

U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service

NOTICE OF GRANT AND AGREEMENT AWARD

1. Award Identifying Number	2. Amendr	ment Number	3. Award /Project Per	iod	4. Type of award instrument:			
NR233A750004G075			Date of final sigr through 07/31/2	nature 2028	Grant Agreement			
5. Agency (Name and Address)			6. Recipient Organiza	tion (Name	e and Address)			
USDA Partnerships for Climate c/o FPAC-BC Grants and Agre 1400 Independence Ave SW, I Washington, DC 20250 Direct all correspondence to F	e-Smart Co ements Div Room 3236 PAC.BC.G	ommodities vision S AD@usda.gov	STAR OF THE WES PO BOX 146 FRANKENMUTH M UEI Number / DUNS EIN:	ST MILLIN I 48734-1 S Number:	G CO 711 XLJJMMENJK56 / 008901498			
7. NRCS Program Contact	8. NRCS A Co	Administrative ontact	9. Recipient Program Contact		10. Recipient Administrative Contact			
Name: JEREMIAH BOWERS	Name: Bre	ett McMillan	Name: Lisa Woodke		Name: Lisa Woodke			
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11. CFDA	12. Author	ity	13. Type of Action		14. Program Director			
10.937	10.937 15 USC 714 et seg				Name: Lisa Woodke			
					(b)(6)			
15. Project Title/ Description: E: supports farmer implementation	xpands mai and monito	rkets for climate-smar pring of climate-smart	t wheat, dry beans, for practices.	od grade s	oybeans and oats in MI and			
16. Entity Type: R = Small Busi	ness							
17. Select Funding Type								
Select funding type:				⊠ Non-Federal				
Original funds total	\$4,999,375.80		\$1,305,500.00					
Additional funds total \$0.00				\$0.00				
Grand total		\$4,999,375.80	\$1,305,500.00					
18. Approved Budget				,				

\$478,094.10	Fringe Benefits	\$143,427.90
\$182,682.80	Equipment	\$0.00
\$60,648.00	Contractual	\$1,128,123.00
\$0.00	Other	\$3,006,400.00
\$4,942,873.80	Total Indirect Cost	\$56,502.00
	Total Non-Federal Funds	\$1,305,500.00
	Total Federal Funds Awarded	\$4,999,375.80
	Total Approved Budget	\$6,304,875.80
	\$478,094.10 \$182,682.80 \$60,648.00 \$0.00 \$4,942,873.80	\$478,094.10Fringe Benefits\$182,682.80Equipment\$60,648.00Contractual\$0.00Other\$4,942,873.80Total Indirect CostTotal Non-Federal FundsTotal Federal Funds AwardedTotal Approved BudgetTotal Approved Budget

award or amendment and any payments made pursuant thereto, the undersigned represents that he or she is duly authorized to act on behalf of the awardee organization, agrees that the award is subject to the applicable provisions of this agreement (and all attachments), and agrees that acceptance of any payments constitutes an agreement by the payee that the amounts, if any, found by NRCS to have been overpaid, will be refunded or credited in full to NRCS.

Name and Title of Authorized Government Representative Katina Hanson Acting Senior Advisor for Climate-Smart Commodities	Signature KATINA Digitally signed by KATINA HANSON HANSON Date: 2023.08.04 10:55:15 -05'00'	Date
Name and Title of Authorized Recipient Representative Lisa Woodke Sustainability Director	signature Madadke	Date 8/1/23

NONDISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

The above statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. Section 522a).

Statement of Work

Purpose

The purpose of this agreement, between the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and Star of the West Milling Company (Recipient), is to build markets for climate-smart commodities and invest in America's climate-smart producers to strengthen U.S. rural and agricultural communities.

Objectives

The objectives of this project are to support the production and marketing of climate-smart commodities by providing voluntary incentives to producers and landowners, including early adopters, to implement climate-smart agricultural production practices, activities, and systems on working lands; measure/quantify, monitor and verify the carbon and greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits associated with those practices; and develop markets and promote the resulting climate-smart commodities.

Budget Narrative

TOTAL BUDGET \$6,304,875.80

TOTAL FEDERAL FUNDS \$4,999,375.80 PERSONNEL \$434,631 FRINGE BENEFITS \$130,389 TRAVEL \$182,682.80 EQUIPMENT \$0 SUPPLIES \$60,648 CONTRACTUAL \$1,128,123 CONSTRUCTION \$0 OTHER \$3,006,400 (includes \$2,750,000 PRODUCER INCENTIVES) TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$4,942,873.80 INDIRECT COSTS \$56,502 (10% of Personnel and Fringe Benefits)

TOTAL NON-FEDERAL FUNDS \$1,305,500 PERSONNEL \$1,118,000 FRINGE BENEFITS \$0 TRAVEL \$0 EQUIPMENT \$0 SUPPLIES \$0 CONTRACTUAL \$0 CONSTRUCTION \$0 OTHER \$187,500 PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$0 TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$1,305,500 INDIRECT COSTS \$0

Recipient has elected to use the de minimis indirect cost rate for Personnel and Fringe Benefits expenses on Federal share. Recipient has voluntarily waived indirect costs on other MTDC categories and on non-Federal funds.

Responsibilities of the Parties:

If inconsistencies arise between the language in this Statement of Work (SOW) and the General Terms and Conditions attached to the agreement, the language in this SOW takes precedence.

RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Perform the work and produce the deliverables as outlined in this Statement of Work and attachments.

Ensure Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) clearance is obtained prior to conducting data collection from producers or other project participants, including data collection performed by subrecipients.

Comply with the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions.

Submit reports and payment requests to the ezFedGrants system as outlined in the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions. Reporting frequency is as follows:

Performance Reports: Quarterly

SF425 Financial Reports: Quarterly

Detailed Progress Report: Quarterly (The detailed progress report is in addition to the performance and financial reports referenced above and described in the general terms and conditions)

Expected Accomplishments and Deliverables

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

Resources Required

See the Responsibilities of the Parties section for required resources, if applicable.

Milestones

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Please reference the below link(s) for the General Terms and Conditions pertaining to this award: https://www.fpacbc.usda.gov/about/grants-and-agreements/award-terms-and-conditions/index.html

Attachments:

Budget Narrative Project Narrative Benchmarks Table Climate-Smart Practices List and Limitations Data Dictionary Climate-Smart Specific Terms and Conditions

Withheld pursuant to exemption

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A Climate Smart Strategy for the Michigan Foodshed: Nourishing our Land, Farmers, and Rural Communities

I. Executive Summary. The diversity of Michigan agriculture presents a great opportunity for establishing and maintaining a climate-smart foodshed for the state. Michigan already grows food grade grains and legumes, with the potential to sustainably meet much of the state's wheat, bean, and plant-based food needs. Star of the West Milling Company was founded in 1870 in Frankenmuth, MI and is uniquely situated to develop a climate-smart foodshed for Michigan with its presence in ag retail, bean processing and wheat milling. In addition, we have a deep understanding of the complexity of a climate-smart food value chain. Farmers interested in growing food grade grains and legumes with climate-smart management have a plethora of platforms available to track their data. Likewise, food customers have as many—or more—different suitability-labeled food options. Further causing confusion, the data systems growers use and the systems requested by food companies often cannot talk to each other, and even when they do, data submission at a minimum must be verified and is often in need of editing. These technology challenges are real, and are best solved not with even *more* technology, but with enhanced human capital and robust social networks across the food system. We propose to bolster these to establish a climate-smart foodshed using a three-tiered approach.

The first pillar of our project will strengthen and document climate-smart practices on the ground, allowing practices on a large scale even in the first year. We propose to hire a Climate Smart Agronomist to work hand-in-hand with growers, helping them 1) manage their fields using climate-smart practices; 2) incorporate our focus food crops on their farms, including wheat, dry beans, food grade soybeans, and a new opportunity in food grade oats; 3) adopt a data technology platform that works for their farm; and 4) transfer that data into the food company requests to be able to sell Climate Smart Commodities.

Secondly, working with Michigan Agriculture Advancement, MiAA, we will focus on two segments of the underserved agricultural population: beginning farmers and women farmers. MiAA has extensive experience engaging with farmers and has developed a deep understanding of the barriers of—and opportunities for—conservation agriculture adoption by Michigan farmers. MiAA will leverage their networks to host strategic roundtable discussions, learning circles, field days, and climate smart leadership trainings specifically for these audiences. The Climate Smart Agronomist will further reach beginning farmers by providing summer internships and working with Future Farmers of America (FFA) Chapters, college ag students, and Michigan Farm Bureau Young Farmer program to engage beginning farmers.

The third pillar **ensures the scalability and sustainability of our project** beyond the life of the grant. A Michigan directory of interested buyers, processors, and sellers will be created. We will leverage our existing partnership with the Artisan Grain Collaborative to create a Michigan-specific asset map: an analysis to understand the barriers, opportunities, and assets present on the Michigan landscape to increase production, processing, and consumption of climate-smart, food grade grain and legumes. These resources will be published and made available across Michigan's agricultural and food sectors, and beyond. Finally, an Advisory Board of thought leaders, farmers, and agronomists, and food buyers will meet twice a year to help guide the development of the project, anticipate any pitfalls, and disseminate results and opportunities.

Our project is being developed and written by two strong female leaders in conservation and production agriculture: Lisa Woodke of Star of the West Milling Company and Dr. Julie Doll of Michigan Agriculture Advancement. The team is a perfect pairing, with Julie's background in conservation and her passion for nourishing communities, along with Lisa's experience with production agriculture and her passion for sustainability. You will read in our letters of support that our life and work histories reflect our passion to all aspects of this proposed project.

A. Contact Information

Lisa Woodke, Sustainability Director Star of the West Milling Company 121 E. Tuscola Frankenmuth, MI 48734 (b)(6) 989-652-6358 fax (b)(6)

B. Project Partners. Star of the West Milling Co. ("Star"): Star of the West brings a unique perspective to the food system, with visibility at all points on the value chain. Star of the West has been part of the Michigan landscape since it was founded in 1870, and we have always been part of the food and agriculture industry. Our relationships span all the way from the grower to global food companies. Our 20+ agronomists and Certified Crop Advisors (CCAs) proudly work daily with producers. Their entire focus is to help growers maximize their returns for the crops that they are growing, while keeping sustainability top of mind. Staff at our elevator locations across Michigan also interact with growers, and our commodity trading staff can discuss opportunities with a plethora of growers.

Michigan Agriculture Advancement (MiAA): empowers alternatives to the commodity agriculture system that has prioritized production efficiencies at the expense of farm resiliency, production flexibility, food value, and environmental impacts. MiAA supports the work of innovative farmers building soil health and diversifying crop rotations. MiAA has a strong track record engaging with farmers—including a focus on women farmers and young farmers.

We will also consult with the **Artisan Grain Collaborative** (AGC) to establish a Michigan-specific assessment of the barriers to and opportunities for advancing climate-smart food grade grains and legumes. AGC leads a network of 170+ individuals and organizations working to regionalize diversified staple crop production, processing, and consumption in the Midwest.

Shiftology Communication: will provide the video and marketing support for the underserved growers in our grant. They focus on three practice areas to make a positive impact on the world: food and agriculture, health and wellness, and energy and environment. The focus on agriculture helped them to develop Virtual Farm TripsTM, offering a unique and one-of-a-kind learning experience by connecting viewers to real working farms.

Other partners on this grant include an **Food Value Chain Outreach Team** of diverse and experienced professionals from the following organizations and farms:

- 1. Artisan Grain Collaborative (AGC described above)
- 2. Hasenick Brothers Farm: a 5000 acre, 4th-generation grain farm in Springport, Michigan that is 100% no-till and 100% cover cropped every year.

- 3. Kellogg Biological Station Long Term Agroecosystem Research (KBS LTAR) program: a member of the U.S. LTAR Network established by the USDA to develop national strategies for the sustainable intensification of agricultural production.
- 4. Midwest GRIT (Grains Resource and Immersive Training): a Beginning Farmer and Rancher Development funded farmer training program developed to increase the number of successful, resilient beginning grain farmers in the Upper Midwest, with a special focus on supporting beginning women grain farmers.
- 5. Van Buren County Conservation District (VBCD): promotes the conservation of natural resources. They work closely with farmers on conservation agriculture, including using climate-smart practices such as cover crops, reduced tillage, and nutrient management.
- 6. **Wisconsin Women in Conservation** (WiWiC): a program through the Michael Fields Agricultural Institute. It provides education, peer to peer learning, resource connections and technical support to women landowners in their pursuit to care for the land.
- 7. **Bavarian Inn Restaurant:** is known for world-famous chicken dinners in Frankenmuth and has recently opened the Michigan on Main Bar and Grill, dedicated to using Michigan made & grown products with a focus on seasonality and local sourcing.

In addition, as demonstrated by letters of support, we have the support of many other organizations and individuals. Syngenta and Land O'Lakes, both companies with whom we have a long-standing relationship using their sustainability tools, AgriEdge and Truterra, respectively, are supportive of the use of these tools for this project. The Nature Conservancy has a strong relationship with Star of the West, and along with support for this grant, we are also currently working on another grant regarding sustainable wheat for the Saginaw Bay Watershed.

As wheat acres are the largest area of acreage to promote Climate Smart Commodities, we wanted to include as much support for wheat as we could. We have the blessing of the two top wheat programs in the state: the Michigan Wheat Program, and Dennis Pennington, Wheat Specialist at Michigan State University. We are also proud to list support from the North American Millers' Association, which has a larger geographic wheat focus, but maintains a strong support of Michigan wheat and Star of the West. In addition, we helped launch Airly, a climate-smart snack cracker with carbon negative wheat from Michigan, and we have support from this new food company, Bright Future Foods. We also received support from the Michigan Soybean Committee to focus on food grade soybeans and the Michigan Bean Council for dry beans. Further supporting our project include young farmers in Michigan, Michael Fields Agricultural Institute, Michigan State University agroecologists, Michigan Agri-business Association, Tuscola Technology Center and Bay Arenac Future Farmers of America Chapters, Bay Arenac Career Center, Michigan Farm Bureau, and the National Wildlife Federation Cover Crops Champion Program.

C. Underserved Project Partners. Several of our project partners have a direct focus on underserved partners. MiAA, as mentioned above, has a strong track record engaging with farmers—including a focus on women farmers—across Michigan and we are excited about what that collaboration will bring to the table. Our partners including Artisan Grain Collaborative, Midwest GRIT, and Wisconsin Women in Conservation have many experiences serving beginning and women farmers, and we will pull from their knowledge, wisdom, connections, and resources. Importantly, we have support from several beginning farmers themselves, including

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and (b) have working relationships with Star of the West and have participated in sustainability

programs and data tracking with Star over the last five years. (b)(6) on our advisory board, is a young farmer keeping the tradition alive of the 4th generation farm he operates with his brother. We know the impact of farmer-to-farmer learning and networking. These farmers are leaders in their areas and across the state and will be influential in helping spread the word about this project. We also have support from young and beginning farmer organizations including Future Farmers of America chapters and the Michigan Farm Bureau Young Farmer Program. Our work with students across Michigan is highlighted by letters of support from one student, Ms. (b)(6) and one school, the Bay Arenac Intermediate School District. Star of the West has a history working with both students and young/beginning farmers, and coupled with MiAA, we know we can make a difference with these two underserved groups. Lastly, we will work with Shiftology, a woman-owned agricultural marketing firm to specifically work with the underserved populations to develop video and print advertising to support marketing of those farms.

D. Compelling Need. We clearly see the potential for Michigan to have a climate-smart, sustainable foodshed. The pandemic showed us vulnerabilities in our food system, and we know Michigan farmers have struggled with changes in the climate and how to adapt (Doll et al. 2017). We also know that consumers increasingly want to source their food from "sustainable" farms, but that means something different to every consumer. Star of the West Milling Company has recognized the need for clarity in the sustainability arena for years. We work daily with both farmers and food processors, and though sustainability has been forefront in the minds of both groups, we are no closer to having a clear definition than we were before. Each food company focuses on different aspects of sustainability, whether that focus is people, planet or profit. The *planet* aspect, however, is exactly where climate smart commodities fit, and why this grant program is so timely and needed.

There are many challenges to creating a climate-smart foodshed that is fed by commodity grains and legumes. These challenges span from the field to the fork, and we have experience working at each level of the value chain. As we have done this, we have recognized that one challenge is that there are too many platforms available to track climate-smart management and production at the field and farm levels. They often come in both free and paid versions and are available through almost every avenue in agriculture; the seed company you buy through, the equipment that you drive on farm and the fertilizer that you apply, just to name a few; all have versions of a tracking software. The software is not the issue at hand; it is the data input into that software, and/or getting that data into systems that can measure and provide output in a consistent manner. Data needs to be measured against the same ruler, and it is very disheartening for a grower to have data inputted into one system and then be told their system doesn't speak to other systems, and the data needs to be re-entered into a new online tool. This seems to be the biggest concern growers have; the amount of time spent entering data into multiple systems. Since there isn't a standard accepted across sustainability or climate smart yet, companies simply use what they want and do what they want. This leaves growers very frustrated. Having an actual person who could be on farm as needed to help growers either download their current data into another system or enter the data by hand into another system is a major missing component in climate-smart and sustainably grown commodities. The breakdown occurs as growers simply don't have the time available or often the data entry skills to make the process go quickly. Having someone to work with will solve this problem. As such, our years of on-the-ground experience have informed us that for climate-smart commodities to become the norm, we need an investment in people: the social networks and human capital that are imperative to making

lasting change. We see climate-smart commodities with robust markets as an opportunity to fuel agricultural innovation, enrich rural communities, nourish our population, ensure the tools are available for those who want to try new methods and technologies, and to break down barriers of adoption for new and non-traditional production methods.

E. Approach to minimize transaction costs associated with project activities. Transaction costs are often encountered at the verification of climate-smart practices happening on the farm. Farms can be asked to spend between \$3,000 to \$5,000 per farm, per verification to be able to identify their crops as a certain brand or type (organic, etc). With the methods we are proposing in this grant, those verification costs would be avoided due to several items; one, with a Climate Smart Agronomist on farms working with growers, this itself is a small verification step to have another set of eyes on what happens on the farm. Two, utilizing various systems to analyze data allows checking of system against system to verify that the practices utilized did indeed affect carbon and how much. Lastly, when working through climate-smart practices, one of the costs often associated is simply in trying new things. With the Truterra system, we can chart or map a new approach on a field and assess both the sustainability of the project and the financial outcomes for the grower. In this way, a grower can analyze several situations virtually, instead of trying each situation out on the farm and possibly losing money.

F. Approach to reduce producer barriers. We have spent years assessing the barriers farmers face to adopting conservation agriculture practices, including climate-smart practices (Reimer et al. 2022), in addition to having direct contact with producers across the state. What we found was a complex landscape of barriers to conservation agriculture adoption. Four main themes emerged from this work: lack of human capital, inadequate social networks, lacking markets, and need for conservation program reform. This proposed project directly addresses three of these barriers: for a climate-smart food system, there needs to be an investment in markets and people—the social networks and human capital that are imperative to making lasting change.

First barrier - human capital: A modern farm business is complex and involves a range of equipment, technology and tools – all designed to work together to deliver a successful growing season. Changing one of these systems can require changes or updates to other parts of the business. In this sense, a farmer is really an "orchestra conductor" who brings together a huge array of technologies to achieve success. We have understood for years that we have less of a technology problem and more of a people problem. Investing in human capital will address the needed technical assistance for farmers to navigate the world of climate data management.

As we are on the farm with growers, the issue that comes up at each and every farm is the data input. The system preferred by the grower, the system being required by the food processor, and the system calculating the greenhouse gas scores are often three different systems. The data is the same, but to enter the same data into three different tools is hard for a grower to stomach. In addition, farmers have an abundance of tools at their fingertips for tracking data, but often the entry into the tool is the struggle. Some data flows seamlessly to other systems, while some does not. A definite need is the simple data entry into whatever system is being requested. Not only do growers often not have the confidence, expertise, or time to enter the data, tracking in systems can be costly, with each having their own subscription fee. Our grant addresses all these items with a full time Climate Smart Agronomist to focus in areas where we have our agronomy locations (thumb, central Michigan and southwest Michigan). More details about the responsibilities of this agronomist is below (see Table 1). In addition, for female and beginning farmers, who often have unique challenges and constraints (Schmidt et al. 2021), we will offer

Climate Smart Leadership Trainings (see section II.C for details). These trainings directly address human capital challenges for these underserved audiences and will strengthen participants' confidence, commitment, and leadership skills to enhance Michigan's climate-smart foodshed.

Second barrier - social networks: Farmers are people, and people have evolved to exist and thrive in social networks. Increasingly innovative farmers find themselves isolated from their neighbors and questioned or even shunned when their fields look "dirty" with cover crops or no-till. We have heard directly from numerous farmers across the state that the lack of social networks and support are limiting the advancement of better agricultural systems in Michigan (Reimer et al. 2022). Farmers need robust social networks to reach out to and ask questions ranging from how and when to plant a new cover crop and termination of that cover to how to market their farm so they can sell food items including oats, beans, or carbon negative wheat to a local restaurant or grocery store. These informal networks also serve as important confidence boosters and troubleshooting resources for farmers. Strengthening social networks for farmers and agricultural professionals is one of the pillars of MiAA's work. During this project, we will host peer-to-peer learning opportunities, farmer discussion groups and learning circles, and make connections in order to strengthen peer knowledge exchange, rural development, overall wellbeing, and mental health (see section II.C for details).

Third barrier - markets: We can help reduce this barrier in a number of ways. At the farm level, we can help producers tell their story. They now have a strong compilation of data, but generally not a great way to share it. How can they advertise their farm grows carbon negative wheat, or their dry beans are locally grown so they can sell those items for a higher profit? An easy and effective way in today's society would be to help growers tell their story online. We anticipate offering growers the opportunity to work with a fabulous agriculture marketing firm from Ohio, Shiftology, that Star of the West partners with. Shiftology is a woman-owned company that is well known for their videos on farms. With this partnership, every farmer in the underserved category will be offered the ability to share their story. Buyers in today's world depend on social media to make purchases, and we need to help equip the growers to create or maintain a social presence. Each underserved grower will receive a farm video for use with their branding efforts, and Star of the West will also have access to the grower videos. Shiftology will also work with each underserved farm to create a print advertisement to help establish their farm or a product from their farm. We can utilize QR codes for packaging and labeling with these advertisements.

At the buyer level, we will have a specific focus on institutional procurement. Institutional buyers often include places of higher education, K-12 schools, hospitals, and childcare settings. We have had initial conversations across Michigan exploring the role of institutional procurement in helping to advance soil health and resilient farms (Reimer et al. 2022). We will build on that foundation and more deeply explore the barriers to - and opportunities for - institutional procurement of climate-smart legumes and grains in Michigan. MiAA is a formal partner in the AGC network and is a member of the institutional procurement working group. In AGC's experience, infrastructure continues to come up more often than any other single factor that hinders the development of diversified, high-value staple crop production. That results in a reduced diversity of crops on the landscape, leading to reduced soil health and contributions to climate change. Addressing the infrastructure piece of the puzzle will allow more farmers to access higher-value markets, leading to greater landscape diversity and thus soil health, in addition to resilience for rural communities and greater access to climate-smart, nutritious foods.

We do not have a plethora of information on this in Michigan for climate-smart grains and legumes. As such, a key piece of our project is the development of an **asset map** for Michigan by AGC. Asset maps are an analysis of the assets, resources, needs, gaps and strategic steps and opportunities for a given area (Healthy FAM Report 2022). The asset map will analyze the barriers, opportunities, and assets present on the Michigan landscape to increase production, processing, and consumption of food-grade grains. Specific questions will be addressed:

- 1. What are the food system assets (physical/environmental, human, institutional) that exist in Michigan for grains and legumes?
- 2. What linkages exist among these assets?
- 3. What are barriers that people and institutions in Michigan face in terms of accessing climate-smart grains and legumes?
- 4. What barriers do farmers and food suppliers (including food aggregators, distributors, processors) in Michigan face in terms of providing climate-smart grains and legumes to consumers? How might they overcome these barriers?

This analysis will entail qualitative research with Michigan diversified grain farmers, processors, and end-users via interviews, focus groups, and surveys. Those results will be analyzed in conjunction with quantitative research into existing facilities for grain and legume storage, cleaning, handling, processing, post-harvest storage, and more. This will happen across the state, leading to opportunities to leverage previously unidentified/untapped assets that may not be thought of as specifically "for grain" or "for dry beans". The result of this project will be a 'state of the state' of existing infrastructure assets and a list of what's missing. This will be the foundation on which many other projects could be initiated, and this work would be leveraged broadly across the state by a wide diversity of agencies, nonprofits, and working groups. This will also be a powerful roadmap to identify investable opportunities within grain systems that prioritize **equity**. For an example of the power of an asset map, see the Healthy Food Access Map (<u>https://healthy-food-access-mapping-ucpcog.hub.arcgis.com</u> or the attachment titled 'Asset Map Example'). In addition, MiAA will create a state-wide directory of producers and buyers for Michigan grains and legumes. This will be an invaluable tool–in conjunction with the asset map–that will help market access, procurement, and longevity of a climate-smart foodshed.

G. Geographic Focus. As we look to advance a climate-smart foodshed, our focus for direct contact with farmers will be the state of Michigan. We specifically plan to focus on Central, Thumb/Saginaw Bay, and Southwest Michigan. Star of the West has agronomy locations in these areas, and our ability to interact with growers will be enhanced if we focus on these geographies first. This is most certainly a pilot project, and we know that the lessons learned will be invaluable to other regions of the state—and the country—as they seek to develop climate-smart foodsheds. For the asset map and directory, we will broaden the scope to include the entire state. This will contribute to a stable, healthy climate-smart market long after the life of this project.

H. Project Management Capacity. **Star of the West**: Recognizing the importance of sustainability and climate smart for both ourselves and our customers, Star of the West hired a full time Sustainability Director (Woodke) in 2019 to focus efforts specifically between the growers and food customers that we work with on a daily basis. Star of the West has the capacity to manage a project of this size based on many previous experiences. In terms of financial stability, Star of the West successfully runs their company which has \$365 million in annual sales, and has adequate financial resources to meet its financial obligations on a routine basis.

Star of the West also utilizes (b)(4) for a financial management system, which is adequate to segregate and track federal funds. This system is also in compliance with the standards outlined in 2 DFR Part 200 Subpart D for procurement, property and records management; and required financial and performance reporting. Star of the West has also previously successfully obtained a Federal financial assistance award in 2021 for a Rural Energy for (b)(4) and a state award of (b)(4)

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Most recently, Star of the West entered into a grant opportunity with (b)(4) This program enrolls (b)(4)per year, for a three-year period, of sustainably grown wheat and then markets that wheat to food customers. This opportunity is for (b)(4)the grant. Last year, Star of the West was instrumental in the launch of the Airly (b)(4)cracker, which is a new Climate Smart Snacking option from Bright Future Foods. This cracker contains carbon negative wheat from Michigan farms, and grain was sourced and Identity Preserved by Star of the West. Most importantly, all the data collected was coordinated through Star of the West, and the five-year historical look at each farm was entered into Comet Farms to help determine the carbon score of the wheat. In addition, Star of the West has been working with growers over the last six years on (b)(4) farm management software, and has worked side by side with growers regarding data entry with this system. The(b)(4) data is run through (b)(4) to receive a(b)(4)which includes a greenhouse gas score, and these scores are shared with a Michigan based food customer. That program had enrolled for the 2021 wheat harvest, and the overall carbon cost of production (b)(4)(pounds of CO2 equivalents per bushel) was negative. More recently, Star of the West has entered into an agreement with (b)(4) the sustainability business at (b)(4)at the request of another food processor customer located in Ohio. This (b)(4) system has opened the doors for modeling different scenarios on a field and being able to determine which climate-smart options will best improve the health of the field.

Michigan Agriculture Advancement (MiAA): (b)(6) has years of experience securing grants, managing projects, engaging with farmers, and developing educational programming on climate change and row-crop agriculture. As seen on her attached CV, she has served on numerous state and regional committees and working groups, recently serving as the elected (b)(6) Her publication record shows her commitmer

(b)(6) Her publication record shows her commitment to and expertise in deep engagement with agricultural stakeholders on sustainable agriculture as well as her expertise in climate change and row-crop agriculture. In addition, MiAA has a Farmer Engagement Leader –who is also a full time Michigan farmer–to help with project activities.

Food Value Chain Outreach Team: an important aspect of project management is the involvement of experts in the field. We have developed an Outreach Team that collectively has years of experience across the food value chain, working with underserved populations, and with farming experience themselves. The Advisory Board will meet twice per year, virtually, to ensure the program and grant are continuing to focus on the objectives that are involved with teh grant after the food grade grains are delivered to the mill. They will not be involved on the farming side of the equation, as the standards for that are finalized and include the following NRCS Codes: Conservation Cover (327), Cover Crops (340), Residue and Tillage Management, No Till (329), Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Tillage (345), Integrated Pest Management

(595), Nutrient Management (590), Filter Strip (393), Grassed Waterway (412), Soil Carbon Amendment (336), Strip Cropping (585), and Wildlife Habitat Planting (420). They will offer guidance, support, critical feedback, and will help connect us with resources across the state and region in terms of food and consumers. Members have enthusiastically accepted our invitation to serve (see attached letters of support) and include:

- 1. (b)(6) Van Buren Conservation District, as a voice for Michigan conservation agriculture and experience engaging female farmers;
- 2. (b)(6) Artisan Grain Collaborative, as a voice for food grade commodities, value chains, supporting underserved populations, and institutional procurement;
- 3. (b)(6) as a voice for farmers;
- 4. (b)(6) Midwest GRIT and Illinois farmer, as a voice for young and beginning farmers as well as women farmers;
- 5. (b)(6) Wisconsin Women in Conservation, as a voice for women farmers;
- 6. (b)(6) Kellogg Biological Station Long Term Agroecosystem Research (KBS LTAR)
- program, as a voice for research and cropping systems agronomy;
- 7. [h)(6) Bavarian Inn Restaurant, as a voice for restaurants/food service and food procurement.

II. The Plan to Pilot Climate Smart Agricultural Practices

A. Climate-smart agricultural practices to be deployed. We plan to focus on NRCS Codes: Conservation Cover (327), Cover Crops (340), Residue and Tillage Management, No Till (329), Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Tillage (345), Integrated Pest Management (595), Nutrient Management (590), Filter Strip (393), Grassed Waterway (412), Soil Carbon Amendment (336), Strip Cropping (585), and Wildlife Habitat Planting (420). We will encourage the use of these items and discuss with farmers ways to implement them on their farms. First, with our current staff of agronomists, CCAs and Sustainability Director, we will continue to work with growers that we have a relationship with. Second, with our new Climate-Smart Agronomist, we will be able to focus more heavily on climate-smart practices when we are on the farm and meeting new growers. With the Truterra tool, we can enter current practices from the farm into the system, and then we can make suggestions of items to focus on for improved sustainability, and the Truterra tool will run a scenario to see what the overall effect will be with the changes being suggested (see the attachment for a Truterra field example). This will give the grower an understanding of which practices, specifically, he or she could try on the farm and have an idea what the positive outcome would be prior to making the change. The reason to focus on the climate-smart agricultural practices mentioned above is that Star feels these items can be executed on every acre of the food crops we will focus on, wheat, dry beans, food grade soybeans, and oats. Each of these food items can then have the same Climate Smart label applied to them, so there will be consistency for the consumers and food processors.

B. Plan to recruit. Michigan grows over 500,000 acres of wheat, 200,000 acres of dry beans, and estimates for food grade soybeans range from 40,000 to 100,000. We will use the 40,000 acres for this example to be on the safe side, and approximately 20,000 acres of oats (almost entirely for feed, not food) each year. This gives a total prospect acreage of 760,000 acres per year. We are targeting working with 25,000 of those acres each year, or about 3% of the total. Of these acres, many farms will grow more than one of these food crops, so the total number of

farms will be much less. We anticipate working with up to 50 farms, as this would equate to an average of about 500 acres grown on each farm.

As mentioned, Star of the West has a 150 plus year history dealing with growers in Michigan. Our agronomy staff interacts with farmers to determine the best path forward to grow crops in each field. Our elevator staff interacts with growers as they buy and sell commodities to our elevators throughout Michigan. In addition, MiAA will leverage their networks to host specific roundtable discussions, learning circles, and field days specifically for women and beginning farmer audiences. We will attend female and beginner farmer meetings and winter conferences in each year of the project. The Climate Smart Agronomist will further reach future farmers by working with FFA Chapters and college agriculture students to provide "ride along" opportunities to learn about climate-smart practices and working with growers. In addition, the agronomist will offer an internship for beginning or interested farmer to help with the project.

With the Climate-Smart Agronomist proposed for this grant, Star of the West will be able to recruit new growers that we do not currently work with. This agronomist will participate in Michigan Farm Bureau Young Farmer programs across the state of Michigan. Michigan Farm Bureau will also engage their membership and promote the grant opportunity through their channels, including their grower newspaper. Star of the West will share project information on their website and Facebook page. The enrollment timeline will be by the end of October for wheat growers and January 31 for the remaining crops each year. Annual enrollment will ensure growers can continue if they wish, but do not have to enter into a multi-year contract. This would ensure that in future years, as the project is more widely known, we can include new growers.

C. Plan to provide technical assistance, outreach and training. We will utilize an *engagement framework* for our communication, technical assistance, and training activities. Engagement is a form of communication that is designed to give people the opportunity, motivation, and ability to think about things deeply (rather than just be nudged), and thus increases the odds that they will form new beliefs, feelings, and frames. This is critical when asking farmers to sell to new markets, change farming practices, maintain those practices, and then enhance and innovate with those practices. This approach to outreach and communication is geared towards a *lasting* climate-smart foodshed. The Climate Smart Agronomist, yet to be hired—in addition to current staff at Star—will provide boots-on-the-ground technical assistance support to farmers. The responsibilities of this agronomist will fall into three broad categories: 1) farmer outreach and training of the next generation of climate-smart agricultural professionals (see Table 1).

Likewise, MiAA will engage heavily with farmers across Michigan, with a special emphasis on beginning and women farmers. MiAA produces a weekly newsletter, hosts an annual farmer meeting called Underground Innovations, hosts annual summer field days, and its staff have hosted numerous in person and online discussion roundtables on topics related to sustainable agriculture generally, and climate change and agriculture specifically (e.g., Doll et al. 2018). We will continue these activities across the state. We will inform about and promote the program at state and national level conferences and meetings, including Michigan's annual MI Farm Women's Symposium; the Women, Food and Agriculture Network; field days hosted by Midwest GRIT, and beyond. See the attached fact sheets in English and Spanish that demonstrate our ability to clearly communicate about climate change and agriculture and our commitment to underserved audiences.

We are particularly excited about our outreach to and training for women and beginning farmers, who are the future of agriculture in the US. Our work with beginning and women farmers will be informed and strengthened by the rich wisdom of Advisory Board members, who are actively working in this space in the Midwest. We are very excited to connect our Michigan growers to their networks and resources. In the winter of 2022, MiAA co-hosted one of the first online 'Learning Circles' for women farmers in Michigan, focused on conservation agriculture. The feedback was immediate and positive: women farmers in Michigan are craving opportunities for programming specific to their situations and needs. We will host virtual and in person field days and learning circles to foster peer-to-peer learning and to strengthen social networks. We will do this for both women farmers and for beginning/young farmers. Knowing the unique barriers and challenges these groups may have on and off the farm, we will host Climate Smart Leadership Trainings in years 2 and 3 of the project. These trainings will occur at the Edward Lowe Foundation, which includes a working farm using climate-smart practices and they have a strong ethic and history of land stewardship and sustainable agriculture in Michigan. They offer nationally recognized leadership training programs. Key takeaways of these trainings for our farmers will include: greater insights into their strengths and leadership styles; a clearer vision about their farm enterprise's direction; practical tools and techniques to accelerate growth; the ability to think differently about themselves, their people and their organization; and stronger bonds with their peer groups (https://edwardlowe.org). This investment in human capital and social networks underpins our entire project and is essential for any program seeking to make lasting change across the landscape.

Table 1. Activities of the Climate Smart Agronomist							
Farmer outreach & technical assistance	Agronomic data management	Mentorship & training of the next generation					
Help farmers manage fields using climate-smart practices and incorporate wheat, dry beans, food grade soybeans, and food grade oats on farms	Work hand-in-hand with growers to input data into the correct data platform, one that works for the farm	Speak in high schools, FFA chapters, and colleges to expose students and beginning farmers to the program and climate smart agriculture					
Present at field days, farmer meetings, and on Michigan Grown, Michigan Great, & Michigan Ag & Food podcasts to advertise the program	Assist growers in completing Cool Farm Analysis in AgriEdge	Engage students for "ride alongs" while working with farmers					
Recruit and enroll farmers into the project	Access data in AgriEdge and enter it into Truterra for Sustainability Report and into Comet Farms	Work with, train, and mentor Climate Smart interns each summer					
Collaborate with MiAA and project partners to present the program to their farmers	Transfer data into the food company requests so that farmers can sell Climate	Engage with FFA Chapters and local chapters of Michigan Farm Bureau Young Farmers					

11

Smart Commodities	

D. Plan for financial assistance to implement climate-smart practices. Each field enrolled in the program will be mapped and have the data entry inputted into the AgriEdge system. This system is ideal for growers, as it can be used on all devices and can easily be updated from the cab of the tractor. Once data is in AgriEdge, the grower will allow access to the Climate Smart Agronomist, who will then map the field(s) in the Truterra assessment tool. After mapping, the entire suite of practices-from applications to tillage to cover to seed to harvest-will be entered into the system from day one after harvest of previous crop to harvest of current crop, and the tool will assess a score. Once scored, the Climate Smart Agronomist and the farmer can then discuss what options for adding or increasing Climate Smart practices can happen on that field, and choosing those different options and then reassessing the field will show the grower how that will increase, decrease or keep their score the same. If they do increase the score and want to proceed with the changes, the next step would be to evaluate those changes financially. The tool can do this as well, to help the grower understand what the cost implications are. For entering data into AgriEdge and allowing access to Star of the West, we will pay the grower \$5 per acre. After the Climate Smart Agronomist enters the data into Truterra and a score is determined, the grower may receive an additional \$5 per acre for implementing the changes to increase their score. And if the field resides in the "Advanced" category of the tool, where sustainability score is the highest, we will also pay the grower \$5 per acre. This ensures those growers that have indeed been making the best Climate Smart choices for many years will still be included in receiving payments, as often these growers will be unable to increase their score and may very well reside in the Advanced Category.

Lastly, to increase the rotation of food crops, we propose to add compensation for farmers piloting food grade oats. This incentive of \$2 per bushel, up to 150 bushels per acre will help cover the delivery cost because the oats are only accepted at two facilities in Michigan - Mt. Pleasant or Gera, Michigan. This incentive will also help cover the costs if the oats do not make food grade as intended and must be sold for feed grade. Food grade oats require more inputs, and the food grade test weight minimums are stricter than feed grade oats. Therefore, it is a larger gamble to grow the food grade oats. To establish a food grade oats program, it is necessary to help growers work through the struggles of identifying the proper ways to ensure test weight minimums for the oats. With this launch of a food grade oat program in Michigan, Star intends to process these climate-smart oats in Michigan and work to distribute them in this local foodshed.

E. Plan to enroll underserved and small producers. The plan to enroll underserved and small producers will be a targeted effort between MiAA and Star of the West. The Climate Smart Agronomist will work closely with the Young Farmer Program at Michigan Farm Bureau and attend county meetings to establish relationships with that group. Michigan Farm Bureau also plans to promote the grant through their channels in print and on social media, as does Star of the West and MiAA. MiAA will host learning circles and field days to promote this opportunity to underserved audiences. We anticipate working with 10 beginning or women farmers each year.

This grant plans to reserve 25% of the allotted funds for women and beginning farmers. In terms of direct payments, that would be \$150,000 per year, max payout. The technical assistance from the Climate Smart Agronomist would be equivalent to \$18,750 per year, if we assume a 25% allotment as well. We also plan to utilize the services of Shiftology, as described previously, for advertising for each of the underserved farmers and we estimate \$50,000 per year for this. This equates to \$1,187,500 over the five-year span of the grant for beginning and women farmers. This does not consider the hours from Star of the West Sustainability Director, Star of the West CCAs and agronomists, who will also be assisting with the entire project. MiAA's Farmer Engagement Leader, herself a young farmer, will be invaluable in helping to recruit and mentor both women and beginning farmers. She will present at field days, support farmers with calls and emails, and help to guide the development of all farmer-facing activities, ensuring relevance and applicability.

III. Measurement/quantification, Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification Plan

A. Greenhouse gas benefit quantification. Our approach to greenhouse gas benefit quantification will be a multi-pronged approach. Our focus will be utilizing the Cool Farm Analysis, a globally accepted sustainability platform that includes a greenhouse gas score. We also intend to enroll fields into the Comet Farms tool, and reference the carbon score from this tool against the Cool Farm score. Lastly, the Truterra Sustainability tool has a Net GHG Emissions score as well. Taking all three of these into account, it will be straightforward to quantify GHG emissions. These can be presented in amount of CO2e sequestered per bushel or acre.

B. Monitoring of practice implementation. Our approach to monitoring practice implementation will be two pronged: we will have the Climate Smart Agronomist on farm to verify the practices through the entering of data and we will also use the satellite imagery system included in the AgriEdge tool. With this satellite imagery, we can pinpoint fields and track them throughout the life of the program, to watch the growth of cover on the field, or the absence of cover, tillage, etc. We anticipate 25,000 acres and 50 farms to be reached each year of the project, for a total of 125,000 acres after 5 years.

C. Reporting and tracking greenhouse gas benefits. The approach to reporting and tracking of greenhouse gas benefits will be fairly simple due to our work with AgriEdge and Truterra. The Syngenta team will be able to compile reports at the end of each year with the GHG benefits per commodity. We can overlay that data with the reports from Truterra on acres assessed per farm and field, scores realized, and category attained. In that way, we can easily provide a GHG benefit per dollar expended. The anticipated longevity of the GHG benefits will be provided by working with the growers to ascertain whether they plan for changes on their farm or if they plan to continue in the Climate Smart way they are farming. We anticipate seeing carbon neutral or carbon negative wheat be harvested from our farms, as this is the data Star of the West has seen this past year on 14,000 acres across our grower base. We anticipate that oats will also have a low carbon footprint, and we see that dry beans and food grade soybeans will likely have a higher footprint based on some tillage that still exists for these crops. Because we are not assessing all crops on a farm, we do not plan to have a GHG benefit per farm, but instead per commodity produced. We anticipate less than 50 CO2e/bushel equivalent for all four focus crops. A mass balance approach will be utilized for tracking GHG benefits through the supply chain, unless the food customers require identity preservation (IP). If IP is required, Star of the West can segregate into smaller bins at our locations, which we have done for customers in the past.

We also can shut down our processing facility, whether beans or flour, to run a special batch. These items will require additional financial input from the food company but are an option that has been successful by Star of the West in the recent past.

D. Verification of greenhouse gas benefits. The verification of greenhouse gas benefits will be two-fold. We intend to verify the greenhouse gas benefits/scores by utilizing Comet Farms and then referencing this against the analyses by the Cool Farm Tool and the Truterra Sustainability Tool. To verify that the on-farm practices are being implemented, the Climate Smart Agronomist and Intern will be on the farm. They will verify the practices through the entering of data and also by using the satellite imagery system that is included in the AgriEdge tool. With this satellite imagery, we can pinpoint fields and track them throughout the life of the program, to watch the growth of cover on the field, or the absence of cover, tillage, etc.

E. Participation in the Partnerships Network. Star of the West will designate Lisa Woodke to be a member of the "USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network". She will gladly attend all required meetings and provide input to USDA to inform their work. As needed, co-PI(b)(6) will participate as well.

IV. Developing and Expanding Climate Smart Markets

A. Partnerships for marketing. Star of the West intends to work with current food customers to establish accepted parameters around the marketing of the Climate Smart Commodities. We anticipate a five-star system, focused on one star for each of the following categories: 1) cover crops (one species minimum); 2) nutrient management (grid/variable rate technology/soil sampling); 3) enhanced efficiency fertilizer (used at one or more application); 4) low or no or strip till (in the year of the wheat, bean, or oat crop); and 5) soil amendments (b)(4) Each of these categories must be tracked online with (b)(4)the AgriEdge tool, and this data must be shared with Star of the West so it can be entered into Truterra and Comet Farms. Assuming all five CSAF categories are used on an acre and the assessment with TruTerra is complete, the rating will go from CS5 (utilizing all 5 categories above) to "CS5 Tru". If it is assessed using Comet Farms, the rating will go from "CS5" to "CS5 Comet". If it is assessed using Cool Farm Tool, it will go from "CS5" to "CS5 Cool", signifying to the buyer what the assessment was and how many climate-smart categories were achieved on the field. An alternate approach that we will target will be to have a Climate Smart label, similar to a USDA Organic label that will have different logos attached to it, signifying what climate smart practice was used on the farm. A one-star climate smart would be using cover crops; a 2 star would be using cover plus nutrient management; a 3 star would utilize the previous to plus enhanced efficiency fertilizer; a 4 star would be the previous three plus low or no or strip till and finally a 5 star would utilize the previous four plus soil amendments. Therefore, the goal would be to sell a 5 star climate smart verified product to the processor that could be labeled on box as such.

Star of the West currently works with food customers in Michigan and can easily promote this new Climate Smart Commodity called CS5 to wheat, flour, dry bean, food grade soy and oat customers. When talking with customers and promoting this new category of grain or legume, Star can offer a mass balance approach to purchasing the product, or we can offer IP if so desired. As Star of the West currently works with both Bavarian Inn and Zehnder's restaurants in Frankenmuth, we can reach out to those and other restaurants to see if a Climate Smart option might be something that could be promoted at the local restaurants. This could also open doors

for other products grown in Michigan at restaurants. With their new flaking facility, Star can flake the climate-smart food grade oats and create an oatmeal that could easily be marketed to local institutions like schools and hospitals. By focusing the Climate Smart food grown in Michigan be eaten in Michigan, we also save on the Scope 3 emissions of transporting food all over the US, when it could easily be utilized right here in Michigan, and if we encounter excess food supply, then we can ship that to other states.

Star of the West recognizes every customer focuses on different goals for their products. The analyses of Truterra, Comet Farms, AgriEdge data/Cool Farm Assessment cover a variety of requests. In fact, this data set would cover every request we have received to date. We feel confident that growers could sell their grain with the stamp of any of these companies to any processor, consumer or restaurant. In addition, we will lean on our relationship with the Artisan Grain Collaborative and MiAA's participation in their Institutional Procurement working group to explore and help create new markets in Michigan for climate-smart grains and legumes. This partnership will be invaluable as we work to create climate-smart foodsheds.

B. Tracking climate-smart commodities. Tracking of the commodities will be fairly easy as Star of the West is vertically integrated. When the grower delivers the commodity, Star of the West has over 20 grain elevators in which to store these commodities. Therefore, we can segregate or IP if necessary. We can also track which bins the product goes into, and we can deliver those bins to the necessary processing facility, whether ours or a food customer. Tracking will be made easier by use of the AgriEdge tool, as well.

C. Economic benefits for producers. A grower will have the opportunity to receive up to \$15 per acre for achieving three outcomes: 1) inputting data into AgriEdge and sharing the data with Star; 2) being scored on Truterra and increasing that score; and 3) receiving the highest category score of Advanced in the Truterra scoring. In the Truterra assessment, if a grower chooses to take some acreage out of production and enter it into CRP or other land programs, they would receive \$200/acre in the year that acreage came out of production. Also, if a grower wants to expand their food growing operation, they can grow food grade oats and receive an additional \$2/bushel up to 150 bushels per acre to grow and deliver those oats to Star of the West in Gera or Mt. Pleasant, Michigan. Once growers have established their CSAF practices and can share those established practices via their data and reporting through one of the three systems (AgriEdge/Cool Farm, Truterra or Comet Farms) they will have the ability to sell to food customers based on their CS5 scores. Also, having the video and print marketing, they will be able to utilize an online presence more easily to attract both consumers and buyers to their farm. Likewise, the leadership training and the directory of food grade grain and legume producers and buyers will bolster the ability of farmers to market their commodities.

D. Post-project Potential. Our project is designed for longevity. The asset map will be a resource to pinpoint areas for priority action by key stakeholders, leaders, organizations, and agencies positioned to have meaningful impact, well beyond the life of this project. The same applies to the directory for Michigan food grade grain and legume growers and buyers. Once developed, this directory will be a core aspect of Michigan Agriculture Advancement, a living document that will be kept updated, available online, and relevant. Dissemination of these resources and other project opportunities is built into our plan. The Michigan Agri-Business Association, representing more than 300 businesses spanning the agricultural value chain, has committed to disseminating opportunities and results to its members across the state (see MABA letter of support). By investing in people—human capital and social networks—our project is set

up to endure. From hosting climate-smart leadership trainings, to supporting young farmers, to creating full time Climate Smart Agronomist position, to giving women farmers the focus they need, to training the next generation of climate-smart agronomists, our project activities are all geared towards creating a climate smart foodshed that will endure. And our wide networks will support the adoption of climate smart foodsheds across a much wider geographic range.

Star of the West just celebrated 150 years, and our CEO Jim Howe often speaks of the next 150. When we started in the milling business, there were over 500 mills in Michigan; today only six remain. For us to still be relevant for the next 150 years, we will need to embrace climate-smart commodities and help both our growers and food processors attain goals around sustainability. This grant isn't just a side-gig for us: growing and processing food is everything we are. We know that helping to launch Airly, the climate smart snacking option from Bright Future Foods, is just the tip of the iceberg. We don't have all the answers, but what we do have is a drive to succeed, the relationships with food customers and farmers, and the will to make mistakes and keep going during this pilot phase. We know climate-smart commodities will be a part of the future, and we think we have a great framework around how this could look. Over the life of this project, we will be able to decipher that which is a homerun and that which simply won't work. We are well poised to work with climate-smart food commodities to make Michigan foodsheds as great as the Great Lakes that surround us.

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Underserved Growers 25% Go	oal 13																					
Grower Attendan	ice 20			2				1				1				<u>1</u>				1		
Underserved Growers 25% Go Climate Smart Leadershin Trainings	oal 5							а				063										
Grower Attendon	ice 30							10				10										
Underserved Growers 25% Go Video Production	oal 8 5 videos				5				16				5				5				a	
Grower Attendan	ice 5												3									10 1
Underserved Growers 25% Go Supply Chain Asset Mapping	2 2 2 2 2				1				1				3									
Food Value Chain Outreach Team	2 meetings	1		11		ŧ,		1		1		1		1		1		1		1		
Other MMRV and Supply Chain Traceab	ility Attribute																					
Other Measurements of Work Related of Commodities	to Marketing																					
Deomonstrated Engagement of Majo Climate Smart Technologies Emi	or Partners ploved																					

Climate-Smart Practices and Limitations

NRCS Practice Code	Practice Name
327	Conservation Cover
329	Residue and Tillage Management, No Till
336	Soil Carbon Amendment
340	Cover Crops
345	Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till
393	Filter Strip
412	Grassed Waterway
420	Wildlife Habitat Planting
585	Strip Cropping
590	Nutrient Management
595	Integrated Pest Management

Climate-Smart practices under this grant shall be limited to the following practices:

All practices applied under this grant will follow NRCS practice standards unless noted below:

Practice Name	Alternative Practice Standards



Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023 Version 1.0

USDA is an equal opportunity lender, provider and employer.



Table of Contents
Overview of Reporting Requirements

Grant recipients are required to submit reports to document their performance under the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodity funding opportunity. These submissions will be required to use the Microsoft Excel workbook templates provided by USDA. The workbooks contain a series of worksheets that collect data in a standardized format to ensure data quality and allow for aggregation and summary of this information. The entire workbook must be submitted quarterly, with updates to all applicable worksheets. This guide is divided into three sections. The Overview of Reporting Requirements section summarizes the layout of the reporting workbook and presents the data elements included in each worksheet. It also describes additional documents that must be submitted to supplement the performance reports. The Data Definitions section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated. Finally, the Appendices contain practice and commodity lists that will be used for these reports. Reporting is necessary for USDA oversight of this effort. The data elements required for inclusion in the quarterly performance reports allow USDA to conduct selected audits to review whether producers are receiving federal funds from multiple sources for the same purpose; to determine whether GHG benefits from implementation of climate-smart agriculture and forestry (CSAF) practices are being estimated accurately; and for other purposes deemed appropriate by USDA.

The reporting worksheets collect information at four levels: project, partner, producer, and field. Descriptions of each level:

Project level: Information about activities and impacts at a whole project/aggregate level (i.e., reflecting all activities under the grant agreement). Some project-level reporting is further subdivided by commodity type or a combination of commodity and CSAF practice(s) (commodity x practice). **Partner level:** Information about activities related to a single organization (recipient, subrecipient, contractor, or other partner) within a project.

Producer level: Information about individual producers who have one or more farms enrolled in a project. **Field level**: Information about individual fields enrolled in a project.

Certain data elements are required to be reported for each producer and field enrolled in a project. In order to minimize the burden associated with data collection and to enable USDA to match data to existing records, these producer- and field-specific records must use the producer's established FSA Farm, Tract and Field IDs, and report the State and County associated with the Farm ID. Associated data entered in conjunction with these data elements, such as Producer Name, must match the data contained in the customer's Business Partner record, and the Farm Operating Plan in Business File for that Farm ID. Disclosure of this information is protected under Section 1619 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (PL 110- 246), 7 U.S.C. 8791. Additionally, Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

Note: For purposes of this guide, "farm" refers to the operation from which climate-smart commodities are produced and may represent farms, ranches, forests or other operations. Similarly, "field" refers to the individual land units at which climate-smart practices are being implemented to produce climate-smart commodities and may represent lots, farmsteads or other units, depending on the type of operation and commodity. The use of "Farm", "Tract" and "Field" align with the FSA definitions; for example, "A field is a part of a farm that is separated from the balance of the farm by a permanent boundary, such as; fences, permanent waterways, woodlands, croplines in cases where farming practices make it probable that this cropline is not subject to change, and other similar features."

The following tables list the data elements included in each reporting worksheet, along with a brief description of each item.

Project Summary

These data will be collected about each project. Cumulative results are reported each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Commodity sales	Indicates sales of the commodity(ies) related to the project occurred this quarter	Quarterly
Farms enrolled	Indicates enrollment activities occurred this quarter	Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	Methods used to calculate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits	Quarterly
GHG cumulative calculation	Method used to calculate cumulative GHG benefits	Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	Whole project estimate of total GHG (CO2e) emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	Whole project estimate of total carbon sequestration	Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CO2 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CH4 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative N2O benefit	Whole project estimate of total N2O emission reductions	Quarterly
Offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced by project	Quarterly
Offsets sale	Name of marketplace where carbon offsets were sold	Quarterly
Offsets price	Price of carbon in offset sales	Quarterly
Insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced by project	Quarterly
Cost of on-farm TA	Cost of on-farm technical assistance (TA) provided to producers	Quarterly
MMRV cost	Cost of measurement, monitoring, reporting, and verification (MMRV) activities	Quarterly
GHG monitoring method	Methods used by project to monitor GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG reporting method	Methods used by project to report on GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG verification method	Methods used to verify GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly

Table 1. Project Summary elements

Partner Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will represent one organization involved in the project, including the recipient and all contributing partners. A partner is any organization that is receiving project funds or providing matching contributions (funds or in-kind contributions) to the project. While the recipient must complete one row for their own organization, not all data elements apply to the recipient. These exceptions are noted in the detailed descriptions of the specific elements in the *Data Definitions* section of this guide. Data are reported cumulatively each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Partner ID	Unique ID for each partner	One-time
Partner name	Name of partner organization	One-time
Partner type	Type of organization	One-time
Partner POC	Partner point of contact name	As applicable
Partner POC email	Partner point of contact email	As applicable
Partnership start date	Start of partnership on project	One-time
Partnership end date	End of partnership on project	As applicable
New partnership	Indicator for partner organizations that have no prior work with the recipient	As applicable
Partner total requested	Total amount requested to date by partner from recipient	Quarterly
Total match contribution	Total amount of match contribution by partner to date	Quarterly
Total match incentives	Total amount of match contribution by partner for incentives	Quarterly
Match type	Top 3 types of match contribution by partner, other than incentives	Quarterly
Match amount	Value of match contributions by type	Quarterly
Training provided	Top 3 types of training provided to the partner through project	Quarterly
Activity by partner	Top 3 types of activities provided by this partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Activity cost	Approximate cost per activity type provided by partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Products supplied	Names of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly
Product source	Supplier or source of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly

Table 2. Partner Activities elements

Marketing Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to one commodity for which the project enrolls fields and one marketing channel used to sell that commodity by the project or producers enrolled in the project. Data are reported for the current quarter and are not cumulative. If no sales of the commodity were reported during a quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Marketing channel type	Type of marketing channels used	Quarterly
Number of buyers	Number of buyers per marketing channel	Quarterly
Names of buyers	Names of buyers in the marketing channel	Quarterly
Marketing channel geography	Geography of marketing channel	Quarterly
Value sold	Value of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Volume sold	Volume of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium	Price premium of commodity by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium to producer	Percent of price premium that goes to the producer	Quarterly
Product differentiation method	Top 3 types of product differentiation methods used	Quarterly
Marketing method	Top 3 types of marketing methods used	Quarterly
Marketing channel identification method	Top 3 ways marketing channel was identified	Quarterly
Traceability method	Top 3 types of supply chain traceability methods used	Quarterly

Table 3. Marketing Activities elements

Producer Enrollment

These data will be collected at the producer level about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. Data are reported when a producer first enrolls one or more fields in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the farm characteristics each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates. The quarterly submission should contain information about each farm initially enrolled in the project during that quarter and for updates to farms that have re-enrolled during that quarter, as applicable. If no farms are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Producer data change	Indicator that producer data was updated at re-enrollment	As applicable
Producer start date	Contract start date	Enrollment
Producer name	Name of primary operator	Enrollment
Underserved status	Indicator the primary operator is considered underserved and/or a small producer	Enrollment
Total area	Total area of enrolled operation	Annual
Total crop area	Total crop area in enrolled operation enrolled	Annual
Total livestock area	Total livestock confinement, pasture and rangeland in enrolled operation	Annual
Total forest area	Total forest area in enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock type	Top 3 types of livestock on enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock head	Total livestock currently managed (by type)	Annual
Organic farm	Indicator that part of the farm is certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Organic fields	Indicator that any of the enrolled fields are certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Producer motivation	Motivation for participation	Annual
Producer outreach	Top 3 types of outreach provided to producer	Annual
CSAF experience	Indicator of prior implementation of CSAF practices at this farm	Annual
CSAF federal funds	Indicator of prior receipt of federal funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF state or local funds	Indicator of prior receipt of state funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF nonprofit funds	Indicator of prior receipt of nonprofit funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF market incentives	Indicator of prior receipt of market incentives for CSAF practices	Annual

Table 4. Producer Enrollment elements

Field Enrollment

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row corresponds to one field x commodity combination enrolled in the project. Generally, data are reported once for each field, at its initial enrollment. The quarterly submission should contain information about each field initially enrolled in the project during that quarter. If no fields are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. If a field is enrolled for multiple years, any relevant changes, such as a new ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations should be entered in this worksheet during the quarter it is re-enrolled, or as applicable.

Data element name	Description
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name
Physical County of field	Physical county name must match FSA farm records
Prior Field ID	Previous Field ID when reconstitution of farm results in new Field IDs
Field data change	Indicator that field data has changed from initial enrollment
Contract start date	Start date of contract
Total field area	Size of enrolled field
Commodity category	Category of commodity(ies) produced
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced
Baseline yield	Average yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment
Baseline yield location	Location for which baseline yield is provided
Field land use	Most common land use in field in past 3 years
Field irrigated	Most common irrigation type in field in past 3 years
Field tillage	Most common tillage in field in past 3 years
Practice past extent - farm	Extent of operation that implemented this practice prior to project enrollment
Field any CSAF practice	Indicator for prior CSAF practices in this field in past 3 years
Practice past use - this field	Indicator of prior use of this practice in this field in the past 3 years
Practice type	CSAF practice(s) that will be implemented in enrolled field (up to 7)
Practice standard	Organization that developed CSAF practice standard implemented in field
Planned practice implementation year	Year that practice is planned to be implemented
Practice extent	Area or number of animals for which practice is implemented
Follow-on questions	Follow-on questions by practice type (see Table 11)

Farm Summary

These data will be collected about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. The quarterly submission should contain updates to any data elements that have changed for each farm enrolled in the project during that quarter. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. Data are not cumulative.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name	
County of residence	County name	
Producer TA received	Type of technical assistance provided to producer	Quarterly
Producer incentive amount	Total financial incentive provided to the producer	Quarterly
Incentive reason	Top 4 reason(s) for financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Incentive structure	Top 4 units on which financial incentives are structured	Quarterly
Incentive type	Top 4 type(s) of financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Payment on enrollment	Extent of payment provided to producer upon enrollment	Quarterly
Payment on implementation	Extent of payment provided to producer upon implementation of CSAF practices	Quarterly
Payment on harvest	Extent of payment provided to producer upon harvest or slaughter	Quarterly
Payment on MMRV	Extent of payment provided to producer upon reporting or verification	Quarterly
Payment on sale	Extent of payment provided to producer upon sale of commodity	Quarterly

Table 6. Farm Summary elements

Field Summary

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project for a commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field x commodity x practice(s) combination enrolled in the project. Data for each field will be reported quarterly and are not cumulative. Report data for any elements that have an update in that quarter. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. This worksheet includes a section to report the "official" estimate of GHG benefits – amounts of greenhouse gas emissions reduced and carbon sequestered – for the field. These quantities refer to the estimates that are used to calculate the project's aggregate impact (reported in Table 1). Tables 8 and 9 are used to report alternate estimates of the field-level GHG benefits when additional methods are used to model (Table 8) or measure (Table 9) these impacts. Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to seven)	Quarterly
Date practice complete	Date that practice implementation is certified complete	Quarterly
Contract end date	End date of contract	Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	Indicator that MMRV assistance is provided to field	Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	Indicator that marketing assistance provided for commodity from field	Quarterly
Incentive per acre or head	Indicator that a per acre/head incentives is provided for the CSAF practice(s) on this field	Quarterly
Field commodity value	Value of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Field commodity volume	Volume of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Cost of implementation	Total cost of practice implementation in field	Quarterly
Cost coverage	Percent of total cost of implementation of practice covered by project incentives	Quarterly
Field GHG monitoring	Methods used to monitor GHG benefits in field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG reporting	Methods used to report on GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG verification	Methods used to verify GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG calculations	Methods used to calculate GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG calculation	Method used to calculate official GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG ER	Official estimate of total GHG emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official carbon stock	Official estimate of total carbon sequestration for field	Quarterly
Field official CO2 ER	Official estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official CH4 ER	Official estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official N2O ER	Official estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced in field	Quarterly
Field insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced in field	Quarterly
Other field measurements	Indicator that field data was collected for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation	Quarterly

Table 7. Field Summary elements

GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

If greenhouse gas benefits are modeled for the same field using multiple methods, the results for the alternate models are reported in this worksheet. The "alternate" models refer to those model results that were not used in the calculation of the project's aggregate impact (as reported in Table 1). Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model. These data will be collected about the modeled GHG benefits for each field x commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field enrolled in the project. Data are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for all fields that have new modeled data. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced from the field (up to 6)	Annual
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to 7)	Annual
GHG model	Model used to calculate GHG benefits	Annual
Model start date	Start date of model run	Annual
Model end date	End date of model run	Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	Estimate of total GHG benefits for field	Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	Estimate of total change in carbon stock for field	Annual
Total CO2 estimated	Estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total CH4 estimated	Estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total N2O estimated	Estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Annual

Table 8. GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled elements

GHG Benefits - Measured

Projects must report the results of any carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this worksheet. These data will be collected at the field level. Each row will represent a separate measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits for a given field. Data are reported once per year of measurement and are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for any field for which there are new soil samples or new calculations of annual GHG benefits based on actual measurements.

Data element name Description Frequency Farm ID Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA Tract ID Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA Field ID Unique Field ID assigned by FSA State State name County County name GHG measurement method Method of measurement Annual Lab name Entity that conducted analysis Annual Measurement start date Start date of measurements Annual Measurement end date End date of measurements Annual Total CO2 reduction calculated Calculation of total CO2 reduction Annual Total carbon stock change calculated Calculation of change in carbon stock Annual Total CH4 reduction calculated Calculation of total CH4 reduction Annual Total N2O reduction calculated Calculation of total N2O reduction Annual Numeric result from soil sample Annual Soil sample result Type of analysis conducted Measurement type Annual

Table 9. GHG Benefits - Measured data elements

Additional Environmental Benefits

Projects that track additional environmental benefits (e.g., water quality improvements) from enrolled fields report results in this worksheet. These data will be collected about each field. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to an enrolled field. Data are not cumulative. Estimates of environmental benefits must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Table 10. Additional Environmental B	enefits elements
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Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State	State name	
County	County name	
Environmental benefits	Indicator that project tracks other environmental benefits	Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in nitrogen loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in phosphorus loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Other water quality	Indicator that project tracks other water quality improvements	Annual
Туре	Type of water quality metric being tracked	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Water quantity	Indicator that project tracks reduced water use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced erosion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in soil erosion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced energy use	Indicator that project tracks reductions in energy use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Avoided land conversion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in land conversion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Improved wildlife habitat	Indicator that project tracks improvements in wildlife habitat	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual

Supplemental Data Submission

Project MMRV Plan

Definition of MMRV elements:

Measurement: Quantification of the greenhouse gas benefits (reduction or capture) using mathematical models and/or direct physical measurements in the field

Monitoring: Ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time

Reporting: Documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization

Verification: Independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable.

Projects must submit an MMRV plan that includes details about how each of the following are addressed:

- Quantification approach, including:
 - o GHG models used
 - o GHG measurement plan (if applicable)
 - Approach to quantifying additional environmental benefits, if applicable (e.g., water quality, habitat)
- Verification approach:
 - o Compliance criteria
 - Verification plan/methodology
- Approach to ensuring:
 - o Additionality
 - o Permanence
 - o Leakage
 - Impacts of weather
- Plan for non-compliance

If the project is using a specific MMRV methodology or approach developed by the recipient, a project partner, or an outside organization, the project can submit documentation associated with the methodology as long as the documentation addresses each of the above categories.

If the project is tracking other environmental benefits (as reported in the *Additional Environmental Benefits* worksheet), include a description of the methodology and tools used to track and report on these benefits.

Field modeled GHG benefit reports

Results from any models besides COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits must also be submitted as a separate report. This includes projects running COMET-Farm. The full results of any model can be submitted in the native/standard format generated by the modeling tool and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID.

Field direct measurement results

For any direct physical measurements in the field, measurement results must be submitted as a separate report and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID. Measurement results reports must include the name of the equipment used for sampling or data collection, the name of the lab that analyzed the data, and the analytical method used.

Sample report types include soil analysis reports, summarized results of portable emissions analyzers or flux towers, water quality analyses, and plant species counts. These could be collected for the purposes of determining GHG emission reductions or carbon sequestration amounts, for calibration of tools or models, for tracking other environmental benefits, or for other reasons.

Data Descriptions

This section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated.

Unique IDs

Project ID: Unique ID at the project level – "Award Identifying Number" shown on award documentation Partner ID: Unique ID at the partner level – use EIN; if no EIN, a unique ID will be assigned for use in these reports State or territory of operation: State or territory name County of operation: Physical county name

Farm ID: Unique ID at the operation level assigned by Farm Service Agency (FSA)

Tract ID: Unique ID at the tract level assigned by FSA

Field ID: Unique ID at the field level assigned by FSA

Project Summary

Commodity type		
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What climate-smart commodity types are produced by this project?	
Description: Type of commodity incentivia	ed by the project. These commodities include those for whom	
farmers are directly receiving incentives o	r other types of marketing support. See full list of commodity options	
in Appendix B. List one commodity per row	Ν.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Commodity sales		
Data element name: Commodity sales	Reporting question: Did project activities result in sales this quarter of the commodity(ies) produced by this project?	
Description: Indicator of sales of commod	ity(ies) related to project activities. If sales are reported, complete the	
Marketing Activities worksheet (Table 3) a	is part of the quarterly performance report.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	• Yes	
Logic: None - all respond	No Beguired: Vos	
Logic: None – an respond	Required, res	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Farms enrolled		
Data element name: Farms enrolled	Reporting question: Did the project enroll any producers or fields this quarter?	
Description: Indicator that the project end complete the <i>Producer Enrollment</i> and <i>Fie</i> performance report	olled producers or fields. If enrollment activities occurred this quarter, Id Enrollment worksheets (Tables 4 and 5) as part of the quarterly	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Yes	
	• No	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
GHG calculation methods		
Data element name: GHG calculation	Reporting question: What methods is the project using to	
methods	calculate GHG benefits?	
Description: List the way(s) that GHG ben	efits are being measured and calculated by the project this quarter.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Models	
	Direct field measurements	
Lania Managalla and	Both	
Logic: None – all respond	kequired: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

GHG cumulative calculation	
Data element name: GHG cumulative	Reporting question: What method(s) was used to calculate the
calculation	total cumulative GHG benefits reported here?
Description: List the method(s) that was use	d to calculate the total cumulative GHG benefits reported by the
project this quarter.	Select multiple values: No
Maaron and the Catalogue	Allowed values. NO
weasurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Direct field measurements
	Both
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	
Data element name: Cumulative GHG	Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total GHG
benefits	emission reductions (CO2eq) to date?
Description: Total cumulative estimated gree	enhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation.
This is updated quarterly. If there are no cha	nges, enter the same number as the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO ₂ eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	
Data element name: Cumulative carbon	Reporting question: How much carbon has the project
stock	sequestered to date?
Description: Estimated total cumulative char	nge in carbon stock based on practice implementation. This is
updated quarterly. If there are no changes, e	inter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons COver	Allowed values: 0-10.000.000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit	
Data element name: Cumulative CO2	Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total
benefit	cumulative CO2 emission reductions to date?
Description: Estimated total cumulative cark	oon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation.
This is updated quarterly. If there are no cha	nges, enter the same number as the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	
Data element name: Cumulative CH4 benefi	t Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total
Description: Estimated total cumulative mot	cn4 emission reductions to dater
quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the	same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is one ton
of $CH_4 = 25$ tons of CO_2eq .	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduce CO2eq	d in Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Data element name: Cumulative N20 benefit Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total N20 emission reductions to date? Description: Estimated total cumulative nitrous oxide reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no updated numbers enter the same number as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is one ton of N ₂ O = 298 tons of CO,eq. Data collection level: N0 Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 CO,eq Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly Offsets produced Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been produced in the project? Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly Offsets produced Select multiple values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Reporting question: To what marketplace(s) were carbon offsets sold? Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly Offsets sale Reporting question: To what marketplace(s) were carbon offsets sold? Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly Offsets s	Cumulative N20 benefit	
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Measurement unit: Dollars per metric ton Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced'Allowed values: 0-500 Required: YesData collection level: ProjectData collection frequency: QuarterlyInsets producedExporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in the project?Description: Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm.Data type: DecimalSelect multiple values: NoMeasurement unit: Metric tons CO2eqAllowed values: 0-10,000,000Logic: None – all respondRequired: YesData collection level: ProjectData collection frequency: Overterly	Description: Average price per metric ton pai defined as having been verified and certified Data type: Decimal	d for carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields. Offsets are using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace. Select multiple values: No
Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced' Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly Insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in the project? Description: Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm. Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	Measurement unit: Dollars per metric ton	Allowed values: 0-500
Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly Insets produced Insets produced Data element name: Insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in the project? Description: Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm. Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced'	Required: Yes
Insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in the project? Description: Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm. Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Data element name: Insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in the project? Description: Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm. Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	Insets produced	
Description: Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm. Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	Data element name: Insets produced	Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in the project?
been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm. Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	Description: Total carbon insets produced by	enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000 Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	been verified and certified using an accepted Data type: Decimal	standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm. Select multiple values: No
Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Quarterly	Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data conection revent rolect Data conection requency, qualterity	Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cost of on-farm TA	
Data element name: Cost of on-farm TA	Reporting question: What is the total amount that has been spent to provide on-farm TA?
Description: Total cost of any field- or pract	ice-specific technical assistance provided by the project (by recipient
or partners) to any producers. This is updat previous quarter.	ed quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
MMRV cost	
Data element name: MMRV cost	Reporting question: What is the total amount that has been spent on MMRV activities?

Description: Total cost of all MMRV activities paid for by the project (recipient or partners). MMRV components are defined as measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practices have been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable). This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
GHG monitoring method		

Data element name: GHG monitoring 1-5 Reporting question: How did the project monitor GHG benefits?

Description: Up to the five most common forms of monitoring GHG benefits used this quarter as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category Drones . Ground-level photos and videos . **On-farm visit** Plot-based sampling Producer records or attestation Satellite monitoring or remote sensing Soil metagenomics Soil sensors Water sensors Other (specify) Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

GHG reporting method

Data element name: GHG reporting 1-5

Reporting question: How did the project track and report implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

Description: Up to the five most common forms of tracking and reporting on practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

GHG verification method		
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
	 Other (specify) 	
	Website	
	Third-party actors	
	• Paper	
	Mobile app	
	Email	
	 Automated devices 	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	

Data element name: GHG verification method 1-5

Reporting question: How did the project verify implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

Description: Up to the five most common forms of verifying practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	 Artificial intelligence
	 Audit by recipient
	Computer modeling
	Photos
	 Record audit
	 Satellite imagery
	Site or field visit
	 Third-party audit
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Partner Activities

Unique IDs

1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	 A set of the set of the second 	
Pa	irtner ID	

Unique Project ID for each partner

Partner name	
Data element name: Name of partner organization	Reporting question: What is the official name of the recipient or partner organization?
Description: Legal name of recipient or partner organized	zation
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partner type	
Data element name: Type of partner organization	Reporting question: What type of organization is this?
Description: Legal/financial structure of recipient or pa	artner organization
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: Commodity groups (501c5) For-profit Individual Nonprofit State or local agency Tribal agency University
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partner POC	
Data element name: Partner POC Description: Name of a point of contact for the recipie	Reporting question: Who is the point of contact for this project at the recipient or partner organization? ent or partner organization
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation; update as necessary
Partner POC email	
Data element name: Partner POC email	Reporting question: What is the point of contact's email address?
Description: Email of the point of contact for the recip	ient or partner organization
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation; update as necessary

Partnership start date	
Data element name: Partnership start date	Reporting question: When did the partnership start?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	d the recipient began formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partnership end date	
Data element name: Partnership end date	Reporting question: When did the partnership end?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	the recipient stopped formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership end quarter
New partnership	
Data element name: New partnership	Reporting question: Is this a new partnership?
working relationship (under contract or on a grant) Data type: List	prior to the start of the project. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
Levis No company for excisions	I don't know
	Required: res
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partner total requested	
Data element name: Partner total requested	Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project?
Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds that recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the previous entries of the partnership to the previous entries plus the there are no changes.	at the partner has requested reimbursement for from the ad of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the ne amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If evious quarter.
	Allowed unitaria to \$100,000,000
weasurement unit: Dollars	Allowed Values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Total match contribution	
Data element name: Total match contribution	Reporting question: What is the total match value the organization has contributed to the project to date?
Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds and in	n-kind contributions (e.g., staff time, inputs, equipment
partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. For previous entries plus match contributions in the rep	each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all porting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value
from the previous quarter.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Total match incentives	
Data element name: Total match incentives	Reporting question: What is the total value of match provided by this organization for producer incentives?
Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds for in provided as a project match contribution from the s	centive payments directly to producers that the partner has start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter.
For each quarter's data entry, the value must be the	e sum of all previous entries plus match incentives in the
reporting quarter. If there are no changes, report th	e value from the previous quarter.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Match type	
Data element name: Match type 1-3	Reporting question: What types of match
	contributions has the organization provided to the project?
Description: Types of match contributions other the	an incentives provided directly to producers by the
organization from the start of the partnership to the dollar value) types of match contributions provided	e end of the reporting quarter. Enter up to the top three (in . In-kind staff time could be used for technical assistance,
marketing assistance, or other support to producers	s. Production inputs include seed, fertilizer, pesticides,

equipment and other inputs for use in the field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other match types as free text.

Data type: List
Select multiple values: No

Allowed values:
 Equipment rental or use
 In-kind staff time
 Production inputs (reduced cost or free)
 Program income
Software
Other (specify)
Required: Yes
Data collection frequency: Quarterly

1

Match amount	
Data element name: Match amount 1-3	Reporting question: What is the value of the match contributions the organization provided to the project?
Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds for e	ach match type that the organization has provided as a
project match contribution from the start of the par	rtnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amounts
for up to the top three (in dollar value) match types	. The worksheet provides three columns for this data
element. Enter one value for each column. If fewer	than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns
blank.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Training type provided	
Data element name: Training type 1-3 provided	Reporting question: What types of training has the
	organization provided to project partners?
Description: Types of training provided to the proje	ect partner as a result of participating in the project during
the past quarter. Training can come from the recipie	ent, a project partner organization (including other divisions
of their own organization, or an outside organization	n. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of partner
training provided. The worksheet provides three col	lumns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose
one value for each column. If fewer than 3 training	types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other"
is chosen, use the additional column to enter other	training types as free text.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
82 N	Data collection
	Grant reporting
	Marketing opportunities
	Providing financial assistance
	 Providing technical assistance
	Writing producer contracts
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Activity by partner	
Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner	Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project?
Description: Types of activities that the recipient or	r partner organization has provided during the reporting
quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) to	ypes of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three
columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values	s. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity
types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If	"other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other
activity types as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
arsaversosoficiaeatrokulatus isturci (1997	Marketing support
	MMRV support
	 Producer outreach for enrollment
	 Producer outreach for enrollment Technical assistance to producers

Other (specify)

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Required: Yes

USDA	Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients
	February 2023

Activity cost	
Data element name: Activity cost 1-3	Reporting question: What is the value of the activities this organization has provided to the project?
Description: Cumulative (total) cost of each activity typ	e that the organization has undertaken or offered from
the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting	quarter. Enter amounts for up to the top three (in dollar
value) activity types. The worksheet provides three colu	mns for this data element. Enter one value for each
column. If fewer than 3 activity types are provided, leav	e unnecessary columns blank.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Products supplied	
Data element name: Products supplied	Reporting question: What products or supplies were provided to enrolled fields?
Description: Name(s) of products supplied to enrolled p	roducers as incentives or matching contributions. Enter
the name of each product, including its brand. Separate	each product name with a comma. If no products or
supplies were provided by the organization, leave the co	olumn blank.
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Product source	
Data element name: Product source	Reporting question: Which companies provided the supplies?
Description: Name of firm or company from which sup	plies were obtained.
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text
Logic: Respond if text entered for 'Products supplied'	Required: Yes

Marketing Activities

type

Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced by the farmers enrolled in this project?
Description: List a single commodity prod commodities are produced by the project, the FSA commodity list in Appendix B and	uced or marketed through incentives from this project. If multiple use additional rows of the worksheet to report each commodity. Use choose the commodity from the list.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Marketing channel type	
Data element name: Marketing channel	Reporting question: What type of marketing channel is used to

sell this commodity?

Description: List a single type of marketing channel used to sell the commodity produced by farmers enrolled in the project. If a single commodity is marketed through multiple channels, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each combination of commodity and marketing channel. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the other marketing channel type(s) as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	 Agricultural marketing board 	
	Biorefinery	
	Commodity broker	
	Direct to consumer	
	Direct to institution	
	Direct to restaurant	
	 Distributor (including grain elevators) 	
	 Food hub or cooperative 	
	Food processor	
	 Non-food byproducts processor 	
	Retailer	
	USDA	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Number of buyers		
Data element name: Number of buyers	Reporting question: How many buyers are there in this marketing channel?	
Description: List the number of individual fir	ms or buyers in this marketing channel.	
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Count	Allowed values: 1-500	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

Names of buyers			
Data element name: Names of buyers	Reporting question: What are the names of all of the buyers in this marketing channel?		
Description: Provide the names of all buye	ers in this marketing channel. Separate each name with a comma.		
Data type: Text	Select multiple values: NA		
Measurement unit: Name	Allowed values: Text		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly		
Marketing channel geography			
Data element name: Marketing channel geography	Reporting question: What is the primary geography of the marketing channel?		
Description: The primary geography of the which most of the activity of buying and so neighboring states. Regional means within International means specific locations out specific international location.	e type of marketing channel. Primary geography means the scale at elling happens. Local means within a single state or directly n a five-to-ten state area. National means across the United States. side of the United States. Global means across the world or not to a		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Logic: None – all respond	Local Regional Global Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly		
Value sold			
Data element name: Value sold	Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity sold in this marketing channel?		
Description: The dollar value of the comm	odity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$1-\$100,000,000		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly		
Volume sold			
Data element name: Volume sold	Reporting question: What is the volume of the commodity sold in this marketing channel?		
Description: The volume of the commodit	y sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Number	Allowed values: 1-100,000,000		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly		

Data element name: Volume sold unit	Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?	
Description: The unit associated with the	volume of the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If "other" i	
chosen, use the additional column to ente	r the appropriate unit as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	 Bales (500 pounds) 	
	Bushels	
	Carcass pounds	
	Gallons	
	Kilograms	
	Linear board feet	
	Liveweight pounds	
	Metric tons	
	Pounds	
	Short tons	
Terefor Menorem II and a di	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Price premium		
Data element name: Price premium	Reporting question: What price premium is received for the	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	commodity sold in this marketing channel?	
Description: The price premium received f	or the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price	
Premium is the amount received above a	Solost multiple volues No	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0.01-\$10,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Price premium unit		
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium?	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colum	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text.	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values:	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Per bale (500 pounds)	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colum Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Per bale (500 pounds) Per bushel	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Per bale (500 pounds) Per bushel Per carcass pound	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? orice premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Per bale (500 pounds) • Per bushel • Per carcass pound • Per gallon	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? orice premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If on to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Per bale (500 pounds) • Per bushel • Per carcass pound • Per gallon • Per kilogram	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Per bale (500 pounds) Per bushel Per carcass pound Per gallon Per kilogram Per linear board foot	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Per bale (500 pounds) Per bushel Per carcass pound Per gallon Per kilogram Per linear board foot Per live pound	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? orice premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Per bale (500 pounds) • Per bushel • Per carcass pound • Per gallon • Per kilogram • Per linear board foot • Per live pound • Per metric ton	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? orice premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If on to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Per bale (500 pounds) • Per bushel • Per carcass pound • Per gallon • Per kilogram • Per linear board foot • Per live pound • Per metric ton • Per ounce	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Per bale (500 pounds) Per bushel Per carcass pound Per gallon Per kilogram Per linear board foot Per metric ton Per ounce Per short ton	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If nn to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Per bale (500 pounds) Per bushel Per carcass pound Per gallon Per kilogram Per linear board foot Per live pound Per metric ton Per short ton Other (specify)	
Price premium unit Data element name: Price premium unit Description: The unit associated with the p "other" is chosen, use the additional colun Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond	Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium? orice premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If on to enter the appropriate unit as free text. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Per bale (500 pounds) • Per bushel • Per carcass pound • Per gallon • Per gallon • Per linear board foot • Per live pound • Per metric ton • Per ounce • Per short ton • Other (specify) Required: Yes	

Price premium to producer	
Data element name: Price premium to producer	Reporting question: What percent of the price premium is provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this marketing channel?
Description: The percent of the price prem marketing channel this quarter. Price prem Data type: Decimal	ium provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this ium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Percent	Allowed values: 0-100
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Product differentiation method	

Data element name: Product differentiation method 1-3

Reporting question: What methods are used to differentiate climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the methods used to differentiate the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Product differentiation methods are ways to distinguish or differentiate the climate-smart commodity in the marketplace. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 product differentiation methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other product differentiation methods as free text.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond	 Allowed values: Certification/verification for internal insetting Farm certification Label or badge used on packaging or marketing Third party certification/verification Trademark Other (specify) Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Marketing method	

Data element name: Marketing method 1-3 Reporting question: What methods are used to market climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the method(s) used to market this commodity in this market channel. Marketing method is the way that potential buyers of the climate-smart commodity are engaged by the project partners as the sellers or facilitators of sale. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing methods as free text

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
5 :	 Label or badge used on packaging or marketing materials 	
	 Marketing partnership (e.g., promotion by buyer) 	
	Print marketing campaign	
	 Social media and digital marketing campaign 	
	 Verbal marketing campaign (e.g., radio, word of mouth) 	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

Marketing channel identification method	
Data element name: Marketing channel	Reporting questi

Reporting question: What methods are used to generate interest in climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the marketing channel identification method(s) used for this commodity in this market channel. Market channel identification methods are the ways that producers and project partners generate interest in purchasing the climate-smart commodity. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing channel identification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing channel identification methods as free text

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	 Educational tours for buyers 	
	 In-person lead generation 	
	 Negotiated contracts with buyers 	
Logic: None – all respond	 Partnership network or project partner 	
	Other (specify)	
	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Traceability method		
Data element name: Traceability method	Reporting question: What traceability methods are used for	

1-3 climate-smart commodities in this channel?

Description: Provide the traceability method(s) used for the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Traceability methods are ways to trace the climate-smart commodity or the climate-smart claims through the supply chain. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 traceability methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other traceability methods as free text. Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Logic: None - all respond

identification method 1-3

Allowed values:

- Barcode or unique ID
- Blockchain
- Book and claim
- Chain of custody
- Mass balance
- Recordkeeping
- Registry with certification
- Segregation
- Supply shed
- Volume proxy
- Other (specify)
- Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Producer Enrollment

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Producer data change		
Data element name: Producer o	data change	Reporting question: Is there new/updated information for a producer who is re-enrolling in the project?
Description: Indicates that there the project and is re-enrolling.	e is new or updated	d information for a producer who had previously enrolled in
Data type: List		Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category		Allowed values: • Yes • No
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment
Producer start date		
Data element name: Producer s	start date	Reporting question: When did the producer enroll i the project?
Description: Date that the proc	lucer enrolled in the	e project by signing their first contract.
Data type: Date		Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YY	YY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Producer name		3
Data element name: Producer	name	Reporting question: What is the name of producer enrolled in the project?
Description: Name of the products of the products of the products of the product	ucer enrolled in the cord and the Farm C	project; the name must match the name contained in the Operating Plan in FSA Business File for that Farm ID. Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA		Allowed values: Text
Logic: None – all respond		Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer		Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Underserved status		
Data element name: Underserved st	atus Reporting question: Is this producer considered an underserved and/or a small producer?	
Description: Underserved status of the primary operator of the enrolled operation. Underserved produc		
generally include beginning farmers,	socially disadvantaged farmers, veteran farmers, and limited resource	
farmers; women farmers and produc	ers growing specialty crops are generally also included in these categories.	
Small farms are generally those with	less than \$350,000 in annual gross cash farm income. Indicate whether this	
producer is considered underserved,	a small producer, or both underserved and a small producer. Use "I don't	
know" if the producer declines to an	swer. Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for	
collecting demographic data, includi	ng race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is	
purposes only and will not be used to	a determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they	
apply	succernance an applicant sengibility for programs of services for which they	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	 Yes, underserved 	
	 Yes, small producer 	
	 Yes, underserved and small producer 	
	• No	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I don't know	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: No	
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Total area		
Data element name: Total area	Reporting question: What is the total area of the farm?	
Description: Total area of the farm a	ssociated with the Farm ID. Report total area of the farm, even if only a	
portion of the farm is enrolled in the	project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review	
the total area each time a new contr	act is signed and provide any necessary updates.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Less than 1 acre	
	• I to 9 acres	
	• 10 to 69 acres	
	 70 to 99 acres 	
	 100 to 139 acres 	
	• 140 to 179 acres	
	• 180 to 219 acres	
	 220 to 259 acres 	
	 260 to 499 acres 	
	 500 to 999 acres 	
	 1,000 to 1,999 acres 	
	 2,000 to 4,999 acres 	
Laster Niene all second	5,000 or more acres	
Logic: None – all respond	Kequirea: Yes	
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent	
	enroliment(s), if applicable	

Total crop area	
Data element name: Total crop area	Reporting question: What percent of the current operation is cropland?
Description: Area of the total farm that multiple years, review the total crop are updates.	is currently used as cropland. If a producer is enrolled in the project for a each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Total livestock area	
Data element name: Total livestock area	Reporting question: What amount of the current operation is used for livestock (by area)?
Description: Area of the total farm that feeding or milking. If a producer is enro time a new contract is signed and provi Data type: Integer	is currently used for pasture, grazing, rangeland; or animal housing, lled in the project for multiple years, review the total livestock area each de any necessary updates. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Total forest area	
Data element name: Total forest area	Reporting question: What amount of the current operation is forested (by area)?
Description: Area of the total farm that least 10% of the land area is covered in enrolled in the project for multiple year provide any necessary updates.	is currently considered forest land use. Forest land use means that at trees that will be at least 13 feet tall when mature. If a producer is 's, review the total forest area each time a new contract is signed and
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: 0-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Data element name: Livestock type 1-3	Reporting question: What types of livestock are raised on the farm?	
Description: Up to top three types of livestock (b columns with a drop-down list of the allowed val 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns bla	by head count) on the farm. The worksheet provides three lues. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer thar nk. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter	
other livestock types as free text. If a producer is	enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the livestock	
type each time a new contract is signed and prov	vide any necessary updates.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Alpacas	
	Beef cows	
	Beefalo	
	Buffalo or	
	bison	
	Chickens	
	(broilers)	
	Chickens	
	(layers)	
	Dairy cows	
	• Deer	
	Ducks	
	• Elk	
	• Emus	
	Equine	
	Geese	
	Goats	
	Honeybees	
	Llamas	
	Reindeer	
	Sheep	
	Swine	
	Turkeys	
	Other	
	(specify)	
Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and	
	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable	
ivestock head	50	
Data element name: Livestock head 1-3	Reporting question: How many livestock (by type) ar	

on this operation? Description: Average annual head count for each type of livestock. Enter amounts for up to the top three livestock types by number. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the average annual head count each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates. Data type: Integer Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Head count	Allowed values: 1-10,000,000
Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and
	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Livestock type

Organic farm

Data element name: Organic farm

Reporting question: Is any part of the farm currently USDAcertified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

Description: USDA-certified organic means that the farm has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the farm each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: No
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and
	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Organic fields	전 명 양 것 것 같아 있다. 영
Data element name: Organic fields	Reporting question: Are any of the fields enrolled in the
	project currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?
Description: USDA-certified organic means that	at the operation has been certified by an accredited organic
certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-cer	rtified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes
means that some or all of the fields enrolled in	n the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified
organic. No means that no part of the fields er	nrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to
certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in th	ne project for multiple years, review the organic certification status
of the enrolled fields each time a new contrac	t is signed and provide any necessary updates.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Organic operation'	Required: No
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and
15 1. (1920-1930)	subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable
Producer motivation	
Data element name: Producer motivation	Reporting question: Which of the following was the primary
	reason the producer enrolled in this project?
Description: Primary operator's motivation to	r enrolling in the project.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Financial benefit
	Environmental benefit
	New market opportunity
	Partnerships or networks
	Uther
Logic: None – all respond	kequirea: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Producer outreach	
Data element name: Producer outreach 1-	Reporting question: What types of outreach were provided to
3	producers?
Description: Up to three most common typ activities are those focused on identifying a recipient or project partners. The workshee values. Choose one value for each column. blank. If "other" is chosen, use the addition Data type: List	es of outreach provided to producer prior to enrollment. Outreach and enrolling producers in the project. Outreach can come from the et provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed If there are fewer than 3 outreach types, leave unnecessary columns al column to enter other outreach types as free text. Select multiple values: Yes
Massurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
Wedstrement unit. category	Commodity organizations
	Conferences
	Cooperative extension
	 Digital communications and resources
	 Education workshops, field days, and town halls
	 Existing partner networks
	 Farm visits and one-on-one meetings
	General advertising
	 Peer referrals and producer groups
	Phone calls
	 Print communications and resources
	Retailers
	State agencies
	 Targeted messaging using proprietary data
	 Technical service providers
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
SAF experience	
Data element name: CSAF experience	Reporting question: Has the primary operator implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years anywhere on the farm?
Description: Has this farm implemented clin	mate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practices anywhere on the
farm in the past 10 years or since the current	nt primary operator took control (whichever time period is shorter)?
CSAF practices are included in a list in Appe	ndix A.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	 I don't know

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Logic: None - all respond

Data collection level: Producer

CSAF federal funds	
Data element name: CSAF federal funds	Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by federal funds?
Description: If this farm (under the primary of implementation supported by federal funds? not limited to, those from the Natural Resour Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), Conservat Program (RCPP), or related programs), the Fa funds from other USDA programs or other fer Data type: List	pperator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was Federal funds are defined as being from programs including, but rces Conservation Service ((NRCS), including through Environmental tion Stewardship Program (CSP), Regional Conservation Partnership rrm Service Agency Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), as well as deral agencies. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
include chiefe chiefe category	• Yes
	• No
	 I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
CSAF state or local funds	
Data element name: CSAF state or local funds	Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by state or local funds?
Description: If this farm (under the primary or implementation supported by state funds? St or other state agencies, local water quality di Data type: List	pperator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was tate or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture stricts and other local agencies. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
incusurement unit, category	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
CSAF nonprofit funds	
Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds	Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by nonprofit funds?
Description: If this farm (under the primary or implementation supported by nonprofit fund organization to a producer.	operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was ls? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF market incentives	
Data element name: CSAF market incentives	Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by market incentives?
Description: If this farm (under the primary op	erator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was
implementation supported by market incentive	es? Market incentives include premiums paid by a commodity
buyer or by a consumer based on branding or	abeling as a climate-smart commodity.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
February 2023

Field Enrollment

Unique IDs		
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Prior Field ID, if applicable	Prior Field ID assigned by FSA if there has been reconstitution of the farm resulting in a new Field ID during the field's enrollment in the project	
Field data change		
Data element name: Field data c	ange Reporting question: Has the information previously reported for this field changed?	
Description: Indicator that this e number or changes to the comm the project.	ry is being used to report any relevant changes, such as a new Field ID dity or practice combinations, for a field that has previously been enrolled in	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Yes	
	• No	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment	
Contract start date	NA 1955 - 105 - 107 - 10705 - 10705 - 117 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -	
Data element name: Contract sta	t date Reporting question: What is the start date of the contract with the producer that includes this field?	
Data type: Data	Select multiple values: NA	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/VVV	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond	Allowed Values. 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Total field area		
Data element name: Total field a	ea Reporting question: What is the total size of the enrolled field?	
Description: Total size of the field	enrolled with the project.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Acres	Allowed values: .01-500	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	

Commodity category	
Data element name: Commodity category	Reporting question: What category of
	commodity(ies) is (are) produced from this field
Description: Category of commodity(ies) produced in fie	ld enrolled in the project
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Crops
	Livestock
	Trees
	 Crops and livestock
	 Crops and trees
	 Livestock and trees
	 Crops, livestock and trees
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced from this field?
Description: Type of commodity produced in field enroll worksheet provides a drop-down list of the allowed valu commodities in subsequent rows.	ed in the project. See full list in Appendix B. The less Choose the appropriate value. Enter additional
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Baseline yield	
Data element name: Baseline yield	Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field?
Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 year field if possible. If not at field level, provide average ann	ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled ual yield for the specific commodity for the operation.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Production per acre or animal	Allowed values: .01-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Data element name: Baseline yield unit	Reporting question: Baseline yield unit	
Description: Unit of average annual yield of worksheet provides a drop-down list of cho	of commodity in enrolled field in 3 years prior to enrollment. The oices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional	
column to enter the appropriate yield unit	as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
santa Norentzen: Perro Rest Construite der Brassen Arrico Informati Arris Materia II.	Animal units per acre	
	Bushels per acre	
	 Carcass pounds per animal 	
	Head per acre	
	Hundred-weights (or pounds) per head	
	Linear feet per acre	
	Liveweight pounds per animal	
	Tops per acre	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Baseline yield location		
Data element name: Baseline yield locatio	n Reporting question: For what portion of the operation is the	
	baseline yield being reported?	
Description: Location of the reported aver	age annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If	
"other" is chosen, use the additional colun	nn to enter the appropriate location as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Enrolled field	
	Whole operation	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Field land use		
Data element name: Field land use	Reporting question: What is this field's land use history?	
Description: Prior to enrollment what was	the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years?	
beschption. Ther to enrollment, what was		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values:	
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land	
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: • Crop land • Forest land	
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Crop land Forest land Non-agriculture	
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Crop land Forest land Non-agriculture Other agricultural land	
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Crop land Forest land Non-agriculture Other agricultural land Pasture	
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Crop land Forest land Non-agriculture Other agricultural land Pasture Range	
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Logic: None – all respond	Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Crop land Forest land Non-agriculture Other agricultural land Pasture Range Required: Yes	

Field irrigated	
Data element name: Field irrigated	Reporting question: What is this field's irrigation history?
Description: Prior to enrollment, what w	was the most common irrigation practice on this field the past 3 years?
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	No irrigation
	Center pivot
	Drip-subsurface
	Drip-surface
	Flood/border
	Furrow/ditch
	 Lateral/linear sprinklers
	Micro-sprinklers
	Seepage
	Side roll
	Solid set sprinklers
	Supplemental
	Surface
	 Traveling gun/towline
	Wheel Line
	Other
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Field tillage	
Data element name: Field tillage	Reporting question: What is this field's tillage history?
Description: Prior to enrollment, what w	was the most common tillage approach during the past 3 years?
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	None
	Conventional, inversion
	Conventional, vertical
	 No-till, direct seed
	 Reduced till, inversion
	Reduced till, vertical
	Strip till
	Other
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Data element name: Practice past extent - farmReporting question: What percent of the farm has implemented this CSAF practice (combination) previously?Description: Prior to enrollment, on what portion of the whole farm had this (these) CSAF practice(s) ever beer used by the primary operator? If multiple practices are planned to be implemented in this field, enter the value that best corresponds to the farm's prior experience with the planned set of practices.Data type: ListSelect multiple values: NoMeasurement unit: CategoryAllowed values: • Never used • Used on less than 25% of operation • Used on 51-75% of operation • Used on more than 75% of operation • Used on more than 75% of operationLogic: None – all respondRequired: Yes	
Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: • Never used • Used on less than 25% of operation • Used on 25-50% of operation • Used on 51-75% of operation • Used on more than 75% of operation • Used on more than 75% of operation Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes	
Never used Never used Used on less than 25% of operation Used on 25-50% of operation Used on 51-75% of operation Used on more than 75% of operation Used on More than 75% of operation Required: Yes	
 Used on less than 25% of operation Used on 25-50% of operation Used on 51-75% of operation Used on more than 75% of operation Aceptication Required: Yes 	
 Used on 25-50% of operation Used on 51-75% of operation Used on more than 75% of operation Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes 	
 Used on 51-75% of operation Used on more than 75% of operation Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes 	
Used on more than 75% of operation Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes	
Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Field any CSAF practice	
Data element name: Field any CSAF practice Reporting question: What is this field's prior experience with CSAF practices?	
Description: Prior to enrollment, have any CSAF practice or practices been used in this field in the past 3 years CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A.	
Data type: List Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:	
Yes	
• No	
I don't know	
Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	
Practice past use - this field	
Data element name: Practice past use - this Reporting question: Have this CSAF practice (combination)	
field been implemented previously in this field?	
Description: Prior to enrollment, had this (these) CSAF practice(s) been used in this field in the in the past 3 years? Enter yes if all of the practices had been used previously in this field; enter some if multiple practices are being implemented and one or more, but not all of the practices had been used previously in this field; enter some if multiple practices are being implemented and one or more, but not all of the practices had been used previously in this field; enter some if multiple practices are being implemented and one or more, but not all of the practices had been used previously in this field.	
Data type: List Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:	
• Yes	
• Some	
• NO	
I don't know I don't know Required: Ves	
Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment	

Practice type	
Data element name: Practice type 1-7	Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented in this field through the project?
Description: Which CSAF practice or practice project? CSAF practices are included in a list i element. Enter one value for each column. If through enrollment in the project, leave unne Data type: List	s will be implemented on this field as part of enrollment in the n Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field ecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: See list in Appendix A
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Practice standard	
Data element name: Practice standard 1-7	Reporting question: What standard does the CSAF practice follow?
Description: Is the CSAF practice being imple defined practice standard? The worksheet pr each column, corresponding to the practice t practices being implemented on this field thr Data type: List	mented on the field as part of enrollment in the project following a ovides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for ypes entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 ough enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: NRCS Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Planned practice implementation year	
Data element name: Practice 1-7	Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to
implementation year Description: Year that the CSAF practice is pla defined as fields that have the practice active project). The worksheet provides seven colur corresponding to the practice types entered i implemented on this field through enrollmen Data type: Integer	be implemented? anned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters, ily implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this nns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being it in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Year	Allowed values: 2022-2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Practice extent	
Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent	Reporting question: To what extent is the practice implemented?
Description: Total area, length, or head wher contract.	e the practice is being implemented in the field specified by the
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Extent	Allowed values: .01- 100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Practice extent unit	
Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent unit	Reporting question: Unit for extent of practice implementation
Description: Unit for extent of practic	ce implementation on the field specified by the contract. If "other" is
chosen, use the additional column to	enter the appropriate unit.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acres
	 Head of livestock
	Linear feet
	Square feet
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF Practice Sub-questions

For certain practices, additional questions are asked that provide information necessary to estimate greenhouse gas benefits from implementation of the practice. See Table 11 in the *CSAF Practice Sub-questions* section for descriptions of individual questions to be answered depending on the CSAF practices selected.

Farm Summary

Unique IDs

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Producer TA received

Data element name: Producer TA received Reporting question: What types of technical assistance were 1-3 provided to this producer?

Description: Did the recipient or any partner provide technical assistance (TA) to the producer this year? Technical assistance is any training, education, capacity building or other support provided by any project partner(s) directly to producers enrolled in the project. List up to the top three most common types of TA provided to this producer. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 TA types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other TA types as free text.

Data type: List

Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Demonstration plots	
	Equipment demonstrations	
	 Group field days or in-person field workshops 	
	Hotline	
	One-on-one enrollment assistance	
	One-on-one field visits	
	One-on-one producer mentorship	
	 Producer networks and peer-to-peer groups 	
	Retailer consultation	
	Social media/digital tools	
	Train-the-trainer opportunities	
	 Virtual meetings or field days 	
	Webinars and videos	
	Written materials	
	None	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Producer incentive amount		
Data element name: Producer incentive	Reporting question: What is the total value of financial	
amount	incentives provided to this producer?	
Description: Total incentive payment receiv cumulative). Do not include incentive paym	ed by the producer from USDA project funds for the year (non- ents made with partner match funds.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NA	
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$0-\$5,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

ncentive reason	
Data element name: Incentive reason 2	1-4 Reporting question: Why were incentives provided to this producer?
Description: List up to four reasons for incentive for each reason. The workshe Choose one value for each column. If the "other" is chosen, use the additional co Data type: List	producer incentive payments. List the top 4 based on total value of the et provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. here are fewer than 4 reasons, leave unnecessary columns blank. If plumn to enter other reasons as free text. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
weasurement unit. Category	Avoided conversion
	Conference or training attendance
	Demographics/equity payment
	Enrollment
	Eoregone revenue
	Historic data collection
	 Identity preservation (supply chain tracing)
	Implementation of practices
	 MMRV (e.g., data collection, reporting)
	Passing audit
	Price premium on output
	Yield change
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
ncentive structure	
Data element name: Incentive structur	e 1-4 Reporting question: What are the units for the financial incentives provided to this producer?
Description: List the structures (units) of	corresponding to the top 4 (by dollar value) incentive payments to
producers. Production unit is weight or	volume (bushel, kilogram, ton). The worksheet provides four columns
with a drop-down list of the allowed va	lues. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4
structure types, leave unnecessary colu	imns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter othe
structure types as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Flat rate
	Per animal head
	Per area
	Per length
	Per production unit
	Per ton GHG
	Per tree
22 21 220 928 m	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes

 Data collection level: Producer
 Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Incentive type	
Data element name: Incentive type 1-4	Reporting question: What type of incentives were provided to each producer?
Description: List the top 4 types of incentiv provides four columns with a drop-down lis are fewer than 4 incentive types, leave unn column to enter other incentive types as fro Data type: List	e payments to producers (based on dollar value). The worksheet it of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there ecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional ee text. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
medsurement unit, eategory	Cash payment
	Equipment loan
	 Guaranteed commodity premium payment
	Inputs and supplies
	Land rental
	• Loan
	Paid labor
	 Post-harvest transportation
	Tuition or fees for training
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Payment on enrollment	
Data element name: Payment on enrollment Description: Any incentive payment provid	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon enrollment in the project? ed to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not
related to any implementation, MMRV or s contract held by the producer is paid upon incentive amount for any contract held by t of the full incentive amount for any contract	ales activities. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full the producer is paid upon enrollment. No payment means that none at held by the producer is paid upon enrollment.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Full payment
	Partial payment
	No payment
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Payment on implementation	
Data element name: Payment on	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is
Implementation	provided to the producer upon implementation of the practices?
Description: Any incentive payment provide	ed to the producer upon implementing the practices included in the
implementation Partial payment means the	at only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the
nroducer is naid upon implementation. No	navment means that none of the full incentive amount for any
contract held by the producer is paid upon	implementation
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
measurement and outegory	Full payment
	Partial payment
	No payment
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on harvest	
Data element name: Payment on harvest	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon harvest of the commodity?
Description: Any incentive payment provide included in the contract. Full payment mean paid upon harvest. Partial payment means t the producer is paid upon harvest. No paym held by the producer is paid upon harvest.	ed to the producer upon harvesting or slaughtering the commodity is the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is hat only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by ent means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: Full payment Partial payment No payment
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Payment on MMRV	
Data element name: Payment on MMRV	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon completing MMRV requirements?
Description: Any incentive payment provide included in the contract. Full payment mear paid upon MMRV being complete. Partial pa contract held by the producer is paid upon I incentive amount for any contract held by the Data type: List	ed to the producer upon completing the annual MMRV requirements as the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is ayment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full he producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	 Full payment Partial payment No payment
logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Payment on sale	Data concettor nequency: Quartery
Data element name: Payment on sale	Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?
Description: Any incentive payment provide contract. Full payment means the full incent Partial payment means that only part of the upon sale. No payment means that none of paid upon sale.	ed to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the tive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: Full payment Partial payment No payment
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Producer	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

February 2023

Field Summary Unique IDs		
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Commodity type		
Data element name: Commodity typ	Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced from this field?	
Description: Type of commodity pro worksheet provides multiple column column. Leave unnecessary columns	duced in field enrolled in the project. See full list in Appendix B. The is with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each blank.	
Management with Catagory	Allowed values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Required Vec	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Data element name: Field practice t Description: Which climate-smart ag this project? CSAF practices are inclu data element. Enter one value for ea field through enrollment in the proje Data type: List	ype 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented in this field through the project? griculture or forestry (CSAF) practice or practices are being implemented in ided in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this icch column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this ect, leave unnecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: See list in Appendix A	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	
Date practice complete		
Data element name: Date practice c	omplete Reporting question: When did the project certify CSAF practice implementation as complete?	
Description: Date that the project ce Use January of the year prior to cont implemented in the year prior to a co seven columns for this data element entered in the previous columns. If t enrollment in the project, leave unno Data type: Date	rtifies that implementation of the CSAF practice is complete on the field. ract year for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively ontract associated with this project is signed). The worksheet provides . Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types here are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through ecessary columns blank. Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly	

Contract end date	
Data element name: Contract end date	Reporting question: Contract end date
Description: End date listed on the contract that en submit updated end date during the next quarter's r	rolls the field in the project. If contract end date changes, reporting.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	
Data element name: MMRV assistance provided	Reporting question: Was MMRV assistance provided?
Description: Was any MMRV assistance provided to includes in-field support for the use of technologies, support related to MMRV. MMRV is defined a meas monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the to the agreed upon standard and documentation of impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sha partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification confirmation that measurement, monitoring and report of the technologies.	the primary operator for this field? MMRV assistance consultation on data collection and input, and other urement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), he climate-smart practice has been implemented according any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions iring monitoring and measurement results with project ion organization), and verification (independent porting information are complete, accurate and reliable).
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	No Idon't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	but the concernent equality is a second
Data element name: Marketing assistance provided	Reporting question: Was marketing assistance
Description: Was any marketing assistance provided from this field? Marketing assistance includes guara for the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a label Data type: List	I to the primary operator for the commodity(ies) produced nteeing the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a platform , branding, or other support related to marketing. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Incentive per acre or head	
Data element name: Incentive per acre or head	Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or per-head incentive?
Description: Is this field receiving an incentive paym	ent to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices
on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis?	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
weasurement unit: Category	Allowed Values:
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field commodity value	
Data element name: Field commodity value	Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity produced on the enrolled field?
Description: The dollar value of the commodity	produced on the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field commodity volume	
Data element name: Field commodity volume	Reporting question: What is the volume of commodity produced on the enrolled field?
Description: The volume of the commodity pro	duced on the enrolled field
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Number	Allowed values: 1-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field commodity volume unit	
unit Description: The unit associated with the volun chosen, enter the appropriate value in the addi Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	ne of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is itional column. Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Bushels
	 Gallons Head Linear feet Liveweight pounds Pounds Tons Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cost of implementation	
Data element name: Cost of implementation	Reporting question: What is the cost of practice implementation in the field?
Description: Total annual estimated cost per ul	Select evaluations and the select No.
Data type: Decimal	
Weasurement unit: Dollars	Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cost unit	
Data element name: Cost unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for cost?
Description: The unit associated with the	cost of implementing CSAF practices in the field. If "other" is chosen,
enter the appropriate value in the additio	nal column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Per acre
	Per bushel
	Per head
	Per linear foot
	Per pound
	Perton Other (specify)
Logic: None - all respond	Other (specify)
Data and Land Land Sight	Rete collection forenzana Orientech
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Cost coverage	o
Data element name: Cost coverage	Reporting question: what percent of the practice cost is
Description: Estimated proportion of tota	Lannual cost of implementing the practice(s) that is covered by project
incentives.	raintal cost of implementing the practice(s) that is covered by project
Data type: Integer	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Percent	Allowed values: 0-100
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field GHG monitoring	
Data element name: Field GHG monitorin 1-3	g Reporting question: How were GHG impacts monitored in this field?
Description: Up to the top three forms of	monitoring GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring
is defined as ongoing review and confirma	ation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according
to the agreed upon standard and docume	ntation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions
impacts over time. Include up to 3 method	ds, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field.
The worksheet provides three columns wi	th a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each
column. If fewer than 3 GHG monitoring n	nethods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is
chosen, use the additional column to ente	r other GHG monitoring methods as free text.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Drones
	 Ground-level photos and videos
	On-farm inspection
	 Plot-based sampling (e.g., soil, water)
	Producer records or attestation
	Satellite monitoring or remote sensing Soil metagenomics
	Soil sensors
	Water sensors
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
buta conection level. I leiu	bata concertion nequency. Quarterry

Field GHG reporting	
Data element name: Field GHG reporting 1-3 Description: Up to the top three forms of rep is defined as documenting and sharing monit recipient, and any third-party verification org most commonly used for this field. The work values. Choose one value for each column. If columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the a text.	Reporting question: How were GHG benefits reported for this field? borting on GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting coring and measurement results with project partners, the ganization. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are sheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed fewer than 3 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Automated devices • Email • Mobile app • Paper • Third-party actors • Website
	Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field GHG verification	
Data element name: Field GHG verification 1-3 Description: Up to the top three of verification defined as independent confirmation that me accurate and reliable. Include up to 3 method The worksheet provides three columns with column. If fewer than 3 GHG verification met chosen, use the additional column to enter of Data type: List	Reporting question: How was implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions verified for this field? on of GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is easurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, ds, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each chods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is ther GHG verification methods as free text. Select multiple values : No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: • Artificial intelligence • Computer modeling • Recipient audit • Photos • Record audit • Satellite imagery • Site or field visit • Third-party audit • Other (specify)
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field GHG calculations	
Data element name: Field GHG	Reporting question: What methods are used to calculate GHG
calculations	benefits in this field?
Description: List the method(s) used to calc	ulate GHG benefits in this field. If yes to direct physical
measurements, submit result reports (see S results).	Supplemental Data Submission – Field direct GHG measurement
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Models
	 Direct field measurements
	• Both
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official GHG calculation	
Data element name: Field official GHG	Reporting question: What method was used to calculate the
calculation	official GHG benefits in this field?
Description: List the method used to calculate	ate the official GHG benefits in this field that are reported as part of
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
	All sector de la contraction d
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Initial manufacturements
logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official GHG FR	
Data element name: Field official GHG	Reporting question: What are the estimated total GHG emission
emission reductions	reductions (CO2eq) in this field?
Description: Estimated greenhouse gas em	ission reductions from practice implementation in this field that are
reported as part of the project's aggregate	impact. This data element must be entered upon practice completion
or annually, as appropriate.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official carbon stock	
Data element name: Field official carbon	Reporting question: How much carbon has been sequestered in
stock	this field?
Description: Estimated total change in carb	on stock based on practice implementation in this field. This data
element can be reported in any quarter and	is cumulative for the year. Conversion rate is one ton of carbon =
3.67 tons of CO ₂ eq.	
Data type: Decimal	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO ₂ eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field official CO2 ER	
Data element name: Field official CO2	Reporting question: What are the estimated total CO2 emission
emission reductions	reductions in this field?
Description: Estimated total carbon dioxide en	nission reductions based on practice implementation in this field
that are reported as part of the project's aggre	gate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice
completion or annually, as appropriate.	(# of the second s
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO ₂	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official CH4 ER	
Data element name: Field official CH4 emission	Reporting question: What are the estimated total CH4
reductions	emission reductions in this field?
Description: Estimated total methane emission	reductions based on practice implementation in this field that
are reported as part of the project's aggregate	impact. This data element must be entered upon practice
completion or annually, as appropriate. Convei	rsion rate is one ton of $CH_4 = 25$ tons of CO_2eq .
Data type: Decimai	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in	n Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required. Ves
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field official N20 FP	Data conection nequency. Qualterly
Data element name: Field official N2O emissio	n Benorting question: What are the estimated total N2O
reductions	emission reductions in this field?
Description: Estimated total nitrous oxide emis	ssion reductions based on practice implementation in this field
that are reported as part of the project's aggre	gate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice
completion or annually, as appropriate. Conver	rsion rate is one ton of N ₂ O = 298 tons of CO ₂ eq.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced i	n Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
CO ₂ eq	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Field offsets produced	
Data element name: Field offsets produced	Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been produced in this field?
Description: Total carbon offsets produced in t	he field during the quarter (not cumulative). Offsets are defined
as having been verified and certified using an a	ccepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field insets produced	
Data element name: Field insets produced	Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been produced in this field?
Description: Total carbon insets produced in having been verified and certified using an ar firm.	the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Insets are defined as ccepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Other field measurement	
Data element name: Other field measurement	Reporting question: Were data collected from the field for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation?
Description: Direct physical measurements of benefits estimation. These reasons could inc environmental benefits (see Field environme corresponding reports (see <i>Supplemental da</i>	or data collection taken in the field for any reason other than GHG lude calibration of GHG estimation tools or models, tracking other ental benefits report), and other reasons. If yes, submit ta submission - Field direct measurement results).
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	 I don't know
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

Unique IDs	
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	1-6 Reporting question: What type of commodity(ies) is produced from this field?
Description: Type of commodity(ies) in Appendix B. The worksheet provide	produced in field enrolled in the project. See full list of commodity options s multiple columns with drop-down lists of the allowed values. Choose
one value for each column. Leave unn	ecessary columns blank
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Practice type	
Data element name: Practice type 1-7	Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented by this project?
Description: Which CSAF practice or p included in a list in Appendix A. The w for each column. If there are fewer the columns blank.	ractices are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are orksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value an 7 practices being implemented by the project, leave unnecessary
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: See list in Appendix A
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

GHG model		
Data element name: GHG model	eporting question: What model was used for alternate calculation	of GHG benefits?
Description: Select the model use	the alternate calculation of the field's GHG benefits.	
Data type: List	elect multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	llowed values:	
weasurement unit. Category	ACC Calculator	
	Agriculture Forestry and Other Land Lise (AFOLLI) Carbon Calc	ulator
	AIRES	
	APEX	
	Bowen Ratio Energy Balance	
	Carat-Calculator	
	CArPE	
	CDFA web-based calculator	
	COMET-Farm	
	COMET-Planner	
	CoolFarm	
	Cover Crop Explore	
	CropTrak	
	CultivateAI's FMIS	
	DayCent-CR	
	DNDC	
	DSSAT	
	Earth Optics	
	EcoPractices	
	EPIC	
	Extrapolation based on literature	
	FieldPrint	
	Granular	
	GREET	
	gTIR	
	IFSM	
	IPCC default emissions factors & models	
	itree	
	Nitrogen Balance	
	Nutrient Tracking Tool (NTT)	
	RCD Project Tracker	
	Revised Universal Soil Loss equation 2 (RUSLE2)	
	RuFaS	
	SAFE-Link	
	SALUS (CIBO)	
	SNAPGRAZE	
	SquareRoots	
	SWAT-C	
	SYMPUNI Trutorra Sustainability Taal	
	Vorra	
	WEDD	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None - all respond	outer (specify)	c
Cogle, None – an respond	equired. If project calculates one benefits using multiple method	2
Data collection level: Field	ata collection frequency: Annual	

Model start date	
Data element name: Model start date	Reporting question: For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model start date)?
Description: Date that the model parameter	s begin.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/1950 – 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Model end date	
Data element name: Model end date	Reporting question: For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model end date)?
Description: Date that the model parameter	s end.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023- 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	
Data element name: Total GHG benefits estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total GHG emission reductions?
Description: Total greenhouse gas emission using an alternate model.	reductions from practice implementation in the field estimated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	
Data element name: Total carbon stock	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of how much
estimated	carbon has the field has sequestered?
Description: Total change in carbon stock ba	ised on practice implementation in the field estimated using an
alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton	of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO_2eq .
Massurement unit: Matric tons CO ag	Allowed values: 0.10.000.000
logic None all respond	Required of project coloulotes CUC henefits using multiple
Logic: None – all respond	methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total CO2 estimated	2 2
Data element name: Total CO2 estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's
	total CO2 emission reductions?
Description: Total carbon dioxide emission r	eductions based on practice implementation in the field estimated
using an alternate model.	Colort multiple volues. Ma
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: NO
weasurement unit: Metric tons CO ₂	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Total CH4 estimated	
Data element name: Total CH4 estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total CH4 emission reductions?
Description: Total methane emission reductions based on pra- an alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton of CH ₄ = 25 ton	ctice implementation in the field estimated using s of CO2eq.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total field N20 estimated	
Data element name: Total N2O estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total N2O emission reductions?
Description: Total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on	practice implementation in the field estimated
using an alternate method. Conversion rate is one ton of N_2O	= 298 tons of CO ₂ eq.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

GHG Benefits - Measured

Uni	aup	IDc	

Unique ibs		
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned b	y FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned b	y FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by	y FSA
State or territory of field	State name (must match FS	SA farm enrollment data)
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
GHG measurement method		
Data element name: GHG measurement method		Reporting question: What measurement method is used to calculate GHG benefits?
Description: Field-based measu	rement method used to calculate	GHG benefits. If "other" is chosen, enter the
Data type: List	i the additional column.	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category		Allowed values:
Logic: None – all respond		 Emissions measurement unit Flux towers Litterbags Plant measurements Portable emissions analyzers Soil flux chambers Soil samples Soil sensors Vehicle-mounted sensors Other (specify) Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas
Data collection level: Field		emission measurements in this field Data collection frequency: Annual
Lab name		
Data element name: Lab name	Reporti process	ing question: What is the name of the lab that sed the measurement samples?
Description: Name of entity that	t received data and conducted and	alysis of samples.
Data type: Text	Select r	nultiple values: No
Measurement unit: NA	Allowe	d values: Free text

Logic: None – all respond Required: If applicable

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Measurement start date	
Data element name: Measurement start date	Reporting question: On what date did the measurement start?
Description: Date that the measurements began. If it w and end date. If multiple measurements took place over began	vas a single point in time, use the same date for start date er a time period, use the date that the measurements first
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Measurement end date	
Data element name: Measurement end date	Reporting question: On what date did the measurement end?
Description: Date that the measurements began. If it wand end date. If multiple measurements took place over were completed.	vas a single point in time, use the same date for start date er a time period, use the date that the measurements
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023- 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total CO2 reduction calculated	
Data element name: Total CO2 reduction calculated Description: Total annual CO2 emission reductions bas	Reporting question: What are the total measured CO2 emission reductions? ed on practice implementation in the field calculated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO ₂	Allowed values: 0-10.000.000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field
Data collection level. Field	Annual
Total field carbon stock measured	
Data element name: Total field carbon stock	Reporting question: What is the total amount of
measured	carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field?
Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil sampl 'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one Data type: Decimal	implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil es should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO ₂ eq. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Total CH4 reduction calculated	
Data element name: Total CH4 reduction calculated	Reporting question: What are the total measured CH4 emission reductions?
Description: Total annual methane emission reductions b	ased on practice implementation in the field calculated
from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is one ton o	of $CH_4 = 25$ tons of CO_2eq .
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total N20 reduction calculated	2
Data element name: Total N2O reduction calculated	Reporting question: What are the total measured N2O emission reductions?
Description: Total annual nitrous oxide emission reduction	ns based on practice implementation in the field
calculated from in-field measurements. Conversion rate i	s one ton of $N_2O = 298$ tons of CO_2eq .
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Soil sample result	
Data element name: Soil sample result	Reporting question: What is the numeric result from this soil sample?
Description: Results of measurement(s) taken to determi	ne the carbon stock of a soil (the tons of carbon found
in a specified volume of soil).	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: .00001-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Soil sample result unit		
Data element name: Soil sample result unit	Reporting question: What is unit for the soil sample result?	
Description: Unit for the corresponding soil s for this data element. If "other" is chosen, us text	ample result. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices e the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Percent	
	• Ppm	
	Grams	
	 Grams per cubic centimeter 	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Measurement type		
Data element name: Measurement type	Reporting question: What type of analysis was conducted for this soil sample?	
Description: Type of soil analysis conducted.	The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data	
element. If "other" is chosen, use the additio	nal column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Organic matter	
	Total organic carbon	
	Bulk density	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

Additional Environmental Benefits

Unique IDs

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Environmental benefits

Data element name: Environmental	Reporting question: Are environmental benefits other than	
benefits	GHGs being tracked in the field?	
Description: Tracking of environmental ben	efits other than greenhouse gas emission reductions and carbon	
sequestration in the enrolled field. Tracking	means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting	
that can quantify benefits.	R 321 6252 2 2	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Yes	
	• No	
D1 2827 10	I don't know	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Reduction in nitrogen loss		
Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen loss	Reporting question: Are reductions in nitrogen losses being tracked in the field?	
Description: Tracking reductions in nitroger	losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using	
some form of monitoring and reporting tha	t can quantify benefits.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	• Yes	
	• No	
	I don't know	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Reduction in nitrogen loss amount		
Data element	Reporting question: How much reduction in nitrogen losses	
name: Reduction in nitrogen loss amount	have been measured in the field?	
Description: Total amount of reduction in n	itrogen losses that is measured and reported in the enrolled field.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in nitrogen loss'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

Reduction in nitrogen loss amount unit	
Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen	Reporting question: What is the unit for how much reduction in
loss amount unit nitrogen losses have been measured in the field?	
Description: Unit for the total amount of red	uction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the
enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the	appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilograms
	Metric tons
	Pounds
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in nitrogen loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss purpose	Versioner - Proventieren einer Leisener versionen er versionen der Sternen Bernen.
Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduction in
loss purpose	nitrogen losses?
Description: Purpose of tracking reduction in	nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	al column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in nitrogen loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: Are reductions in phosphorus losses being
phosphorus loss	tracked in the field?
Description: Tracking of reductions in phospl	norus losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
using some form of monitoring and reporting	g that can quantify benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	 I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss amount	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses
phosphorus loss amount	have been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of reduction in ph	osphorus losses that is measured in the field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1.000.000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
phosphorus loss'	Data collection frequency: Appual
Data tollettoll level. Field	

Reduction in phosphorus loss amount unit	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in
phosphorus loss amount unit phosphorus losses measured in the field?	
Description: Unit for the total amount of re	duction in phosphorus losses that is measured in the enrolled field. If
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate val	ue as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilograms
	Metric tons
	Pounds
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
phosphorus loss'	9 <u>7</u> .
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss purpose	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reductions
phosphorus loss purpose	in phosphorus losses?
Description: Purpose of tracking reduction i	n phosphorus losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter
the appropriate value as free text in the add	litional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
phosphorus loss'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: Are other water quality metrics being
	tracked in the field?
Description: Project tracking of other water	quality metrics in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
using some form of monitoring and reportir	ng that can quantify benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	Unitary Control Control Control (Control Control Co
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Other water quality type	
Data element name: Other water quality type Description: Type of other water quality me measured in the field. If "other" is chosen, a	Reporting question: What type of other water quality metric have been measured in the field? etric (besides nitrogen loss and phosphorus loss reductions) that is enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
medourement unit category	Sediment load reduction
	Temperature
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount	
Data element name: Other water quality amount	Reporting question: How much reduction in other water quality metrics have been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of reduction in c	ther water quality metrics that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount unit	
Data element name: Other water quality amount unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in other water quality metrics measured in the field?
Description: Unit for the total amount of re enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the	duction in other water quality metrics that is measured in the e appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Degrees F
	Kilograms
	Kilograms per liter
	Metric tons
	Pounds Other (energify)
Logic Porpord if you to Other water	Other (specify) Pequired: Vec
quality'	Required: res
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Other water quality purpose	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking other water
purpose	quality benefits?
Description: Purpose of tracking other water	quality benefits in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	ial column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	Other (cnecify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water	Required: Yes
quality'	neganea. Tes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: Is water conservation being tracked in the field?
Description: Tracking of water conservation	or reduction in use in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a
minimum using some form of monitoring an	d reporting that can quantify benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: How much water conservation has been
amount	measured in the field?
Description: lotal amount of water conserva	ation or reduction that is measured in the field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount unit	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of water
amount unit	conservation measured in the field?
Description: Unit for the total amount of wa	ter conservation or reduced use that is measured and reported in
the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter	the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
weasurement unit: Category	Allowed Values:
	Aute-feet Cubic fact
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Appual
	Para concerion nequency. Annual

Water quantity purpose			
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking water		
purpose	conservation?		
Description: Purpose of tracking water conse	rvation or reductions in water use in the enrolled field. If "other" is		
chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
	Commodity marketing		
	Producing insets		
	Producing offsets		
	I don't know		
a a anti trende di tanàna di sa	Other (specify)		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Reduced erosion			
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: Is reduced soil erosion being tracked in the field?		
Description: Tracking of reduced soil erosion	in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some		
form of monitoring and reporting that can qu	antify benefits.		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
	• Yes		
	• No		
	 I don't know 		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes		
benefits'			
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Reduced erosion amount			
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: How much erosion reduction has been		
amount	measured in the field?		
Description: Total amount of erosion reduction	on that is measured in the enrolled field.		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Reduced erosion amount unit			
Data element name: Reduced erosion unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of erosion reduction measured?		
Description: Unit for the total amount of eros	ion reduction from enrolled fields that is measured and reported		
by the project. If "other" is chosen, enter the	appropriate value as free text in the additional column.		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
	• Tons		
	Other (specify)		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		

Reduced erosion purpose	
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced
purpose	erosion in the field?
Description: Purpose of tracking reduced envalue as free text in the additional column.	osion the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: Is reduced energy use being tracked in the field?
Description: Tracking of reduced energy use	in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some
form of monitoring and reporting that can q	uantify benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	 I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use amount	
Data element name: Reduced energy use amount	Reporting question: How much energy use reduction has been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of energy use rec	luction that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1 000 000
Logic: Bespond if yes to 'Reduced energy	Required: Ves
use'	Required. Tes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use amount unit	
Data element name: Reduced energy use unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the energy use reduction measured in the field?
Description: Unit for the total amount of en	ergy use reduction that is measured in the enrolled field. If "other"
is chosen, enter the appropriate value as fre	e text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilowatt hours
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced energy use purpose	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced
purpose	energy use in the field?
Description: Purpose of tracking reduced er	lergy use in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion	
Data element name: Avoided land conversion	Reporting question: Is avoided land conversion being tracked in the field?
Description: Tracking of avoided land convertions form of monitoring and reporting that can agricultural uses to non-agricultural uses	rsion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some juantify benefits. Land conservation means land use changing from
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion amount	
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: How much avoided land conversion has
conversion amount	been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of avoided land of	conversion that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land conversion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Avoided land conversion amount unit	
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of avoided
conversion unit	land conversion measured in the field?
Description: Unit for the total amount of av	oided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field. If
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate val	ue as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acres
Teste Deserve 112	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land conversion'	kequired: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion purpose		
Data element name: Avoided land	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking avoided	
conversion purpose	land conversion in the field?	
Description: Purpose of tracking avoided land	conversion in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the	
appropriate value as free text in the additiona	l column.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Commodity marketing	
	Producing insets	
	Producing offsets	
	I don't know	
Lesie Barren di Granda (Aradida di and	Other (specify)	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Improved wildlife babitat	but concetton nequency. Annual	
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Penarting question: Are improvements to wildlife babitat being	
habitat	tracked in the field?	
Description: Tracking of improvements to wild	llife in and around the enrolled field. Tracking means at a	
minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
3 1	Yes	
	• No	
	I don't know	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes	
benefits'		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Improved wildlife habitat amount		
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: How much improved wildlife habitat has	
habitat amount	been measured in the field?	
Description: Total amount of improved wildlif	e habitat that is measured in and around the enrolled fields.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife	Required: Yes	
habitat'		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Improved wildlife habitat amount unit		
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of improved	
habitat unit	wildlife habitat measured in the field?	
Description: Unit for the total amount of impr	oved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around enrolled	
Tields. If other is chosen, enter the appropria	Select multiple unluser No.	
Data type: List		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	• Acres	
	Linear reet	
Logic Respond if use to (Improved wildlife	Other (specify)	
habitat'	nequileu, res	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Improved wildlife habitat purpose		
---	---	--
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking improved	
Description: Purpose of tracking improved v	wildlife habitat in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the	
appropriate value as free text in the additio	nal column.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	Commodity marketing	
	 Producing insets 	
	Producing offsets	
	I don't know	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife habitat'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

CSAF Practice Sub-questions

For some CSAF practices, there is an additional set of questions that are unique to each practice. Responses to these questions are needed to verify estimated GHG benefits of these practices. If a field is implementing a CSAF practice with an NRCS CPS code in Table 11, answer the follow-up questions listed next to the relevant practice name in the table. Use the *Supplemental Reporting Workbook – CSAF Practice Sub-questions* to report the required information.

Table 11. Follow-on questions for select CSAF practices

Practice name and code	Follow-up question	Options (select one)
Alley Cropping (CPS 311)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Anaerobic Digester (CPS 366)	Waste storage system prior to installing anaerobic digester	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Digester type	Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Complex mix with energy generation Plug flow with energy generation Other (specify)
	Additional feedstock source (select most common if using more than one)	Food waste Straw or bedding Wastewater Other (specify)

		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
	N_ N_ N N	Kerosene
	Fuel type before installation	Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount before installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Final and accent unit hafana	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene
	Fuel amount unit before	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	Installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
Combustion System		Other (specify)
Improvement (CPS 372)		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
	Fuel ture often installation	Kerosene
	Fuel type after installation	Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount after installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	First second rests affects	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene
	Fuel amount unit after installation	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
		Pounds (wood, coal)
		Other (specify)
		Brassicas
Conservation Cours	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses
		Legumes
(05 527)		Non-legume broadleaves
		Shrubs



	Brassica
	Broadleaf
	Cool season
Conservation crop type	Croce
	Grass
	Legume
	Warm season
S 5 5	Added perennial crop
Change implemented	Reduced fallow period
2	Both
	Conventional (plow, chisel, disk
	No-till, direct seed
Conservation even exteriors tillers to a	Reduced till
conservation crop rotation tillage type	Strip till
	None
	Other (specify)
Total conservation crop rotation length in	
days	1-120
Strip width (feet)	1-100
	Grasses
Species category	Forbs
laufeanah ongo - Dakonagat dalatit	Mix
	Brassicas
Species category (select most	Forbs
common/extensive type if using more	Grasses
than one)	Legume
	Non-legume broadleaves
12	Grazing
Cover crop planned management	Having
cover crop planned management	Termination
B	Durania
	Burning Uashiaida analiaatian
	Herbicide application
Cover crop termination method	Incorporation
	Mowing
	Rolling/crimping
	Winter kill/frost
	Grass
Species category (select most	Grass legume/forb mix
common/extensive type if using more	Herbaceous woody mix
than one)	Perennial or reseeding
than one	Shrubs
	Trees
Crude protein (percent)	0-100
Fat (percent)	0-100
	Chemical
Freed additions (supplements	Edible oils/fats
Feed additives/supplements	Conversed /kalm
	Seaweed/keip
	Other (specify)
	Other (specify) Forbs
Species category (select most	Other (specify) Forbs Grasses
Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more	Other (specify) Forbs Grasses Mix
	Conservation crop type Change implemented Conservation crop rotation tillage type Total conservation crop rotation length in days Strip width (feet) Species category Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one) Cover crop planned management Cover crop termination method Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one) Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one) Crude protein (percent) Fat (percent) Feed additives/supplements

	Strip width (feet)	20-1,000
Filter Strip (CPS 393)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs
Forest Farming (CPS 379)	Land use in previous year	Forest Multi-story cropping Pasture/grazing land Row crops Other agroforestry
Forest Stand Improvement (CPS 666)	Purpose for implementation	Maintain or improve forest carbon stocks Maintain or improve forest health and productivity Maintain or improve forest structure and composition Maintain or improve wildlife, fish, and pollinator habitat Manage natural precipitation more efficiently Reduce forest pest pressure Reduce forest wildfire hazard
Grassed Waterway (CPS 412)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Flowering Plants Forbs Grasses
Hedgerow Planting (CPS 422)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses Shrubs Trees
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Herbaceous Wind Barriers (CPS 603)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs
	Barrier width (feet)	1-1,000
	Number of rows	1-100
Mulching (CPS 484)	Mulch type	Gravel Natural Synthetic Wood
	Mulch cover (percent of field)	0-100

		Biosolids
		Commercial fertilizers
		Compost
		EEF (nitrification inhibitor)
		EEF (slow or controlled release)
	Nutrient transmith CDC EQO	EEF (urease inhibitor)
	Nutrient type with CPS 590	Green manure
		Liquid animal manure
		Organic by-products
		Organic residues or materials
		Solid/semi-solid animal manure
		Wastewater
	č.	Banded
		Broadcast
		Injection
	Nutrient application method with CPS 590	Irrigation
		Surface application
		Surface application with tillage
		Variable rate
	8	Banded
		Broadcast
Nutrient management		Injection
(CPS 590)	Nutrient application method in the previous	Irrigation
	year	Surface application
		Surface application with tillage
		Variable rate
	52 	
		Single pre-planting
	Nutrient application timing with CPS 590	Single post-planting
	Hadient application anning that of 5555	Split pre- and post-planting
	2	Split post-planting
		Single pre-planting
	Nutrient application timing in the previous year	Single post-planting
		Split pre- and post-planting
		Split post-planting
,	Nutrient application rate with CPS 590	0-20,000
		Gallons per acre
	Nutrient application rate unit with CPS 590	Pounds per acre
	Nutrient application rate change	Decrease compared to previous
		year
		Increase compared to previous
		year
		No change
	8 J	Cool-season broadleaf
	Species category (select most	Cool-season grass
	common/extensive type if using more than	Warm-season broadleaf
Pasture and Hay Planting	one)	Warm-season grass
(CPS 512)	6	Grazing
	Termination process	Having (i.e. cutting and haling)
		Other (specify)
		Cell grazing
Prescribed Grazing (CDC		Deferred rotational
5721	Grazing type	Management intensive
528)		Post rotation
		Nest-Intation

Range Planting (CPS 550)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs Grasses Legumes Shrubs Trees
Residue and Tillage Management – No-till (CPS 329)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row only
Residue and Tillage Management – Reduced Till (CPS 345)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row/ridge tillage for planting Shallow across most of the soil surface Vertical/mulch
Riparian Forest Buffer	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(013 331)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Riparian Herbaceous Cover (CPS 390)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Ferns Forbs Grasses Legumes Rushes Sedges
Roofs and Covers (CPS 367)	Roof/cover type	Concrete Flexible geomembrane Metal Timber Other (specify)
Silvopasture (CPS 381)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Forage Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Strip width (feet)	1-1,000
Stripcropping (CPS 585)	Crop category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Erosion resistant crops Fallow Sediment trapping crops
	Number of strips	2-100
Tree/Shrub Establishment	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CF3 012)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Vegetative Barrier (CPS 601)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses Grass forb mix Grass legume mix
	Barrier width (feet)	3-1,000

Waste Separation Facility (CPS 632)	Separation type	Chemical (e.g., salts, polymers) Mechanical (e.g., screens, presses) Settling basin
	Most common use of solids	Bedding Field applied Other (specify)
Waste Storage Facility (CPS 313)	Waste storage system prior to installing your waste storage facility	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation or flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
Waste Treatment (CPS 629)	Treatment type	Biological Chemical Mechanical
Waste Treatment Lagoon (CPS 359)	Waste storage system prior to installing waste treatment lagoon	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation or flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise Slurry tank/basin
	Is there a lagoon cover/crust?	Yes No
	Is there lagoon aeration?	No

Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation (CPS 380)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs	
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000	

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Appendix A: Climate-smart Agriculture and Forestry Practices

All NRCS Practice Standards (not limited to climate-sma	irt practices)
309, Agrichemical Handling Facility	390, Riparian Herbaceous Cover
311, Alley Cropping	391, Riparian Forest Buffer
313, Waste Storage Facility	393, Filter Strip
314, Brush Management	394, Firebreak
315, Herbaceous Weed Treatment	395, Stream Habitat Improvement and Management
316, Animal Mortality Facility	396, Aquatic Organism Passage
317, Composting Facility	397, Aquaculture Pond
318, Short Term Storage of Animal Waste and By-Products	398. Fish Raceway or Tank
319, On-Farm Secondary Containment Facility	399, Fishpond Management
320. Irrigation Canal or Lateral	400. Bivalve Aquaculture Gear and Biofouling Control
324. Deep Tillage	402. Dam
325. High Tunnel System	410. Grade Stabilization Structure
326. Clearing and Snagging	412. Grassed Waterway
327. Conservation Cover	420. Wildlife Habitat Planting
328. Conservation Crop Rotation	422 Hedgerow Planting
329. Residue and Tillage Management. No Till	423. Hillside Ditch
330 Contour Farming	428 Irrigation Ditch Lining
331 Contour Orchard and Other Perennial Crops	428A Irrigation Water Conveyance Ditch and Canal Lining
332 Contour Buffer Strins	Plain Concrete
333 Amending Soil Properties with Gynsum Products	4288 Irrigation Water Conveyance Ditch and Canal Lining
334 Controlled Traffic Farming	Elevible Membrane
336 Soil Carbon Amendment	428C Irrigation Water Conveyance Ditch and Canal Lining
338 Prescribed Burning	Galvanized Steel
340 Cover Crop	430 Irrigation Pineline
340, Cover Crop	430, Imgation Fipeline 432, Dry Hydrant
345 Peridue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till	432, Dry Hydrant
249 Dam Diversion	430, Inigation Reservoir
250. Sodiment Pasin	441, Inigation System, Microinigation
251 Well Decommissioning	442, Sprinkler System
252 Manitaring Wall	445, Irrigation system, surface and subsurface
355, Monitoring Weil	447, Imgation and Dramage Tallwater Recovery
355, Groundwater resting	449, Imgation Water Management
356, Dike and Levee	450, Anionic Polyacrylamide (PAIVI) Application
359, Waste Treatment Lagoon	453, Land Reclamation, Landslide Treatment
360, Waste Facility Closure	455, Land Reclamation, Toxic Discharge Control
362, Diversion	457, Mine Shaft and Adit Closing
366, Anaerobic Digester	460, Land Clearing
367, Roots and Covers	462, Precision Land Forming and Smoothing
368, Emergency Animal Mortality Management	464, Irrigation Land Leveling
3/1, Air Filtration and Scrubbing	466, Land Smoothing
372, Combustion System Improvement	468, Lined Waterway or Outlet
373, Dust Control on Unpaved Roads and Surfaces	472, Access Control
374, Energy Efficient Agricultural Operation	484, Mulching
375, Dust Management for Pen Surfaces	490, Tree/Shrub Site Preparation
376, Field Operations Emissions Reduction	500, Obstruction Removal
378, Pond	511, Forage Harvest Management
379, Forest Farming	512, Pasture and Hay Planting
380, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation	516, Livestock Pipeline
381, Silvopasture	520, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Soil Treatment
382, Fence	521, Pond Sealing or Lining, Geomembrane or
383, Fuel Break	Geosynthetic Clay Liner
384, Woody Residue Treatment	521A, Pond Sealing or Lining, Flexible Membrane
386, Field Border	521B, Pond Sealing or Lining, Soil Dispersant
388, Irrigation Field Ditch	521C, Pond Sealing or Lining, Bentonite Sealant

- 521D, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Clay Treatment
- 522, Pond Sealing or Lining Concrete
- 527, Sinkhole Treatment
- 528, Prescribed Grazing
- 533, Pumping Plant
- 543, Land Reclamation, Abandoned Mined Land
- 544, Land Reclamation, Currently Mined Land
- 548, Grazing Land Mechanical Treatment
- 550, Range Planting
- 554, Drainage Water Management
- 555, Rock Wall Terrace
- 557, Row Arrangement
- 558, Roof Runoff Structure
- 560, Access Road
- 561, Heavy Use Area Protection
- 562, Recreation Area Improvement
- 566, Recreation Land Improvement and Protection
- 570, Stormwater Runoff Control
- 572, Spoil Disposal
- 574, Spring Development
- 575, Trails and Walkways
- 576, Livestock Shelter Structure
- 578, Stream Crossing
- 580, Streambank and Shoreline Protection
- 582, Open Channel
- 584, Channel Bed Stabilization
- 585, Stripcropping
- 587, Structure for Water Control
- 588, Crosswind Ridges
- 589, Cross Wind Trap Strips
- 590, Nutrient Management
- 591, Amendments for Treatment of Agricultural Waste
- 592, Feed Management
- 595, Pest Management Conservation System
- 600, Terrace
- 601, Vegetative Barrier
- 602, Equitable Relief
- 603, Herbaceous Wind Barriers
- 604, Saturated Buffer
- 605, Denitrifying Bioreactor
- 606, Subsurface Drain
- 607, Surface Drain, Field Ditch
- 608, Surface Drain, Main or Lateral
- 609, Surface Roughening
- 610, Salinity and Sodic Soil Management
- 612, Tree/Shrub Establishment
- 614, Watering Facility
- 620, Underground Outlet
- 629, Waste Treatment
- 630, Vertical Drain

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- 632, Waste Separation Facility
- 633, Waste Recycling
- 634, Waste Transfer
- 635, Vegetated Treatment Area
- 636, Water Harvesting Catchment
- 638, Water and Sediment Control Basin
- 640, Waterspreading
- 642, Water Well
- 643, Restoration of Rare or Declining Natural Communities
- 644, Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management
- 645, Upland Wildlife Habitat Management
- 646, Shallow Water Development and Management
- 647, Early Successional Habitat Development-Mgt
- 649, Structures for Wildlife
- 650, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Renovation
- 654, Road/Trail/Landing Closure and Treatment
- 655, Forest Trails and Landings
- 656, Constructed Wetland
- 657, Wetland Restoration
- 658, Wetland Creation
- 659, Wetland Enhancement
- 660, Tree-Shrub Pruning
- 666, Forest Stand Improvement
- 670, Energy Efficient Lighting System
- 672, Energy Efficient Building Envelope
- 736, Crop By-Product Transfer, interim
- 724, Water Treatment Facility, interim
- 735, Waste Gasification Facility, interim

737, Reduced Water and Energy Coffee Conveyance System, interim

- 740, Pond Sealing and Lining, Soil Cement, interim
- 751, Individual Terrace, interim
- 753, Infiltration Ditch, interim
- 755, Well Plugging, interim
- 770, Livestock Confinement Facility, interim
- 775, Drainage Ditch Covering, interim
- 782, Phosphorus Removal System, interim
- 800, Controlling Existing Flowing Wells, interim
- 803, Water Well Disinfection, interim
- 805, Amending Soil Properties with Lime, interim
- 808, Soil Carbon Amendment, interim
- 809, Conservation Harvest Management, interim
- 810, Annual Forages for Grazing Systems, interim
- 812, Raised Beds, interim
- 815, Groundwater Recharge Basin or Trench, interim

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- 817, On-Farm Recharge, interim
- 818, Water Conservation System, interim
- 821, Low Tunnel Systems, interim
- 823, Organic Management, interim

> Other CSAF Practices Traditional or cultural practices Microbial products Solar power generation Grain bin construction Pre-season drainage

> Appendix B: Commodity List CROPS ALFALFA ALMONDS AMARANTH GRAIN APPLES APRICOTS ARONIA (CHOKEBERRY) ARTICHOKES **ASPARAGUS** ATEMOYA **AVOCADOS BAMBOO SHOOTS** BANANAS BARLEY BEANS BEETS **BIRDSFOOT/TREFOIL** BLUEBERRIES BREADFRUIT BROCCOFLOWER BROCCOLI BROCCOLINI **BRUSSEL SPROUTS** BUCKWHEAT CABBAGE CACAO CACTUS CAIMITO CALABAZA MELON CALALOO CAMELINA CANARY MELON CANARY SEED CANEBERRIES CANISTEL CANOLA CANTALOUPES CARAMBOLA (STAR FRUIT) CARROTS CASHEW CASSAVA CAULIFLOWER CELERIAC CELERY CHERIMOYA CHERRIES CHESTNUTS CHICORY/RADICCHIO CHINESE BITTER MELON CHRISTMAS TREES CHUFAS

CINNAMON CLOVER COCONUTS COFFEE CORN COTTON ELS COTTON UPLAND CRANBERRIES **CRENSHAW MELON** CRUSTACEAN **CUCUMBERS** CURRANTS DASHEEN DATES DURIAN EGGPLANT EINKORN **ELDERBERRIES** EMMER FIGS FINFISH FLAX **FLOWERS** FORAGE SOYBEAN/SORGHUM GAILON GARLIC GENIP GINGER GINSENG GOOSEBERRIES GOURDS GRAPEFRUIT GRAPES GRASS GREENS **GROUND CHERRY GUAMABANA/SOURSOP** GUAR **GUAVA GUAVABERRY** GUAYULE HAZEL NUTS HEMP HERBS **HESPERALOE** HONEY HONEYBERRIES HONEYDEW HOPS HORSERADISH HUCKLEBERRIES

HYBRID POPLAR TREES IDLE INDIGO **ISRAEL MELONS** JACK FRUIT JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES **JICAMA** JOJOBA JUJUBE JUNEBERRIES KENAF **KHORASAN KIWIBERRY KIWIFRUIT** KOCHIA (PROSTRATA) KOHLRABI KOREAN GOLDEN MELON **KUMQUATS** LAMBS EAR LEEKS LEMONS LENTILS LESPEDEZA LETTUCE LIMES LONGAN LOQUATS LYCHEE MANGOS MANGOSTEEN MAPLE SAP MAYHAW BERRIES MEADOWFOAM MILKWEED MILLET MIXED FORAGE MOHAIR MOLLUSK MORINGA MULBERRIES **MUSHROOMS** MUSTARD NECTARINES NIGER SEED NONI OATS OKRA OLIVES ONIONS ORANGES PAPAYA



PARSNIP PASSION FRUITS PAWPAW PEACHES PEANUTS PEARS PEAS PECANS PENNYCRESS PEPPERS PERENNIAL PEANUTS PERIQUE TOBACCO PERSIMMONS **PINE NUTS** PINEAPPLE PISTACHIOS PITAYA/DRAGONFRUIT PLANTAIN PLUMCOTS PLUMS POMEGRANATES POTATOES POTATOES SWEET PRUNES PSYLLIUM PUMMELO PUMPKINS QUINCES QUINOA RADISHES RAISINS RAMBUTAN RAPESEED RHUBARB RICE RICE SWEET RICE WILD RUTABAGA RYE SAFFLOWER SAPODILLA SAPOTE SCALLIONS SESAME SHALLOTS SORGHUM SORGHUM DUAL PURPOSE SORGHUM FORAGE SOYBEANS SPELT SQUASH STAR GOOSEBERRY

STRAWBERRIES SUGAR BEETS SUGARCANE **SUNFLOWERS** SUNN HEMP TANGELOS TANGERINES TANGORS TANGOS TANNIER TARO TEA TEFF TL **TOBACCO CIGAR WRAPPER TOBACCO BURLEY TOBACCO BURLEY 31V TOBACCO CIGAR BINDER TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER BINDER **TOBACCO DARK AIR CURED TOBACCO FIRE CURED TOBACCO FLUE CURED TOBACCO MARYLAND TOBACCO VIRGINIA FIRE CURED** TOMATILLOS TOMATOES TREES TIMBER TRITICALE TRUFFLES TURNIPS VETCH WALNUTS WAMPEE WASABI WATERMELON WAX JAMBOO FRUIT WHEAT WILLOW SHRUB WINTER MELON WOLFBERRY/GOJI YAM

LIVESTOCK **ALPACAS BEEF COWS** BEEFALO **BUFFALO OR BISON** CHICKENS (BROILERS) CHICKENS (LAYERS) DAIRY COWS DEER DUCKS ELK EMUS EQUINE GEESE GOATS HONEYBEES LLAMAS REINDEER SHEEP SWINE TURKEYS

Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions February 2023

I. Overarching Statement

The following award terms and conditions are applicable to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities agreements and are in addition to the USDA FPAC General Terms and Conditions. The award recipient must abide by all terms of this grant including, but not limited to, the General Terms and Conditions, the terms in the Funding Opportunity and associated Frequently Asked Questions, and this addendum. The recipient must also deliver on the planned objectives in the project narrative and budget narrative associated with this grant.

II. Eligibility and Highly Erodible Lands and Wetlands Compliance

In order to be eligible for an incentive payment as a part of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities, a producer must:

- Establish Farm Records with the Farm Service Agency (FSA) (have farm, tract, and field numbers in place);
- Complete an AD-2047 (Customer Data Worksheet to facilitate the collection of customer data for Business Partner Record);
- Certify highly erodible land conservation (HEL) and wetland conservation (WC) compliance via Form AD-1026, Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification; and
- Certify that they are not a foreign person or entity.

Farm, tract, and field numbers are required for the producer, and ultimately the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipient, to report climate-smart practice implementation to USDA, as well as to certify and maintain HELC/WC compliance. This will require that some producers who do not already have these numbers, like perennial crop growers or feedlots, establish these records with USDA's FSA. Farm, tract, field numbers, producer name, and Core Customer I.D. (CCID) will be provided by the recipient to the National Program Officer as a part of routine grant reporting. Recipients must ensure that producers receiving financial assistance or incentives through this project use the same name as is included in the relevant FSA Business File for that Farm ID in any contracts or similar documentation kept by the recipient.

Producers are not bound by the payment limitations and the adjusted gross income (AGI) limitations that are in place for other USDA programs.

In order to demonstrate HELC/WC compliance for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities incentive payments, producers will need to request a copy of their subsidiary print from their

Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions Page 1 of 6 February 2023 USDA FSA field office. The Subsidiary Print includes print year specific eligibility related information about a selected producer. The producer will then provide this documentation to the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipients as proof of compliance. A current year subsidiary print will be required for each crop year that the producer receives a payment, and HELC/WC eligibility information is provided under the AD-1026 and Conservation Compliance sections of subsidiary (determined by year, which can change at any time during the year or in a subsequent year). As is the case already, field offices will not be expected to provide documentation to anyone besides the producer themselves (and must always comply with Section 1619 limitations if they ever do provide documentation to third parties). Producers must have control of the land for the term of their beneficiary contract.

Recipients are responsible for determining producer eligibility within the funding opportunity requirements. Recipients must inform producers of eligibility requirements and direct them to local USDA offices for requested information as necessary, including but not limited to, farm and tract establishment and Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Compliance determinations. Privacy of producers is a priority throughout this process, and recipients are responsible for maintaining producer privacy in the process.

At minimum, the recipient will collect and review subsidiary reports from participating producers. They will ensure that the producer is listed as "compliant" in all sections of the conservation compliance portion of subsidiary and "certified" for AD-1026 before an incentive payment is made. If payments to a producer span more than one Federal fiscal year, the recipient will review an updated subsidiary print each fiscal year to ensure that the status is still compliant.

III. Other Environmental and Cultural Resources Reviews

A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was signed by USDA NRCS on August 26, 2022. A copy of the Programmatic Environmental Assessment for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities is available at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</u>. USDA may determine that additional environmental and cultural resources review is needed for any particular action under Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities. The recipient must not execute any beneficiary contracts under this grant agreement prior to receipt of a letter from USDA that specifically details:

- further procedures deemed appropriate by the Agency to ensure a completed National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review and all appropriate consultation requirements are met, and
- 2) additional instructions for any unanticipated discoveries or conditions.

A resolution of support is required for projects on Tribal lands from the governing body of the Tribe with jurisdiction over that land, if the applicant is not the Tribe nor an entity owned or operated by that Tribe. USDA may approve alternative documentation for resolutions when USDA deems necessary and legally sufficient.

IV. Producer Benefits

USDA encourages the recipient to disclose to participating producers the manner and amount for which any market premiums derived from the development of the relevant climate-smart commodity will be shared between participating parties, including producers. USDA will be monitoring producer benefits, in particular those to small and underserved producers, throughout the grant period. Recipients agree that their project(s) will implement a plan for engaging small and underserved producers as laid out in this agreement.

V. Producer Data Protection and Disclosure

Recipients must ensure each producer has convenient access to any data collected from that producer or the producer's land and any associated modeling as part of the project. The recipient must provide each producer applying for benefits under this grant a description in writing of how their information, including but not limited to data about their farm and commodities, will be utilized, protected and shared as applicable.

VI. Other Data and Reporting Requirements

In addition to the reporting information provided in the statement of work and General Terms and Conditions, USDA will provide a template for the Detailed Progress Report, also known as the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities (PSCS) Project Reporting Workbook. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, a copy of this workbook will be posted at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</u> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer. USDA may provide updates to the PCSC Project Reporting Workbook or submission methods to streamline the data collection process and/or reduce the burden on the recipient throughout the grant period. Generally, these updates will be provided at least 3 months in advance of any required changes. The recipient must not transfer any data to foreign governments or foreign entities without prior approval from USDA.

USDA will provide a Technical Contact for this grant. The Technical Contact will have the responsibility of technical oversight for USDA for the project. The recipient is responsible for providing the technical assistance required to successfully implement and complete the project. The recipient must comply with any requests for information from the Technical Contact. The Technical Contact for this award is the National Program Officer assigned to this grant.

Prior to execution of this grant, the recipient must provide a shapefile depicting the project boundary for enrollment under this grant. Producer enrollment may not occur outside this boundary without modification of this grant. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, the recipient must provide to the National Program Officer a website address where enrollment information will be posted for producers for the project associated with this grant. Recipients will be responsible for the following reports:

- Submit quarterly performance reports that include a written progress report, as well as additional reporting on specific data elements contained in the most up-to-date version of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Project Reporting Workbook. Additional information about each reported element is described in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit supplemental reports required to validate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefit data, including: (1) an initial project MMRV plan, (2) field-modeled GHG benefit reports, and (3) field-direct GHG measurement results, as applicable. Additional information about these reports is in included in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit copies of project outputs and deliverables (e.g., fact sheets, reports) as attachments in ezFedGrants along with quarterly performance reports.
- Report the version of COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits of the project within each quarterly performance report. As COMET-Planner is updated, recipients must adopt the latest version of the tool as directed by USDA for use in performance reports.

Recipients must designate an individual as a member of the USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network (Partnerships Network); this representative should be identified in the Project Narrative for this grant. Each project includes a plan for up to two Partnerships Network virtual meetings and two in-person meetings a year during the project duration. Dates and other details on events will be posted at <u>www.usda.gov/climate-smartcommodities</u> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer.

The Partnerships Network will be co-chaired by representative from the USDA Office of the Chief Economist and the Farm Production and Conservation Mission Area. The Partnerships Network will inform synthesis reports to be assembled by USDA on a range of topics related to the implementation of Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities projects, including:

- Lessons-learned as projects are implemented;
- Options for providing technical assistance;
- Procedures for measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verifying GHG benefits;
- Options for tracing climate-smart commodities through the supply chain;
- Mechanisms for reducing costs of implementation;
- A forum for discussion and learning regarding approaches to climate-smart agriculture and forestry implementation (including but not limited to deployment and

measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, tracking, and verification of associated greenhouse gas benefits and marketing of climate-smart commodities).

- Synthesis of outcomes; and
- Opportunities for USDA and others to inform future approaches to generating new and expanded markets for climate-smart commodities.

The Partnerships Network topics to be discussed will cover at minimum the areas described in previous FAQs and will evolve with USDA's ongoing project data analysis efforts and with input from the project recipients on the kinds of sessions that will be most helpful to them in building the diverse climate-smart markets associated with their projects. Participation may include at least one interview a year and include questions related to the following areas:

- Technical assistance approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Producer outreach approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Monitoring, measurement, reporting, and verification (MMRV) approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Marketing approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Partnership approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Data collection and storage approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Supply chain approaches, methods and successes and/or challenges, including approaches to traceability
- Supply chain benefits and demand for climate-smart commodities
- Perspectives on program design, climate-smart commodity definitions, and future approaches or opportunities
- Project successes and stories

USDA may also request producer exit reports at a later date. Additional marketing and branding-related requirements may be provided by USDA, including signage related to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities.

VII. Competition and Anti-Competitive Practices

In connection with this grant, recipients may not prohibit or otherwise limit a producer from changing the provider of other services or materials not included as part of this grant. Recipients may not condition, limit, steer, or discriminate in their provision or sale of non-project business functions or products to producers based on their participation or non-participation in or use of any services provided as part of this grant. Additionally, funds in this agreement shall not be used for purposes or activities related to mergers or acquisitions.

VIII. Suspension and Disbarment

The provisions governing Suspension and Disbarment in subsection 1.a.8 shall also apply to fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification, or destruction of records, making false statements, or violations of the Federal civil antitrust or unfair trade practice laws.

IX. Special provisions for awards to for-profit entities as recipients

This section contains provisions that apply to awards to for-profit entities. These provisions are in addition to other applicable provisions of these terms and conditions, or they make exceptions from other provisions of the terms and conditions for awards to for-profit entities. For-profit entities that receive awards have two options regarding audits:

- A financial related audit of a particular award in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, in those cases where the for-profit entity receives awards under only one USDA program; or, if awards are received under multiple USDA programs, a financial related audit of all awards in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; or
- 2) An audit that meets the requirements contained in 2 CFR 200 subpart F.

For-profit entities that receive annual awards totaling less than the audit requirement threshold in 2 CFR 200 subpart F are exempt from USDA audit requirements for that year, but records must be available for review by appropriate officials of Federal agencies or the Government Accountability Office.

X. Non-Disparagement

Recipients may not engage in any advertising deemed by USDA as disparaging to another agricultural commodity or competing product, or in violation of the prohibition against false and misleading advertising. Disparagement is defined as anything that depicts other commodities in a negative or unpleasant light via overt or subjective video, photography, or statements. Comparative advertising is allowable, provided the presentation of facts is truthful, objective, not misleading, and supported by a reasonable basis.