

# NOTICE OF GRANT AND AGREEMENT AWARD

Award Identifying Number	2. Amenda	nent Number	<ol><li>Award /Project Per</li></ol>	iod	4. Type of award instrument:	
NR233A750004G082			Date of final signature - 09/29/2028		Grant Agreement	
5. Agency (Name and Address)			6. Recipient Organiza	tion (Name	e and Address)	
USDA Partnerships for Climate	e-Smart Co	mmodities c/o	North Jersey RC&D			
FPAC-BC Grants and Agreem			P.O. Box 117	is indicated energy		
1400 Independence Ave SW, I		SHU	Asbury NJ 08802			
Washington, DC 20250						
Direct all correspondence to F	PAC.BC.G/	AD@usda.gov	UEI # CZ7NF3QJQI	HN6		
7. NRCS Program Contact	8. NRCS A	Administrative	9. Recipient Program	{	10. Recipient Administrative	
		Contact	Contact		Contact	
Jade Nield	C	Daniel Curtis	Laura Tessie	eri	Name: Brenda Berardo	
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47.	14.	7			<u>د</u>	
11. CFDA	12. Author	14.0	12 Type of Action		14. Program Director	
II. OFDA	12. Author	ity	13. Type of Action		14. Program Director	
10.937	15 U.S.C.	714 et seq	New Agreement		Laura Tessieri	
					b)(6)	
				1		
15. Project Title/ Description: Expands climate-smart markets for meat from cattle, sheep, lamb, goats, and broiler chickens in northern NJ and supports farmers with implementation and monitoring of climate-smart practices.						
16. Entity Type: M = Nonprofit v	vith 501C3	IRS Status (Other tha	n Institution of Higher	Education	)	
17. Select Funding Type	×					
Select funding type:				⊠ Non-Fe	ederal	
Original funds total		\$3,574,207.00		\$583,000	.00	
Additional funds total		\$0.00	0		.00	
Grand total		\$3,574,207.00		\$583,000.00		

### 18. Approved Budget

\$668,197.95	Fringe Benefits	\$175,826.11
\$56,515.24	Equipment	\$0.00
\$29,685.70	Contractual	\$677,025.48
\$0.00	Other	\$1,966,956.52
\$3,461,606.62	Total Indirect Cost	\$112,600.38
	Total Non-Federal Funds	\$583,000.00
	Total Federal Funds Awarded	\$3,574,207.00
	Total Approved Budget	\$4,157,207.00
	\$56,515.24 \$29,685.70 \$0.00	\$56,515.24 Equipment  \$29,685.70 Contractual  \$0.00 Other  \$3,461,606.62 Total Indirect Cost  Total Non-Federal Funds  Total Federal Funds Awarded

This agreement is subject to applicable USDA NRCS statutory provisions and Financial Assistance Regulations. In accepting this award or amendment and any payments made pursuant thereto, the undersigned represents that he or she is duly authorized to act on behalf of the awardee organization, agrees that the award is subject to the applicable provisions of this agreement (and all attachments), and agrees that acceptance of any payments constitutes an agreement by the payee that the amounts, if any, found by NRCS to have been overpaid, will be refunded or credited in full to NRCS.

Name and Title of Authorized	Signature	Date
Government Representative  Katina Hanson Acting Senior Advisor for Climate-Smart Commodities	KATINA HANSON	Digitally signed by KATINA HANSON Date: 2023.08.25 15:13:31 -05'00'
Name and Title of Authorized	Signature	Date
Recipient Representative  Laura Tessieri  Executive Director	Laura Tessier	Digitally signed by Laura Tessieri Date: 2023.08.24 08:52:23 -04'00'

#### NONDISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

### PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

The above statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. Section 522a).

### Statement of Work

### Purpose

The purpose of this agreement, between the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and North Jersey RC&D Area, Inc. is to build markets for climate-smart commodities and invest in America's climate-smart producers to strengthen U.S. rural and agricultural communities.

### Objectives

The objectives of this project are to support the production and marketing of climate-smart commodities by providing voluntary incentives to producers and landowners, including early adopters, to implement climate-smart agricultural production practices, activities, and systems on working lands; measure/quantify, monitor, and verify the carbon and greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits associated with those practices; and develop markets and promote the resulting climate-smart commodities.

### **Budget Narrative**

The official budget summarized below and described in the attached Budget Narrative will be considered the total budget as last approved by the Federal awarding agency for this award.

Amounts included in this budget narrative are estimates. Reimbursement or advance liquidations will be based on actual expenditures, not to exceed the amount obligated.

TOTAL BUDGET \$ 4,157,207.47

TOTAL FEDERAL FUNDS \$ 3,574,207.47

PERSONNEL \$ 623,535,50 FRINGE BENEFITS \$ 164,073.87 TRAVEL \$ 52,737.75 **EQUIPMENT \$0** SUPPLIES \$ 27,701.50 CONTRACTUAL \$631,773.00 CONSTRUCTION \$ 0.00 OTHER \$1,961,785.00 (Includes \$1,625,000.00 in Produce Incentives)

TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$3,461,606.62

INDIRECT COSTS \$112,600.38

Recipient has elected to use the de minimis indirect cost rate and voluntarily waive \$ 44,601.31 of indirect costs.

TOTAL NON-FEDERAL FUNDS \$583,000.000

PERSONNEL \$153,855.00 FRINGE BENEFITS \$38,463.75 TRAVEL \$0 **EQUIPMENT \$0** SUPPLIES \$0 CONTRACTUAL \$8,400.00 CONSTRUCTION (usually n/a) \$n/a OTHER \$374,600 (Includes \$365,000.00 in Produce Incentives) TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$575,318.75 INDIRECT COSTS \$7.681.25 Recipient has elected to use the de minimis indirect cost rate and voluntarily \$13,350.62 of indirect costs.

## Responsibilities of the Parties:

If inconsistencies arise between the language in this Statement of Work (SOW) and the General Terms and Conditions attached to the agreement, the language in this SOW takes precedence.

### RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES

1. Perform the work and produce the deliverables as outlined in this Statement of Work and attachments.

- 2. Ensure Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) clearance is obtained prior to conducting data collection from producers or other project participants, including data collection performed by subrecipients.
- Comply with the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions.
- 4. Submit reports and payment requests to the ezFedGrants system as outlined in the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions. Reporting frequency is as follows:
  - a. Performance Reports: Quarterly
  - b. SF425 Financial Reports: Quarterly
  - c. Detailed Progress Report: Quarterly

(The detailed progress report is in addition to the performance and financial reports referenced above and described in the general terms and conditions)

### **Expected Accomplishments and Deliverables**

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

### Resources Required

See the Responsibilities of the Parties section for required resources, if applicable.

#### Milestones

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

### **GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

Please reference the below link(s) for the General Terms and Conditions pertaining to this award: https://www.fpacbc.usda.gov/about/grants-and-agreements/award-terms-and-conditions/index.html

Attachments
Budget Narrative
Project Narrative
Benchmarks Table
Climate-Smart Practices List and Limitations
Data Dictionary
Climate-Smart Specific Terms and Conditions

Bu	dget d	details					
Item No	Payment Type	Expense Category	Description	Obligation Amount	Obligation Direct Cost	Obligation Indirect Cost	NICRA Rate
10	Payment	Personnel		\$ 668,197.95	\$ 623,535.50	\$ 44,662.45	7.16%
20	Payment	Fringe Benefits		\$ 175,826.11	\$ 164,073.87	\$ 11,752.24	7.16%
30	Payment	Travel		\$ 56,515.24	\$ 52,737.75	\$ 3,777.49	7.16%
40	Payment	Supplies		\$ 29,685.70	\$ 27,701.50	\$ 1,984.20	7.16%
50	Payment	Contractual		\$ 677,025.48	\$ 631,773.00	\$ 45,252.48	7.16%
60	Payment	Other		\$ 50,580.83	\$ 47,200.00	\$ 3,380.83	7.16%
70	Payment	Other	Incentive CSAF Implementation	\$ 1,200,000.00	\$ 1,200,000.00	\$ -	0%
80	Payment	Other	Incentive Business Planning	\$ 400,000.00	\$ 400,000.00	\$ -	0%
90	Payment	Other	Incentive Marketing Services	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ -	0%
100	Payment	Other	Subaward Rutgers-With IDC	\$ 26,790.69	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 1,790.69	7.16%
110	Payment	Other	Subaward Rutgers-No IDC	\$ 264,585.00	\$ 264,585.00	\$ -	0%

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# Building Markets and Resiliency: Addressing Climate and Food Access with Northern NJ Livestock Farmers

### i. Executive Summary

As challenges to agriculture from climate change continue to increase, so too do the opportunities for agriculture to serve an important role in climate solutions. Advancing agriculture's role in climate mitigation, can offer economic security for farmers in the face of these challenges, while building resilience and security into the local food system.

Northwestern New Jersey has a strong agricultural heritage and an established farm-based economy and is uniquely located within a two-hour drive of over 20 million potential customers in the New York-New Jersey-Philadelphia region. Consumers in the region have continually expressed strong interest in locally-grown, locally-sourced agricultural products. This positions the region well to support the high consumer demand for local, direct to consumer, sustainably-raised meat products.

It is the goal of this project to work with 20 livestock producers over 2,500 acres to accelerate the transition to a resilient, equitable, and inclusive agricultural livestock system that builds soil health, improves water quality, sequesters carbon, reduces greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, increases biodiversity, and revitalizes farm and rural economies. The project will simultaneously educate and inform consumers on the climate impacts of food, expand marketing opportunities for farmers and work with a network of partners to expand equitable food access to local, healthy, sustainably-raised meats. The project will focus on developing and marketing Climate Friendly Certified meats, primarily cattle (cow/calf and finishing combined), but the project will also include sheep and lambs, goats and broilers.

### Project Outcomes over 5 years include:

- Technical assistance on climate-smart practices to 20 livestock producers on 2,500 acres;
- Financial cost-share incentives for producers to implement climate-smart practices with priority and higher cost-shares available to historically underserved (HU) producers;
- Measurement, quantification, and verification of climate benefits using validated protocols for supply chain reporting of outcomes;
- Greenhouse gas quantification through use of an open-source soil GHG reader on 5 farms to expand innovative, low-cost, data collection to promote producer understanding of how to mitigate GHG emission through localized management decisions;
- Development of a Climate-Friendly Farm certification and consumer marketing campaign;
- Tracking of Climate-Friendly ag products through the supply chain to verify impact of certification;
- Training and individualized business and marketing assistance for project producers;

- Training and incentives to offer federal food benefit programs at on-farm stores and markets that sell Climate-Friendly Farm products;
- Project Team that focuses on furthering equitable and affordable food access of the resulting Climate-Friendly Certified local meat products.
- Producer and Consumer Field Days to expand knowledge, understanding and implementation and benefits of Climate-Friendly Farming.

There is a pressing need for technical assistance and expert knowledge to help producers implement climate-smart practices in a way that is proven efficient, economically sustainable, and reduces the economic risk of transition for producers. North Jersey RC&D (NJRCD) and partners have long standing relationships and a proven track record of working with producers, offering technical assistance and financial incentives. As more farmers in the region are expanding and diversifying their operations with livestock, they need experienced advisers who can provide individualized technical assistance and access to financial incentives to optimize implementation of climate-smart practices.

When farmers manage livestock with climate-smart practices, they maximize the carbon content of the soil, reduce production of GHGs, increase climate resilience, minimize runoff of soil and inputs into local streams and rivers, and increase biodiversity, among other benefits. GHG emissions from agricultural activities are further reduced through more efficient management of carbon and nitrogen flows within agricultural systems. Providing producers with efficient, effective, and equitable technical and financial assistance allows conservation practices to be thoughtfully implemented on the land in a way that is beneficial to both the farmer's specific management goals and their bottom line. Small and historically underserved producers are anticipated to make up at least 75% of the producers involved in this project. HU producers will receive participant prioritization and will receive a higher cost share of financial incentives.

Documented project impacts to soil carbon, net GHG production, water quality, and biodiversity will be accomplished through Monitoring, Measurement, Reporting and Verification (MMRV) processes completed by NJRCD and consultants. In addition, use of an open-source On-Farm GHG reader on a subset of farms to expand on-farm data collection will be completed by a postdoctoral fellow with Rutgers University-Newark, a minority serving institution. The use of this GHG reader, an innovative, low cost GHG data collection method, is expected to aid in understanding of GHG impact by producers. NJRCD will also utilize COMET-Planner.

As consumer education increases, demand is high for products produced locally and with a verifiable, environmentally-friendly impact. Labels are one way for consumers to identify those products within the market. Through this project, NJRCD and partners will develop a Climate Friendly Farm certification and trademarked label to identify farmers who manage livestock with climate-smart practices. This label will: 1) encourage greater climate-smart practice implementation by providing a market-based incentive and public recognition and (2) raise consumer awareness and empower educated consumer purchasing.

The Climate-Friendly Farm label will identify products raised using climate-smart practices. NJRCD, along with a project advisory team, will lead certification efforts to create and market the Climate-Friendly Farm label. The Climate-Friendly Farm label will be modeled and built similar to the NJRCD's current River Friendly Farm Certification, established in 2003 and currently enlisting over 30 farms. Certifiers will be professional agricultural service providers with substantial experience and accreditation in the agriculture industry. Once the label/logo/certification program is in use, the certification's effect on sales, commodity reach, consumer knowledge, and profits will be evaluated and tracked. In addition, NJRCD and partners will lead the development of a consumer awareness campaign based on the certification.

Covid highlighted the vulnerabilities of a highly centralized/concentrated food production, processing, and distribution system. More locally produced foods can provide protection from the vicissitudes of the global and national supply chains. More sustainably produced local foods will allow and empower consumers to support farms that utilize climate-smart practices. Recognizing that effectively building a climate-smart commodity requires farmer investment and assistance from business/marketing expertise, this project will provide producers access to vetted, effective, and targeted financial consulting on implementing climate-smart practices, as well as individualized business and marketing consulting services. These services will be readily available to all project producers.

High quality, locally produced, climate-friendly foods must be accessible to a variety of consumers, and not available only to those who can afford them. Equitable and affordable access to Climate-Friendly Certified local meat products is an important project outcome of this project. Toward this end individualized producer training will be provided to expand the use of federal food benefit programs at on-farm stores and markets that sell Climate-Friendly Farm products. In addition, equipment and service fee incentives will be offered at five locations.

A project advisory team focused on expanding equitable and affordable food access of Climate-Friendly Farm products, specifically local, nutritious, climate friendly beef, will be established to advise on methods and means to continue expansion of food access of Climate Friendly Farm products in the region. The advisory team will include area nonprofits and thought leaders with the purpose of creating actionable recommendations in developing additional distribution chain pathways for equitable and affordable food access of Climate-Friendly Certified proteins.

Over the 5-year project, practices will be monitored, data will be collected and verified, technical assistance provided, trainings held, and educational/marketing materials created. NJRCD will highlight the project and its outcomes in producer and consumer field days (in Years 3 and 5) to expand the knowledge and understanding of the importance of Climate-Friendly Farms. By building an educated consumer base, as well as recognition and quantification of a farmer's role in climate mitigation, economic viability and resilience will be built into the food system of Northern NJ.

# A. Contact Information

North Jersey RC&D Laura Tessieri, Executive Director 10 Maple Ave, P.O. Box 117 Asbury, NJ 08802 <a href="mailto:litessieri@northjerseyrcd.org">ltessieri@northjerseyrcd.org</a> (908) 574-5368

# B. List of Project Partners

North Jersey RC&D (NJRCD): Project Management; Producer Outreach and Selection; NRCS
Environmental Evaluation; Technical Assistance (Grazing Plans, Cover Crop/No-till, Manure
and Nutrient Management); Financial Assistance; Project Monitoring of Implementation;
COMET Planner, Entering/Assisting producers with Data Capture for Monitoring of Impacts,
Research Assistant for soil sampling and open source GHG reader; Climate-Friendly Farm
certification creation and marketing; Consumer Education Campaign; Farmer Trainings;
Farmer and Producer Field Days; Equitable Food Access Network; Financial and Project
reporting

The following partners have expressed interest in the project, but specific partners will only be selected after a procurement process:

- Foodshed Alliance, NOFA NJ or equivalent: Producer Outreach; Climate-Friendly Farm certification creation and marketing; Consumer Education Campaign
- NJ Audubon (NJA) or equivalent grassland habitat/birding professionals: Producer Outreach; Technical Assistance (Wildlife Habitat Management); Market Verification Assistance towards Biodiversity
- 4. CLA Consultants or equivalent grazing business professionals: Assist with Climate-Friendly Farm certification creation and marketing trainings;
- 5. Farm Credit East, CLA Consultants, or equivalent business and marketing professionals: Business and Marketing Plans
- Ecosystem Services Market Consortium (ESMC) or equivalent: Pilot Project Implementation; Training for Enrollment; Participation and Data Capture; Monitoring, Reporting, Verification and Tracking of Credits/Outcomes (C/GHG modeling, Water Quality and Quantity modeling, Biodiversity)

# C. List of underserved/minority-focused project partners

- 1. Rutgers University, minority-serving institution, Alon Rabinovich, PhD: Open source GHG reader; Measurement/Quantification; Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification
- 2. City Green or equivalent nonprofit: Trainings on EBT/SNAP; Equitable Food Access Advisory Network
- 3. Urban Agriculture Cooperative (UAC) or equivalent nonprofit Equitable Food Access Advisory Network

4. Newark Science and Sustainability, Inc. (NSAS) or equivalent nonprofit: Equitable Food Access Advisory Network

# D. Compelling need for the project

Traditional protein production in the United States is at a stalemate with increasing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions produced by livestock. Livestock contribute 14.5% of the global GHG emissions to date (Gerber et al. 2013). Increased consumption of beef and other meat proteins will continue to climb as global populations increase and developing countries' economies prosper. The US is among the three largest exporters of meat and supplies a significant percent of the global demand (OECD/FAO 2021). In 2020, the US produced 27.6 billion pounds of beef for the domestic market (ERS 2022). Opportunities to infuse regenerative livestock management methods will reduce GHG production and positively impact emission reductions and carbon sequestration.

Climate-smart farming practices related to livestock production and management will enable producers to reduce net GHG emissions on their land. Integrating livestock and soil health regeneration practices will achieve healthier soils, livestock and humans. The soil health foundation consists of five principles including soil armoring, minimizing soil disturbance, continual living plant/root, increasing plant diversity and livestock integration (Fuhrer n.d.). Animals, plants and soils have played a synergistic role over geological time. Over the past 30 years, livestock are playing a reduced role in soil health building due to shifting trends towards large scale concentrated livestock operations. Synergies between the landscape and ruminant grazing are a basis for achieving agroecology, a principle that applies ecological and social concepts to the management of sustainable agriculture and food systems. Agroecology seeks to optimize the interactions between plants, animals, humans and the environment, while also addressing the need for socially equitable food systems within which people can exercise choice over what they eat and how and where it is produced (FAO 2018). Coupling baseline agroecology principles with climate-smart farming practices will achieve a high level of food production and access that will have a long-lasting and beneficial effect on soil health.

Food access and inequality in metro areas is apparent and action is warranted to rectify current circumstances (Gordon et al. 2011). Individuals reporting food insecurity are at increased risk of mental and physical illness. This increased risk is further exacerbated in high stress and socially isolated environments (Pourmotabbed et al. 2020). Linking early childhood development and mental health stability to the availability of healthy acids, fats and proteins derived from foods has opened up a new approach to developing children's diets and deciphering the correlation of hyperactivity and impulsivity in children (Schwarzenberg et al. 2018). A recent study has shown that omega-3 fatty acid has anti-inflammatory properties, and effects on dopamine and serotonin transmission with Omega-3 also has a role in brain development and functioning, with deficiencies linked to mental health problems (Martin et al. 2016).

There are two to four times more Omega-3 fatty acids in grass-fed meat and dairy than meat from grain-fed animals. Meat from grass-fed animals contain three to five times more conjugated linoleic acid (a fatty acid found in meat and dairy that is believed to have various health benefits,

including reducing inflammation) than meat from conventional-fed animals. Meat from grass-fed animals has four times higher amounts of Vitamin E than meat from grain fed animals (Daley et al. 2010; Nogoy et al. 2022). Given the environmental constraints and increased social stressors associated with living in metro settings, food quality, security and access has never been more important. The Northern New Jersey focus area of this project is positioned well to develop a model for widespread access to healthy, locally raised proteins.

Northern New Jersey farmers face extremely high development pressures to sell their land to developers for residential, commercial and industrial warehouse use. Development takes valuable agricultural land out of production, losing the potential for reducing GHGs or sequestering carbon through climate-smart agriculture practices. The American Farmland Trust's report "Farms Under Threat: The State of the States" (Freedgood et al. 2020) illustrates the high quality farmland in our region and the looming threat of conversion of this farmland to suburban development. Supporting area farmers to be more profitable at their pursuits will help stem the tide of conversion of these lands. Northern New Jersey is fortunate to have a strong beginning, small, and historically underserved farming population, accounting for 40% of the population of active farmers in these five northern NJ counties. The abundance of young farmers in these counties accounts for 30% of all active farmers—3 times above the national average (9%) of young farmers (USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service 2017). Accelerating progressive food marketing tools to young, beginning, small and HU producers while simultaneously focusing on food access priorities will produce a sound end result in achieving a sustainable, high quality protein product that is available to a wider population.

Producers in North Jersey operate diverse farming businesses consisting of revenue streams from multiple commodities. The accretion of farm to consumer products has resulted in an increase in livestock numbers. This presents challenges and opportunities. The uptick in livestock numbers gives stakeholders an opportunity to shape a climate friendly business model that will be scalable regionally and nationally. New Jersey has a livestock market value of \$160 million dollars and a locally raised meat and poultry consumer market value of \$32.1 million dollars. Regionally (NJ, NY, PA, CT, DE, RI) the market demand for locally raised meat and poultry exceeds \$190 million (USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service 2017; Kitchen Table Consultants 2021). Project proximity to the country's most heavily populated area brings unique value and unprecedented opportunity to equalize the availability of healthy, climate-friendly proteins to diverse consumer populations.

## E. Approach to minimize transaction costs associated with project activities

Producers will work with consultants on business and marketing planning. The plans will be specific to the individual farming operation. Annual business, marketing consulting and development fees will be eligible for reimbursement by NJRCD. NJRCD will reimburse annual buy-in for the term of the grant with expectations for producer buy-in to be greater as the years progress.

**F.** Approach to reduce producer barriers to implementing CSAF practices for the purpose of marketing climate-smart commodities

NJRCD and consultants will work with 20 livestock producers reducing barriers to implementing CSAF practices for the purpose of marketing climate-smart commodities. In addition to technical assistance and financial incentives for CSAF and NRCS practice implementation, NJRCD will offer forage analysis (both spring and fall) and manure analysis to aid in sound implementation of CSAF practices.

NJRCD will offer trainings with a financial consultant on the financial outlays associated with implementing climate-smart practices. Case studies will be developed that show economic benefits to producers both in lowered cost and potential premium markets for implementing climate smart practices. Efforts to increase access to healthy, direct-from-farm, climate-smart ag products to underprivileged communities will also be discussed.

Business and marketing planning for those producers looking to establish their own brand and sell directly to consumers. Individualized business and marketing consulting will be provided to producers committed to gaining Climate-Friendly Farm certification.

## G. Geographic Focus

The Northern New Jersey focus area consists of 7 counties in New Jersey: Sussex, Warren, Hunterdon, Morris, Somerset, Union and Mercer. Total farmland acres in these counties totals 285,381 acres. Of this, 14% or 39,950 acres of the total farmland are pastureland. Livestock populations are as follows: 14,193 cattle/calves, 14,133 small ruminants and 9,330 broilers and turkeys. As of September 2019 this region is planted in 43,625 acres of annual crops: 17,531 acres of soybeans, 23,181 acres of grain corn, 1,192 silage corn, and 1,721 acres of annual vegetables, fruits, and herbs (USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service 2022).

**H. Project management capacity of partners**, including a description of existing relationship with and/or prior experience working with producers or land owners, promoting climate-smart activities and marketing climate-smart commodities

NJRCD is a non-profit dedicated to agricultural conservation and soil health. NJRCD has gained the support and trust of the agricultural community to address the varied management needs of producers in northwestern NJ.

NJRCD staff includes a skilled farmer, a NRCS certified planner, a soil scientist, a grazing specialist and a professional engineer. NJRCD employs NRCS partner employees who can provide technical assistance to producers and ensure Environmental Compliance. All agricultural specialists have multiple-year experience assisting producers in transitioning to CSAF practices and implementing them on private and public lands. Additionally, NJRCD owns and loans out a No-Till drill, Interseeder, and sizable library of temporary fencing supplies to assist farmers in implementing a wide range of soil health practices.

NJRCD's project management and technical assistance accomplishments include: (1) planning and managing multiple large outreach events including the New Jersey No-till and Cover Crop Conference and Field Days (March 2022 Nutrient Management Field Day was attended by over 60 farmers), (2) organizing a NRCS-NJRCD Aerial Cover Crop Seeding Initiative responsible for seeding 2,000-3,000 acres in multispecies cover crop annually since 2014, (3) managing several NRCS Conservation and Innovation (CIG) grants including an On Farm Trial: Soil Health Demonstration that involves 25 farmers conducting on-farm research of innovative spring management of cover crop (planting green, grazing and roller crimping), and (4) managing multiple past NJDEP 319(h) watershed initiatives that have assisted in implementation of both large and small on-farm conservation practices to improve water quality. NJRCD has successfully managed multiple large (\$1M+), multi-year grants.

# ii. A plan to pilot climate-smart agriculture and/or forestry practices on a large scale, A. A description of CSAF practices to be deployed,

Several innovative CSAF practices, as well as carefully chosen NRCS standard conservation practices, will be available to producers participating in the program. Agricultural ecosystems hold substantial carbon reserves. The following farm practices promote carbon sequestration by either increasing storage of carbon, reducing the loss of stored carbon or reducing production of other GHGs. Livestock and manure management are significant contributors to agricultural GHG emissions and the following practices can also sequester carbon and /or mitigate GHG emissions from livestock and manure.

# The following practices will follow NRCS standards and currently have active standards in the eFOTG database:

- 1) 329- Residue and Tillage Management
- 2) 336- Soil Carbon Amendment
- 3) 340- Cover Crop
- 4) 381- Silvopasture
- 5) 382- Fence
- 6) 390- Riparian Herbaceous Cover
- 7) 391- Riparian Forest Buffer
- 8) 512- Pasture and Hay Planting
- 9) 516- Livestock Pipeline
- 10) 528- Prescribed Grazing
- 11) 561- Heavy Use Area Protection (as relates to watering facilities)
- 12) 575- Trails and Walkways
- 13) 590- Nutrient Management
- 14) 592- Feed Management
- 15) 614- Watering Facility
- 16) 805- Amending Soil Properties with Lime
- 17) 810- Annual Forages for grazing systems
- 18) E512A- Cropland conversion to grass-based agriculture to reduce soil erosion

- 19) E512C-Cropland conversion to grass for soil organic matter improvement
- 20) E512L- Diversifying forage base with interseeding forbs and legumes to increase pasture quality
- 21) E512M- Forage plantings that improve wildlife habitat cover and shelter or structure and composition
- 22) E528A- Maintaining quantity and quality of forage for animal health and productivity
- 23) E528D- Grazing management for improving quantity and quality of food or cover and shelter for wildlife
- 24) E328E- Improved grazing management for enhanced plant structure and composition for wildlife
- 25) E528F Stockpiling cool season forage to improve structure and composition or plant productivity and health
- 26) E528O- Clipping mature forages to set back vegetative growth for improved forage quality
- 27) E528P- Implementing Bale or Swath Grazing to increase organic matter and reduce nutrients in surface water

Conservation Practice Code 528, Prescribed Grazing, will be utilized to incorporate the following scenarios:

- Diversify Livestock Interspecies grazing: Grazing two or more animal species in a pasture-based system to increase forage utilization and efficiency. This method can also be used to renovate pastures by controlling certain forages, weeds, and brush that one livestock species may not graze. Each species of livestock are unique in the manner in which they graze and in what they prefer to graze. When deciding which species to add to a grazing system, it is best to evaluate current plant species on the farm and determine which are not being grazed. Knowing how different species graze, what they prefer, and possible obstacles is essential before deciding what will be effective on a particular farm.
- Mob grazing: Short duration, high livestock density grazing with a longer than usual grass recovery period. Practice creates opportunities for high organic matter growth due to nutrient and organic matter loads from cattle in a small area for a short time.

NRCS pasture condition scoring and forage budget analysis tools will be used to assist with both Interspecies grazing and Mob grazing scenarios.

This project will be working with existing agricultural producers; it will not implement any practices on land that is not currently used for agricultural or forestry production.

This project will involve practices, such as fencing and livestock pipeline, that will involve ground disturbance below the plow zone.

This project will not be working with any documented concentrated animal feeding operations (CAFO's) or operations that meet CAFO definitions.

**B. Plan to recruit producers and landowners**, including estimated scale of the project (e.g., number of landowners, acres targeted, head of livestock, etc.)

This project will assist 20 livestock producers and 2,500 acres over 7 New Jersey counties with increased CSAF practice adoption; including CSAF management of 2,120 head of cattle (cow/calf and finishing combined), 520 sheep and lambs, 320 goats and 4,000 broilers.

Producers will be recruited via email, postcards, partner outreach, webpage development, and a social media campaign. Several area producers have already expressed interest in advancing their farms to include CSAF livestock management and marketing plans. Some producers are early adopters looking for additional value and progression of CSAF management of their livestock operations; others own livestock but lack resources to implement climate-smart conservation and business planning.

C. Plan to provide technical assistance, outreach, and training, including who will be conducting these activities, qualifications and projected timeline,

### Outreach:

**Year 1:** Following an outreach campaign, an official sign up period will open for producers wishing to participate in the project. NJRCD will give producer selection preference to 1) HU producers, 2) small producers and 3) projects that maximize CSAF impact.

**Year 2-3:** NJRCD, with assistance from partners, will create a Climate Friendly Farm certification and marketing campaign that includes a consumer awareness campaign.

Years 3 and 5: NJRCD will host producer and consumer field days.

**Technical Assistance:** North Jersey RC&D staff will lead conservation technical assistance and plan and implement pertinent practices on the land.

- a) Senior Agricultural Specialist with 17 years of conservation planning experience and certified conservation planner with NRCS. Coordinate with partners to achieve GHG metrics. Work directly with farmers and staff to implement conservation practices vital to project success. Complete site-specific environmental reviews, CPA-52.
- b) (1) Agricultural Specialist with experience developing conservation plans and technical assistance at the field level. Assist producers to achieve practice adoption on their lands. Assist with monitoring, data collection and tracking GHG and carbon data with partners. Complete site-specific environmental reviews, CPA-52.
- c) (1) Program Coordinator who will assist the agricultural specialists with program management and contract assistance between producer and NJ RC&D
- d) (1) Sustainable ag field coordinator will assist with some data collection and coordinate with ag specialists and partners

**Year 1-2:** NJRCD agricultural specialists will provide farmers with technical assistance, advising producers on what management is needed to ensure a successful transition. Environmental Review, CPA-52s will be completed. Practices will be installed. Partners will provide technical

assistance to landowners who are adopting interspecies grazing, pasture resting techniques for grassland bird management and livestock stocking densities that support grassland bird habitat.

Years 3-5: Continued technical assistance from partners

**Training:** Individualized and group training on marketing and business planning around CSAF practices will occur. Training on climate-smart overview, labeling and certification standards will be delivered.

Year 1: General program overviews and CSAF practice training sessions

**Years 1-5:** Individualized training pertaining to climate-smart business and marketing planning will occur in years 1-5 of the grant and will be on a case by case basis.

# D. Plan to provide financial assistance to producers to implement CSAF practices,

NJRCD will provide financial assistance to 20 producers who will participate in the Climate-Friendly Livestock Project, using a cost-share program structure that has been utilized previously by NJRCD. The cost-share structure proposed was developed to efficiently, equitably, and effectively deliver financial assistance (FA) to farmers implementing best management practices and provides farmers a partial reimbursement on climate-smart practice implementation costs. It specifically funds practices with a high benefit-to-cost ratio and by utilizing a partial reimbursement funding approach it supports long-term sustained practice adoption. A 75% cost share will be available towards CSAF implementation with an increased cost share of 90% provided to Small and Historically Underserved (HU) producers. Each producer is eligible for up to \$60,000 to install CSAF practices on their farm.

In evaluating planned practice implementation, NJRCD staff will visit each farm, evaluate need, and discuss maintenance. Once practices are selected, NJRCD staff will develop a detailed landowner agreement including information about approved cost-share funding, farmer responsibilities, conservation commitments, and anticipated implementation timeline. NJRCD will use a combination of data from individual producer marketing and business plans, the NRCS 9 steps of conservation planning, as well as prior land history, to determine any resource concerns and CSAF practice eligibility. NJRCD staff will provide technical assistance to ensure successful transition to conservation practices. NJRCD will collect receipts as well as complete a site visit to verify project costs and farmer contributions prior to any reimbursement. Producers and landowners will not be involved in multiple USDA programs that fund the same practice on the same land. Federal funds under this funding opportunity may not be used to pay for implementation of the same practice on the same land, but funding may be used to enhance a practice or to further incentivize the climate-smart commodity, especially with respect to early adopters.

### E. Plan to enroll underserved and small producers

NJRCD currently has experience working with approximately 50 small and HU livestock producers in Northern NJ. Out of the 20 total producers enrolled in this Climate-Friendly Livestock Project, NJRCD will look to enroll 10 small and HU livestock producers (50%) and 5 additional small livestock producers (25%).

### iii. Measurement/Quantification, Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification Plan

# A. Approach to greenhouse gas benefit quantification.

This project involves three distinct methods of GHG quantification: 1) NJRCD will work with Alon Rabinovich, Ph.D., of Rutgers Newark to expand use of an open-source, low-cost soil GHG reader 2) NJRCD will work with a consultant utilizing monitoring, reporting, and verification (MRV) protocols for environmental outcomes, and 3) NJRCD will utilize NRCS COMET-Planner.

1) Precise and localized input on the state of GHG production is a pivotal component to mitigate climate change. Comparing GHG emission from soil under a wide range of cultivation practices will educate producers on the effects of localized management practices. The cost of currently available GHG monitors significantly limits GHG research scope and the adoption of precision farming management in agricultural practices.

Recently, though, non dispersive infra-red (NDIR) gas sensors, that are cost-effective but meet the needs of GHG measurements, are widely available and measure CO2 and CH4 production. Using open-source automation, these can offer an inexpensive alternative (\$1000, with ~5-10 year life expectancy) as compared to \$7,000-\$50,000 for standard research instruments. Alon Rabinovich, Ph.D is currently utilizing NIFA funding to evaluate these sensors. This research will expand the project with on-farm GHG monitoring via the sensor as compared to GHG-GC (greenhouse gas-gas chromatography) analyses for five participating farms in the GHG sensor trial. The greenhouse gas-gas chromatography analyses, used as a means to verify the field sensor readings, will be performed at Meadowlands Environmental Research Institute (MERI). NJRCD will additionally collect necessary composite soil samples for analysis 10 times/year on the 5 participating farms. The deployment of innovative, cost-effective, rapid methods for the quantification of greenhouse gas is expected to bridge the knowledge gap as to the comparable effect of soil management strategies: tillage, nutrition management and soil inoculation. Serving in an advisory role: Dr. Mary Whelan and Dr. Joseph Heckman, both of Rutgers University.

CO2 and CH4: Production measurements will be measured using an open-source, low-cost soil GHG reader. Tasks are as follows:

MMRV tasks 1-3: experimental data from field trials; STM analysis of nutrients; soil-GHG reader.

Outreach tasks: Farmer training materials, user survey data, farmer community survey data.

These databases will include quantitative chemical data of soil greenhouse gas (GHG) flux measurements, thermal stability data from soil simulated thermal model (STM) analyses, and

development tests result from the soil-GHG reader. For outreach and educational activities, the number of participants, affiliation (farmers, academics, local agencies), attitudes towards the presented material/technology, and results of any surveys or Q&A discussions will be recorded.

### **Data Formats**

Experimental data will be retained in a double filing tier where experiment input is kept both as a hard copy in laboratory notebooks and continuous digital input format in experiment microcontrollers (Lab microcontroller, Field microcontroller). Digital data is divided into two tiers: Tier 1 is text notes assigned to research; Tier 2 is raw output formats specific to programs or software used. Other data will be retained in their standard output formats. All data will also be converted to universal distribution and dissemination formats, including visual representation as images, tables, and graphs, and written formats such as scientific journal articles, and publications, and technical documents for stakeholders.

### Data Storage and Preservation

- a. Short-term storage and preservation from experimental work (Tasks 1-3). All generated data is protected from malware using Rutgers University institutional firewall protocol, Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS), and Virtual Private Network (VPN) encryption over real-VNC software. Generated data is physically preserved from harm, such as extreme weather events, by real-time cloud storage.
- b. Long-term storage and preservation. A digital catalog of all data will be compiled. All presentations (posters, presentations slides) and publications of the data will be converted to .pdf format. All files and datasets will be transferred to the Rutgers University Research Data Repository for archival. The Repository allows direct upload of files, descriptive information of stored files, and creation of permanent URLs for inclusion of data in publications for distribution. The Repository is maintained and backed up by the University. All analytical details, including qualitative observations, will be recorded in laboratory notebooks and stored on the instrument or laboratory computer. Annually, laboratory notebooks will be scanned and stored electronically in .pdf format. All data stored on laboratory and office computers and will be backed up.
- 2) Through a monitoring, reporting, and verification (MRV) platform and programming infrastructure, NJRCD will aid in the necessary collection of agronomic and economic data to quantify environmental outcomes, increases in soil carbon, reductions in GHG, and improvements to water quality associated with newly adopted climate-smart practices.

Market program outcomes will be generated for participating farmers following protocols and eligibility requirements and using MRV infrastructure, which digitizes data collection, third party verification, and scope 3 supply chain emissions factor (EF) and impact unit (IU) generation, tracking and sale across the supply chain. To estimate changes in soil carbon stocks, a combination of soil sampling and modeling will be utilized.

Soil tests will be carried out on participating acreage at the inception of piloting (Year 1) and at the project's end (Year 5) for all acreage that participates in the five-year project period. GHG reductions and avoided GHG emissions and soil carbon stock changes will be modeled. A remote sensing tool will systematically provide information about the spatial and temporal dynamics of tillage practices, cover cropping and crop rotations, integrating data from multiple satellites, SSURGO, NASS crop data layers, and weather tools, as well as ground measurement validations[2]... Water-quality credit protocols will also be applied to enable farmers to gain additional value from ecosystem services produced by their diversified rotations and other management practices.

NJRCD will be trained by the MMRV consultant on technical enrollment and data collection requirements. NJRCD will provide technical and data entry assistance to producers to enter data into the MMRV platform.

3) NJRCD will separately enter producer data into COMET-Planner to meet USDA reporting requirements.

**B.** Approach to monitoring of practice implementation, including the anticipated number of farms and acres reached through project activities

Primary monitoring of practice implementation will be provided by NJRCD agricultural specialists who will verify CSAF practices and acreage on each participating farm (20 livestock producers on 2500 acres). Each producer is responsible for recording project data. All farm operations and acres that are participating in the project will utilize established protocols and processes.

# C. Approach to reporting and tracking of greenhouse gas benefits.

The overarching project goals for GHG reduction is to produce meat proteins more efficiently with lower inputs per acre than competing commodities eligible for production, and with historical management on the same land. Achieving verifiable reductions will come via measurements of nitrous oxide, carbon dioxide and methane. The project seeks to reduce 60% of a single gas or a combination of these gases per farm. It should be understood that nitrous oxide and carbon dioxide reductions will be most prevalent in cropland to forage/perennial grass conversion scenarios, further solidifying the project's land conversion priority. Methane reduction will be producer specific and dependent on current feed management practices. NJRCD expects three producers who finish beef cattle on feed rations to participate. A reduction in methane on beef finishing farms is possible by adopting CSAF practices pertaining to feed management with a focus on reducing enteric emissions. Project partners who will be focusing on monitoring GHG outputs (MMRV consultant and Rutgers) will develop detailed data management plans for capturing data.

Any assets generated by participating farmers will be made available for purchase by food and beverage sector corporations to achieve net-zero goals, including to meet supply chain carbon

removal and carbon reduction reporting requirements. Specifically, any ecosystem services market programming will generate high-quality quantified and verified impact units (IU) and emission factors (EF) for food and beverage sector scope 3 supply chain reporting requirements. Assets may also be shared by agricultural supply chain partners to allow co-investments and tracking of intervention-based emissions factors and impact units as appropriate.

Project partners will jointly develop reports of outcomes that show outcomes (reported in aggregate, at the project level, for each year of reporting, per unit of commodity) alongside COMET-Planner estimates.

# D. Approach to verification of greenhouse gas benefits

All outcomes will be verified according to market and industry standards. All data collected during MMRV will be exposed to quality assurance and quality control procedures at each step (collection, quantification and verification).

# E. Agreement to participate in the Partnerships Network

NJRCD agrees to participate in the "Partnership for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network". NJRCD accepts and looks forward to the responsibility to represent in two virtual and two in-person meetings per year for the grant duration.

# iv. A plan to develop and expand markets for climate-smart commodities generated as a result of project activities,

The plan for developing and expanding markets for climate-smart commodities through this project involves the following: 1) Development of a Climate Friendly Farm Certification, 2) Consumer marketing campaign, 3) Expansion of Equitable Food Access.

The following plan will be followed:

- Protocols and standards for the Climate Friendly Farm Certification will be developed by project partners for livestock producers;
- Marketing campaign for consumer awareness of North Jersey climate friendly beef will be developed;
- Plans to separate and track climate smart ag products through the supply and distribution chain, ensuring consumers recognize the value, and producers can obtain a premium (including annual reporting on cumulative premiums earned)
- Assist with efforts to increase access to healthy, direct from farm climate smart ag products to disadvantaged communities in New Jersey, New York, and eastern Pennsylvania

In order to encourage participating producers to adopt climate smart practices, the project will:

- Develop case studies that show economic benefits to producers both in lowered cost and potential premium markets;
- Develop business plan and marketing plan templates for producers raising climate friendly ag products;
- Develop training materials and presentation showing the economic potential from successful marketing of climate friendly agriculture products;
- More specific and personalized business and marketing plans will be developed per producer on an individualized basis. These plans will be tracked yearly and incentives will be given on an annual basis for these plans. These plans will be developed in order to fine tune each marketing plan based on the type of operation and goals for end products.

### A. Any partnerships designed to market resulting climate-smart commodities

NJRCD will work together with partners to develop protocols and standards for the Climate Friendly Farm Certification, including marketing, website, and label program development services. A consumer marketing campaign will additionally be created.

Urban and food access marketing will be done through partnerships with nonprofits and local thought leaders that could include such nonprofits as the Urban Agricultural Cooperative, Newark Science and Sustainability Inc (Newark SAS), City Green and the Foodshed Alliance. Partners will work with NJRCD to explore and advise on development of markets for affordably priced, local, sustainably raised meat products.

NJRCD's Food Access program will provide Climate Friendly Certified Farms with increased assistance to offer nutrition assistance programs at their farm stand or farmer's market. NJRCD, working with a partner, will provide webinars, individualized technical assistance, and financial incentives of \$1,000/year to offset the cost of EBT machines and transaction costs to 5 farmers or farmers markets wishing to acquire EBT technology to accept SNAP dollars. This effort will support making healthy proteins and other locally produced foods more accessible to NJ residents of all income levels, while also increasing economic opportunities for Northern NJ farmers.

### B. A plan to track climate-smart commodities through the supply chain.

Plans will be developed to separate and track Climate Friendly Farm agricultural products through the supply and distribution chain, monitoring consumer value, logo impact, and producer pricing.

Climate smart commodities pertinent to this project and consisting of beef and other protein end products will be tracked through producer sales data. Many of the producers participating in this project will have established retail avenues that align with the scope of the project, assuring that a market share of the products serves underserved communities. Product sales data will be collected at the end of year 2 and forward for each producer who is participating and who utilized climate

smart label marketing tools. The data will be used to track the effectiveness and overall reach of the products as it pertains to the end user goals of the project which is to:

- Create a broader consumer market and provide socioeconomic equality and availability of high quality proteins.
- Expand equitable food access by offering incentives to offset EBT machine and transaction costs so producers can expand market reach via payment options.

# C. Estimated economic benefits for participating producers including market returns,

Economic returns will vary from producer to producer. For the purpose of this project, NJRCD averaged the number of acres and livestock a participant manages. NJRCD used an average of 200 managed acres and 100 head of beef cattle per producer. Comparisons of grass finished vs. conventionally managed (feedlot grain fed) cattle will not be part of the economic studies of this project. The project will instead study the economics of climate-smart managed large and small ruminants. "Value of goods sold vs costs of goods produced while taking into account production costs" will be the baseline study of economics. Unique to this project is the opportunity to use GHG data to pinpoint the value of GHG reduction and arrive at a GHG value per acre. The value per acre of GHG savings will be incorporated into income and expense per producer therefore justifying the initial investment from project stakeholders and producers.

Previous economic data on sustainably raised meats and local marketing in metro and urban scenarios concludes a 25% greater economic return for one head of cattle versus "commodity" ROI. As such, it is estimated that this project will achieve 25% or greater economic return per head. Inadvertent economic benefits to this project include:

- Income building for young farmers and food entrepreneurs through increased business opportunity
- Opportunities for HU and small farmers to be competitive in purchasing land in a land market dominated by corporate sprawl and development pressure
- Create a broader consumer market and provide socioeconomic equality and availability of high quality proteins. This ultimately means increased marketability of all parts of the animal.
- The success and profitability of farmers in rural and suburban settings such as Northern NJ brings opportunity for agri-economic growth pertaining to seed, feed, supply and equipment industries.

### D. Post-project potential, including anticipated ability to scale project activities.

The project was developed with consideration of potential marketing opportunities for producers and affordable high quality options for diverse consumers. Given the large consumer population with proximity to fertile agricultural lands, scalability and additional opportunities for adjunct projects are easily attainable. The Climate Friendly Farm certification will enable producers to continue to be recognized for implementation and management of climate-smart practices beyond the 5 years. The project's extensive number of objectives pertaining to climate friendly

commodity production and food access, brings validity to the repetitious environmental, social and economic issues facing agriculture production and modern day food security threats.

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		Oct-Dec	Jan-March	April-June	July-Sept	Oct-Dec	Jan-March	April-June	July-Sept	Oct-Dec	Jan-March	April-June	July-Sept	Oct-Dec	Jan-March	April-June	July-Sept	Oct-Dec	Jan-March	April-June	July-Sept
Benchmark/Milestone	Associated Activity (if applicable)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20
Required Quantitative Targets by Quarter:	1907C) 016 14																				
Number of producers invoved	Producers involved at any stage of the project	N/A	N/A	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Number of underserved producers involved	Underserved Producers involved at any stage of the project	N/A	N/A	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of acres involved	Tracking number of acres involved	N/A	N/A	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500
Number of head involved (if applicable)	Tracking number of head involved (if applicable)	N/A	N/A	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
Dollars provided to producers via technical support and practice implementation	Dollars to producers for technical assistanct and practice implementation	\$0	\$0	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$150,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Dollars provided to producers for marketing assistance	Dollars provided to producers for marketing assistance	\$0	\$0	\$5,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0
GHG Benefits (Metric Tons of CO2e Reduced or Sequestered)	GHG Benefits (Metric Tons of CO2e Reduced or Sequestered)	N/A	N/A	6,000	10,000	16,500	25,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
Number of new marketing channels* established	Marketing technical support	0	0	0	5	10	10	20	20	20	20	35	35	35	35	35	35	50	50	50	50
Number of marketing channels* expanded	Marketing technical support	0	0	0	10	15	15	35	35	35	35	50	50	50	50	50	50	60	60	60	60
Number of measurement tools utilized	Satellite Imagery, producer records, plot-based sampling, sensors, modeling, site or field visit, photos	0	0	0	6	6	6	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
*Note: Marketing channels can include a wide range of activ	vities e.g. selling to food processors, distributors, direct to consume	r.	1																		
Other Required Benchmarks that may be Quantitative or C	Qualitative		,							81 81		1									- 21 21
Outreach, training and other technical assistance	Outreach - number of individuals reached (farmers and consumers)	200	300	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500
Outreach, training and other technical assistance	Training - number of producers receive technical assistance	N/A	N/A	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
Outreach, training and other technical assistance	Other TA will be captured in qualitative narrative																				
Other MMRV and supply chain traceability attributes	Tracking MMRV and supply chain traceability attributes will be captured in qualitative narrative																				
Other measurements of work related to	Other measurements of work related to marketing																				
marketing of commodities	will be captured in qualitative narrative																				
Demonstrated engagement of major partners	Engagement with major partners will be captured in qualitative narrative																				
Climate smart technologies employed	Climate smart technologies/practices employed will be captured in qualitative narrative																				
Projected Expenses										70											
Total Direct Costs		The second secon							\$379,000.00											\$106,600.00	
Indirect				\$5,630.00					\$5,630.00												
Total Budget (Cumulative)		\$85,230.00	\$193,360.00	\$357,300.00	\$591,930.00	\$953,680.00	\$1,306,810.00	\$1,719,040.00	\$2,103,670.00	\$2,402,420.00	\$2,555,550.00	\$2,672,830.00	\$2,755,860.00	\$2,874,615.00	\$2,987,745.00	\$3,099,975.00	\$3,181,605.00	\$3,280,367.47	\$3,373,497.47	\$3,485,727.47	\$3,574,207.

# Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions February 2023

### I. Overarching Statement

The following award terms and conditions are applicable to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities agreements and are in addition to the USDA FPAC General Terms and Conditions. The award recipient must abide by all terms of this grant including, but not limited to, the General Terms and Conditions, the terms in the Funding Opportunity and associated Frequently Asked Questions, and this addendum. The recipient must also deliver on the planned objectives in the project narrative and budget narrative associated with this grant.

### II. Eligibility and Highly Erodible Lands and Wetlands Compliance

In order to be eligible for an incentive payment as a part of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities, a producer must:

- Establish Farm Records with the Farm Service Agency (FSA) (have farm, tract, and field numbers in place);
- Complete an AD-2047 (Customer Data Worksheet to facilitate the collection of customer data for Business Partner Record);
- Certify highly erodible land conservation (HEL) and wetland conservation (WC) compliance via Form AD-1026, Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification; and
- · Certify that they are not a foreign person or entity.

Farm, tract, and field numbers are required for the producer, and ultimately the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipient, to report climate-smart practice implementation to USDA, as well as to certify and maintain HELC/WC compliance. This will require that some producers who do not already have these numbers, like perennial crop growers or feedlots, establish these records with USDA's FSA. Farm, tract, field numbers, producer name, and Core Customer I.D. (CCID) will be provided by the recipient to the National Program Officer as a part of routine grant reporting. Recipients must ensure that producers receiving financial assistance or incentives through this project use the same name as is included in the relevant FSA Business File for that Farm ID in any contracts or similar documentation kept by the recipient.

Producers are not bound by the payment limitations and the adjusted gross income (AGI) limitations that are in place for other USDA programs.

In order to demonstrate HELC/WC compliance for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities incentive payments, producers will need to request a copy of their subsidiary print from their

USDA FSA field office. The Subsidiary Print includes print year specific eligibility related information about a selected producer. The producer will then provide this documentation to the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipients as proof of compliance. A current year subsidiary print will be required for each crop year that the producer receives a payment, and HELC/WC eligibility information is provided under the AD-1026 and Conservation Compliance sections of subsidiary (determined by year, which can change at any time during the year or in a subsequent year). As is the case already, field offices will not be expected to provide documentation to anyone besides the producer themselves (and must always comply with Section 1619 limitations if they ever do provide documentation to third parties). Producers must have control of the land for the term of their beneficiary contract.

Recipients are responsible for determining producer eligibility within the funding opportunity requirements. Recipients must inform producers of eligibility requirements and direct them to local USDA offices for requested information as necessary, including but not limited to, farm and tract establishment and Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Compliance determinations. Privacy of producers is a priority throughout this process, and recipients are responsible for maintaining producer privacy in the process.

At minimum, the recipient will collect and review subsidiary reports from participating producers. They will ensure that the producer is listed as "compliant" in all sections of the conservation compliance portion of subsidiary and "certified" for AD-1026 before an incentive payment is made. If payments to a producer span more than one Federal fiscal year, the recipient will review an updated subsidiary print each fiscal year to ensure that the status is still compliant.

### III. Other Environmental and Cultural Resources Reviews

A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was signed by USDA NRCS on August 26, 2022. A copy of the Programmatic Environmental Assessment for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities is available at <a href="https://www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities">www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</a>. USDA may determine that additional environmental and cultural resources review is needed for any particular action under Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities. The recipient must not execute any beneficiary contracts under this grant agreement prior to receipt of a letter from USDA that specifically details:

- further procedures deemed appropriate by the Agency to ensure a completed National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review and all appropriate consultation requirements are met, and
- 2) additional instructions for any unanticipated discoveries or conditions.

A resolution of support is required for projects on Tribal lands from the governing body of the Tribe with jurisdiction over that land, if the applicant is not the Tribe nor an entity owned or

operated by that Tribe. USDA may approve alternative documentation for resolutions when USDA deems necessary and legally sufficient.

#### IV. Producer Benefits

USDA encourages the recipient to disclose to participating producers the manner and amount for which any market premiums derived from the development of the relevant climate-smart commodity will be shared between participating parties, including producers. USDA will be monitoring producer benefits, in particular those to small and underserved producers, throughout the grant period. Recipients agree that their project(s) will implement a plan for engaging small and underserved producers as laid out in this agreement.

#### V. Producer Data Protection and Disclosure

Recipients must ensure each producer has convenient access to any data collected from that producer or the producer's land and any associated modeling as part of the project. The recipient must provide each producer applying for benefits under this grant a description in writing of how their information, including but not limited to data about their farm and commodities, will be utilized, protected and shared as applicable.

# VI. Other Data and Reporting Requirements

In addition to the reporting information provided in the statement of work and General Terms and Conditions, USDA will provide a template for the Detailed Progress Report, also known as the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities (PSCS) Project Reporting Workbook. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, a copy of this workbook will be posted at <a href="https://www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities">www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</a> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer. USDA may provide updates to the PCSC Project Reporting Workbook or submission methods to streamline the data collection process and/or reduce the burden on the recipient throughout the grant period. Generally, these updates will be provided at least 3 months in advance of any required changes. The recipient must not transfer any data to foreign governments or foreign entities without prior approval from USDA.

USDA will provide a Technical Contact for this grant. The Technical Contact will have the responsibility of technical oversight for USDA for the project. The recipient is responsible for providing the technical assistance required to successfully implement and complete the project. The recipient must comply with any requests for information from the Technical Contact. The Technical Contact for this award is the National Program Officer assigned to this grant.

Prior to execution of this grant, the recipient must provide a shapefile depicting the project boundary for enrollment under this grant. Producer enrollment may not occur outside this boundary without modification of this grant.

Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, the recipient must provide to the National Program Officer a website address where enrollment information will be posted for producers for the project associated with this grant. Recipients will be responsible for the following reports:

- Submit quarterly performance reports that include a written progress report, as well as
  additional reporting on specific data elements contained in the most up-to-date version
  of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Project Reporting Workbook.
   Additional information about each reported element is described in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit supplemental reports required to validate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefit data, including: (1) an initial project MMRV plan, (2) field-modeled GHG benefit reports, and (3) field-direct GHG measurement results, as applicable. Additional information about these reports is in included in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit copies of project outputs and deliverables (e.g., fact sheets, reports) as attachments in ezFedGrants along with quarterly performance reports.
- Report the version of COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits of the project within each quarterly performance report. As COMET-Planner is updated, recipients must adopt the latest version of the tool as directed by USDA for use in performance reports.

Recipients must designate an individual as a member of the USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network (Partnerships Network); this representative should be identified in the Project Narrative for this grant. Each project includes a plan for up to two Partnerships Network virtual meetings and two in-person meetings a year during the project duration. Dates and other details on events will be posted at <a href="www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities">www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</a> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer.

The Partnerships Network will be co-chaired by representative from the USDA Office of the Chief Economist and the Farm Production and Conservation Mission Area. The Partnerships Network will inform synthesis reports to be assembled by USDA on a range of topics related to the implementation of Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities projects, including:

- Lessons-learned as projects are implemented;
- Options for providing technical assistance;
- Procedures for measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verifying GHG benefits;
- Options for tracing climate-smart commodities through the supply chain;
- Mechanisms for reducing costs of implementation;
- A forum for discussion and learning regarding approaches to climate-smart agriculture and forestry implementation (including but not limited to deployment and

measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, tracking, and verification of associated greenhouse gas benefits and marketing of climate-smart commodities).

- Synthesis of outcomes; and
- Opportunities for USDA and others to inform future approaches to generating new and expanded markets for climate-smart commodities.

The Partnerships Network topics to be discussed will cover at minimum the areas described in previous FAQs and will evolve with USDA's ongoing project data analysis efforts and with input from the project recipients on the kinds of sessions that will be most helpful to them in building the diverse climate-smart markets associated with their projects. Participation may include at least one interview a year and include questions related to the following areas:

- Technical assistance approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Producer outreach approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Monitoring, measurement, reporting, and verification (MMRV) approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Marketing approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Partnership approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Data collection and storage approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Supply chain approaches, methods and successes and/or challenges, including approaches to traceability
- Supply chain benefits and demand for climate-smart commodities
- Perspectives on program design, climate-smart commodity definitions, and future approaches or opportunities
- Project successes and stories

USDA may also request producer exit reports at a later date. Additional marketing and branding-related requirements may be provided by USDA, including signage related to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities.

#### VII. Competition and Anti-Competitive Practices

In connection with this grant, recipients may not prohibit or otherwise limit a producer from changing the provider of other services or materials not included as part of this grant. Recipients may not condition, limit, steer, or discriminate in their provision or sale of non-project business functions or products to producers based on their participation or non-participation in or use of any services provided as part of this grant. Additionally, funds in this agreement shall not be used for purposes or activities related to mergers or acquisitions.

## VIII. Suspension and Disbarment

The provisions governing Suspension and Disbarment in subsection 1.a.8 shall also apply to fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification, or destruction of records, making false statements, or violations of the Federal civil antitrust or unfair trade practice laws.

# IX. Special provisions for awards to for-profit entities as recipients

This section contains provisions that apply to awards to for-profit entities. These provisions are in addition to other applicable provisions of these terms and conditions, or they make exceptions from other provisions of the terms and conditions for awards to for-profit entities. For-profit entities that receive awards have two options regarding audits:

- A financial related audit of a particular award in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, in those cases where the for-profit entity receives awards under only one USDA program; or, if awards are received under multiple USDA programs, a financial related audit of all awards in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; or
- 2) An audit that meets the requirements contained in 2 CFR 200 subpart F.

For-profit entities that receive annual awards totaling less than the audit requirement threshold in 2 CFR 200 subpart F are exempt from USDA audit requirements for that year, but records must be available for review by appropriate officials of Federal agencies or the Government Accountability Office.

#### X. Non-Disparagement

Recipients may not engage in any advertising deemed by USDA as disparaging to another agricultural commodity or competing product, or in violation of the prohibition against false and misleading advertising. Disparagement is defined as anything that depicts other commodities in a negative or unpleasant light via overt or subjective video, photography, or statements. Comparative advertising is allowable, provided the presentation of facts is truthful, objective, not misleading, and supported by a reasonable basis.



Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023 Version 1.0



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## Overview of Reporting Requirements

Grant recipients are required to submit reports to document their performance under the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodity funding opportunity. These submissions will be required to use the Microsoft Excel workbook templates provided by USDA. The workbooks contain a series of worksheets that collect data in a standardized format to ensure data quality and allow for aggregation and summary of this information. The entire workbook must be submitted quarterly, with updates to all applicable worksheets. This guide is divided into three sections. The Overview of Reporting Requirements section summarizes the layout of the reporting workbook and presents the data elements included in each worksheet. It also describes additional documents that must be submitted to supplement the performance reports. The Data Definitions section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated. Finally, the Appendices contain practice and commodity lists that will be used for these reports. Reporting is necessary for USDA oversight of this effort. The data elements required for inclusion in the quarterly performance reports allow USDA to conduct selected audits to review whether producers are receiving federal funds from multiple sources for the same purpose; to determine whether GHG benefits from implementation of climate-smart agriculture and forestry (CSAF) practices are being estimated accurately; and for other purposes deemed appropriate by USDA.

The reporting worksheets collect information at four levels: project, partner, producer, and field. Descriptions of each level:

**Project level**: Information about activities and impacts at a whole project/aggregate level (i.e., reflecting all activities under the grant agreement). Some project-level reporting is further subdivided by commodity type or a combination of commodity and CSAF practice(s) (commodity x practice).

**Partner level:** Information about activities related to a single organization (recipient, subrecipient, contractor, or other partner) within a project.

**Producer level**: Information about individual producers who have one or more farms enrolled in a project. **Field level**: Information about individual fields enrolled in a project.

Certain data elements are required to be reported for each producer and field enrolled in a project. In order to minimize the burden associated with data collection and to enable USDA to match data to existing records, these producer- and field-specific records must use the producer's established FSA Farm, Tract and Field IDs, and report the State and County associated with the Farm ID. Associated data entered in conjunction with these data elements, such as Producer Name, must match the data contained in the customer's Business Partner record, and the Farm Operating Plan in Business File for that Farm ID. Disclosure of this information is protected under Section 1619 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (PL 110- 246), 7 U.S.C. 8791. Additionally, Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

**Note:** For purposes of this guide, "farm" refers to the operation from which climate-smart commodities are produced and may represent farms, ranches, forests or other operations. Similarly, "field" refers to the individual land units at which climate-smart practices are being implemented to produce climate-smart commodities and may represent lots, farmsteads or other units, depending on the type of operation and commodity. The use of "Farm", "Tract" and "Field" align with the FSA definitions; for example, "A field is a part of a farm that is separated from the balance of the farm by a permanent boundary, such as; fences, permanent waterways, woodlands, croplines in cases where farming practices make it probable that this cropline is not subject to change, and other similar features."

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The following tables list the data elements included in each reporting worksheet, along with a brief description of each item.

# **Project Summary**

These data will be collected about each project. Cumulative results are reported each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Table 1. Project Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Commodity sales	Indicates sales of the commodity(ies) related to the project occurred this quarter	Quarterly
Farms enrolled	Indicates enrollment activities occurred this quarter	Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	Methods used to calculate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits	Quarterly
GHG cumulative calculation	Method used to calculate cumulative GHG benefits	Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	Whole project estimate of total GHG (CO2e) emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	Whole project estimate of total carbon sequestration	Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CO2 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CH4 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative N2O benefit	Whole project estimate of total N2O emission reductions	Quarterly
Offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced by project	Quarterly
Offsets sale	Name of marketplace where carbon offsets were sold	Quarterly
Offsets price	Price of carbon in offset sales	Quarterly
Insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced by project	Quarterly
Cost of on-farm TA	Cost of on-farm technical assistance (TA) provided to producers	Quarterly
MMRV cost	Cost of measurement, monitoring, reporting, and verification (MMRV) activities	Quarterly
GHG monitoring method	Methods used by project to monitor GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG reporting method	Methods used by project to report on GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG verification method	Methods used to verify GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly

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# Partner Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will represent one organization involved in the project, including the recipient and all contributing partners. A partner is any organization that is receiving project funds or providing matching contributions (funds or in-kind contributions) to the project. While the recipient must complete one row for their own organization, not all data elements apply to the recipient. These exceptions are noted in the detailed descriptions of the specific elements in the *Data Definitions* section of this guide. Data are reported cumulatively each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Table 2. Partner Activities elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Partner ID	Unique ID for each partner	One-time
Partner name	Name of partner organization	One-time
Partner type	Type of organization	One-time
Partner POC	Partner point of contact name	As applicable
Partner POC email	Partner point of contact email	As applicable
Partnership start date	Start of partnership on project	One-time
Partnership end date	End of partnership on project	As applicable
New partnership	Indicator for partner organizations that have no prior work with the recipient	As applicable
Partner total requested	Total amount requested to date by partner from recipient	Quarterly
Total match contribution	Total amount of match contribution by partner to date	Quarterly
Total match incentives	Total amount of match contribution by partner for incentives	Quarterly
Match type	Top 3 types of match contribution by partner, other than incentives	Quarterly
Match amount	Value of match contributions by type	Quarterly
Training provided	Top 3 types of training provided to the partner through project	Quarterly
Activity by partner	Top 3 types of activities provided by this partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Activity cost	Approximate cost per activity type provided by partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Products supplied	Names of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly
Product source	Supplier or source of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly

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#### Marketing Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to one commodity for which the project enrolls fields and one marketing channel used to sell that commodity by the project or producers enrolled in the project. Data are reported for the current quarter and are not cumulative. If no sales of the commodity were reported during a quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Table 3. Marketing Activities elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Marketing channel type	Type of marketing channels used	Quarterly
Number of buyers	Number of buyers per marketing channel	Quarterly
Names of buyers	Names of buyers in the marketing channel	Quarterly
Marketing channel geography	Geography of marketing channel	Quarterly
Value sold	Value of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Volume sold	Volume of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium	Price premium of commodity by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium to producer	Percent of price premium that goes to the producer	Quarterly
Product differentiation method	Top 3 types of product differentiation methods used	Quarterly
Marketing method	Top 3 types of marketing methods used	Quarterly
Marketing channel identification method	Top 3 ways marketing channel was identified	Quarterly
Traceability method	Top 3 types of supply chain traceability methods used	Quarterly

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#### **Producer Enrollment**

These data will be collected at the producer level about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. Data are reported when a producer first enrolls one or more fields in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the farm characteristics each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates. The quarterly submission should contain information about each farm initially enrolled in the project during that quarter and for updates to farms that have re-enrolled during that quarter, as applicable. If no farms are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Table 4. Producer Enrollment elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Producer data change	Indicator that producer data was updated at re-enrollment	As applicable
Producer start date	Contract start date	Enrollment
Producer name	Name of primary operator	Enrollment
Underserved status	Indicator the primary operator is considered underserved and/or a small producer	Enrollment
Total area	Total area of enrolled operation	Annual
Total crop area	Total crop area in enrolled operation enrolled	Annual
Total livestock area	Total livestock confinement, pasture and rangeland in enrolled operation	Annual
Total forest area	Total forest area in enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock type	Top 3 types of livestock on enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock head	Total livestock currently managed (by type)	Annual
Organic farm	Indicator that part of the farm is certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Organic fields	Indicator that any of the enrolled fields are certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Producer motivation	Motivation for participation	Annual
Producer outreach	Top 3 types of outreach provided to producer	Annual
CSAF experience	Indicator of prior implementation of CSAF practices at this farm	Annual
CSAF federal funds	Indicator of prior receipt of federal funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF state or local funds	Indicator of prior receipt of state funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF nonprofit funds	Indicator of prior receipt of nonprofit funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF market incentives	Indicator of prior receipt of market incentives for CSAF practices	Annual

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#### Field Enrollment

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row corresponds to one field x commodity combination enrolled in the project. Generally, data are reported once for each field, at its initial enrollment. The quarterly submission should contain information about each field initially enrolled in the project during that quarter. If no fields are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. If a field is enrolled for multiple years, any relevant changes, such as a new ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations should be entered in this worksheet during the quarter it is re-enrolled, or as applicable.

Table 5. Field Enrollment elements

Data element name	Description
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name
Physical County of field	Physical county name must match FSA farm records
Prior Field ID	Previous Field ID when reconstitution of farm results in new Field IDs
Field data change	Indicator that field data has changed from initial enrollment
Contract start date	Start date of contract
Total field area	Size of enrolled field
Commodity category	Category of commodity(ies) produced
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced
Baseline yield	Average yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment
Baseline yield location	Location for which baseline yield is provided
Field land use	Most common land use in field in past 3 years
Field irrigated	Most common irrigation type in field in past 3 years
Field tillage	Most common tillage in field in past 3 years
Practice past extent - farm	Extent of operation that implemented this practice prior to project enrollment
Field any CSAF practice	Indicator for prior CSAF practices in this field in past 3 years
Practice past use - this field	Indicator of prior use of this practice in this field in the past 3 years
Practice type	CSAF practice(s) that will be implemented in enrolled field (up to 7)
Practice standard Organization that developed CSAF practice standard implemented	
Planned practice implementation year	Year that practice is planned to be implemented
Practice extent	Area or number of animals for which practice is implemented
Follow-on questions	Follow-on questions by practice type (see Table 11)

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# Farm Summary

These data will be collected about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. The quarterly submission should contain updates to any data elements that have changed for each farm enrolled in the project during that quarter. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. Data are not cumulative.

Table 6. Farm Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name	
County of residence	County name	
Producer TA received	Type of technical assistance provided to producer	Quarterly
Producer incentive amount	Total financial incentive provided to the producer	Quarterly
Incentive reason	Top 4 reason(s) for financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Incentive structure	Top 4 units on which financial incentives are structured	Quarterly
Incentive type	Top 4 type(s) of financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Payment on enrollment	Extent of payment provided to producer upon enrollment	Quarterly
Payment on implementation	Extent of payment provided to producer upon implementation of CSAF practices	Quarterly
Payment on harvest	Extent of payment provided to producer upon harvest or slaughter	Quarterly
Payment on MMRV	Extent of payment provided to producer upon reporting or verification	Quarterly
Payment on sale	Extent of payment provided to producer upon sale of commodity	Quarterly

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#### Field Summary

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project for a commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field x commodity x practice(s) combination enrolled in the project. Data for each field will be reported quarterly and are not cumulative. Report data for any elements that have an update in that quarter. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. This worksheet includes a section to report the "official" estimate of GHG benefits – amounts of greenhouse gas emissions reduced and carbon sequestered – for the field. These quantities refer to the estimates that are used to calculate the project's aggregate impact (reported in Table 1). Tables 8 and 9 are used to report alternate estimates of the field-level GHG benefits when additional methods are used to model (Table 8) or measure (Table 9) these impacts. Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model.

Table 7. Field Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to seven)	Quarterly
Date practice complete	Date that practice implementation is certified complete	Quarterly
Contract end date	End date of contract	Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	Indicator that MMRV assistance is provided to field	Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	Indicator that marketing assistance provided for commodity from field	Quarterly
Incentive per acre or head	Indicator that a per acre/head incentives is provided for the CSAF practice(s) on this field	Quarterly
Field commodity value	Value of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Field commodity volume	Volume of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Cost of implementation	Total cost of practice implementation in field	Quarterly
Cost coverage	Percent of total cost of implementation of practice covered by project incentives	Quarterly
Field GHG monitoring	Methods used to monitor GHG benefits in field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG reporting	Methods used to report on GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG verification	Methods used to verify GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG calculations	Methods used to calculate GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG calculation	Method used to calculate official GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG ER	Official estimate of total GHG emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official carbon stock	Official estimate of total carbon sequestration for field	Quarterly
Field official CO2 ER	Official estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official CH4 ER	Official estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official N2O ER	Official estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced in field	Quarterly
Field insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced in field	Quarterly
Other field measurements	Indicator that field data was collected for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation	Quarterly

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#### GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

If greenhouse gas benefits are modeled for the same field using multiple methods, the results for the alternate models are reported in this worksheet. The "alternate" models refer to those model results that were not used in the calculation of the project's aggregate impact (as reported in Table 1). Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model. These data will be collected about the modeled GHG benefits for each field x commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field enrolled in the project. Data are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for all fields that have new modeled data. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Table 8. GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced from the field (up to 6)	Annual
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to 7)	Annual
GHG model	Model used to calculate GHG benefits	Annual
Model start date	Start date of model run	Annual
Model end date	End date of model run	Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	Estimate of total GHG benefits for field	Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	Estimate of total change in carbon stock for field	Annual
Total CO2 estimated	Estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total CH4 estimated	Estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total N2O estimated	Estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Annual

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#### GHG Benefits - Measured

Projects must report the results of any carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this worksheet. These data will be collected at the field level. Each row will represent a separate measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits for a given field. Data are reported once per year of measurement and are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for any field for which there are new soil samples or new calculations of annual GHG benefits based on actual measurements.

Table 9. GHG Benefits - Measured data elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State	State name	
County	County name	
GHG measurement method	Method of measurement	Annual
Lab name	Entity that conducted analysis	Annual
Measurement start date	Start date of measurements	Annual
Measurement end date	End date of measurements	Annual
Total CO2 reduction calculated	Calculation of total CO2 reduction	Annual
Total carbon stock change calculated	Calculation of change in carbon stock	Annual
Total CH4 reduction calculated	Calculation of total CH4 reduction	Annual
Total N2O reduction calculated	Calculation of total N2O reduction	Annual
Soil sample result	Numeric result from soil sample	Annual
Measurement type	Type of analysis conducted	Annual

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# Additional Environmental Benefits

Projects that track additional environmental benefits (e.g., water quality improvements) from enrolled fields report results in this worksheet. These data will be collected about each field. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to an enrolled field. Data are not cumulative. Estimates of environmental benefits must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Table 10. Additional Environmental Benefits elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State	State name	
County	County name	
Environmental benefits	Indicator that project tracks other environmental benefits	Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in nitrogen loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in phosphorus loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Other water quality	Indicator that project tracks other water quality improvements	Annual
Туре	Type of water quality metric being tracked	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Water quantity	Indicator that project tracks reduced water use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced erosion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in soil erosion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced energy use	Indicator that project tracks reductions in energy use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Avoided land conversion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in land conversion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Improved wildlife habitat	Indicator that project tracks improvements in wildlife habitat	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual

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#### Supplemental Data Submission

Project MMRV Plan

Definition of MMRV elements:

**Measurement**: Quantification of the greenhouse gas benefits (reduction or capture) using mathematical models and/or direct physical measurements in the field

**Monitoring**: Ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time

**Reporting**: Documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization

**Verification**: Independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable.

Projects must submit an MMRV plan that includes details about how each of the following are addressed:

- · Quantification approach, including:
  - GHG models used
  - GHG measurement plan (if applicable)
  - Approach to quantifying additional environmental benefits, if applicable (e.g., water quality, habitat)
- Verification approach:
  - Compliance criteria
  - Verification plan/methodology
- · Approach to ensuring:
  - Additionality
  - Permanence
  - Leakage
  - Impacts of weather
- Plan for non-compliance

If the project is using a specific MMRV methodology or approach developed by the recipient, a project partner, or an outside organization, the project can submit documentation associated with the methodology as long as the documentation addresses each of the above categories.

If the project is tracking other environmental benefits (as reported in the Additional Environmental Benefits worksheet), include a description of the methodology and tools used to track and report on these benefits.

#### Field modeled GHG benefit reports

Results from any models besides COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits must also be submitted as a separate report. This includes projects running COMET-Farm. The full results of any model can be submitted in the native/standard format generated by the modeling tool and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID.

# Field direct measurement results

For any direct physical measurements in the field, measurement results must be submitted as a separate report and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID. Measurement results reports must include the name of the equipment used for sampling or data collection, the name of the lab that analyzed the data, and the analytical method used.

Sample report types include soil analysis reports, summarized results of portable emissions analyzers or flux towers, water quality analyses, and plant species counts. These could be collected for the purposes of determining GHG emission reductions or carbon sequestration amounts, for calibration of tools or models, for tracking other environmental benefits, or for other reasons.

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#### **Data Descriptions**

This section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated.

#### Unique IDs

Project ID: Unique ID at the project level – "Award Identifying Number" shown on award documentation

Partner ID: Unique ID at the partner level - use EIN; if no EIN, a unique ID will be assigned for use in these reports

State or territory of operation: State or territory name

County of operation: Physical county name

Farm ID: Unique ID at the operation level assigned by Farm Service Agency (FSA)

**Tract ID:** Unique ID at the tract level assigned by FSA **Field ID:** Unique ID at the field level assigned by FSA

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# **Project Summary**

Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What climate-smart commodity types are produced by this project?
Description: Type of commodity incentiviz	red by the project. These commodities include those for whom
farmers are directly receiving incentives or	r other types of marketing support. See full list of commodity options
in Appendix B. List one commodity per rov	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Commodity sales	
Data element name: Commodity sales	Reporting question: Did project activities result in sales this
	quarter of the commodity(ies) produced by this project?
	ity(ies) related to project activities. If sales are reported, complete the
	s part of the quarterly performance report.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
Logic: None – all respond	No     Required: Yes
PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSO	
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Farms enrolled	
Data element name: Farms enrolled	Reporting question: Did the project enroll any producers or fields this quarter?
- T - TOTAL MATERIAL - TO THE SECOND OF THE	olled producers or fields. If enrollment activities occurred this quarter
complete the <i>Producer Enrollment</i> and <i>Fie</i> performance report.	Id Enrollment worksheets (Tables 4 and 5) as part of the quarterly
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Yes</li> </ul>
	• No
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	
Data element name: GHG calculation	Reporting question: What methods is the project using to
methods	calculate GHG benefits?
Description: List the way(s) that GHG bene	efits are being measured and calculated by the project this quarter.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Models</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Direct field measurements</li> </ul>
	• Both
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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GHG cumulative calculation

Data element name: GHG cumulative Reporting question: What method(s) was used to calculate the

calculation total cumulative GHG benefits reported here?

Description: List the method(s) that was used to calculate the total cumulative GHG benefits reported by the

project this quarter.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Both

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**Cumulative GHG benefits** 

Data element name: Cumulative GHG Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total GHG

benefits emission reductions (CO2eq) to date?

Description: Total cumulative estimated greenhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation.

This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative carbon stock

Data element name: Cumulative carbon Reporting question: How much carbon has the project

stock sequestered to date?

**Description:** Estimated total cumulative change in carbon stock based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is

one ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO2eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative CO2 benefit

Data element name: Cumulative CO2 Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

benefit cumulative CO2 emission reductions to date?

Description: Estimated total cumulative carbon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation.

This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub> Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**Cumulative CH4 benefit** 

Data element name: Cumulative CH4 benefit Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

CH4 emission reductions to date?

**Description:** Estimated total cumulative methane reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is one ton

of CH<sub>4</sub> = 25 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

CO<sub>2</sub>eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Cumulative N20 benefit

Data element name: Cumulative N2O benefit Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

N2O emission reductions to date?

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

**Description:** Estimated total cumulative nitrous oxide reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no updated numbers enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Conversion rate is one ton of  $N_2O = 298$  tons of  $CO_2eq$ .

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in

CO<sub>2</sub>eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets produced

Data element name: Offsets produced Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been

produced in the project?

Description: Total carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields during the quarter. Offsets are defined as

having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets sale

Data element name: Offsets sale Reporting question: To what marketplace(s) were carbon offsets

sold?

**Description:** Marketplaces to which carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields were sold. Offsets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

List each marketplace name. Separate names with commas.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets price

Data element name: Offsets price Reporting question: What was the average price of carbon

received for offsets?

**Description:** Average price per metric ton paid for carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields. Offsets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars per metric ton Allowed values: 0-500

**Logic:** Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced' **Required:** Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Insets produced

Data element name: Insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been

produced in the project?

**Description:** Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Cost of on-farm TA

Data element name: Cost of on-farm TA Reporting question: What is the total amount that has been

spent to provide on-farm TA?

**Description:** Total cost of any field- or practice-specific technical assistance provided by the project (by recipient or partners) to any producers. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the

previous quarter.

 Data type: Decimal
 Select multiple values: No

 Measurement unit: Dollars
 Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

MMRV cost

Data element name: MMRV cost Reporting question: What is the total amount that has been

spent on MMRV activities?

**Description:** Total cost of all MMRV activities paid for by the project (recipient or partners). MMRV components are defined as measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practices have been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable). This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**GHG** monitoring method

Data element name: GHG monitoring 1-5 Reporting question: How did the project monitor GHG benefits?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of monitoring GHG benefits used this quarter as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Drones

Ground-level photos and videos

On-farm visit

Plot-based sampling

Producer records or attestation

Satellite monitoring or remote sensing

Soil metagenomics

Soil sensors

Water sensors

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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#### **GHG** reporting method

Data element name: GHG reporting 1-5

**Reporting question:** How did the project track and report implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of tracking and reporting on practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

#### Allowed values:

- Automated devices
- Email
- Mobile app
- Paper
- · Third-party actors
- Website
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### GHG verification method

**Data element name:** GHG verification method 1-5

**Reporting question:** How did the project verify implementation

of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of verifying practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

# Allowed values:

- Artificial intelligence
- Audit by recipient
- Computer modeling
- Photos
- Record audit
- Satellite imagery
- Site or field visit
- Third-party audit
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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# **Partner Activities**

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Partner ID Unique Project ID for each partner

Partner name

Data element name: Name of partner organization Reporting question: What is the official name of the

recipient or partner organization?

Description: Legal name of recipient or partner organization

 Data type: Text
 Select multiple values: NA

 Measurement unit: NA
 Allowed values: Text

 Logic: None – all respond
 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation

Partner type

Data element name: Type of partner organization Reporting question: What type of organization is this?

Description: Legal/financial structure of recipient or partner organization

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity groups (501c5)

For-profitIndividualNonprofit

State or local agency

Tribal agency
 University
 Required: Yes

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Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation

**Partner POC** 

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Partner POC Reporting question: Who is the point of contact for

this project at the recipient or partner organization?

Description: Name of a point of contact for the recipient or partner organization

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation;

update as necessary

Partner POC email

Data element name: Partner POC email Reporting question: What is the point of contact's

email address?

Description: Email of the point of contact for the recipient or partner organization

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation;

update as necessary

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Partnership start date				
Data element name: Partnership start date	Reporting question: When did the partnership start?			
Description: Date that the partner organization and	the recipient began formally partnering on the project			
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA			
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030			
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes			
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation			
Partnership end date	=			
Data element name: Partnership end date	Reporting question: When did the partnership end?			
Description: Date that the partner organization and	the recipient stopped formally partnering on the project			
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA			
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030			
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes			
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership end quarter			
New partnership				
Data element name: New partnership	Reporting question: Is this a new partnership?			
Data type: List Measurement unit: Category	Select multiple values: No Allowed values:			
Logic: No response for recipient	<ul><li>Yes</li><li>No</li><li>I don't know</li></ul>			
Logic: No response for recipient	<ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul>			
Data collection level: Partner	<ul><li>Yes</li><li>No</li><li>I don't know</li></ul>			
	<ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>I don't know</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> <li>Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation</li> <li>Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this</li> </ul>			
Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested  Data element name: Partner total requested  Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the previous entries.	Yes No I don't know Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If vious quarter.			
Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested  Data element name: Partner total requested  Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the previous type: Decimal	Yes     No     I don't know Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project?  It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the eamount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If vious quarter.  Select multiple values: NA			
Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested  Data element name: Partner total requested  Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the predata type: Decimal  Measurement unit: Dollars	Yes No I don't know Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? If the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If vious quarter.  Select multiple values: NA Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000			
Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested  Data element name: Partner total requested  Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the previous type: Decimal	Yes     No     I don't know Required: Yes Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project?  It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the eamount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If vious quarter.  Select multiple values: NA			

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Total	match	contribution	
IULA	Illatti	CONTRIBUCTOR	

Data element name: Total match contribution

Reporting question: What is the total match value the organization has contributed to the project to date?

Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds and in-kind contributions (e.g., staff time, inputs, equipment rental, marketing support) that the partner has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all previous entries plus match contributions in the reporting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value from the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000 Measurement unit: Dollars

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### Total match incentives

Data element name: Total match incentives

Reporting question: What is the total value of match provided by this organization for producer incentives?

Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds for incentive payments directly to producers that the partner has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all previous entries plus match incentives in the reporting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value from the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### Match type

Data element name: Match type 1-3

Logic: None - all respond

Reporting question: What types of match contributions has the organization provided to the project?

Description: Types of match contributions other than incentives provided directly to producers by the organization from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of match contributions provided. In-kind staff time could be used for technical assistance, marketing assistance, or other support to producers. Production inputs include seed, fertilizer, pesticides, equipment and other inputs for use in the field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other match types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Equipment rental or use

In-kind staff time

Production inputs (reduced cost or free)

Program income

Software

Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Match amount

Data element name: Match amount 1-3 Reporting question: What is the value of the match

contributions the organization provided to the

project?

**Description:** Cumulative (total) value of funds for each match type that the organization has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amounts for up to the top three (in dollar value) match types. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns

blank.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Training type provided

Data element name: Training type 1-3 provided Reporting question: What types of training has the

organization provided to project partners?

**Description:** Types of training provided to the project partner as a result of participating in the project during the past quarter. Training can come from the recipient, a project partner organization (including other divisions of their own organization, or an outside organization. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of partner training provided. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 training types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other training types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- - -

- Data collectionGrant reporting
- Marketing opportunities
- Providing financial assistance
- Providing technical assistance
- Writing producer contracts
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Activity by partner

Logic: None - all respond

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner Reporting question: What types of activities has the

organization provided to the project?

**Description:** Types of activities that the recipient or partner organization has provided during the reporting quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other activity types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Marketing support

- Marketing support
   MMRV support
- Producer outreach for enrollment
- Technical assistance to producers
- Training to other partner organizations

Other (specify)
 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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**Activity cost** 

Data element name: Activity cost 1-3 Reporting question: What is the value of the activities

this organization has provided to the project?

**Description:** Cumulative (total) cost of each activity type that the organization has undertaken or offered from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amounts for up to the top three (in dollar value) activity types. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity types are provided, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**Products supplied** 

Data element name: Products supplied Reporting question: What products or supplies were

provided to enrolled fields?

**Description:** Name(s) of products supplied to enrolled producers as incentives or matching contributions. Enter the name of each product, including its brand. Separate each product name with a comma. If no products or

supplies were provided by the organization, leave the column blank.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**Product source** 

Data element name: Product source Reporting question: Which companies provided the

supplies?

**Description:** Name of firm or company from which supplies were obtained.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

**Logic:** Respond if text entered for 'Products supplied' **Required:** Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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#### Marketing Activities

Commodity type

Data type: List

Data element name: Commodity type Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced by

the farmers enrolled in this project?

Description: List a single commodity produced or marketed through incentives from this project. If multiple commodities are produced by the project, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each commodity. Use

the FSA commodity list in Appendix B and choose the commodity from the list. Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing channel type

Data element name: Marketing channel Reporting question: What type of marketing channel is used to

sell this commodity?

Description: List a single type of marketing channel used to sell the commodity produced by farmers enrolled in the project. If a single commodity is marketed through multiple channels, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each combination of commodity and marketing channel. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the other marketing channel type(s) as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Agricultural marketing board

Biorefinery

Commodity broker

Direct to consumer

Direct to institution

Direct to restaurant

Distributor (including grain elevators)

Food hub or cooperative

Food processor

Non-food byproducts processor

Retailer

USDA

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Quarterly Data collection level: Project

Number of buyers

Data element name: Number of buyers Reporting question: How many buyers are there in this

marketing channel?

**Description:** List the number of individual firms or buyers in this marketing channel.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 1-500 Measurement unit: Count

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Names of buyers

Data element name: Names of buyers Reporting question: What are the names of all of the buyers in

this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the names of all buyers in this marketing channel. Separate each name with a comma.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing channel geography

Data element name: Marketing channel Reporting question: What is the primary geography of the

geography marketing channel?

**Description:** The primary geography of the type of marketing channel. Primary geography means the scale at which most of the activity of buying and selling happens. Local means within a single state or directly neighboring states. Regional means within a five-to-ten state area. National means across the United States. International means specific locations outside of the United States. Global means across the world or not to a

specific international location.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

LocalRegionalNationalGlobal

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Value sold

Data element name: Value sold Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity sold in

this marketing channel?

Description: The dollar value of the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Volume sold

Data element name: Volume sold Reporting question: What is the volume of the commodity sold

in this marketing channel?

Description: The volume of the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Number Allowed values: 1-100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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# USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Volume sold unit

Data element name: Volume sold unit Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?

**Description:** The unit associated with the volume of the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If "other" is

chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Bales (500 pounds)

Bushels

Carcass pounds

Gallons

Kilograms

Linear board feet

Liveweight pounds

Metric tons

Pounds

Short tons

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Price premium

Data element name: Price premium Reporting question: What price premium is received for the

commodity sold in this marketing channel?

Description: The price premium received for the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price

premium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0.01-\$10,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Price premium unit

Data element name: Price premium unit Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium?

Description: The unit associated with the price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If

"other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Per bale (500 pounds)

Per bushel

Per carcass pound

Per gallon

Per kilogram

Per linear board foot

Per live pound

Per metric ton

Per ounce

Per short ton

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Price premium to producer

Data element name: Price premium to Reporting question: What percent of the price premium is

provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this producer

marketing channel?

**Description:** The percent of the price premium provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price premium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-100 Measurement unit: Percent

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Product differentiation method

Data element name: Product differentiation method 1-3 Reporting question: What methods are used

to differentiate climate-smart commodities in

this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the methods used to differentiate the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Product differentiation methods are ways to distinguish or differentiate the climate-smart commodity in the marketplace. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 product differentiation methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other product differentiation methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Certification/verification for internal insetting
- Farm certification
- Label or badge used on packaging or marketing
- Third party certification/verification
- Trademark Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing method

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Marketing method 1-3 Reporting question: What methods are used to market climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the method(s) used to market this commodity in this market channel. Marketing method is the way that potential buyers of the climate-smart commodity are engaged by the project partners as the sellers or facilitators of sale. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing methods as free text

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

- Label or badge used on packaging or marketing materials
- Marketing partnership (e.g., promotion by buyer)
- Print marketing campaign
- Social media and digital marketing campaign
- Verbal marketing campaign (e.g., radio, word of mouth)

Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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**Data element name:** Marketing channel identification method 1-3

**Reporting question:** What methods are used to generate interest in climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

**Description:** Provide the marketing channel identification method(s) used for this commodity in this market channel. Market channel identification methods are the ways that producers and project partners generate interest in purchasing the climate-smart commodity. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing channel identification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing channel identification methods as free text

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

#### Allowed values:

- Educational tours for buyers
- In-person lead generation
- Negotiated contracts with buyers
- Partnership network or project partner
- Other (specify)
   Required: Yes

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Project

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### Traceability method

Data element name: Traceability method

**Reporting question:** What traceability methods are used for climate-smart commodities in this channel?

**Description:** Provide the traceability method(s) used for the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Traceability methods are ways to trace the climate-smart commodity or the climate-smart claims through the supply chain. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 traceability methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other traceability methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

# Allowed values:

- Barcode or unique ID
- Blockchain
- Book and claim
- Chain of custody
- Mass balance
- Recordkeeping
- Registry with certification
- Segregation
- Supply shed
- Volume proxy
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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#### **Producer Enrollment**

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Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Producer data change

Data element name: Producer data change Reporting question: Is there new/updated

information for a producer who is re-enrolling in the

project?

Description: Indicates that there is new or updated information for a producer who had previously enrolled in

the project and is re-enrolling.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment

Producer start date

Data element name: Producer start date Reporting question: When did the producer enroll in

the project?

Description: Date that the producer enrolled in the project by signing their first contract.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Producer name

Data element name: Producer name Reporting question: What is the name of producer

enrolled in the project?

Description: Name of the producer enrolled in the project; the name must match the name contained in the

customer's Business Partner record and the Farm Operating Plan in FSA Business File for that Farm ID.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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#### Underserved status

Data element name: Underserved status

**Reporting question:** Is this producer considered an underserved and/or a small producer?

**Description:** Underserved status of the primary operator of the enrolled operation. Underserved producers generally include beginning farmers, socially disadvantaged farmers, veteran farmers, and limited resource farmers; women farmers and producers growing specialty crops are generally also included in these categories. Small farms are generally those with less than \$350,000 in annual gross cash farm income. Indicate whether this producer is considered underserved, a small producer, or both underserved and a small producer. Use "I don't know" if the producer declines to answer. Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

2100 17

- Yes, underservedYes, small producer
- Yes, underserved and small producer
- No
- I don't know

Required: No

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

#### Total area

Data element name: Total area Reporting question: What is the total area of the farm?

**Description:** Total area of the farm associated with the Farm ID. Report total area of the farm, even if only a portion of the farm is enrolled in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total area each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Logic: None - all respond

# Allowed values:

- Less than 1 acre
- 1 to 9 acres
- 10 to 49 acres
- 50 to 69 acres
- 70 to 99 acres
- 100 to 139 acres
- 140 to 179 acres
  180 to 219 acres
- 220 to 259 acres
- 260 to 499 acres
- 500 to 999 acres
- 1,000 to 1,999 acres
- 2,000 to 4,999 acres
- 5,000 or more acres

Logic: None - all respond

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer

**Data collection frequency:** Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

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Total crop area

Data element name: Total crop area Reporting question: What percent of the current operation is

cropland?

**Description:** Area of the total farm that is currently used as cropland. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total crop area each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary

updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

Total livestock area

Data element name: Total livestock Reporting question: What amount of the current operation is used for

area livestock (by area)?

**Description:** Area of the total farm that is currently used for pasture, grazing, rangeland; or animal housing, feeding or milking. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total livestock area each

time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

Total forest area

Data element name: Total forest area Reporting question: What amount of the current operation is forested

(by area)?

**Description:** Area of the total farm that is currently considered forest land use. Forest land use means that at least 10% of the land area is covered in trees that will be at least 13 feet tall when mature. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total forest area each time a new contract is signed and

provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

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Livestock type

Data element name: Livestock type 1-3

**Reporting question:** What types of livestock are raised on the farm?

**Description:** Up to top three types of livestock (by head count) on the farm. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other livestock types as free text. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the livestock type each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

## Allowed values:

- Alpacas
- Beef cows
- Beefalo
- Buffalo or bison
- Chickens (broilers)
- Chickens (layers)
- Dairy cows
- Deer
- Ducks
- Elk
- Emus
- Equine
- Geese
- Goats
- Honeybees
- Llamas
- Reindeer
- Sheep
- Swine
- Turkeys
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

**Data collection frequency:** Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

## Livestock head

Data element name: Livestock head 1-3

Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0

Data collection level: Producer

**Reporting question:** How many livestock (by type) are on this operation?

**Description:** Average annual head count for each type of livestock. Enter amounts for up to the top three livestock types by number. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the average annual head count each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Head count Allowed values: 1-10,000,000

Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

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Data element name: Organic farm

Reporting question: Is any part of the farm currently USDAcertified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

Description: USDA-certified organic means that the farm has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the farm each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None - all respond Required: No

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Organic fields

Data element name: Organic fields

Reporting question: Are any of the fields enrolled in the project currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

Description: USDA-certified organic means that the operation has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the fields enrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the fields enrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the enrolled fields each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Organic operation'

Required: No

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Producer motivation

Data element name: Producer motivation

Reporting question: Which of the following was the primary

reason the producer enrolled in this project?

Description: Primary operator's motivation for enrolling in the project.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Financial benefit

Environmental benefit

New market opportunity

Partnerships or networks

Other

Required: Yes Logic: None - all respond

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Prog	ucer	outrea	cn

Data element name: Producer outreach 1- Reporting question: What types of outreach were provided to producers?

**Description:** Up to three most common types of outreach provided to producer prior to enrollment. Outreach activities are those focused on identifying and enrolling producers in the project. Outreach can come from the recipient or project partners. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 outreach types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other outreach types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: Yes

Measurement unit: Category

### Allowed values:

- Commodity organizations
- Conferences
- Cooperative extension
- Digital communications and resources
- Education workshops, field days, and town halls
- Existing partner networks
- Farm visits and one-on-one meetings
- General advertising
- Peer referrals and producer groups
- Phone calls
- Print communications and resources
- Retailers
- State agencies
- Targeted messaging using proprietary data
- Technical service providers
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Producer

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

## **CSAF** experience

Data element name: CSAF experience

**Reporting question:** Has the primary operator implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years anywhere on the farm?

**Description:** Has this farm implemented climate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practices anywhere on the farm in the past 10 years or since the current primary operator took control (whichever time period is shorter)? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Yes
- No
- I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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CSAF federal funds

Data element name: CSAF federal funds Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by

federal funds?

**Description:** If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by federal funds? Federal funds are defined as being from programs including, but not limited to, those from the Natural Resources Conservation Service ((NRCS), including through Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP), Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP), or related programs), the Farm Service Agency Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), as well as funds from other USDA programs or other federal agencies.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF state or local funds

Data element name: CSAF state or local Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by

unds state or local funds?

**Description:** If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by state funds? State or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture or other state agencies, local water quality districts and other local agencies.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF nonprofit funds

Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by

nonprofit funds?

**Description:** If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by nonprofit funds? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit

organization to a producer.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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**CSAF** market incentives

Data element name: CSAF market incentives Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by market

incentives?

**Description:** If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by market incentives? Market incentives include premiums paid by a commodity

buyer or by a consumer based on branding or labeling as a climate-smart commodity.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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## Field Enrollment

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Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
Prior Field ID, if applicable	Prior Field ID assigned by FSA if there has been reconstitution of the farm resulting in a new Field ID during the field's enrollment in the project

Field data change

Data element name: Field data change Reporting question: Has the information previously

reported for this field changed?

**Description:** Indicator that this entry is being used to report any relevant changes, such as a new Field ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations, for a field that has previously been enrolled in

the project.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment

Contract start date

Data element name: Contract start date Reporting question: What is the start date of the

contract with the producer that includes this field?

**Description:** Start date listed on the contract that enrolls the field in the project.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Total field area

Data element name: Total field area Reporting question: What is the total size of the

enrolled field?

Description: Total size of the field enrolled with the project.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: .01-500

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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# USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Commodity category	
Data element name: Commodity category	Reporting question: What category of
table to diese section today national agriculture to the part today.	commodity(ies) is (are) produced from this field
<b>Description:</b> Category of commodity(ies) produced in fi	eld enrolled in the project
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Crops</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Livestock</li> </ul>
	• Trees
	<ul> <li>Crops and livestock</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Crops and trees</li> </ul>
	Livestock and trees
Total Manager II	Crops, livestock and trees
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What type of commodity is
Description: Type of commodity produced in field enro	produced from this field?
worksheet provides a drop-down list of the allowed val	
commodities in subsequent rows.	ues. Choose the appropriate value. Liner additional
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment
Baseline yield	
Data element name: Baseline yield	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the baseline yield of this field?
Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 ye	ars prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled
field if possible. If not at field level, provide average ann	nual yield for the specific commodity for the operation.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Production per acre or animal	Allowed values: .01-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Logic: None - an respond	Trans a Average and Thomas

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Data element name: Baseline yield unit Reporting question: Baseline yield unit

Description: Unit of average annual yield of commodity in enrolled field in 3 years prior to enrollment. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

- Animal units per acre
- Bushels per acre
- Carcass pounds per animal
- Head per acre
- Hundred-weights (or pounds) per head
- Linear feet per acre
- Liveweight pounds per animal
- Pounds per acre Tons per acre
- Other (specify) Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

**Baseline yield location** 

Data element name: Baseline yield location Reporting question: For what portion of the operation is the

baseline yield being reported?

Description: Location of the reported average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If

"other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate location as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Enrolled field Whole operation Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field land use

Data element name: Field land use Reporting question: What is this field's land use history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years?

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Crop land

Forest land

- Non-agriculture
- Other agricultural land

Pasture

Range

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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# SDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Field irrigated

Data element name: Field irrigated Reporting question: What is this field's irrigation history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common irrigation practice on this field the past 3 years?

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

No irrigation

Center pivot

Drip-subsurface

Drip-surface

Flood/border

Furrow/ditch

Lateral/linear sprinklers

Micro-sprinklers

Seepage

Side roll

Solid set sprinklers

Supplemental

Surface

Traveling gun/towline

Wheel Line

Other

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field tillage

Data element name: Field tillage Reporting question: What is this field's tillage history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common tillage approach during the past 3 years?

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

None

Conventional, inversion

Conventional, vertical

No-till, direct seed

Reduced till, inversion

Reduced till, vertical

Strip till

Other

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Practice past extent - farm

Data element name: Practice past extent - Reporting question: What percent of the farm has

farm implemented this CSAF practice (combination) previously?

**Description:** Prior to enrollment, on what portion of the whole farm had this (these) CSAF practice(s) ever been used by the primary operator? If multiple practices are planned to be implemented in this field, enter the value

that best corresponds to the farm's prior experience with the planned set of practices.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Never used

Used on less than 25% of operation

Used on 25-50% of operation

Used on 51-75% of operation

Used on more than 75% of operation

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field any CSAF practice

Data element name: Field any CSAF practice Reporting question: What is this field's prior experience with

CSAF practices?

Description: Prior to enrollment, have any CSAF practice or practices been used in this field in the past 3 years?

CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes
 No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Practice past use - this field

Data element name: Practice past use - this

field

Reporting question: Have this CSAF practice (combination)

been implemented previously in this field?

**Description:** Prior to enrollment, had this (these) CSAF practice(s) been used in this field in the in the past 3 years? Enter yes if all of the practices had been used previously in this field; enter some if multiple practices are being implemented and one or more, but not all of the practices had been used previously in this field; and enter no if none of the practices had been used previously in this field.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

SomeNo

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Practice type

Data element name: Practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

in this field through the project?

**Description:** Which CSAF practice or practices will be implemented on this field as part of enrollment in the project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

**Practice standard** 

Data element name: Practice standard 1-7 Reporting question: What standard does the CSAF practice

follow?

**Description:** Is the CSAF practice being implemented on the field as part of enrollment in the project following a defined practice standard? The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

NRCS

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Planned practice implementation year

Data element name: Practice 1-7 Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to

implementation year be implemented?

**Description:** Year that the CSAF practice is planned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this project). The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Year Allowed values: 2022-2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Practice extent

Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent Reporting question: To what extent is the practice

implemented?

Description: Total area, length, or head where the practice is being implemented in the field specified by the

contract.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Extent Allowed values: .01-

100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Practice extent unit

Data element name: Practice 1-7 Reporting question: Unit for extent of practice implementation

extent unit

Description: Unit for extent of practice implementation on the field specified by the contract. If "other" is

chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Acres

Head of livestock

Linear feet

Square feet

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

## **CSAF Practice Sub-questions**

For certain practices, additional questions are asked that provide information necessary to estimate greenhouse gas benefits from implementation of the practice. See Table 11 in the CSAF Practice Sub-questions section for descriptions of individual questions to be answered depending on the CSAF practices selected.

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## Farm Summary

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Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA		
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)		
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)		

#### Producer TA received

**Data element name:** Producer TA received 1-3

**Reporting question:** What types of technical assistance were provided to this producer?

**Description:** Did the recipient or any partner provide technical assistance (TA) to the producer this year? Technical assistance is any training, education, capacity building or other support provided by any project partner(s) directly to producers enrolled in the project. List up to the top three most common types of TA provided to this producer. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 TA types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other TA types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

## Allowed values:

- Demonstration plots
- Equipment demonstrations
- Group field days or in-person field workshops
- Hotline
- One-on-one enrollment assistance
- One-on-one field visits
- One-on-one producer mentorship
- Producer networks and peer-to-peer groups
- Retailer consultation
- Social media/digital tools
- Train-the-trainer opportunities
- Virtual meetings or field days
- Webinars and videos
- Written materials
- None
- Other (specify)
   Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer

Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

## Producer incentive amount

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Producer incentive

Reporting question: What is the total value of financial

amount

incentives provided to this producer?

Description: Total incentive payment received by the producer from USDA project funds for the year (non-

cumulative). Do not include incentive payments made with partner match funds.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$5,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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#### Incentive reason

**Data element name:** Incentive reason 1-4 **Reporting question:** Why were incentives provided to this producer?

**Description:** List up to four reasons for producer incentive payments. List the top 4 based on total value of the incentive for each reason. The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 reasons, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other reasons as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

### Allowed values:

- Avoided conversion
- Conference or training attendance
- · Demographics/equity payment
- Enrollment
- · Foregone revenue
- Historic data collection
- Identity preservation (supply chain tracing)
- Implementation of practices
- MMRV (e.g., data collection, reporting)
- Passing audit
- Price premium on output
- Yield change
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer

Logic: None - all respond

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### Incentive structure

Data element name: Incentive structure 1-4

**Reporting question:** What are the units for the financial incentives provided to this producer?

**Description:** List the structures (units) corresponding to the top 4 (by dollar value) incentive payments to producers. Production unit is weight or volume (bushel, kilogram, ton). The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 structure types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other structure types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

## Allowed values:

- Flat rate
- Per animal head
- Per area
- Per length
- Per production unit
- Per ton GHG
- Per tree
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Incentive type

Data element name: Incentive type 1-4

**Reporting question:** What type of incentives were provided to each producer?

**Description:** List the top 4 types of incentive payments to producers (based on dollar value). The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 incentive types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other incentive types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

### Allowed values:

- Cash payment
- Equipment loan
- · Guaranteed commodity premium payment
- Inputs and supplies
- Land rental
- Loan
- Paid labor
- Post-harvest transportation
- Tuition or fees for training
- Other (specify)
   Required: Yes

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on enrollment

Data element name: Payment on

enrollment

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon enrollment in the project?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not related to any implementation, MMRV or sales activities. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

## Allowed values:

- Full payment
- Partial payment
- No payment

Logic: None - all respond

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

## Payment on implementation

Data element name: Payment on

implementation

Data collection level: Producer

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon implementation of the practices?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon implementing the practices included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Full payment

Partial payment

No payment

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Pavme	ent on	harvest
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Data element name: Payment on harvest

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon harvest of the commodity?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon harvesting or slaughtering the commodity included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Full payment
Partial payment
No payment

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on MMRV

Data element name: Payment on MMRV

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon completing MMRV requirements?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon completing the annual MMRV requirements included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Full paymentPartial paymentNo payment

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on sale

Data element name: Payment on sale

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Full payment
Partial payment
No payment

Required: Ves

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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## Field Summary

U	ni	a	u	e	1	D	S

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Commodity type

Data element name: Commodity type Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced from

this field?

**Description:** Type of commodity produced in field enrolled in the project. See full list in Appendix B. The worksheet provides multiple columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each

column. Leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Practice type

Data element name: Field practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

in this field through the project?

**Description:** Which climate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practice or practices are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Date practice complete

Data element name: Date practice complete Reporting question: When did the project certify CSAF practice

implementation as complete?

**Description:** Date that the project certifies that implementation of the CSAF practice is complete on the field. Use January of the year prior to contract year for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively implemented in the year prior to a contract associated with this project is signed). The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Contract end date

Data element name: Contract end date Reporting question: Contract end date

Description: End date listed on the contract that enrolls the field in the project. If contract end date changes,

submit updated end date during the next quarter's reporting.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

MMRV assistance provided

Data element name: MMRV assistance provided Reporting question: Was MMRV assistance provided?

**Description:** Was any MMRV assistance provided to the primary operator for this field? MMRV assistance includes in-field support for the use of technologies, consultation on data collection and input, and other support related to MMRV. MMRV is defined a measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing assistance provided

Data element name: Marketing assistance provided Reporting question: Was marketing assistance

provided?

**Description:** Was any marketing assistance provided to the primary operator for the commodity(ies) produced from this field? Marketing assistance includes guaranteeing the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a platform for the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a label, branding, or other support related to marketing.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

• No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Incentive per acre or head

Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or

per-head incentive?

Description: Is this field receiving an incentive payment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices

on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis?

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know
 Required: Yes

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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# USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Field commodity value

Data element name: Field commodity value Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity

produced on the enrolled field?

Description: The dollar value of the commodity produced on the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field commodity volume

Data element name: Field commodity volume Reporting question: What is the volume of commodity

produced on the enrolled field?

Description: The volume of the commodity produced on the enrolled field

Data type: Decimal

Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Number

Allowed values: 1-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field commodity volume unit

Data element name: Field commodity volume Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?

unit

Description: The unit associated with the volume of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is

chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Bushels

Carcass weight pounds

GallonsHeadLinear feet

Liveweight pounds

Pounds
Tons

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cost of implementation

Data element name: Cost of implementation Reporting question: What is the cost of practice

implementation in the field?

Description: Total annual estimated cost per unit of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Cost unit

Data element name: Cost unit Reporting question: What is the unit for cost?

Description: The unit associated with the cost of implementing CSAF practices in the field. If "other" is chosen,

enter the appropriate value in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Per acre

Per bushel

Per head

Per linear foot

Per pound

Per ton

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cost coverage

Reporting question: What percent of the practice cost is Data element name: Cost coverage

covered by the incentive?

Description: Estimated proportion of total annual cost of implementing the practice(s) that is covered by project

incentives.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-100 Measurement unit: Percent

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field GHG monitoring

Data element name: Field GHG monitoring Reporting question: How were GHG impacts monitored in this 1-3

field?

Description: Up to the top three forms of monitoring GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Drones

Ground-level photos and videos

On-farm inspection

Plot-based sampling (e.g., soil, water)

Producer records or attestation

Satellite monitoring or remote sensing

Soil metagenomics

Soil sensors

Water sensors

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field GHG reporting

Data element name: Field GHG reporting Reporting question: How were GHG benefits reported for this

Description: Up to the top three forms of reporting on GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Automated devices
- Email
- Mobile app
- Paper
- Third-party actors
- Website
- Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

### Field GHG verification

Data element name: Field GHG verification Reporting question: How was implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions verified for this field?

Description: Up to the top three of verification of GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Artificial intelligence
  - Computer modeling
  - Recipient audit

  - Photos
  - Record audit
  - Satellite imagery
  - Site or field visit
  - Third-party audit

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field GHG calculations

Data element name: Field GHG Reporting question: What methods are used to calculate GHG

calculations benefits in this field?

**Description:** List the method(s) used to calculate GHG benefits in this field. If yes to direct physical

measurements, submit result reports (see Supplemental Data Submission – Field direct GHG measurement

results).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Both

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official GHG calculation

Data element name: Field official GHG Reporting question: What method was used to calculate the

calculation official GHG benefits in this field?

Description: List the method used to calculate the official GHG benefits in this field that are reported as part of

the project's aggregate impact.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official GHG ER

**Data element name:** Field official GHG Reporting question: What are the estimated total GHG emission

emission reductions reductions (CO2eq) in this field?

**Description:** Estimated greenhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice completion

or annually, as appropriate.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official carbon stock

Data element name: Field official carbon Reporting question: How much carbon has been sequestered in

stock this field?

**Description:** Estimated total change in carbon stock based on practice implementation in this field. This data element can be reported in any quarter and is cumulative for the year. Conversion rate is one ton of carbon =

3.67 tons of CO₂eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field official CO2 ER

Data element name: Field official CO2 Reporting question: What are the estimated total CO2 emission

emission reductions reductions in this field?

**Description:** Estimated total carbon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

completion or annually, as appropriate.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub> Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official CH4 ER

Data element name: Field official CH4 emission Reporting question: What are the estimated total CH4

reductions emission reductions in this field?

**Description:** Estimated total methane emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

completion or annually, as appropriate. Conversion rate is one ton of  $CH_4 = 25$  tons of  $CO_2$ eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in

CO<sub>2</sub>eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official N20 ER

Data element name: Field official N2O emission Reporting question: What are the estimated total N2O

reductions emission reductions in this field?

**Description:** Estimated total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

completion or annually, as appropriate. Conversion rate is one ton of  $N_2O = 298$  tons of  $CO_2eq$ .

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in

CO<sub>2</sub>eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field offsets produced

Data element name: Field offsets produced Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been

produced in this field?

Description: Total carbon offsets produced in the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Offsets are defined

as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field insets produced

Data element name: Field insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been

produced in this field?

**Description:** Total carbon insets produced in the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a

firm.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Other field measurement

Data element name: Other field Reporting question: Were data collected from the field for

measurement reasons other than GHG benefit estimation?

**Description:** Direct physical measurements or data collection taken in the field for any reason other than GHG benefits estimation. These reasons could include calibration of GHG estimation tools or models, tracking other environmental benefits (see Field environmental benefits report), and other reasons. If yes, submit

corresponding reports (see Supplemental data submission - Field direct measurement results).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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## GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

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Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

**Commodity type** 

Data element name: Commodity type 1-6 Reporting question: What type of commodity (ies) is produced

from this field?

**Description:** Type of commodity(ies) produced in field enrolled in the project. See full list of commodity options in Appendix B. The worksheet provides multiple columns with drop-down lists of the allowed values. Choose

one value for each column. Leave unnecessary columns blank

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None – all respond Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple

methods

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Practice type

Data element name: Practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

by this project?

**Description:** Which CSAF practice or practices are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented by the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple

methods

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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## **GHG** model

Data element name: GHG model Reporting question: What model was used for alternate calculation of GHG benefits?

Description: Select the model used for the alternate calculation of the field's GHG benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

## Allowed values:

- ACC Calculator
- Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU) Carbon Calculator
- AIRES
- APEX
- Bowen Ratio Energy Balance
- Carat-Calculator
- CArPE
- CDFA web-based calculator
- COMET-Farm
- COMET-Planner
- CoolFarm
- Cover Crop Explore
- CropTrak
- CultivateAl's FMIS
- DayCent-CR
- DNDC
- DSSAT
- Earth Optics
- EcoPractices
- EPIC
- Extrapolation based on literature
- FieldPrint
- Granular
- GREET
- gTIR
- IFSM
- IPCC default emissions factors & models
- itree
- Nitrogen Balance
- Nutrient Tracking Tool (NTT)
- RCD Project Tracker
- Revised Universal Soil Loss equation 2 (RUSLE2)
- RuFaS
- SAFE-Link
- SALUS (CIBO)
- SNAPGRAZE
- SquareRoots
- SWAT-C
- SYMFONI
- Truterra Sustainability Tool
- Verra
- WEPP
- YardStick
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Field

Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods

Data collection frequency: Annual

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Model start date	
Data element name: Model start date	<b>Reporting question:</b> For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model start date)?
<b>Description:</b> Date that the model parameters	s begin.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/1950 - 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Model end date	
Data element name: Model end date	<b>Reporting question:</b> For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model end date)?
<b>Description:</b> Date that the model parameters	s end.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023– 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	
<b>Data element name:</b> Total GHG benefits estimated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the alternate estimate of the field's total GHG emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total greenhouse gas emission rusing an alternate model.	reductions from practice implementation in the field estimated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	
Data element name: Total carbon stock	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of how much
estimated	carbon has the field has sequestered?
alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton c	sed on practice implementation in the field estimated using an
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple
Logic. None – an respond	methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total CO2 estimated	
Data element name: Total CO2 estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total CO2 emission reductions?
Description: Total carbon dioxide emission re	eductions based on practice implementation in the field estimated
using an alternate model.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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otal CH4 estimated	
Data element name: Total CH4 estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total CH4 emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total methane emission reductions based on praction an alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton of CH <sub>4</sub> = 25 tons	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
otal field N20 estimated	
Data element name: Total N2O estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total N2O emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on using an alternate method. Conversion rate is one ton of $N_2O$ = <b>Data type:</b> Decimal	TI (1)
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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## GHG Benefits - Measured

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Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

#### **GHG** measurement method

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: GHG measurement method

Reporting question: What measurement method is used to calculate GHG benefits?

Description: Field-based measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

 Emissions measurement unit

Flux towers

Litterbags

Plant measurements

 Portable emissions analyzers

Soil flux chambers

Soil samplesSoil sensors

Vehicle-mounted sensors

Other (specify)

Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this

field

Data collection level: Field

Data collection frequency:
Annual

Lab name

Data element name: Lab name Reporting question: What is the name of the lab that

processed the measurement samples?

Description: Name of entity that received data and conducted analysis of samples.Data type: TextSelect multiple values: NoMeasurement unit: NAAllowed values: Free textLogic: None – all respondRequired: If applicable

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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February 2023		
Measurement start date		
Data element name: Measurement start date	Reporting question: On what date did the measurement start?	
	as a single point in time, use the same date for start date r a time period, use the date that the measurements first	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Measurement end date		
Data element name: Measurement end date	<b>Reporting question:</b> On what date did the measurement end?	
and end date. If multiple measurements took place ove were completed.		
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023- 12/31/2030	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Total CO2 reduction calculated		
Data element name: Total CO2 reduction calculated  Description: Total annual CO2 emission reductions base	Reporting question: What are the total measured CO2 emission reductions? ed on practice implementation in the field calculated	
from in-field measurements.		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project takes carbon stock or greenhouse gasemission measurements in this field	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Total field carbon stock measured		
Data element name: Total field carbon stock measured	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the total amount of carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements in this field?	

The state of the s	ractice implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil samples should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and is one ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO2eq.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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Total CH4 reduction calculated	
Data element name: Total CH4 reduction calculated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the total measured CH4 emission reductions?
<b>Description:</b> Total annual methane emission reductions be from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is one ton of	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total N20 reduction calculated	,
Data element name: Total N2O reduction calculated	Reporting question: What are the total measured N2O emission reductions?
Description: Total annual nitrous oxide emission reduction	ns based on practice implementation in the field
calculated from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is	S
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or take
	carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission
	measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Soil sample result	
Data element name: Soil sample result	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the numeric result from this soil sample?
<b>Description:</b> Results of measurement(s) taken to determine in a specified volume of soil).	ne the carbon stock of a soil (the tons of carbon found
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: .00001-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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Soil sample result unit

Data element name: Soil sample result unit Reporting question: What is unit for the soil sample result?

**Description:** Unit for the corresponding soil sample result. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free

text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

PercentPpmGrams

Grams per cubic centimeter

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Measurement type

Data element name: Measurement type Reporting question: What type of analysis was conducted for

this soil sample?

**Description:** Type of soil analysis conducted. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Organic matterTotal organic carbonBulk density

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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## Additional Environmental Benefits

Un	ique	IDs
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Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
FaiiiiD	Offique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

### **Environmental benefits**

Data element name: Environmental Reporting question: Are environmental benefits other than

GHGs being tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking of environmental benefits other than greenhouse gas emission reductions and carbon sequestration in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Yes

No

I don't know Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss

Logic: None - all respond

Reporting question: Are reductions in nitrogen losses being Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen

tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking reductions in nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using

some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

> Yes No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss amount

Reporting question: How much reduction in nitrogen losses Data element

name: Reduction in nitrogen loss amount have been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of reduction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-1,000,000 Measurement unit: Amount

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in

nitrogen loss'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field

Data collection frequency: Annual

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Reduction in nitrogen loss amount unit	
	Reporting question: What is the unit for how much reduction in nitrogen losses have been measured in the field? uction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.  Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
Wedsarement unit. category	Kilograms
	Metric tons
	<ul> <li>Pounds</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in nitrogen loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss purpose	
Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen loss purpose	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the purpose of tracking reduction in nitrogen losses?
appropriate value as free text in the addition	n nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
medsarement and eutegory	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Reduction in nitrogen loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	
Data element name: Reduction in phosphorus loss	Reporting question: Are reductions in phosphorus losses being tracked in the field?
6. (5)	horus losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
using some form of monitoring and reporting	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
G AL NW 04900 5-0090 40 W 8	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Data collection level: Field  Reduction in phosphorus loss amount	
Data collection level: Field	Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses have been measured in the field?
Data collection level: Field  Reduction in phosphorus loss amount  Data element name: Reduction in phosphorus loss amount	Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses
Data collection level: Field  Reduction in phosphorus loss amount  Data element name: Reduction in phosphorus loss amount	Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses have been measured in the field?
Data collection level: Field  Reduction in phosphorus loss amount  Data element name: Reduction in phosphorus loss amount  Description: Total amount of reduction in ph	Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses have been measured in the field? cosphorus losses that is measured in the field.
Data collection level: Field  Reduction in phosphorus loss amount  Data element name: Reduction in phosphorus loss amount  Description: Total amount of reduction in phosphorus Decimal	Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses have been measured in the field? cosphorus losses that is measured in the field.  Select multiple values: No

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Reduction in phosphorus loss amount unit	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in
phosphorus loss amount unit	phosphorus losses measured in the field?
- 直発性 (1995) - April (1995) - Apri	duction in phosphorus losses that is measured in the enrolled field. I
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate va	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Kilograms</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Metric tons</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pounds</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
phosphorus loss'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss purpose	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reductions
phosphorus loss purpose	in phosphorus losses?
1 E 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	in phosphorus losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter
the appropriate value as free text in the ad-	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
phosphorus loss'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality	
Data element name: Other water quality	<b>Reporting question:</b> Are other water quality metrics being tracked in the field?
Description: Project tracking of other water	quality metrics in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
using some form of monitoring and reporting	ng that can quantify benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes
and the statement of th	

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Data collection frequency: Annual

Data collection level: Field



Other water quality type	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What type of other water quality metric
type	have been measured in the field?
measured in the field. If "other" is chosen, e	etric (besides nitrogen loss and phosphorus loss reductions) that is enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Sediment load reduction</li> </ul>
	Temperature
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: How much reduction in other water quality
amount	metrics have been measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of reduction in of	ther water quality metrics that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount unit	
<b>Data element name:</b> Other water quality amount unit	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the unit for the reduction in other water quality metrics measured in the field?
	duction in other water quality metrics that is measured in the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.  Select multiple values: No
TREE.	Allowed values:
Measurement unit: Category	Degrees F
	Kilograms
	Kilograms     Kilograms per liter
	• Kilografiis per liter
	Metric tons
	Metric tons     Pounds
	• Pounds
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

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Other water quality purpose	
<b>Data element name:</b> Other water quality purpose	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking other water quality benefits?
	r quality benefits in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing offsets
	I don't know     Other (specific)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water	Other (specify)  Required: Yes
quality'	AST 501 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity	
Data element name: Water quantity	<b>Reporting question:</b> Is water conservation being tracked in the field?
The state of the s	or reduction in use in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a
minimum using some form of monitoring an	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
Lasia. Decembed if use to (Environmental	I don't know     Required: Yes
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: 1es
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount	The Court of the C
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: How much water conservation has been
amount	measured in the field?
<b>Description:</b> Total amount of water conserv	ation or reduction that is measured in the field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount unit	
Data element name: Water quantity amount unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of water conservation measured in the field?
그 장마리 교통이 살아가 되었다. 이번 경우 하고 있는 것이 없는 사람들이 살아 있다면 하는 그렇게 되었다면 그 가장 없어 보고 있다면 하는 것이 없다는 보고 모르고 있었다.	ater conservation or reduced use that is measured and reported in
	the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acre-feet
	Cubic feet
Leefa Dannerd Hunger Officer and J	Other (specify)  Required Yes
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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Water quantity purpose Data element name: Water quantity Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking water conservation? Description: Purpose of tracking water conservation or reductions in water use in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column. Data type: List Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: Commodity marketing **Producing insets** Producing offsets I don't know Other (specify) Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity' Required: Yes Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual Reduced erosion Data element name: Reduced erosion Reporting question: Is reduced soil erosion being tracked in the Description: Tracking of reduced soil erosion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits. Data type: List Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: Yes No I don't know Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental Required: Yes benefits' Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual Reduced erosion amount Data element name: Reduced erosion Reporting question: How much erosion reduction has been measured in the field? amount Description: Total amount of erosion reduction that is measured in the enrolled field. Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000 Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion' Required: Yes Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual Reduced erosion amount unit Data element name: Reduced erosion unit Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of erosion reduction measured? Description: Unit for the total amount of erosion reduction from enrolled fields that is measured and reported by the project. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column. Data type: List Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: Tons Other (specify)

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Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Annual

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'

Data collection level: Field



Reduced erosion purpose	
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced
purpose	erosion in the field?
- Description of the graph of the part of the profit of the filter of th	osion the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate
value as free text in the additional column.  Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
88 (F) (F)	Allowed values:
Measurement unit: Category	Commodity marketing
	Producing insets
	Producing insets     Producing offsets
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: Is reduced energy use being tracked in the
B	field?
form of monitoring and reporting that can qu	in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
Weastrement unit. Category	Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
benefits'	0.000-14-000-0-000-0-0-000
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use amount	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: How much energy use reduction has been
amount	measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of energy use red	uction that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduced energy use amount unit	
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: What is the unit for the energy use
<b>Description:</b> Unit for the total amount of end	reduction measured in the field? ergy use reduction that is measured in the enrolled field. If "other"
is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Kilowatt hours
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy	Required: Yes
use'	

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Reduced energy use purpose

Data element name: Reduced energy use Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced

urpose energy use in the field?

Description: Purpose of tracking reduced energy use in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity marketingProducing insetsProducing offsets

I don't knowOther (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy

use'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: Is avoided land conversion being tracked in

conversion the field?

**Description:** Tracking of avoided land conversion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits. Land conservation means land use changing from

agricultural uses to non-agricultural uses.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes
 No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion amount

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: How much avoided land conversion has

conversion amount been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of avoided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land

conversion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion amount unit

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of avoided

conversion unit land conversion measured in the field?

Description: Unit for the total amount of avoided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field. If

"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Acres

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land

conversion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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Avoided land conversion purpose Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking avoided land conversion in the field? conversion purpose Description: Purpose of tracking avoided land conversion in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column. Data type: List Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: Commodity marketing **Producing insets** Producing offsets I don't know Other (specify) Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land Required: Yes conversion' Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual Improved wildlife habitat Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: Are improvements to wildlife habitat being tracked in the field? habitat Description: Tracking of improvements to wildlife in and around the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits. Select multiple values: No Data type: List Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: Yes No I don't know Required: Yes Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits' Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual Improved wildlife habitat amount Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: How much improved wildlife habitat has habitat amount been measured in the field? Description: Total amount of improved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around the enrolled fields. Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000 Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife Required: Yes habitat' Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual Improved wildlife habitat amount unit Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of improved wildlife habitat measured in the field? habitat unit Description: Unit for the total amount of improved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around enrolled fields. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column. Data type: List Select multiple values: No Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category Acres Linear feet Other (specify)

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife

habitat'

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Required: Yes



Data collection level: Field

Improved wildlife habitat purpose	
A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking improved wildlife habitat in the field? wildlife habitat in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:  Commodity marketing  Producing insets  Producing offsets  I don't know  Other (specify)
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife habitat'	Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Annual

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#### **CSAF Practice Sub-questions**

For some CSAF practices, there is an additional set of questions that are unique to each practice. Responses to these questions are needed to verify estimated GHG benefits of these practices. If a field is implementing a CSAF practice with an NRCS CPS code in Table 11, answer the follow-up questions listed next to the relevant practice name in the table. Use the *Supplemental Reporting Workbook – CSAF Practice Sub-questions* to report the required information.

Table 11. Follow-on questions for select CSAF practices

Practice name and code	Follow-up question	Options (select one)
Alley Cropping (CPS 311)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Anaerobic Digester (CPS 366)	Waste storage system prior to installing anaerobic digester	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Digester type	Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring Complex mix with energy generation Plug flow with energy generation Other (specify)
	Additional feedstock source (select most common if using more than one)	Food waste Straw or bedding Wastewater Other (specify)

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		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
	Euglitung hafara installation	Kerosene
	Fuel type before installation	Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount before installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Fuel amount unit before	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene)
		Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
<b>Combustion System</b>		Other (specify)
Improvement (CPS 372)	3	Coal
CARRON CONTRACTOR OF STATE OF		Diesel
	Fuel type after installation	Electricity
		Gasoline
		Kerosene
		Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount after installation	0-1,000,000
	:	Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Samplifies at the control of the	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene)
	Fuel amount unit after	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
		Other (specify)
		Brassicas
es since Hereker	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses
Conservation Cover		Legumes
(CPS 327)		Non-legume broadleaves
	1/28	Shrubs

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		Brassica
		Broadleaf
	Conservation crop type	Cool season
	conservation crop type	Grass
		Legume
	1	Warm season
		Added perennial crop
Conservation Crop Rotation	Change implemented	Reduced fallow period
(CPS 328)	2	Both
(CF 3 328)		Conventional (plow, chisel, disk)
		No-till, direct seed
	Conservation crop rotation tillage type	Reduced till
	conservation crop rotation tinage type	Strip till
		None
	V	Other (specify)
	Total conservation crop rotation length in days	1-120
	Strip width (feet)	1-100
Contour Buffer Strips (CPS	19-	Grasses
332)	Species category	Forbs
	200 ACMAND CANCEL DIRECTOR CONTROL CON	Mix
		Brassicas
	Species category (select most	Forbs
	common/extensive type if using more	Grasses
	than one)	Legume
		Non-legume broadleaves
	1.5	Grazing
Cause Case (CDS 240)	Cover crop planned management	Haying
Cover Crop (CPS 340)		Termination
	1	Burning
		Herbicide application
	6	Incorporation
	Cover crop termination method	Mowing
		Rolling/crimping
		Winter kill/frost
		Grass
	Species category (select most	Grass legume/forb mix
Critical Area Planting (CPS	common/extensive type if using more	Herbaceous woody mix
342)	than one)	Perennial or reseeding
	than one)	Shrubs
		Trees
	Crude protein (percent)	0-100
	Fat (percent)	0-100
Feed Management (CPS 592)	2	Chemical
. eee management (en 3 332)	F. J. 1191	Edible oils/fats
	Feed additives/supplements	Seaweed/kelp
		Other (specify)
	E	Forbs
Filld D /one one)	Species category (select most	Grasses
Field Border (CPS 386)	common/extensive type if using more	Mix
	than one)	Shrubs

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	Strip width (feet)	20-1,000
Filter Strip (CPS 393)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using	Forbs Grasses
	more than one)	Mix
	more than one)	Shrubs
		Forest
		Multi-story cropping
Forest Farming (CPS 379)	Land use in previous year	Pasture/grazing land
		Row crops
		Other agroforestry
		Maintain or improve forest carbon stocks Maintain or improve forest health and productivity
		Maintain or improve forest structure and
Forest Stand	Purpose for implementation	composition
Improvement (CPS 666)		Maintain or improve wildlife, fish, and
		pollinator habitat
		Manage natural precipitation more efficientl
		Reduce forest pest pressure
		Reduce forest wildfire hazard
Grassed Waterway (CPS	Species category (select most	Flowering Plants
412)	common/extensive type if using	Forbs
	more than one)	Grasses
	Species category (select most	Grasses
Hedgerow Planting (CPS	common/extensive type if using	Shrubs
422)	more than one)	Trees
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Species category (select most	Forbs
	common/extensive type if using	Grasses
Herbaceous Wind	more than one)	Mix
Barriers (CPS 603)	more trial one,	Shrubs
The state of the s	Barrier width (feet)	1-1,000
	Number of rows	1-100
		Gravel
	Mulch type	Natural
Mulching (CPS 484)	Mulcii type	Synthetic
25.55 17		Wood
	Mulch cover (percent of field)	0-100

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	Nutrient type with CPS 590	Biosolids Commercial fertilizers Compost EEF (nitrification inhibitor) EEF (slow or controlled release) EEF (urease inhibitor) Green manure Liquid animal manure Organic by-products Organic residues or materials Solid/semi-solid animal manure Wastewater
	Nutrient application method with CPS 590	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
Nutrient management (CPS 590)	Nutrient application method in the previous year	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
	Nutrient application timing with CPS 590	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application timing in the previous year	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application rate with CPS 590	0-20,000
	Nutrient application rate unit with CPS 590	Gallons per acre Pounds per acre
	Nutrient application rate change	Decrease compared to previous year Increase compared to previous year No change
Pasture and Hay Planting	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Cool-season broadleaf Cool-season grass Warm-season broadleaf Warm-season grass
(CPS 512)	Termination process	Grazing Haying (i.e., cutting and baling) Other (specify)
Prescribed Grazing (CPS 528)	Grazing type	Cell grazing Deferred rotational Management intensive Rest-rotation

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Range Planting (CPS 550)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs Grasses Legumes Shrubs Trees
Residue and Tillage Management – No-till (CPS 329)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row only
Residue and Tillage Management – Reduced Till (CPS 345)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row/ridge tillage for planting Shallow across most of the soil surface Vertical/mulch
Riparian Forest Buffer	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CPS 391)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Riparian Herbaceous Cover (CPS 390)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Ferns Forbs Grasses Legumes Rushes Sedges
Roofs and Covers (CPS 367)	Roof/cover type	Concrete Flexible geomembrane Metal Timber Other (specify)
Silvopasture (CPS 381)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Forage Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Strip width (feet)	1-1,000
Stripcropping (CPS 585)	Crop category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Erosion resistant crops Fallow Sediment trapping crops
	Number of strips	2-100
Tree/Shrub Establishment	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CPS 612)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Vegetative Barrier (CPS 601)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses Grass forb mix Grass legume mix
	Barrier width (feet)	3-1,000

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Waste Separation Facility	Separation type	Chemical (e.g., salts, polymers) Mechanical (e.g., screens, presses) Settling basin
(CPS 632)	Most common use of solids	Bedding Field applied Other (specify)
Waste Storage Facility (CPS 313)	Waste storage system prior to installing your waste storage facility	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
Waste Treatment (CPS 629)	Treatment type	Biological Chemical Mechanical
Waste Treatment Lagoon (CPS 359)	Waste storage system prior to installing waste treatment lagoon	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Is there a lagoon cover/crust?	Yes No Yes
	Is there lagoon aeration?	No

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	Species category (select most	Coniferous trees	
Windbreak/Shelterbelt	common/extensive type if using	Deciduous trees	
Establishment and	more than one)	Shrubs	
Renovation (CPS 380)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000	

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#### Appendix A: Climate-smart Agriculture and Forestry Practices

All NRCS Practice Standards	(not limited to climate-smart	practices)

309, Agrichemical Handling Facility
311, Alley Cropping
313, Martin Straight Straigh

313, Waste Storage Facility 393, Filter Strip 314, Brush Management 394, Firebreak

315, Herbaceous Weed Treatment 395, Stream Habitat Improvement and Management

316, Animal Mortality Facility
396, Aquatic Organism Passage
317, Composting Facility
397, Aquaculture Pond
318, Short Term Storage of Animal Waste and By-Products
398, Fish Raceway or Tank

319, On-Farm Secondary Containment Facility
320, Irrigation Canal or Lateral
399, Fishpond Management
400, Bivalve Aquaculture Gear and Biofouling Control

324, Deep Tillage 402, Dam

325, High Tunnel System
326, Clearing and Snagging
327, Conservation Cover
328, Conservation Crop Rotation
410, Grade Stabilization Structure
410, Grade Stabilization Structure
412, Grassed Waterway
420, Wildlife Habitat Planting
422, Hedgerow Planting

329, Residue and Tillage Management, No Till 423, Hillside Ditch

330, Contour Farming 428, Irrigation Ditch Lining

331, Contour Orchard and Other Perennial Crops 428A, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,

332, Contour Buffer Strips Plain Concrete

333, Amending Soil Properties with Gypsum Products 428B, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,

334, Controlled Traffic Farming
336, Soil Carbon Amendment
337, Prescribed Burning
338, Prescribed Burning
339, Cover Crop
428C, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,
Galvanized Steel
430, Irrigation Pipeline

342, Critical Area Planting
432, Dry Hydrant
345, Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till
436, Irrigation Reservoir

348, Dam, Diversion 441, Irrigation System, Microirrigation

350, Sediment Basin 442, Sprinkler System

351, Well Decommissioning
443, Irrigation System, Surface and Subsurface
353, Monitoring Well
447, Irrigation and Drainage Tailwater Recovery
355, Groundwater Testing
449, Irrigation Water Management

356, Dike and Levee 450, Anionic Polyacrylamide (PAM) Application

359, Waste Treatment Lagoon 453, Land Reclamation, Landslide Treatment 455, Land Reclamation, Toxic Discharge Control

362, Diversion 457, Mine Shaft and Adit Closing

366, Anaerobic Digester 460, Land Clearing

367, Roofs and Covers 462, Precision Land Forming and Smoothing

368, Emergency Animal Mortality Management 464, Irrigation Land Leveling 371, Air Filtration and Scrubbing 466, Land Smoothing

372, Combustion System Improvement 468, Lined Waterway or Outlet

373, Dust Control on Unpaved Roads and Surfaces 472, Access Control 374, Energy Efficient Agricultural Operation 484, Mulching

375, Dust Management for Pen Surfaces 490, Tree/Shrub Site Preparation 376, Field Operations Emissions Reduction 500, Obstruction Removal

378, Pond 511, Forage Harvest Management 379, Forest Farming 512, Pasture and Hay Planting

380, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation 516, Livestock Pipeline 520, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Soil Treatment

382, Fence 521, Pond Sealing or Lining, Geomembrane or

383, Fuel Break Geosynthetic Clay Liner

384, Woody Residue Treatment

521A, Pond Sealing or Lining, Flexible Membrane

521B, Pond Sealing or Lining, Soil Dispersant

521C, Pond Sealing or Lining, Bentonite Sealant

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521D, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Clay Treatment

522, Pond Sealing or Lining - Concrete

527, Sinkhole Treatment 528, Prescribed Grazing 533, Pumping Plant

543, Land Reclamation, Abandoned Mined Land 544, Land Reclamation, Currently Mined Land 548, Grazing Land Mechanical Treatment

550, Range Planting

554, Drainage Water Management

555, Rock Wall Terrace 557, Row Arrangement 558, Roof Runoff Structure

560, Access Road

561, Heavy Use Area Protection 562, Recreation Area Improvement

566, Recreation Land Improvement and Protection

570, Stormwater Runoff Control

572, Spoil Disposal 574, Spring Development 575, Trails and Walkways 576, Livestock Shelter Structure

578, Stream Crossing

580, Streambank and Shoreline Protection

582, Open Channel

584, Channel Bed Stabilization

585, Stripcropping

587, Structure for Water Control

588, Crosswind Ridges 589, Cross Wind Trap Strips 590, Nutrient Management

591, Amendments for Treatment of Agricultural Waste

592, Feed Management

595, Pest Management Conservation System

600, Terrace

601, Vegetative Barrier 602, Equitable Relief

603, Herbaceous Wind Barriers

604, Saturated Buffer 605, Denitrifying Bioreactor 606, Subsurface Drain 607, Surface Drain, Field Ditch

608, Surface Drain, Main or Lateral

609, Surface Roughening

610, Salinity and Sodic Soil Management

612, Tree/Shrub Establishment

614, Watering Facility 620, Underground Outlet 629, Waste Treatment 630, Vertical Drain 632, Waste Separation Facility

633, Waste Recycling 634, Waste Transfer

635, Vegetated Treatment Area 636, Water Harvesting Catchment 638, Water and Sediment Control Basin

640, Waterspreading 642, Water Well

643, Restoration of Rare or Declining Natural Communities

644, Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management 645, Upland Wildlife Habitat Management

646, Shallow Water Development and Management 647, Early Successional Habitat Development-Mgt

649, Structures for Wildlife

650, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Renovation

654, Road/Trail/Landing Closure and Treatment

655, Forest Trails and Landings 656, Constructed Wetland 657, Wetland Restoration 658, Wetland Creation 659, Wetland Enhancement 660, Tree-Shrub Pruning 666, Forest Stand Improvement

670, Energy Efficient Lighting System 672, Energy Efficient Building Envelope 736, Crop By-Product Transfer, Interim 724, Water Treatment Facility, Interim 735, Waste Gasification Facility, Interim

737, Reduced Water and Energy Coffee Conveyance

System, interim

740, Pond Sealing and Lining, Soil Cement, interim

751, Individual Terrace, interim 753, Infiltration Ditch, interim 755, Well Plugging, interim

770, Livestock Confinement Facility, interim 775, Drainage Ditch Covering, interim 782, Phosphorus Removal System, interim 800, Controlling Existing Flowing Wells, interim

803, Water Well Disinfection, interim

805, Amending Soil Properties with Lime, interim

808, Soil Carbon Amendment, interim

809, Conservation Harvest Management, interim 810, Annual Forages for Grazing Systems, interim

812, Raised Beds, interim

815, Groundwater Recharge Basin or Trench, interim

817, On-Farm Recharge, interim

818, Water Conservation System, interim

821, Low Tunnel Systems, interim 823, Organic Management, interim

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Other CSAF Practices
Traditional or cultural practices
Microbial products
Solar power generation
Grain bin construction
Pre-season drainage

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Appendix B: Commodity List

CROPS CINNAMON HYBRID POPLAR TREES

ALFALFA CLOVER IDLE ALMONDS COCONUTS INDIGO

AMARANTH GRAIN COFFEE ISRAEL MELONS
APPLES CORN JACK FRUIT

APRICOTS COTTON ELS JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES

ARONIA (CHOKEBERRY) **COTTON UPLAND JICAMA ARTICHOKES CRANBERRIES JOJOBA ASPARAGUS** CRENSHAW MELON JUJUBE **ATEMOYA** CRUSTACEAN **JUNEBERRIES AVOCADOS CUCUMBERS** KENAF **BAMBOO SHOOTS** KHORASAN **CURRANTS BANANAS** DASHEEN **KIWIBERRY** BARLEY DATES **KIWIFRUIT** 

BEANS DURIAN KOCHIA (PROSTRATA)

BEETS EGGPLANT KOHLRABI

BIRDSFOOT/TREFOIL EINKORN KOREAN GOLDEN MELON

**BLUEBERRIES ELDERBERRIES KUMQUATS BREADFRUIT** LAMBS EAR **EMMER** BROCCOFLOWER FIGS LEEKS BROCCOLI **FINFISH LEMONS** BROCCOLINI FLAX **LENTILS BRUSSEL SPROUTS FLOWERS LESPEDEZA** FORAGE SOYBEAN/SORGHUM BUCKWHEAT LETTUCE CABBAGE GAILON LIMES GARLIC CACAO LONGAN **CACTUS GENIP** LOQUATS CAIMITO **GINGER** LYCHEE CALABAZA MELON GINSENG MANGOS **CALALOO** GOOSEBERRIES **MANGOSTEEN** 

CAMELINA GOURDS MAPLE SAP
CANARY MELON GRAPEFRUIT MAYHAW BERRIES
CANARY SEED GRAPES MEADOWFOAM
CANEBERRIES GRASS MILKWEED
CANISTEL GREENS MILLET

CANOLA GROUND CHERRY MIXED FORAGE
CANTALOUPES GUAMABANA/SOURSOP MOHAIR
CARAMBOLA (STAR FRUIT) GUAR MOLLUSK
CARROTS GUAVA MORINGA
CASHEW GUAVABERRY MULBERRIES

**GUAYULE CASSAVA MUSHROOMS** CAULIFLOWER HAZEL NUTS MUSTARD CELERIAC **HEMP NECTARINES CELERY HERBS** NIGER SEED NON CHERIMOYA **HESPERALOE CHERRIES** HONEY OATS CHESTNUTS **HONEYBERRIES OKRA** CHICORY/RADICCHIO HONEYDEW **OLIVES** ONIONS CHINESE BITTER MELON HOPS HORSERADISH CHRISTMAS TREES **ORANGES CHUFAS HUCKLEBERRIES PAPAYA** 

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LIVESTOCK

**BEEF COWS** 

**ALPACAS** 

**TURKEYS** 

#### USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

PARSNIP STRAWBERRIES
PASSION FRUITS SUGAR BEETS
PAWPAW SUGARCANE
PEACHES SUNFLOWERS
PEANUTS SUNN HEMP
PEARS TANGELOS

PEARSTANGELOSBEEFALOPEASTANGERINESBUFFALO OR BISONPECANSTANGORSCHICKENS (BROILERS)PENNYCRESSTANGOSCHICKENS (LAYERS)PEPPERSTANNIERDAIRY COWS

PERENNIAL PEANUTS TARO DEER TEA **DUCKS** PERIQUE TOBACCO TEFF **PERSIMMONS ELK** PINE NUTS TI **EMUS PINEAPPLE TOBACCO CIGAR WRAPPER EQUINE PISTACHIOS TOBACCO BURLEY GEESE TOBACCO BURLEY 31V GOATS** 

PITAYA/DRAGONFRUIT **PLANTAIN TOBACCO CIGAR BINDER HONEYBEES PLUMCOTS** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER LLAMAS **PLUMS** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER BINDER REINDEER **POMEGRANATES** TOBACCO DARK AIR CURED SHEEP **POTATOES TOBACCO FIRE CURED SWINE** 

WAX JAMBOO FRUIT

POTATOES SWEET TOBACCO FLUE CURED PRUNES TOBACCO MARYLAND

PSYLLIUM TOBACCO VIRGINIA FIRE CURED

**PUMMELO TOMATILLOS PUMPKINS TOMATOES** QUINCES TREES TIMBER QUINOA TRITICALE **RADISHES TRUFFLES RAISINS TURNIPS RAMBUTAN** VETCH RAPESEED WALNUTS WAMPEE RHUBARB RICE WASABI RICE SWEET WATERMELON

RUTABAGA WHEAT

RYE WILLOW SHRUB
SAFFLOWER WINTER MELON
SAPODILLA WOLFBERRY/GOJI

SAPOTE YAM

SCALLIONS SESAME SHALLOTS SORGHUM

RICE WILD

SORGHUM DUAL PURPOSE

SORGHUM FORAGE

SOYBEANS SPELT SQUASH

STAR GOOSEBERRY

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