUCKWHEAT CABBAGE CACAO CACTUS CAIMITO CALABAZA MELON CALALOO CAMELINA CANARY MELON CANARY SEED CANEBERRIES CANISTEL CANOLA CANTALOUPES CARAMBOLA (STAR FRUIT) CARROTS CASHEW CASSAVA CAULIFLOWER CELERIAC CELERY CHERIMOYA CHERRIES CHESTNUTS CHICORY/RADICCHIO CHINESE BITTER MELON CHRISTMAS TREES CHUFAS

CINNAMON CLOVER COCONUTS COFFEE CORN COTTON ELS COTTON UPLAND CRANBERRIES **CRENSHAW MELON** CRUSTACEAN **CUCUMBERS** CURRANTS DASHEEN DATES DURIAN EGGPLANT EINKORN **ELDERBERRIES** EMMER FIGS FINFISH FLAX **FLOWERS** FORAGE SOYBEAN/SORGHUM GAILON GARLIC GENIP GINGER GINSENG GOOSEBERRIES GOURDS GRAPEFRUIT GRAPES GRASS GREENS **GROUND CHERRY GUAMABANA/SOURSOP** GUAR **GUAVA GUAVABERRY GUAYULE** HAZEL NUTS HEMP HERBS **HESPERALOE** HONEY HONEYBERRIES HONEYDEW HOPS HORSERADISH HUCKLEBERRIES

HYBRID POPLAR TREES IDLE INDIGO **ISRAEL MELONS** JACK FRUIT JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES JICAMA JOJOBA JUJUBE JUNEBERRIES KENAF **KHORASAN KIWIBERRY** KIWIFRUIT KOCHIA (PROSTRATA) **KOHLRABI** KOREAN GOLDEN MELON **KUMQUATS** LAMBS EAR LEEKS LEMONS LENTILS LESPEDEZA LETTUCE LIMES LONGAN LOQUATS LYCHEE MANGOS MANGOSTEEN MAPLE SAP MAYHAW BERRIES MEADOWFOAM MILKWEED MILLET MIXED FORAGE MOHAIR MOLLUSK MORINGA **MULBERRIES MUSHROOMS** MUSTARD NECTARINES NIGER SEED NONI OATS **OKRA** OLIVES ONIONS ORANGES PAPAYA



PARSNIP PASSION FRUITS PAWPAW PEACHES PEANUTS PEARS PEAS PECANS PENNYCRESS PEPPERS PERENNIAL PEANUTS PERIQUE TOBACCO PERSIMMONS **PINE NUTS** PINEAPPLE PISTACHIOS PITAYA/DRAGONFRUIT PLANTAIN PLUMCOTS PLUMS POMEGRANATES POTATOES POTATOES SWEET PRUNES PSYLLIUM PUMMELO PUMPKINS QUINCES QUINOA RADISHES RAISINS RAMBUTAN RAPESEED RHUBARB RICE RICE SWEET RICE WILD RUTABAGA RYE SAFFLOWER SAPODILLA SAPOTE SCALLIONS SESAME SHALLOTS SORGHUM SORGHUM DUAL PURPOSE SORGHUM FORAGE SOYBEANS SPELT SQUASH STAR GOOSEBERRY

**STRAWBERRIES** SUGAR BEETS SUGARCANE **SUNFLOWERS** SUNN HEMP TANGELOS TANGERINES TANGORS TANGOS TANNIER TARO TEA TEFF TL **TOBACCO CIGAR WRAPPER TOBACCO BURLEY TOBACCO BURLEY 31V TOBACCO CIGAR BINDER TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER BINDER **TOBACCO DARK AIR CURED TOBACCO FIRE CURED TOBACCO FLUE CURED** TOBACCO MARYLAND **TOBACCO VIRGINIA FIRE CURED** TOMATILLOS TOMATOES TREES TIMBER TRITICALE TRUFFLES TURNIPS VETCH WALNUTS WAMPEE WASABI WATERMELON WAX JAMBOO FRUIT WHEAT WILLOW SHRUB WINTER MELON WOLFBERRY/GOJI YAM

LIVESTOCK ALPACAS **BEEF COWS** BEEFALO **BUFFALO OR BISON** CHICKENS (BROILERS) CHICKENS (LAYERS) DAIRY COWS DEER DUCKS ELK EMUS EQUINE GEESE GOATS HONEYBEES LLAMAS REINDEER SHEEP SWINE TURKEYS

# Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions February 2023

#### I. Overarching Statement

The following award terms and conditions are applicable to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities agreements and are in addition to the USDA FPAC General Terms and Conditions. The award recipient must abide by all terms of this grant including, but not limited to, the General Terms and Conditions, the terms in the Funding Opportunity and associated Frequently Asked Questions, and this addendum. The recipient must also deliver on the planned objectives in the project narrative and budget narrative associated with this grant.

#### II. Eligibility and Highly Erodible Lands and Wetlands Compliance

In order to be eligible for an incentive payment as a part of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities, a producer must:

- Establish Farm Records with the Farm Service Agency (FSA) (have farm, tract, and field numbers in place);
- Complete an AD-2047 (Customer Data Worksheet to facilitate the collection of customer data for Business Partner Record);
- Certify highly erodible land conservation (HEL) and wetland conservation (WC) compliance via Form AD-1026, Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification; and
- Certify that they are not a foreign person or entity.

Farm, tract, and field numbers are required for the producer, and ultimately the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipient, to report climate-smart practice implementation to USDA, as well as to certify and maintain HELC/WC compliance. This will require that some producers who do not already have these numbers, like perennial crop growers or feedlots, establish these records with USDA's FSA. Farm, tract, field numbers, producer name, and Core Customer I.D. (CCID) will be provided by the recipient to the National Program Officer as a part of routine grant reporting. Recipients must ensure that producers receiving financial assistance or incentives through this project use the same name as is included in the relevant FSA Business File for that Farm ID in any contracts or similar documentation kept by the recipient.

Producers are not bound by the payment limitations and the adjusted gross income (AGI) limitations that are in place for other USDA programs.

In order to demonstrate HELC/WC compliance for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities incentive payments, producers will need to request a copy of their subsidiary print from their

Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions Page 1 of 6 February 2023 USDA FSA field office. The Subsidiary Print includes print year specific eligibility related information about a selected producer. The producer will then provide this documentation to the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipients as proof of compliance. A current year subsidiary print will be required for each crop year that the producer receives a payment, and HELC/WC eligibility information is provided under the AD-1026 and Conservation Compliance sections of subsidiary (determined by year, which can change at any time during the year or in a subsequent year). As is the case already, field offices will not be expected to provide documentation to anyone besides the producer themselves (and must always comply with Section 1619 limitations if they ever do provide documentation to third parties). Producers must have control of the land for the term of their beneficiary contract.

Recipients are responsible for determining producer eligibility within the funding opportunity requirements. Recipients must inform producers of eligibility requirements and direct them to local USDA offices for requested information as necessary, including but not limited to, farm and tract establishment and Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Compliance determinations. Privacy of producers is a priority throughout this process, and recipients are responsible for maintaining producer privacy in the process.

At minimum, the recipient will collect and review subsidiary reports from participating producers. They will ensure that the producer is listed as "compliant" in all sections of the conservation compliance portion of subsidiary and "certified" for AD-1026 before an incentive payment is made. If payments to a producer span more than one Federal fiscal year, the recipient will review an updated subsidiary print each fiscal year to ensure that the status is still compliant.

#### III. Other Environmental and Cultural Resources Reviews

A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was signed by USDA NRCS on August 26, 2022. A copy of the Programmatic Environmental Assessment for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities is available at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</u>. USDA may determine that additional environmental and cultural resources review is needed for any particular action under Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities. The recipient must not execute any beneficiary contracts under this grant agreement prior to receipt of a letter from USDA that specifically details:

- 1) further procedures deemed appropriate by the Agency to ensure a completed National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review and all appropriate consultation requirements are met, and
- 2) additional instructions for any unanticipated discoveries or conditions.

A resolution of support is required for projects on Tribal lands from the governing body of the Tribe with jurisdiction over that land, if the applicant is not the Tribe nor an entity owned or

operated by that Tribe. USDA may approve alternative documentation for resolutions when USDA deems necessary and legally sufficient.

#### **IV. Producer Benefits**

USDA encourages the recipient to disclose to participating producers the manner and amount for which any market premiums derived from the development of the relevant climate-smart commodity will be shared between participating parties, including producers. USDA will be monitoring producer benefits, in particular those to small and underserved producers, throughout the grant period. Recipients agree that their project(s) will implement a plan for engaging small and underserved producers as laid out in this agreement.

#### V. Producer Data Protection and Disclosure

Recipients must ensure each producer has convenient access to any data collected from that producer or the producer's land and any associated modeling as part of the project. The recipient must provide each producer applying for benefits under this grant a description in writing of how their information, including but not limited to data about their farm and commodities, will be utilized, protected and shared as applicable.

#### VI. Other Data and Reporting Requirements

In addition to the reporting information provided in the statement of work and General Terms and Conditions, USDA will provide a template for the Detailed Progress Report, also known as the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities (PSCS) Project Reporting Workbook. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, a copy of this workbook will be posted at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</u> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer. USDA may provide updates to the PCSC Project Reporting Workbook or submission methods to streamline the data collection process and/or reduce the burden on the recipient throughout the grant period. Generally, these updates will be provided at least 3 months in advance of any required changes. The recipient must not transfer any data to foreign governments or foreign entities without prior approval from USDA.

USDA will provide a Technical Contact for this grant. The Technical Contact will have the responsibility of technical oversight for USDA for the project. The recipient is responsible for providing the technical assistance required to successfully implement and complete the project. The recipient must comply with any requests for information from the Technical Contact. The Technical Contact for this award is the National Program Officer assigned to this grant.

Prior to execution of this grant, the recipient must provide a shapefile depicting the project boundary for enrollment under this grant. Producer enrollment may not occur outside this boundary without modification of this grant. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, the recipient must provide to the National Program Officer a website address where enrollment information will be posted for producers for the project associated with this grant. Recipients will be responsible for the following reports:

- Submit quarterly performance reports that include a written progress report, as well as additional reporting on specific data elements contained in the most up-to-date version of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Project Reporting Workbook. Additional information about each reported element is described in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit supplemental reports required to validate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefit data, including: (1) an initial project MMRV plan, (2) field-modeled GHG benefit reports, and (3) field-direct GHG measurement results, as applicable. Additional information about these reports is in included in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit copies of project outputs and deliverables (e.g., fact sheets, reports) as attachments in ezFedGrants along with quarterly performance reports.
- Report the version of COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits of the project within each quarterly performance report. As COMET-Planner is updated, recipients must adopt the latest version of the tool as directed by USDA for use in performance reports.

Recipients must designate an individual as a member of the USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network (Partnerships Network); this representative should be identified in the Project Narrative for this grant. Each project includes a plan for up to two Partnerships Network virtual meetings and two in-person meetings a year during the project duration. Dates and other details on events will be posted at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smartcommodities</u> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer.

The Partnerships Network will be co-chaired by representative from the USDA Office of the Chief Economist and the Farm Production and Conservation Mission Area. The Partnerships Network will inform synthesis reports to be assembled by USDA on a range of topics related to the implementation of Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities projects, including:

- Lessons-learned as projects are implemented;
- Options for providing technical assistance;
- Procedures for measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verifying GHG benefits;
- Options for tracing climate-smart commodities through the supply chain;
- Mechanisms for reducing costs of implementation;
- A forum for discussion and learning regarding approaches to climate-smart agriculture and forestry implementation (including but not limited to deployment and

measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, tracking, and verification of associated greenhouse gas benefits and marketing of climate-smart commodities).

- Synthesis of outcomes; and
- Opportunities for USDA and others to inform future approaches to generating new and expanded markets for climate-smart commodities.

The Partnerships Network topics to be discussed will cover at minimum the areas described in previous FAQs and will evolve with USDA's ongoing project data analysis efforts and with input from the project recipients on the kinds of sessions that will be most helpful to them in building the diverse climate-smart markets associated with their projects. Participation may include at least one interview a year and include questions related to the following areas:

- Technical assistance approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Producer outreach approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Monitoring, measurement, reporting, and verification (MMRV) approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Marketing approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Partnership approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Data collection and storage approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Supply chain approaches, methods and successes and/or challenges, including approaches to traceability
- Supply chain benefits and demand for climate-smart commodities
- Perspectives on program design, climate-smart commodity definitions, and future approaches or opportunities
- Project successes and stories

USDA may also request producer exit reports at a later date. Additional marketing and branding-related requirements may be provided by USDA, including signage related to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities.

#### VII. Competition and Anti-Competitive Practices

In connection with this grant, recipients may not prohibit or otherwise limit a producer from changing the provider of other services or materials not included as part of this grant. Recipients may not condition, limit, steer, or discriminate in their provision or sale of non-project business functions or products to producers based on their participation or non-participation in or use of any services provided as part of this grant. Additionally, funds in this agreement shall not be used for purposes or activities related to mergers or acquisitions.

#### VIII. Suspension and Disbarment

The provisions governing Suspension and Disbarment in subsection 1.a.8 shall also apply to fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification, or destruction of records, making false statements, or violations of the Federal civil antitrust or unfair trade practice laws.

#### IX. Special provisions for awards to for-profit entities as recipients

This section contains provisions that apply to awards to for-profit entities. These provisions are in addition to other applicable provisions of these terms and conditions, or they make exceptions from other provisions of the terms and conditions for awards to for-profit entities. For-profit entities that receive awards have two options regarding audits:

- A financial related audit of a particular award in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, in those cases where the for-profit entity receives awards under only one USDA program; or, if awards are received under multiple USDA programs, a financial related audit of all awards in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; or
- 2) An audit that meets the requirements contained in 2 CFR 200 subpart F.

For-profit entities that receive annual awards totaling less than the audit requirement threshold in 2 CFR 200 subpart F are exempt from USDA audit requirements for that year, but records must be available for review by appropriate officials of Federal agencies or the Government Accountability Office.

#### X. Non-Disparagement

Recipients may not engage in any advertising deemed by USDA as disparaging to another agricultural commodity or competing product, or in violation of the prohibition against false and misleading advertising. Disparagement is defined as anything that depicts other commodities in a negative or unpleasant light via overt or subjective video, photography, or statements. Comparative advertising is allowable, provided the presentation of facts is truthful, objective, not misleading, and supported by a reasonable basis.