

# NOTICE OF GRANT AND AGREEMENT AWARD

Award Identifying Number	2. Amendr	nent Number	3. Award /Project Period		4. Type of award instrument:
NR233A750004G004			Date of final signature - 12/31	1/2025	Grant Agreement
5. Agency (Name and Address)  USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities c/o FPAC-BC Grants and Agreements Division 1400 Independence Ave SW, Room 3236 Washington, DC 20250 Direct all correspondence to FPAC.BC.GAD@usda.gov		6. Recipient Organization AGRICAPTURE, INC. 1 MUSIC CIRCLE SOUT NASHVILLE TN 37203 UEI Number / DUNS Nur EIN:	ТН	e and Address) Q9KXGYUFL8B5 / 118124834	
7. NRCS Program Contact	Lander Committee of the	Administrative ontact	Recipient Program     Contact		Recipient Administrative     Contact
Name: ALLISON COSTA	Name: Me	lanie Krizmanich	Name: Tyler Hull		Name: Clara Purk
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11. CFDA	12. Author	itv	13. Type of Action		14. Program Director
H 44 ST E4 4		.75 <b>5</b> )	The second second		
10.937	15 USC 71	14 et seq	New Agreement		Name: Clara Purk (b)(6)
					(8)(6)
15. Project Title/ Description: E implementation and monitoring					
16. Entity Type: Q = For-Profit	Organizatio	n (Other than Small B	usiness)		
17. Select Funding Type					
Select funding type:		⋉ Federal		⊠ Non-Federal	
Original funds total		\$7,499,978.00		\$6,836,784.00	
Additional funds total		\$0.00		\$0.00	
Grand total		\$7,499,978.00		336,78	4.00
18. Approved Budget		,	,		-

Personnel	\$906,512.00	Fringe Benefits	\$190,368.00
Travel	\$79,251.00	Equipment	\$0.00
Supplies	\$0.00	Contractual	\$542,355.00
Construction	\$0.00	Other	\$5,781,492.00
Total Direct Cost	\$7,499,978.00	Total Indirect Cost	\$0.00
		Total Non-Federal Funds	\$6,836,784.00
		Total Federal Funds Awarded	\$7,499,978.00
		Total Approved Budget	14,336,762.000

This agreement is subject to applicable USDA NRCS statutory provisions and Financial Assistance Regulations. In accepting this award or amendment and any payments made pursuant thereto, the undersigned represents that he or she is duly authorized to act on behalf of the awardee organization, agrees that the award is subject to the applicable provisions of this agreement (and all attachments), and agrees that acceptance of any payments constitutes an agreement by the payee that the amounts, if any, found by NRCS to have been overpaid, will be refunded or credited in full to NRCS.

Name and Title of Authorized Government Representative Katina Hanson Acting Senior Advisor for Climate-Smart Commodities	Signature	KATINA HANSON	Digitally signed by KATINA HANSON Date: 2023.03.28 21:55:41 -04'00'	Date	
Name and Title of Authorized Recipient Representative Tyler Hull Director of Strategy	Signature	Tyla	Hull	Date	3/21/23

#### NONDISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

#### PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

The above statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. Section 522a).

#### Statement of Work

### Purpose

The purpose of this agreement, between the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and AgriCapture, Inc. (Recipient), is to build markets for climate-smart commodities and invest in America's climate-smart producers to strengthen U.S. rural and agricultural communities.

### Objectives

The objectives of this project are to support the production and marketing of climate-smart commodities by providing voluntary incentives to producers and landowners, including early adopters, to implement climate-smart agricultural production practices, activities, and systems on working lands; measure/quantify, monitor and verify the carbon and greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits associated with those practices; and develop markets and promote the resulting climate-smart commodities.

#### **Budget Narrative**

Amounts included in this budget narrative are estimates. Reimbursement or advance liquidations will be based on actual expenditures, not to exceed the amount obligated.

TOTAL BUDGET \$14,336,762

PERSONNEL \$906,512
FRINGE BENEFITS \$190,368
TRAVEL \$79,251
EQUIPMENT \$0
SUPPLIES \$0
CONTRACTUAL \$542,355
CONSTRUCTION (usually n/a) \$0
OTHER \$156,492
PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$5,625,000
TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$7,499,978
INDIRECT COSTS \$0
TOTAL FEDERAL FUNDS \$7,499,978

PERSONNEL \$3,774,535
FRINGE BENEFITS \$792,652
TRAVEL \$0
EQUIPMENT \$0
SUPPLIES \$120,000
CONTRACTUAL \$0
CONSTRUCTION (usually n/a) \$
OTHER \$0
PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$1,500,000
TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$6,187,187
INDIRECT COSTS \$649,597

Recipient has elected to use the de minimis indirect cost rate. Recipient has elected to use unrecovered indirect costs as match in the amount of \$649,597.

TOTAL NON-FEDERAL FUNDS \$6,836,784

Program income estimated at \$5,100,000 and will be recorded as cost-share. In the event program income generates less than the estimated amount, the recipient will contribute other unrestricted funds to meet the total match requirement; excess program income will be provided to farmers.

### Responsibilities of the Parties:

If inconsistencies arise between the language in this Statement of Work (SOW) and the General Terms and Conditions attached to the agreement, the language in this SOW takes precedence.

#### RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES:

Perform the work and produce the deliverables as outlined in this Statement of Work and attachments.

Ensure Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) clearance is obtained prior to conducting data collection from producers or other project participants, including data collection performed by subrecipients.

Comply with the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions.

Submit reports and payment requests to the ezFedGrants system as outlined in the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions. Reporting frequency is as follows:

- Performance Reports: Quarterly
- SF425 Financial Reports: Quarterly
- Detailed Progress Report: Quarterly

(The detailed progress report is in addition to the performance and financial reports referenced above and described in the general terms and conditions.)

# **Expected Accomplishments and Deliverables**

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

### **Resources Required**

See the Responsibilities of the Parties section for required resources, if applicable.

#### Milestones

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

# **GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

Please reference the below link(s) for the General Terms and Conditions pertaining to this award: https://www.fpacbc.usda.gov/about/grants-and-agreements/award-terms-and-conditions/index.html

Attachments:
Budget Narrative
Project Narrative
Benchmarks Table
Climate-Smart Practices List and Limitations
Data Dictionary
Climate-Smart Specific Terms and Conditions

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### I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A. Contact Information Company: AgriCapture, Inc.

Address: 1 Music Cir S Suite 320, Nashville, TN 37203, United States.

Website: www.agricapture.com.

Lead Project Administrator: Tyler Hull - (b)(6)

# B. List of Project Partners

University of Missouri, Justin Chlapecka, PhD. (Subawardee)

Cedar Woods Consulting, Van H. Ayers, Ed. D. (Subawardee)

Current Marketplace Buyers (November 2022)

Chipotle Mexican Grill, Inc. (Chipotle).

Blue Apron, Inc. (Blue Apron).

Dainty Foods, Inc. (Dainty).

Current Active Mills (November 2022)

McKaskle Family Farm, Braggadocio, Missouri.

Arkansas River Rice Mill, Pine Bluff, Arkansas.

Anheuser-Busch Mill, Jonesboro, Arkansas.

C. List of Historically Underserved/Minority-Focused Project Partners Arkansas River Rice Mill (Minority Owned Rice Mill).

# D. Project Description and Compelling Need for the Project

AgriCapture, Inc. (herein AgriCapture) seeks USDA support for its *Climate-Friendly*™ (CF) rice project benefitting climate-smart rice farmers in Arkansas, Mississippi, Missouri, Louisiana, Texas, and California. Climate-smart rice is rice cultivated with practices that reduce greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) with particular emphasis on methane (CH₄) reduction.

Most conventional rice produced in the Mississippi River Delta Region and Texas is in typical flooded fields. Under flooded conditions as with rice production, fields will produce CH<sub>4</sub>. This is a result of decomposing organic material under anaerobic conditions. According to Weaver-Missick (2000) "some studies show that up to 20% of global CH<sub>4</sub> emissions come from flooded rice fields". According to Linquist (2018) the "average growing season CH<sub>4</sub> emissions for the mid-

South and California were 194 (95% confidence interval [CI] = 129–260) and 218 kg CH<sub>4</sub> ha–1 season–1 (95% CI = 153–284), respectively".

Adoption of climate-smart rice has enormous GHG benefits. Climate-smart practices include Alternative Wetting and Drying (AWD) and Furrow Irrigated Rice (FIR), both of which refrain from flooding fields continuously throughout the growing season, thus reducing methane production. Additional climate-smart practices include reduced burning of rice stubble, early incorporation of rice stubble into the soil, and various techniques for improving nitrogen fertilizer efficiency. *AgriCapture's Climate-Friendly<sup>TM</sup> Rice Standard* (ACFRS) leverages these practices to certify climate-friendly rice farmers. Emission reductions estimates for implementing these and other practices are between 0.6 - 3.4 tCO<sub>2</sub>e per acre. On average, this equates to a hundredweight (CWT) of rice being associated with 8 -45 kilograms less GHG emissions. At \$65.63 per acre incremental on-farm practice cost, the abatement cost of 1 metric ton of CO<sub>2</sub>e is as low as \$19.30. By the year 2030, a 50% adoption rate of CF rice growing practices in the United States could permanently avoid over 4.4 million tCO<sub>2</sub>e per year.

Importantly for the Environmental Evaluation Team, no climate-smart practices employed through the ACFRS involve ground disturbance below the plow zone, such as fencing. No project activities involve concentrated animal feeding operations (CAFOs).

Furthermore, certain climate-smart agricultural practices implemented through this project meet NRCS practice standards while other practices follow AgriCapture's own standards as proven through record keeping and remote sensing.

The following practice changes meet NRCS Standards:

- 1. Efficient Nitrogen Management (Improve NUE 590): Implement the 4Rs of Nutrient Management (right rate, right source, right timing, and right placement) to optimize nitrogen use efficiency.
- 2. No burning (Residue and Tillage Management 345): Residue must not be burned at any time.
- 3. Incorporate Residue (Residue and Tillage Management 345): Rice straw must be incorporated 30 days prior to planting with a conservation tillage method.

The following practices meet AgriCapture Standards:

- 1. Furrow Irrigated Rice: Use furrow irrigation to irrigate rice and avoid flooding the field for the duration of the season.
- 2. Alternate Wetting and Drying: Prepare fields using typical practices, implement at least one drying period or more, if possible, at a time when the field would typically be flooded.
- Pre-season Drainage: The field must be drained prior to the growing season, no water seeding, or winter flooding is allowed.

All proposed climate smart practices are currently used in agricultural production in the US. The process for ensuring the implementation of these practices according to AgriCapture's standards is described below:

- Furrow Irrigated Rice: Irrigation records are analyzed to compare with conventional irrigation amounts. If these irrigation records do not fall below conventional levels, Normalized Difference Moisture Index (NDMI) analysis is conducted via satellite imagery to check for moisture levels.
- 2. Alternate Wetting and Drying: NDMI analysis is conducted via satellite imagery to check for a period of lower moisture during the season when it would typically remain flooded.
- 3. Pre-season Drainage: NDMI analysis via satellite imagery is conducted 30 days prior to the planting date to check for low moisture content.
- 4. No burning: Field boundaries are cross referenced with fire instances recorded by NASA satellites.
- Incorporation: Normalized Difference Tillage Index (NDTI) analysis via satellite imagery
  is conducted to determine the level of plant residue left on the field 30 days prior to
  planting.
- Efficient Nitrogen Management: Fertilizer records and receipts are analyzed and compared
  to conventional fertilizer methods. Using the 4Rs of nutrient management, improved
  nutrient efficiency is estimated.

In order to ensure that implementation of the climate-smart practices meet NRCS and/or AgriCapture standards, AgriCapture will engage in continuous consultation of NRCS agents by way of AgriCapture's Farmer Success Manager(s) hired to offer technical support to farmers throughout the project period and beyond. Additionally, farmers will be subject to reporting requirements outlined in the ACFRS to ensure NRCS and/or AgriCapture standards are maintained throughout.

In addition to the ACFRS, AgriCapture has developed markets for climate-smart rice and will leverage USDA funding (and supply significant match) to dramatically expand and accelerate its current market-making efforts. AgriCapture is partnered with rice farmers in Missouri, Arkansas, and Texas who are early adopters of climate-smart rice farming practices. (b)(4)

(b)(4)

The farms were certified using *AgriCapture's Climate-Friendly*™ *Rice Standard* (ACFRS) to ensure climate-smart practices were followed. (b)(4)

(b)(4)

For the 2022 growing season, AgriCapture is expanding its marketing. This year, AgriCapture has already enrolled 12 farmers consisting of 10,000 acres in its climate-smart rice program. This effort will guarantee a supply of climate-smart rice to customers. All farms will be certified under

the ACFRS.[b)(4)
(b)(4)

(b)(4)

However, given the nascency of the market for climate-smart rice, lack of demand visibility and minimal climate-smart infrastructure supply of climate-smart rice is limited in the near-term. Farmers must be guaranteed a premium for climate-smart rice to cover the cost of implementing and maintaining climate-smart practices; they do not have certainty that a premium will be available for their crop, at the beginning of the growing season when marketing and practice decisions must be made. In addition, climate-smart rice must be identity preserved throughout the storage, transportation, and milling process to preserve GHG benefits throughout the supply chain. Individual attempts by farmers or buyers to build identity preserved infrastructure make adoption cost prohibitive. These barriers result in slow adoption of climate-smart practices by farmers and fewer economies of scale that would bring down the price for interested buyers.

To quickly scale the market, incentives are needed for rice farmers to implement and maintain climate-smart practices, identity preserve their rice, and provide the necessary data to verify the rice meets climate-friendly standards (in order to build capacity in the supply chain while the demand side is being developed). Most of the funding in this grant request (75%) is for direct payments to rice producers who utilize climate-smart techniques and associated market-building and data management practices.

AgriCapture Guarantees. Farmers who follow the climate-smart practices outlined in the ACFRS will receive a guaranteed Producer Incentive of \$75 per acre per year. (b)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(4) The first payment will be made by July 1<sup>st</sup>, in the amount of \$25 per acre, contingent on successful rice planting on the contracted acres. The remaining payment in the amount of \$50 per acre will be made by December 15<sup>th</sup>, contingent upon all Farmer Requirements being met.

We anticipate that supply and demand will be mismatched in the first few years of the market, until an equilibrium is reached. As a result, the payment to farmers is a necessary guarantee provided at the beginning of the growing season to remove the demand visibility barrier and build the supply of CF rice, while AgriCapture builds demand on the buyer side. While demand capacity can increase throughout the year as business development is undertaken, supply is limited by the practices determined at the beginning of the growing season. This lack of true demand predictability in a nascent market makes these payment guarantees even more necessary. As the market is built and demand expands, farmers may receive an additional premium on their rice.

In addition, by scaling up climate-smart supply, the infrastructure cost to create an identity preserved value chain can be spread over multiple units, bringing down the premium buyers must pay and increasing overall demand. AgriCapture already has insight into the requirements of

creating the identity preserved supply chain and existing partnerships with rice mills to support additional capacity.

Through this USDA funding opportunity, AgriCapture will increase climate-smart efforts across all rice growing states while guaranteeing payments to farmers. AgriCapture will build a reliable, long-term buyer network capable of absorbing an increasing supply of climate-smart rice. Through support of the grant, AgriCapture aims to (over the next three years):

- 1. Increase the participating acreage from 10,000 acres to 40,000 acres.
- 2. Double the number of participating Rice Mills from 3 to 6, with strategic focus on adding Rice Mills in Texas and California to the network, which would provide milling capacity of 12 million bushels per year.
- 3. Increase the annual CF rice purchasing volume at premium pricing (b)(4)

  (b)(4)

  pounds annually.

  (c) (d)

  (d)

  (e)(4)

  pounds annually.
- Reduce emissions from the U.S. rice sector by 323,000 tCO2e. This is equivalent to 346,306,087 lbs. of burned coal according to the EPA GHG Equivalencies Calculator (2022).

AgriCapture will leverage its ACFRS standard to certify farmers that implement climate-smart practices. Quantification of GHG benefits of the Standard include modeling and soil testing. GHG benefits of climate-smart practices are modeled by project partner Regrow Agriculture Inc. (Regrow), while soil testing is carried out by project partner Deveron Corporation (Deveron). These contractors will be continuously reevaluated during the project period in the interest of finding the most advanced and economical options. The rice will be identity preserved throughout the value chain with the help of Mike Shook, or another identity preservation expert partner, while measurement, monitoring, reporting and verification (MMRV) will be carried out by AgriCapture staff under the advisement of relevant project partners.

AgriCapture is a leading developer of markets for climate-smart rice through existing partnerships with farmers, buyers, and millers and has pioneered an innovative MMRV standard for climate-smart rice. This funding opportunity will enable AgriCapture to further scale these efforts and create a self-sustaining, economically viable, market-based solution for climate-smart farmers to benefit from the production of rice with lower GHGs. Farmers participating in this effort will be receiving a premium for rice produced as a climate-smart commodity.

# E. Approach to Minimize Transaction Costs Associated with Project Activities

For rice to reach the consumer it must be grown, harvested, stored, milled, packaged, shipped, and distributed to groceries and restaurants before it is consumed. Additionally, for climate-smart rice, the agricultural production component must be monitored and certified. AgriCapture serves as a mediator between all these processes. Transaction costs will be minimized as AgriCapture, and its partners achieve economies of scale and refine operational processes to be more efficient. As processes become more institutionalized, AgriCapture will integrate methods to reduce transaction costs, including: (a) scaling technical assistance efforts to serve more farmers at a lower cost, (b) partnering with regional mills to reduce hauling costs, (c) negotiating with processors to

receive volume discounts at scale, (d) improving MMRV of climate-smart activities through technology investments, and (e) negotiating long-term contracts with buyers to reduce the individual cost purchases. Competition from other entities pursuing climate-smart rice will also be an incentive to reduce transaction costs.

F. Approach to Reduce Producer Barriers to Implementing Climate-Smart Agriculture and Forestry (CSAF) Practices for the Purpose of Marketing Climate-Smart Commodities

There are multiple barriers that prevent rice producers from implementing the production of climate-smart commodities. These are both financial and cultural. Clearly, there are rice producers who are producing rice in a climate-smart manner, whereas others are not. The cost of practice change (which is addressed by USDA CSP payments) is, therefore, not the only barrier to scaling and sustained CSAF practice adoption.

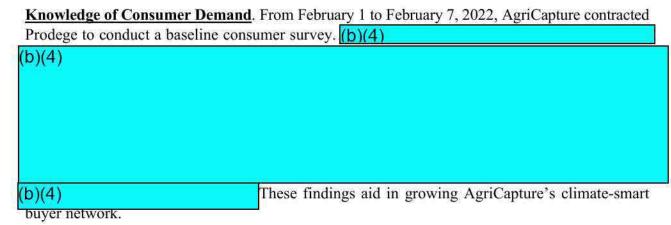
<u>Solutions to Barriers</u>. To increase adoption of climate-smart rice, climate-smart educational outreach will be conducted by AgriCapture staff and partners through field days, conferences, and farm visits as discussed in the *Budget Narrative*. MMRV of GHG benefits is undertaken by AgriCapture's GIS (Geographic Information Systems) team and the Data Analysts. Regarding a CSAF premium, AgriCapture's marketing team works with corporations with GHG emission reduction goals and spreads knowledge to rice retailers, wholesalers, and others about the end customer willingness to buy climate smart.

Another key barrier to the marketing of climate-smart rice lies in the necessity of identity preserving the rice throughout the supply chain from farmer to a premium buyer. This requires farmers to segregate rice during and after harvest, withhold marketing of the rice until a premium buyer is matched to the farmer's rice, and deliver rice to a mill with identity preservation capabilities, rather than a typical grain elevator. Costs associated with all aspects of this identity preserved value chain are incurred each year. By creating a premium market for climate-friendly rice, the costs associated with this extra effort to identity preserved can be recouped by the farmer.

A final barrier lies in demonstrating the greenhouse gas reductions for the specific rice purchased by a premium buyer. Absent third-party monitoring of practices and accounting of greenhouse gas benefits, buyers are wary of broad climate-smart claims. Proving that climate-friendly practices took place on a farm and quantifying greenhouse gas benefits can be done through analyzing farm data and records combined with innovative remote sensing technology. However, combing through data and providing it to a certifying agent is time consuming and can be resource intensive. Costs associated with data management are incurred each year a farmer undertakes additional effort to gather and provide data. Premium markets that generate producer incentives for strong data management practices helps ensure farmers provide accurate and timely data for assessment and reduces the risk of greenwashing and ensures a trusted and transparent market for climate-friendly certifications.

To date, AgriCapture has worked to overcome these barriers by working with producers who have high conviction in the ability to find a premium market for their rice, and as a result have been willing to take on the added costs to identity preserve and provide data prior to premiums being paid to them for their rice. This has been part of our 10,000-acre pilot. In order to maintain current

pilot acres and scale to reach farmers without the means to incur these costs upfront, producer incentives are critical. In addition, in 2022 only a small portion of these farmers were willing to incur additional storage costs after harvest while we work to make the market from November and beyond. As such, these producer incentives continue to be critical to enable AgriCapture to expand the program, scale this model and generate premiums from buyers.



CSAF Adoption. The production of rice using the AWD system can be implemented on many rice farms. One method is Multiple Inlet Rice Irrigation (MIRI) in which each area between rice levees is irrigated individually and at the same time. The use of poly pipe, which is polyethylene flexible tubing allows the movement of water to the separate paddies. In conventional rice production, water would be introduced to a paddy and then spilled over to the adjacent, through a levee gate, until the field is completely watered. AWD could be implemented by not maintaining a flooded field but using less water and then allowing that water to infiltrate or evaporate, followed by additional water a few days later. This allows the field to dry in the process but maintain soil saturation. MIRI is currently widely practiced in the Mississippi Delta. For both AWD and FIR, AgriCapture personnel will cooperate with both USDA-ARS and university staff to document the latest research on these methods and educate farmers. The AgriCapture Field Manager will facilitate the implementation of these efforts.

### G. Geographic Focus

Project geographical focus will include the following states (as well as the 2021 rice acreage by state) as recorded by the National Agriculture Statistics Service (2021). Arkansas: 1,240,000 acres; Louisiana: 460,000 acres; Missouri: 238,000 acres. Mississippi: 110,000 acres; Texas: 179,000 acres. The geographic focus will be increased to include California and other states with rice acreage (KY, TN, and IL). The Mississippi River Delta Region and Texas rice production accounts for approximately 84% of the total rice acreage in the United States with the remainder in California (USDA, 2021). Taking a closer look at the scaling of project activities across relevant states:

<u>Texas.</u> Between May and November of 2022, AgriCapture has signed up 2,300 acres across Texas, partnered with 3 farmers, and developed a relationship with the Texas Rice Council to equitably reach farmers looking to utilize climate smart practices. Furthermore, (b)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(4)

<u>California.</u> Once AgriCapture hires its first Farmer Success Manager, AgriCapture plans to expand its efforts in California by engaging with the California Rice Commission and the University of California Rice Research & Information Center. This will include attending the annual Rice Field Day at the Rice Experiment Station in Biggs, California. To strengthen the California-based value chain, the Climate-Friendly Product Manager will expend engagement efforts by onboarding California based mills once onboarding activities for Texas based mills are satisfactorily completed.

<u>Mississippi.</u> Once AgriCapture hires its first Farmer Success Manager, AgriCapture plans to expand its efforts in Mississippi by leveraging its already strong presence in the Mississippi River Delta and engaging with the Mississippi State University Delta Research and Extension Center.

<u>Louisiana</u>. Once AgriCapture hires its first Farmer Success Manager, AgriCapture plans to expand its efforts in Louisiana by way of Louisiana State University's extension program and engaging the Louisiana Rice Growers Association.

H. Project Management Capacity of Partners Including a Description of Existing Relationship with and/or Prior Experience Working with Producers or Landowners Promoting Climate-Smart Activities and Marketing Climate Smart Commodities

# Strategic Partners:

Arkansas River Rice Mill. Pine Bluff, AR. Arkansas River Rice Mill is owned by PJ Haynie, a fifth-generation farmer who serves on the USDA's Plant Variety Protection Act board, the National Black Growers Council as secretary treasurer, and on the Agricultural Advisory Council for Virginia's first congressional district. Manager Andy Morris served as senior buyer at Mars Inc. and as Director of Innovation at Riceland.

### Subawardees:

Van H. Ayers, Ed.D. Cedar Woods Consulting LLC. Ayers was employed by the University of Missouri Extension for over 34 years as an Agriculture and Rural Development Specialist. Ayers worked directly with low income, minority, women and beginning farmers. Efforts included the development of vegetable markets for low income and minority producers, speaking at Women in Agriculture events, and assisting beginning farmers, women and minorities with value added agriculture and other grants. Van has also been involved with rice related projects including irrigation scheduling, rice dryer and rice processing feasibility studies and business development.

**Justin Chlapecka**, **PhD.** University of Missouri. State Extension Rice Specialist. Dr. Chlapecka earned his BS in Chemistry and MS in Agriculture from Arkansas State University. He earned his PhD in Crop, Soil, and Environmental Science from the University of Arkansas. His doctoral research focused on irrigation and nutrient management of furrow-irrigated rice, more specifically nitrogen management. Justin's research program focuses on general agronomic practices relevant to rice production in the Mid-South, including cultivar testing, nutrient management strategies,

pest management, and cultural management such as planting date and crop rotation. Presently, he is working toward decreasing the yield lag associated with transitioning to furrow-irrigated rice on certain soil types through a variety of factors including pest management and fertility programs, which need to be managed differently when rice is not flooded.

II. A Plan to Pilot Climate Smart Agriculture and Forestry Practices on a Large Scale It is fully feasible that with proper incentives, FIR and AWD grown rice will be the predominate production systems. AgriCapture is aggressively marketing CF rice to customers and passing on incentives to farmers to implement climate-smart production practices.

# A. Description of CSAF Practices to be Deployed

To be certified under AgriCapture's Climate-Friendly Rice Standard (ACFRS), farmers must implement the following practices:

- A) Climate-Friendly Irrigation: Must grow rice with EITHER Alternate Wetting and Drying (AWD) OR Furrow Irrigated Rice (FIR).
- B) Alternative Residue Management: Burning of rice straw after harvest is PROHIBITED unless otherwise approved in writing on a limited exemption basis by an AgriCapture Agronomist. Rice straw must be incorporated or removed more than forty-five (45) days prior to the next planting date.
- C) Avoided winter flooding: Soils must aerate during the fallow season and cannot be intentionally flooded (exception is in the case of heavy rainfall) unless otherwise approved in writing on a limited exemption basis by an AgriCapture Agronomist in writing.

D) Efficiently Managed Nitrogen: Farmers may not apply greater than 230 pounds of Nitrogen per acre unless otherwise approved in writing on a limited exemption basis by an AgriCapture Agronomist.

In the last three decades, two predominant rice production systems have been studied which are proven to reduce CH<sub>4</sub> from rice fields. These include AWD and FIR. Both systems refrain from flooding fields continuously throughout the growing season, thus reducing methane production. In addition to these two production systems, there are a range of sustainable practices that can be employed to control GHG emissions and provide other environmental co-benefits.

Alternate Wetting and Drying (AWD). According to Henry (n.d.), University of Arkansas, AWD is described as follows:

AWD is alternatively known as intermittent flooding. AWD consists of flooding a field to a reasonable depth and allowing the flood to naturally subside to below the soil surface via infiltration and evapotranspiration. This subsidence can be a mud (or drier) consistency at the soil surface before reflooding depending on field specifics including soil texture and irrigation capacity. The timing, frequency, and extent of the wetting and drying cycles depend on rice growth stage, prevailing weather and field conditions, and grower comfort level with the practice. After holding the initial flood for three weeks, it is common to refrain from applying a flood for five or more days between wet-dry cycles when using AWD. A full flood is maintained at panicle initiation (green ring) and at flowering, when rice is most sensitive to water stress.

Mid-South producers have shown that when properly managed, AWD can reduce irrigation use while having no negative impact on grain yield. As much as one gallon of diesel fuel may be saved for every acre-inch of groundwater that is not pumped or is offset by the capture of rainfall. Edge of-field runoff is also reduced. Lastly, both CH<sub>4</sub> gas emissions and arsenic levels in grain are reduced when AWD flooding is practiced where the soil becomes aerobic for a short period of time. According to Benjamin (2019) an AWD production system in Arkansas reduced CH<sub>4</sub> production by 64.5% +/- 2.5%.

<u>Furrow Irrigated Rice or Row Rice (FIR)</u>. FIR is grown on a graded field, with no cross levees, but with levees to contain the water at the tail end of the field. The field is not flooded, apart from the area at the bottom of the field. Chlapeka (2021) describes the system as follows:

FIR is grown on slightly raised beds or flats with water furrows like the management style for most irrigated soybean [Glycine max (L.) Merr.], cotton (Gossypium hirsutum L.), and corn (Zea mays L.) in the region. However, unlike these systems, FIR is generally irrigated more frequently, and a tail levee can be constructed to hold a 10-to-20-cm flood at the bottom of the field. A tail levee allows for the bottom of the field to flood like the bottom paddy of a conventional flood rice (CFR) field, minimizing the amount of water lost out of the bottom of the field. Producers cite several reasons for the desire to increase FIR hectares, including decreased water use, less equipment and labor requirements, and an overall increase in quality of life outside of the farm. The increase in quality of life outside of the farm includes gaining more time to 1) interact with family and 2) for personal affairs during the growing season.

Emerging research in the Mississippi Delta indicates that the implementation of FIR may result in some N2O emissions. AgriCapture project partner Regrow is working with researchers in the Delta and will be able to model any such N2O emissions to ensure they are quantified. We will also have guidance with respect to means to mitigate increases in N2O emissions in such FIR systems.

### Further Farmer Requirements.

In addition to implementing the above CSAF practices, practice implementation under the ACFRS necessitates the following to be carried out by farmers.

(b)(4)

 Data Requirements: Farmer will supply to AgriCapture all nitrogen records, maps of fields, yield information, and irrigation records. Farmer consents to satellite monitoring, remote sensing, and soil sampling. AgriCapture will pay for satellite monitoring, remote sensing, and soil sampling.

As mentioned above, absent the adherence to the above requirements, creating a market for trusted climate-smart rice cannot be accomplished. These aspects are necessary to ensure premium buyers receive the climate-smart rice they are paying a premium for, and that emission reduction benefits are transparent and truthfully communicated to buyers.

### B. Plan to Recruit Producers and Landowners

AgriCapture will recruit rice producers and landowners across rice growing states. The Farmer Success Manager(s) will assist with these activities. The Farmer Success Manager will be hired at the beginning of the project with federal funds. An additional Farmer Success Manager will be hired as part of matching funds in early 2024 to support the additional acreage. The role of the Farmer Success Manager will be to interface with all enrolled farmers to ensure they understand required practice adoption and additional identity preservation and data management practices to maintain compliance with the program. In addition, they will ensure they are aware of all technical assistance available to farmers through AgriCapture's agronomist support as well as rice field days in their area that are supporting and demonstrating climate-friendly growing practices.

Furthermore, AgriCapture will advertise the program in regional agriculture press, including the Mid America Farmer Grower, Delta Farm Press, and related publications. AgriCapture will have information booths and sponsorships at several agriculture related functions and at field days across all rice growing states, as outlined in the budget narrative. AgriCapture will continue an online presence, with a website in which rice producers can enroll.

AgriCapture is currently implementing their program and is in the process of enrolling farmers for the 2022 season without USDA funds. AgriCapture, for project purposes, will enroll farmers

for the 2023, 2024 and 2025 growing seasons. Projected acreage and number of farmers is as follows in *Table 1: Project Acreage:* 

Year	Total Acreage Targeted	Number of Farmers
2022 (no federal funds)	10,000	12
2023	25,000	~20
2024	30,000	~ 30
2025	40,000	~ 40

Table 1: Project Acreage.

Typically rice farms consist of large-scale family-owned entities, with multiple landowners and numerous farmers. If we consider landowners, the estimated numbers would be 10, 15, 20 and 30 landowners for 2022, 2023, 2024 and 2025, respectively.

### C. Plan to Provide Technical Assistance, Outreach and Training

AgriCapture will initially use its own team of agronomists and field personnel to complete all the work outlined in this application. AgriCapture's Farmer Success Managers and Agronomists (hereafter referred to as AgriCapture staff) will provide technical assistance to farmers participating in the CF Rice program. Technical assistance from AgriCapture includes meetings with AgriCapture staff with experience in the practice changes, distribution of NRCS, IRRI, and Extension materials pertaining to the practice changes, and any other implementation assistance that the farmers may need. AgriCapture staff are continually taking measures to stay up to date with the most recent research and guidance for these newer practices in order to provide the best support possible. These measures include regular conversations with researchers, attending research field days (as needed, and to be evaluated throughout the project period), and frequent literature searches to maintain up to date information. The staff will assist in reviewing the field monitoring and troubleshoot any problems associated with implementing eligible practices.

AgriCapture personnel and specifically AgriCapture Agronomists will partner with Dr. Justin Chlapecka at the University of Missouri. Dr Chlapecka will be conducting AWD and FIR demonstrations at the Missouri Rice Research Farm in Glennonville, MO. Additionally, Dr. Chlapecka and others will produce guide sheets, write news articles, and present information at farmers' meetings throughout the rice growing region in the Mississippi River Delta Region. The Annual Missouri Rice Producers field day will showcase these field demonstrations. Dr. Chlapecka and AgriCapture personnel will be in contact with USDA-ARS, and USDA-NRCS employees to access and then implement the latest research related to these practices. Dr. Van Ayers will assist in coordinating these and other outreach and training activities. In addition, the Farmer Success Manager(s) will be responsible for reaching out to farmers to join the program, with specific focus on underserved producers, as outlined throughout this proposal.

Over the course of the project, AgriCapture will expand technical assistance efforts to accommodate increased producer and mill participation in new geographies. AgriCapture

Agronomists and Partner Success Managers will partner with regional extension offices and trade associations to provide technical assistance at field days and onboard farmers at conferences in Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas and California in response to interest from producers in those states.

D. Plan to Provide Financial Assistance for Producers/Landowners in Implement CSAF Practices The grant will pay farmers \$75 per acre each year to implement/maintain CSAF practices, identity preserve rice after harvest, defer marketing their rice crop, and contribute to AgriCapture farm maps, input records and yield data. Participating farmers will annually receive this Producer Incentives to financially assist with meeting all CSAF practice requirements, to offset costs of the new post-harvest supply chain management activities, to incentivize deferred rice marketing, and to incentivize farmers to annually provide input records to AgriCapture. Growers will receive partial payment (\$25 per acre) midseason upon successful planting of rice acres. The remaining Producer Incentive (\$50 per acre) will be made after harvest once all Farmer Requirements have been met. The \$75 per acre payment is further described in the Budget Narrative. Farmers may also earn up to an additional \$300 per acre from crop premiums paid by companies looking to purchase AgriCapture's Climate-Friendly Rice. The goal is that an established premium market for Climate-Friendly Rice will allow farmers to wean off the Producer Incentives from Federal Funds replace them with producer incentives in the form of premium crop values from the buyers of Climate-Friendly Rice.

### E. Plan to Enroll Underserved and Small Producers

Currently, 25% of AgriCapture's enrolled farmers meet the USDA definition of historically underserved (b)(4)

AgriCapture's target for this program is to increase the number of underserved or small producers enrolled in the program to at least 30% of farm participants. Farmers who fit the criteria of being underserved or small producers will be given priority in enrolment. AgriCapture employees will contact both Extension and USDA-NRCS personnel in rice producing counties to identify the underserved and small producers. All AgriCapture employees will make a concerted effort to identify underserved and small producers through their promotion efforts. Afterwards, AgriCapture personnel will contact these individuals personally for enrolment. AgriCapture has also distributed program materials to the National Black Growers Council and will seek utilize the Farmer Success Manager(s) to reach underserved and small producers, as well as relationships with US Rice Producers, among other organizations.

AgriCapture will pay, on average, \$75/acre annually for the implementation by underserved or small producers for CSAF practices. With the 30% floor target of historically underserved or small producers meeting this criterion, the following are the number, acreage, and dollar amount is to be distributed as shown in *Table 2: Underserved producers* below.

Year	Total Acreage Targeted	Number of Farmers	\$ Amount / Underserved and Small Producers
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2023	7,500	~ 6	562,500	
2024	9,000	~ 10	675,000	
2025	12,000	~ 12	900,000	

Table 2: Underserved producers.

# III. A Measurement/Quantification, Monitoring, Reporting and Verification Plan

As aforementioned, the *AgriCapture Climate-Friendly Rice Standard* (ACFRS) is the unique approach to quantifying the GHG benefits of CF rice developed by AgriCapture.

The ACFRS closely mirrors the very rigorous requirements built into several carbon offset protocols. The ACFRS enshrines the principles outlined in the International Standards Organization. ISO 14064:2006 Greenhouse Gases Part 2 "Specification with Guidance at the Project Level for Quantification, Monitoring and Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reductions or Removal Enhancements", as well as the *World Business Council for Sustainable Development and World Resources Institute. The GHG Protocol for Project Accounting.* Available online at: <a href="https://ghgprotocol.org/standards/project-protocol">https://ghgprotocol.org/standards/project-protocol</a>. The default quantification approach outlined in the ACFRS is drawn from the 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories. A detailed reference list is provided in the ACFRS itself, which can be provided upon request. The ACFRS uses multiple approaches to quantify GHG, including IPCC defaults and modeling. Use of the COMET Planner tool is prescribed in the program, but not for the rice standard, as COMET Planner is not currently able to estimate emissions from rice. The ACFRS uses a biogeochemical modeling tool, DNDC, that is very similar to COMET-Planner, that was also extensively funded by USDA grants over many years, and that is capable of modeling rice emissions.

The ACFRS will ensure the program can be scaled with ease, and that results can be verified easily by any interested parties.

# A. Approach to Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Benefit Quantification.

Under the ACFRS, the GHG impacts of rice cultivation may be assessed using one or more of the following quantification approaches depending on the system:

- IPCC equations and default emission factors.
- 2. Results from the application of the DNDC (De-nitrification, De-composition) biogeochemical model, which has been proven capable of estimating GHG emissions from all major US rice growing regions.

To ensure the ACFRS is replicable by third parties and available for other projects to implement, AgriCapture will make public a copy of the full ACFRS upon request.

The ACFRS sets out all the requisite IPCC equations and emission factors as referenced in (a) above. Further guidance is given regarding requirements for ensuring the DNDC model is appropriately calibrated and validated for the given task at hand as provided in the Standard.

Requirements for running the DNDC model include collecting soil samples by trained staff in accordance with a statistically sound soil stratification plan and best industry practices. AgriCapture personnel will ensure the required samples are properly taken for the DNDC model. The specific quantification methodology applied to a given farm will be in a report generated for each specific farm. When a farm is assessed with the ACFRS it will be assessed both against a regional average profile for rice cultivation, as well as against that farm's historical farm-specific profile. Further guidance is given in the ACFRS with respect to how a regional average profile must be calculated, including the use of one or more of the following approaches: (a) data on rice emissions as set out in Inventory of U.S. GHG Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2018 - Main Text, including specifically Table 5-12; (b) data from the USDA's Agricultural Resources Management Survey (ARMS); or (c) relevant, published, peer-reviewed studies.

Emission reduction estimates are between 0.6 - 3.4 tCO2e per acre. On average, this equates to a hundred weight (CWT) of rice being associated with 8 – 45 kilograms less GHG emissions. Assuming an average \$62.91 per acre incremental cost to the farmer, the abatement cost of 1 metric ton of CO2e is as low as \$18.50. Over the three-year life of the project, we expect total GHG benefit to be between 57,000 tCO2e and 323,000 tCO2e. By the year 2030, a 50% adoption rate of CSAF growing practices could permanently avoid over 4.4 million tCO2e per year.

# B. Approach to Monitoring of Practice Implementation

Monitoring, Reporting and Verification. The monitoring requirements in AgriCapture's CF program serve two main goals; demonstrating sustainable practices were implemented while quantifying the greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions; and demonstrating Identity Preservation (or tracing of commodities from farm to consumer) has been implemented. Almost every aspect of the monitoring under the CF program will be undertaken by AgriCapture staff, with minimal interference to the farm owner-operator. AgriCapture staff will analyze, verify, and report on the sustainable farming outcomes and the GHG benefits. As a result, there are no transaction costs for monitoring, reporting, and verification that are incurred by the farmer.

Monitoring for Sustainable Practice Implementation & Quantification of Emission Reductions. AgriCapture's CF program adopts monitoring requirements for purposes of demonstrating farming practice implementation, and to facilitate emission reduction quantification, that are comprehensive and robust, yet can be instigated by farmers. AgriCapture is also committed to continuous learning and will instill a feedback loop, so modifications to the process can be implemented.

AgriCapture's practice change and quantification monitoring has various stages, including the following: (a) Farmer introduction to AgriCapture's program (b) ongoing field level monitoring and (c) ex-post confirmation of results.

<u>Farmer Introduction to AgriCapture's Program</u>. At the onset of the project before the growing season, AgriCapture will have a meeting with farmers enrolled in the project. The purpose of these meetings will be to understand each farmer's individual farming enterprise and begin collecting information required for the DNDC model and USDA compliance. The data needed, but not limited to, is as follows:

- 1. Standard FSA reporting forms (FSA-156EZ, FSA 578, etc.)
- 2. Quality of historical data and record keeping (i.e., use of automated data capture, paper records, purchase records, crop advisor recommendations, etc.)
- 3. Typical planting/harvest date ranges
- 4. Tillage regime
- 5. Nutrient management plan
- 6. Irrigation practices
- 7. Field level specifics (i.e., prone to flooding, has issues with pests, etc.)

At a follow up meeting, AgriCapture staff will present an agronomic plan to each farmer which summarizes the farmers plans for the upcoming season. It will include guidance regarding practice changes and other aspects discussed between AgriCapture agronomists and each farmer. Additionally, it will include guidance from AgriCapture on efficient monitoring practices for the upcoming season.

Ongoing Field-Level Monitoring. At meetings with farmers, AgriCapture staff will present the monitoring options summarized in the agronomic plan. This will include granting AgriCapture staff access to that farm's standard FSA forms, and access to third-party data such as data coming from nutrient suppliers and applicators. A summary of key farming practices for the upcoming season will go to AgriCapture staff, to enable them to plan for various in-field data collection activities that will be performed by AgriCapture staff, including drone footage, ground level photos, videos of irrigation systems, etc. All field level media will be geo-tagged, time stamped, and uploaded to each properties data file. The majority if not all this work will be undertaken by AgriCapture staff, thus presenting a minimum burden to farmers.

Meetings with individual growers will occur throughout the growing season to discuss any field-level changes or complications that AgriCapture staff should be aware of, to make changes to the agronomic plan with consultation of AgriCapture agronomists. Requirements for running the DNDC model include the taking of soil samples, in accordance with a statistically sound soil stratification plan, and best industry practices, by trained staff. AgriCapture will ensure required samples are taken so that each farm can be modelled using DNDC.

Monitoring Using Remote Sensing. AgriCapture staff will make use of remote sensing technologies to monitor changes in practices, in particular irrigation, burning of agricultural residues, tillage, crop rotation, and use of ground cover. Geographic information systems (GIS) software will be used to create vector data to define project boundaries for visualization and subsequent spatial analysis over the project area. The initial polygons created will define the area available for project-related application. A series of polygons representing each farm will allow for accurate acreage measurements to be made, along with subdivisions representing individual fields to provide a count and acreage values for each farm. All vector data for each growing season will be maintained in a secure geodatabase to allow for record maintenance and further analysis. Metric dependent, this data will be updated regularly to ensure the accuracy of each project site. While historic farm data provided to AgriCapture will drive many of the parameters, rasterized satellite imagery will also be used to confirm historic practices (to include flooding, furrowing, and burning). Processed satellite imagery collected from various U.S. Department of

Agriculture (USDA) and U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) resources will be used to confirm historic farming practices and conditions for each individual project site. Like the vector data, all rasterized data collected in the monitoring process will be maintained by AgriCapture for further spatial analysis and record keeping. Crop type changes over time, the presence (or lack thereof) of flooding, and the presence (or lack thereof) of burning will be analyzed to ensure the suitability of each site, as well as the accuracy to the historic data provided to AgriCapture.

# C. Approach to Reporting and Tracking of Greenhouse Gas Benefits

Farmers are required to maintain records to demonstrate they undertook CF rice farming techniques. Farmers are required to provide AgriCapture with pertinent data that will allow AgriCapture to calculate the greenhouse gas emission reductions. AgriCapture will then employ its own monitoring to ensure such practices are undertaken into the future. AgriCapture will require farmers a provide data from a variety of sources including historical management records, third-party records such as agronomic guidance, service provider invoices, etc. AgriCapture will also gather its own data including via remote sensing, and using digital tools such as GIS systems etc., and AgriCapture will undertake its own analysis of such data.

### D. Approach to Verification of Greenhouse Gas Benefits

Verification of GHG benefits is embedded in the methodology of the ACFRS, using IPCC standards and peer-reviewed literature to quantify the benefits of adopting AWD and FIR practices to reduce GHG emissions. ACFRS ensures the integrity of GHG benefits as the Standard is built using industry best practices in terms of a robust and conservative approach to quantification and robust monitoring.

# E. Agreement to Participate in the Partnerships Network

AgriCapture will participate in the Partnerships Network. Tyler Hull, Director of Strategy at AgriCapture, will be the participant.

# VI. Plan to Develop and Expand Markets for Climate-Smart Commodities Generated as a Result of Project Activities.

In order to engage more commodity buyers, AgriCapture will continue to leverage existing sales and marketing employees. Additional personnel will be hired during the project period as 'match' to expand the market for CF rice, namely: another Climate-Friendly Product Manager, and 2 Sales and Distribution Associates. Federal funds will also aid the project by funding an essential Marketing Manager role.

<u>Federal Funds.</u> Using Federal funds in early 2023, a Marketing Manager will be hired to scale social media and digital engagement activities for immediate sales support. Key resources are also requested from Federal funds throughout the project period to expand the engagement of rice commodity buyers including a) advertising capabilities through a select contractor (potentially Reroute) in order to create campaign marketing videos and other specialized content (including promotional photography and videography work including on-location video shoots, video editing, and travel expenses) and b) cost coverage for conference travel for in-person lead generation (as outlined in the budget narrative).

AgriCapture Match. Throughout the project period, AgriCapture will provide a significant match in the form of personnel to support marketplace development. New personnel will be hired once relevant milestones are reached in order to keep up with project demands. To illustrate this process, one Marketing Coordinator and One Climate-Friendly Product Manager (sales and distribution) are currently negotiating ~10,000 acres and ~40 million lbs. of CF rice at 90% capacity. Once contracts are executed for CF farming on 25,000 acres, AgriCapture plans to hire a Sales Associate (likely) in Q2 of 2023. Once contracts are executed for CF farming on 30,000 acres, a Distribution Associate will be hired (likely) in Q1 of 2024. Furthermore, once contracts are executed for CF farming on 40,000 acres, a Climate-Friendly Product Manager will be hired (likely) in Q1 of 2025.

<u>Sales & Marketing Activities.</u> Current engagement efforts will be replicated and scaled to convert more commodity buyers throughout the program period. As of 2022, AgriCapture sales and marketing personnel are actively developing Climate-Friendly product collateral and marketing language to convert sales leads. This sales collateral includes but is not limited to certification reports and informational packets on climate-smart rice that satisfy reporting needs relevant to Sustainability Departments across Food & Beverage companies.

An important part of market building is educating the consumer on climate-friendly rice practices and their impact on the environment. The marketing personnel will orchestrate photo and video shoots throughout the year that are intended to create content to explain the importance of sustainable rice farming, articulate the impact of specific cultivation practices on the environment, and demonstrate how purchasing Climate-Friendly Rice has real world identity preserved impacts. Because the elements of the Climate-Friendly Rice Program occur at different times throughout the year, the marketing team will coordinate 4 photo/video shoots per year. Early summer will capture and explain AWD. Mid-summer will capture FIR and Efficient Nitrogen Use. Early fall will capture harvest and Alternative Residue Management. Late fall will capture Identity Preserved Grain Storage and Identity Preserved Milling and packaging.

In order to expand the market for CF rice, AgriCapture must nurture current customers and convert
new customers at a greater rate. (h)(4)
(b)(4)
New lead conversion is also underway to expand the market for climate smart rice. AgriCapture's Climate-Friendly Product Manager, Emma Koeze, (in tandem with the Marketing Coordinator, Megan Garvey) is currently conducting targeted outreach via ZoomInfo (a lead generation software). Additionally, AgriCapture is engaging University programs to support sales and business development, such as The University of Chicago, Booth School of Business. (b)(4)
b)(4)

The engagement strategy /outreach campaign has been developed, tested, and iterated throughout

marketing and sales activities throughout the project period.
(b)(4)
A. Partnerships Designed to Market Resulting Climate Smart Commodities
Corporate Partners. (b)(4)
(D)(4)
Milling Partners. (b)(4)
(b)(4)  Climate-Friendly Product Manager has begun conversations with 5 new mills across previously underrepresented project states. Two of these mills have begun partnership onboarding processes and all mills will undergo AgriCapture led audits (informed by our identity preservation contractor) to ensure best practices. As mentioned above, efforts to continue expanding mill partnerships across rice-growing regions will continue as AgriCapture expands its rice supply chain ecosystem.
B. Plan to Track Climate Smart Commodities Through the Supply Chain
(b)(4)
(b)(4) The various monitoring and reporting requirements for the ACFRS include the tollowing:
a. <b>Seed Quality Assurance</b> . All rice seed used under the ACFRS is certified or otherwise complies with a Quality Assurance (QA) program, such as the QA program administered or approved by the Association of Official Seed Certifying Agencies (AOSCA). This

2022 by the Climate-Friendly Product Manager and Marketing Coordinator and will help inform

ensures only the highest quality of rice seed with be used, that will in turn ensure the seed has been produced, harvested, conditioned, sampled (including via field inspections and

laboratory testing for quality control), handled and labeled to preserve essential genetic identity and consistency. Each farmer participating in this Standard will demonstrate the above by showing forms of seed records and proof of origin, such as purchase records or other suitable records. AgriCapture staff must approve the records used to demonstrate compliance with this requirement.

b. *Field Inspections*. Each farmer under the Standard must grant permission for one or more field visits from AgriCapture staff, throughout each season, (b)(4)

- c. Segregation and Chain of Custody. Climate Friendly rice must not be comingled with other rice, including at the harvest stage, transport, storage, milling and through to packaging. Each member of the supply chain engaged in bringing Climate Friendly rice to market must demonstrate procedures in place to identify and manage segregation of such rice from the farm through to the final user. At a minimum, all harvested rice must be stored in a way that enables the identification and labeling of such rice as having come from a field that grows climate-smart rice. Verifiable records must be kept demonstrating segregation has been maintained. Chain of Custody from farm to final end-user must be demonstrated using verifiable records. AgriCapture staff will conduct sampling and analysis of such records at various stages, to ensure compliance. Note: Data enabling the identification of the specific field that the certified rice was grown on will be provided by the farmer to AgriCapture, and by AgriCapture to the buyer, but such data must not be disclosed to the public without the express written permission of AgriCapture and the given farmer, to ensure data privacy of each farmer is protected.
- d. Labelling and Associated Environmental Claims. Official labeling provided by AgriCapture must be kept on the rice from the point at which it is first packaged, through until final end-user, unless written agreement is obtained from AgriCapture. As set out in the Standard, in order to obtain permission to sell rice that has been certified under this Standard, each seller must also obtain AgriCapture approval for any marketing materials pertaining to environmental attributes associated with the sale of certified rice, for purposes of ensuring Identity Preservation is maintained, and in order to ensure proper accounting for and attribution of GHG emission reductions (and optionally other co-benefits) associated with the sale of the certified rice, and in particular that no double claiming of environmental attributes has occurred.

# C. Estimated Economic Benefits for Participating Producers Including Market Returns

AgriCapture will work with rice growers to develop an array of marketing opportunities. Since AgriCapture's role is to facilitate certification, processing, and marketing – farmers will be encouraged to develop their own processing capabilities and markets. Processing will include farmers and locally owned facilities. It is anticipated that by owning both the processing and markets specific to a farm (b)(4)

### D. Post Project Potential

For the 2022 cropping season, AgriCapture has enrolled approximately 10,000 acres in the CF Rice program. This is without federal funds. AgriCapture has generated buyer interest to purchase much of the rice from the enrolled acreage for 2022. AgriCapture is presently developing the certification process and supply chains for the 2022 crop. AgriCapture anticipates that the CF Rice program will continue post project. With marketing efforts, commitments for CF Rice will continue to grow. Certain farmers in the region have already implemented AWD and FIR practices. Currently, their reasoning for utilizing these practices is because of reduced water usage and labor. The addition of incentives because of consumer demand for Climate Friendly Rice will only accelerate the adoption of these farming practices, which will have dramatically positive impact on emissions from rice cultivation. Within a decade, AWD and FIR could be the predominate rice production system.

IPCC guidelines are used for the climate-smart rice growing practices, standardizing process improvements, and allowing for the scaling of project activities. Additionally, (b)(4)

(b)(4)	serving as a legitimizer. (b)(4)
(b)(4)	
(b)(4)	As of March 1, 2022, 10,000 rice

acres are signed up with AgriCapture for CF rice while a taskforce of agronomists and developers has been hired to scale in the coming years. Given the methodical approach to scaling landowners and output, as well as AgriCapture's bolstering by the USDA-NCRS Partnerships for Climate Smart Commodities Grant, AgriCapture CF Rice has the capacity to generate income for numerous small-scale producers, significantly mitigate harmful GHG emissions in the coming years, all the while helping to create of a Climate Smart Marketplace for agricultural products.

VII. Proposed Quarterly Milestones

#	Milestone Description	Target Date	Category	Partner Involvement
1	Creation of new technical assistance materials including Grain Storage Plan, Residue Managaement Approval Form, and Climate-Friendly Practice Implementation Guide.	Q2 2023	Producers	University of Missouri
2	Contracts Executed for Climate-Friendly Farming on 25,000 Acres and 20 producers (6 underserved) in 4 rice growing states	Q2 2023	Producers	
3	Onboard one new rice milling partner in new region and complete site visit and identity preservation audit	Q2 2023	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
4	Conduct farm visits for each enrolled farmer.	Q2 2023	Producers	

5	Confirm Climate-Friendly rice planting begins on contracted acres and pay \$625,000 in first installment of Producer Incentives	Q3 2023	Producers	
6	Conduct field day to demonstrate best practices and present relavent research.	Q3 2023	Producers	University of Missouri
7	Attend 2 field days in rice growing states with enrolled acres.	Q3 2023	Producers	
8	Secure purchases of 25 million pounds of Climate-Friendly Rice from 6 buyers including through at least 2 channels or partnerships	Q3 2024	Marketing and Buyers	
9	Complete MMRV and Climate-Friendly Report on 25,000 Acres and pay \$1,125,000 in second installment of producer incentives	Q4 2023	Producers	
10	Complete baseline soil sampling on 25,000 acres	Q4 2023	Soil Sampling	TBD Contractor – Soil Sampling
11	Model practice changes for 15,000-85,000 metric tons CO2e reduced or sequestered	Q4 2023	Modeling and Emissions	TBD Contractor – Modeling
12	Establish identity preserved traceability data for all sold pounds	Q4 2023	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
13	Completion of Photo and Video content to educate buyers and drive sales.	Q4 2023	Marketing and Buyers	TBD Contractor – Marketing/PR
14	Attend 2 conferences/expos for outreach and farmer enrollment.	Q1 2024	Producers	Cedar Woods Consulting
15	Contracts Executed for Climate-Friendly Farming on 30,000 Acres and 30 producers (10 underserved) in 5 rice growing states	Q1 2024	Producers	
16	Onboard one new rice milling partner in new region and complete site visit and identity preservation audit	Q2 2024	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
17	Confirm Climate-Friendly rice planting begins on contracted acres and pay \$750,000 in first installment of Producer Incentives	Q3 2024	Producers	
18	Secure purchases of 75 million pounds of Climate-Friendly Rice from 12 buyers	Q3 2024	Buyers	

	including through at least 3 channels or partnerships			
19	Conduct field day to demonstrate best practices and present relavent research.	Q3 2024	Producers	University of Missouri
20	Attend 2 field days in rice growing states with enrolled acres.	Q3 2024	Producers	
21	Complete MMRV and Climate-Friendly Report on 30,000 Acres and pay \$1,500,000 in second installment of producer incentives	Q4 2024	Producers	
22	Complete baseline soil sampling on 5,000 acres	Q4 2024	Soil Sampling	TBD Contractor – Soil Sampling
23	Model practice changes for estimated 18,000- 102,000 metric tons CO2e reduced or sequestered	Q4 2024	Modeling and Emissions	TBD Contractor – Modeling
24	Establish identity preserved traceability data for all sold pounds	Q4 2024	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
25	Completion of Supplemental Photo and Video content to educate buyers and drive sales.	Q4 2024	Marketing and Buyers	TBD Contractor – Marketing / PR
26	Attend 2 conferences/expos for ourtreach and farmer enrollment.	Q1 2025	Producers	Cedar Woods Consulting
27	Contracts Executed for Climate-Friendly Farming on 40,000 Acres and 40 producers (12 underserved) in all 6 rice growing states	Q1 2025	Producers	
28	Onboard one new rice milling partner in new region and complete site visit and identity preservation audit	Q2 2025	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor - Mill Consulting
29	Confirm Climate-Friendly rice planting begins on contracted acres and pay \$1,000,000 in first installment of Producer Incentives	Q3 2025	Producers	
30	Secure purchases of 125 million pounds of Climate-Friendly Rice from 20 buyers through at least 5 channels or partnerships	Q3 2025	Marketing and Buyers	
31	Conduct field day to demonstrate best practices and present relavent research.	Q3 2025	Producers	University of Missouri

32	Attend 2 field days in rice growing states with enrolled acres.	Q3 2025	Producers	
33	Complete MMRV and Climate-Friendly Report on 40,000 Acres and pay \$2,000,000 in second installment of producer incentives	Q4 2025	Producers	
34	Complete baseline soil sampling on 10,000 acres	Q4 2025	Soil Sampling	TBD Contractor – Soil Sampling
35	Model practice changes for estimated 24,000- 136,000 metric tons CO2e reduced or sequestered	Q4 2025	Modeling and Emissions	TBD Contractor – Modeling
36	Establish identity preserved traceability data for all sold pounds	Q4 2025	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
37	Completion of Supplemental Photo and Video content to educate buyers and drive sales.	Q4 2025	Marketing and Buyers	TBD Contractor – Marketing / PR

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# AgriCapture, Inc. – Partnerships for Climate-Friendly Rice Quarterly Milestones (from Project Narrative, Section VII)

#	Milestone Description	Target Date	Category	Partner Involvement
1	Creation of new technical assistance materials including Grain Storage Plan, Residue Managaement Approval Form, and Climate-Friendly Practice Implementation Guide.	Q2 2023	Producers	University of Missouri
2	Contracts Executed for Climate-Friendly Farming on 25,000 Acres and 20 producers (6 underserved) in 4 rice growing states	Q2 2023	Producers	
3	Onboard one new rice milling partner in new region and complete site visit and identity preservation audit	Q2 2023	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
4	Conduct farm visits for each enrolled farmer.	Q2 2023	Producers	
5	Confirm Climate-Friendly rice planting begins on contracted acres and pay \$625,000 in first installment of Producer Incentives	Q3 2023	Producers	
6	Conduct field day to demonstrate best practices and present relavent research.	Q3 2023	Producers	University of Missouri
7	Attend 2 field days in rice growing states with enrolled acres.	Q3 2023	Producers	
8	Secure purchases of 25 million pounds of Climate-Friendly Rice from 6 buyers including through at least 2 channels or partnerships	Q3 2024	Marketing and Buyers	
9	Complete MMRV and Climate-Friendly Report on 25,000 Acres and pay \$1,125,000 in second installment of producer incentives	Q4 2023	Producers	
10	Complete baseline soil sampling on 25,000 acres	Q4 2023	Soil Sampling	TBD Contractor – Soil Sampling
11	Model practice changes for 15,000-85,000 metric tons CO2e reduced or sequestered	Q4 2023	Modeling and Emissions	TBD Contractor – Modeling
12	Establish identity preserved traceability data for all sold pounds	Q4 2023	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting

#	Milestone Description	Target Date	Category	Partner Involvement
13	Completion of Photo and Video content to educate buyers and drive sales.	Q4 2023	Marketing and Buyers	TBD Contractor – Marketing/PR
14	Attend 2 conferences/expos for outreach and farmer enrollment.	Q1 2024	Producers	Cedar Woods Consulting
15	Contracts Executed for Climate-Friendly Farming on 30,000 Acres and 30 producers (10 underserved) in 5 rice growing states	Q1 2024	Producers	
16	Onboard one new rice milling partner in new region and complete site visit and identity preservation audit	Q2 2024	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
17	Confirm Climate-Friendly rice planting begins on contracted acres and pay \$750,000 in first installment of Producer Incentives	Q3 2024	Producers	
18	Secure purchases of 75 million pounds of Climate-Friendly Rice from 12 buyers including through at least 3 channels or partnerships	Q3 2024	Buyers	
19	Conduct field day to demonstrate best practices and present relavent research.	Q3 2024	Producers	University of Missouri
20	Attend 2 field days in rice growing states with enrolled acres.	Q3 2024	Producers	
21	Complete MMRV and Climate-Friendly Report on 30,000 Acres and pay \$1,500,000 in second installment of producer incentives	Q4 2024	Producers	
22	Complete baseline soil sampling on 5,000 acres	Q4 2024	Soil Sampling	TBD Contractor – Soil Sampling
23	Model practice changes for estimated 18,000- 102,000 metric tons CO2e reduced or sequestered	Q4 2024 Q4 2024	Modeling and Emissions	TBD Contractor – Modeling
24	Establish identity preserved traceability data for all sold pounds	Q4 2024	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
25	Completion of Supplemental Photo and Video content to educate buyers and drive sales.	Q4 2024	Marketing and Buyers	TBD Contractor – Marketing / PR

#	Milestone Description	Target Date	Category	Partner Involvement
26	Attend 2 conferences/expos for ourtreach and farmer enrollment.	Q1 2025	Producers	Cedar Woods Consulting
27	Contracts Executed for Climate-Friendly Farming on 40,000 Acres and 40 producers (12 underserved) in all 6 rice growing states	Q1 2025	Producers	
28	Onboard one new rice milling partner in new region and complete site visit and identity preservation audit	Q2 2025	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor - Mill Consulting
29	Confirm Climate-Friendly rice planting begins on contracted acres and pay \$1,000,000 in first installment of Producer Incentives	Q3 2025	Producers	
30	Secure purchases of 125 million pounds of Climate-Friendly Rice from 20 buyers through at least 5 channels or partnerships	Q3 2025	Marketing and Buyers	
31	Conduct field day to demonstrate best practices and present relavent research.	Q3 2025	Producers	University of Missouri
32	Attend 2 field days in rice growing states with enrolled acres.	Q3 2025	Producers	
33	Complete MMRV and Climate-Friendly Report on 40,000 Acres and pay \$2,000,000 in second installment of producer incentives	Q4 2025	Producers	
34	Complete baseline soil sampling on 10,000 acres	Q4 2025	Soil Sampling	TBD Contractor – Soil Sampling
35	Model practice changes for estimated 24,000- 136,000 metric tons CO2e reduced or sequestered	Q4 2025	Modeling and Emissions	TBD Contractor – Modeling
36	Establish identity preserved traceability data for all sold pounds	Q4 2025	Milling Partners	TBD Contractor – Mill Consulting
37	Completion of Supplemental Photo and Video content to educate buyers and drive sales.	Q4 2025	Marketing and Buyers	TBD Contractor – Marketing / PR

#### **Climate-Smart Practices and Limitations**

Climate-Smart practices under this grant shall be limited to the following practices:

NRCS Practice Code (if applicable)	Practice Name
590	Improve Nutrient Use Efficiency – Efficient Nitrogen Management
345	Residue and Tillage Management – No burning
345	Residue and Tillage Management – Incorporate Residue
449	Furrow Irrigated Rice
449	Alternate Wetting and Drying
449	Pre-season Drainage

All practices applied under this grant will follow NRCS practice standards unless noted below:

### N/a

All proposed climate smart practices are currently used in agricultural production in the US. The process for ensuring the implementation of these practices is described below:

- 1. Furrow Irrigated Rice: Irrigation records are analyzed to compare with conventional irrigation amounts. If these irrigation records do not fall below conventional levels, Normalized Difference Moisture Index (NDMI) analysis is conducted via satellite imagery to check for moisture levels.
- 2. Alternate Wetting and Drying: NDMI analysis is conducted via satellite imagery to check for a period of lower moisture during the season when it would typically remain flooded.
- 3. Pre-season Drainage: NDMI analysis via satellite imagery is conducted 30 days prior to the planting date to check for low moisture content.
- 4. No burning: Field boundaries are cross referenced with fire instances recorded by NASA satellites.
- 5. Incorporation: Normalized Difference Tillage Index (NDTI) analysis via satellite imagery is conducted to determine the level of plant residue left on the field 30 days prior to planting.
- 6. Efficient Nitrogen Management: Fertilizer records and receipts are analyzed and compared to conventional fertilizer methods. Using the 4Rs of nutrient management, improved nutrient efficiency is estimated.



Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023 Version 1.0



# **Table of Contents**

0	verview of Reporting Requirements	2
	Project Summary	3
	Partner Activities	4
	Marketing Activities	5
	Producer Enrollment	6
	Field Enrollment	7
	Farm Summary	8
	Field Summary	9
	GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled	. 10
	GHG Benefits - Measured	. 11
	Additional Environmental Benefits	.12
	Supplemental Data Submission	. 13
D	ata Descriptions	. 14
	Unique IDs	. 14
	Project Summary	. 15
	Partner Activities	. 20
	Marketing Activities	. 25
	Producer Enrollment	. 30
	Field Enrollment	. 38
	CSAF Practice Sub-questions	.44
	Farm Summary	. 45
	Field Summary	. 49
	GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled	.57
	GHG Benefits - Measured	. 61
	Additional Environmental Benefits	. 65
	CSAF Practice Sub-questions	. 75
Αį	opendix A: Climate-smart Agriculture and Forestry Practices	.83
	All NRCS Practice Standards (not limited to climate-smart practices)	. 83
	Other CSAF Practices	. 85
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### Overview of Reporting Requirements

Grant recipients are required to submit reports to document their performance under the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodity funding opportunity. These submissions will be required to use the Microsoft Excel workbook templates provided by USDA. The workbooks contain a series of worksheets that collect data in a standardized format to ensure data quality and allow for aggregation and summary of this information. The entire workbook must be submitted quarterly, with updates to all applicable worksheets. This guide is divided into three sections. The Overview of Reporting Requirements section summarizes the layout of the reporting workbook and presents the data elements included in each worksheet. It also describes additional documents that must be submitted to supplement the performance reports. The Data Definitions section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated. Finally, the Appendices contain practice and commodity lists that will be used for these reports. Reporting is necessary for USDA oversight of this effort. The data elements required for inclusion in the quarterly performance reports allow USDA to conduct selected audits to review whether producers are receiving federal funds from multiple sources for the same purpose; to determine whether GHG benefits from implementation of climate-smart agriculture and forestry (CSAF) practices are being estimated accurately; and for other purposes deemed appropriate by USDA.

The reporting worksheets collect information at four levels: project, partner, producer, and field. Descriptions of each level:

**Project level**: Information about activities and impacts at a whole project/aggregate level (i.e., reflecting all activities under the grant agreement). Some project-level reporting is further subdivided by commodity type or a combination of commodity and CSAF practice(s) (commodity x practice).

**Partner level:** Information about activities related to a single organization (recipient, subrecipient, contractor, or other partner) within a project.

**Producer level**: Information about individual producers who have one or more farms enrolled in a project. **Field level**: Information about individual fields enrolled in a project.

Certain data elements are required to be reported for each producer and field enrolled in a project. In order to minimize the burden associated with data collection and to enable USDA to match data to existing records, these producer- and field-specific records must use the producer's established FSA Farm, Tract and Field IDs, and report the State and County associated with the Farm ID. Associated data entered in conjunction with these data elements, such as Producer Name, must match the data contained in the customer's Business Partner record, and the Farm Operating Plan in Business File for that Farm ID. Disclosure of this information is protected under Section 1619 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (PL 110- 246), 7 U.S.C. 8791. Additionally, Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

**Note:** For purposes of this guide, "farm" refers to the operation from which climate-smart commodities are produced and may represent farms, ranches, forests or other operations. Similarly, "field" refers to the individual land units at which climate-smart practices are being implemented to produce climate-smart commodities and may represent lots, farmsteads or other units, depending on the type of operation and commodity. The use of "Farm", "Tract" and "Field" align with the FSA definitions; for example, "A field is a part of a farm that is separated from the balance of the farm by a permanent boundary, such as; fences, permanent waterways, woodlands, croplines in cases where farming practices make it probable that this cropline is not subject to change, and other similar features."

Version 1.0 Page 2 of 87



The following tables list the data elements included in each reporting worksheet, along with a brief description of each item.

# **Project Summary**

These data will be collected about each project. Cumulative results are reported each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Table 1. Project Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Commodity sales	Indicates sales of the commodity(ies) related to the project occurred this quarter	Quarterly
Farms enrolled	Indicates enrollment activities occurred this quarter	Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	Methods used to calculate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits	Quarterly
GHG cumulative calculation	Method used to calculate cumulative GHG benefits	Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	Whole project estimate of total GHG (CO2e) emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	Whole project estimate of total carbon sequestration	Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CO2 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CH4 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative N2O benefit	Whole project estimate of total N2O emission reductions	Quarterly
Offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced by project	Quarterly
Offsets sale	Name of marketplace where carbon offsets were sold	Quarterly
Offsets price	Price of carbon in offset sales	Quarterly
Insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced by project	Quarterly
Cost of on-farm TA	Cost of on-farm technical assistance (TA) provided to producers	Quarterly
MMRV cost	Cost of measurement, monitoring, reporting, and verification (MMRV) activities	Quarterly
GHG monitoring method	Methods used by project to monitor GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG reporting method	Methods used by project to report on GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG verification method	Methods used to verify GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 3 of 87



### Partner Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will represent one organization involved in the project, including the recipient and all contributing partners. A partner is any organization that is receiving project funds or providing matching contributions (funds or in-kind contributions) to the project. While the recipient must complete one row for their own organization, not all data elements apply to the recipient. These exceptions are noted in the detailed descriptions of the specific elements in the *Data Definitions* section of this guide. Data are reported cumulatively each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Table 2. Partner Activities elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Partner ID	Unique ID for each partner	One-time
Partner name	Name of partner organization	One-time
Partner type	Type of organization	One-time
Partner POC	Partner point of contact name	As applicable
Partner POC email	Partner point of contact email	As applicable
Partnership start date	Start of partnership on project	One-time
Partnership end date	End of partnership on project	As applicable
New partnership	Indicator for partner organizations that have no prior work with the recipient	As applicable
Partner total requested	Total amount requested to date by partner from recipient	Quarterly
Total match contribution	Total amount of match contribution by partner to date	Quarterly
Total match incentives	Total amount of match contribution by partner for incentives	Quarterly
Match type	Top 3 types of match contribution by partner, other than incentives	Quarterly
Match amount	Value of match contributions by type	Quarterly
Training provided	Top 3 types of training provided to the partner through project	Quarterly
Activity by partner	Top 3 types of activities provided by this partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Activity cost	Approximate cost per activity type provided by partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Products supplied	Names of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly
Product source	Supplier or source of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 4 of 87



### Marketing Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to one commodity for which the project enrolls fields and one marketing channel used to sell that commodity by the project or producers enrolled in the project. Data are reported for the current quarter and are not cumulative. If no sales of the commodity were reported during a quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Table 3. Marketing Activities elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Marketing channel type	Type of marketing channels used	Quarterly
Number of buyers	Number of buyers per marketing channel	Quarterly
Names of buyers	Names of buyers in the marketing channel	Quarterly
Marketing channel geography	Geography of marketing channel	Quarterly
Value sold	Value of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Volume sold	Volume of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium	Price premium of commodity by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium to producer	Percent of price premium that goes to the producer	Quarterly
Product differentiation method	Top 3 types of product differentiation methods used	Quarterly
Marketing method	Top 3 types of marketing methods used	Quarterly
Marketing channel identification method	Top 3 ways marketing channel was identified	Quarterly
Traceability method	Top 3 types of supply chain traceability methods used	Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 5 of 87



### **Producer Enrollment**

These data will be collected at the producer level about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. Data are reported when a producer first enrolls one or more fields in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the farm characteristics each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates. The quarterly submission should contain information about each farm initially enrolled in the project during that quarter and for updates to farms that have re-enrolled during that quarter, as applicable. If no farms are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Table 4. Producer Enrollment elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Producer data change	Indicator that producer data was updated at re-enrollment	As applicable
Producer start date	Contract start date	Enrollment
Producer name	Name of primary operator	Enrollment
Underserved status	Indicator the primary operator is considered underserved and/or a small producer	Enrollment
Total area	Total area of enrolled operation	Annual
Total crop area	Total crop area in enrolled operation enrolled	Annual
Total livestock area	Total livestock confinement, pasture and rangeland in enrolled operation	Annual
Total forest area	Total forest area in enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock type	Top 3 types of livestock on enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock head	Total livestock currently managed (by type)	Annual
Organic farm	Indicator that part of the farm is certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Organic fields	Indicator that any of the enrolled fields are certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Producer motivation	Motivation for participation	Annual
Producer outreach	Top 3 types of outreach provided to producer	Annual
CSAF experience	Indicator of prior implementation of CSAF practices at this farm	Annual
CSAF federal funds	Indicator of prior receipt of federal funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF state or local funds	Indicator of prior receipt of state funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF nonprofit funds	Indicator of prior receipt of nonprofit funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF market incentives	Indicator of prior receipt of market incentives for CSAF practices	Annual

Version 1.0 Page 6 of 87



### Field Enrollment

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row corresponds to one field x commodity combination enrolled in the project. Generally, data are reported once for each field, at its initial enrollment. The quarterly submission should contain information about each field initially enrolled in the project during that quarter. If no fields are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. If a field is enrolled for multiple years, any relevant changes, such as a new ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations should be entered in this worksheet during the quarter it is re-enrolled, or as applicable.

Table 5. Field Enrollment elements

Data element name	Description
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name
Physical County of field	Physical county name must match FSA farm records
Prior Field ID	Previous Field ID when reconstitution of farm results in new Field IDs
Field data change	Indicator that field data has changed from initial enrollment
Contract start date	Start date of contract
Total field area	Size of enrolled field
Commodity category	Category of commodity(ies) produced
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced
Baseline yield	Average yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment
Baseline yield location	Location for which baseline yield is provided
Field land use	Most common land use in field in past 3 years
Field irrigated	Most common irrigation type in field in past 3 years
Field tillage	Most common tillage in field in past 3 years
Practice past extent - farm	Extent of operation that implemented this practice prior to project enrollment
Field any CSAF practice	Indicator for prior CSAF practices in this field in past 3 years
Practice past use - this field	Indicator of prior use of this practice in this field in the past 3 years
Practice type	CSAF practice(s) that will be implemented in enrolled field (up to 7)
Practice standard	Organization that developed CSAF practice standard implemented in field
Planned practice implementation year	Year that practice is planned to be implemented
Practice extent	Area or number of animals for which practice is implemented
Follow-on questions	Follow-on questions by practice type (see Table 11)

Version 1.0 Page 7 of 87



# Farm Summary

These data will be collected about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. The quarterly submission should contain updates to any data elements that have changed for each farm enrolled in the project during that quarter. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. Data are not cumulative.

Table 6. Farm Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name	
County of residence	County name	
Producer TA received	Type of technical assistance provided to producer	Quarterly
Producer incentive amount	Total financial incentive provided to the producer	Quarterly
Incentive reason	Top 4 reason(s) for financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Incentive structure	Top 4 units on which financial incentives are structured	Quarterly
Incentive type	Top 4 type(s) of financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Payment on enrollment	Extent of payment provided to producer upon enrollment	Quarterly
Payment on implementation	Extent of payment provided to producer upon implementation of CSAF practices	Quarterly
Payment on harvest	Extent of payment provided to producer upon harvest or slaughter	Quarterly
Payment on MMRV	Extent of payment provided to producer upon reporting or verification	Quarterly
Payment on sale	Extent of payment provided to producer upon sale of commodity	Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 8 of 87

### Field Summary

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project for a commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field x commodity x practice(s) combination enrolled in the project. Data for each field will be reported quarterly and are not cumulative. Report data for any elements that have an update in that quarter. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. This worksheet includes a section to report the "official" estimate of GHG benefits – amounts of greenhouse gas emissions reduced and carbon sequestered – for the field. These quantities refer to the estimates that are used to calculate the project's aggregate impact (reported in Table 1). Tables 8 and 9 are used to report alternate estimates of the field-level GHG benefits when additional methods are used to model (Table 8) or measure (Table 9) these impacts. Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model.

Table 7. Field Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to seven)	Quarterly
Date practice complete	Date that practice implementation is certified complete	Quarterly
Contract end date	End date of contract	Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	Indicator that MMRV assistance is provided to field	Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	Indicator that marketing assistance provided for commodity from field	Quarterly
Incentive per acre or head	Indicator that a per acre/head incentives is provided for the CSAF practice(s) on this field	Quarterly
Field commodity value	Value of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Field commodity volume	Volume of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Cost of implementation	Total cost of practice implementation in field	Quarterly
Cost coverage	Percent of total cost of implementation of practice covered by project incentives	Quarterly
Field GHG monitoring	Methods used to monitor GHG benefits in field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG reporting	Methods used to report on GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG verification	Methods used to verify GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG calculations	Methods used to calculate GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG calculation	Method used to calculate official GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG ER	Official estimate of total GHG emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official carbon stock	Official estimate of total carbon sequestration for field	Quarterly
Field official CO2 ER	Official estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official CH4 ER	Official estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official N2O ER	Official estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced in field	Quarterly
Field insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced in field	Quarterly
Other field measurements	Indicator that field data was collected for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation	Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 9 of 87



#### GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

If greenhouse gas benefits are modeled for the same field using multiple methods, the results for the alternate models are reported in this worksheet. The "alternate" models refer to those model results that were not used in the calculation of the project's aggregate impact (as reported in Table 1). Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model. These data will be collected about the modeled GHG benefits for each field x commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field enrolled in the project. Data are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for all fields that have new modeled data. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Table 8. GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	3517
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced from the field (up to 6)	Annual
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to 7)	Annual
GHG model	Model used to calculate GHG benefits	Annual
Model start date	Start date of model run	Annual
Model end date	End date of model run	Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	Estimate of total GHG benefits for field	Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	Estimate of total change in carbon stock for field	Annual
Total CO2 estimated	Estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total CH4 estimated	Estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total N2O estimated	Estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Annual
	The state of the s	

Version 1.0 Page **10** of **87** 



### GHG Benefits - Measured

Projects must report the results of any carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this worksheet. These data will be collected at the field level. Each row will represent a separate measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits for a given field. Data are reported once per year of measurement and are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for any field for which there are new soil samples or new calculations of annual GHG benefits based on actual measurements.

Table 9. GHG Benefits - Measured data elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State	State name	
County	County name	
GHG measurement method	Method of measurement	Annual
Lab name	Entity that conducted analysis	Annual
Measurement start date	Start date of measurements	Annual
Measurement end date	End date of measurements	Annual
Total CO2 reduction calculated	Calculation of total CO2 reduction	Annual
Total carbon stock change calculated	Calculation of change in carbon stock	Annual
Total CH4 reduction calculated	Calculation of total CH4 reduction	Annual
Total N2O reduction calculated	Calculation of total N2O reduction	Annual
Soil sample result	Numeric result from soil sample	Annual
Measurement type	Type of analysis conducted	Annual

Version 1.0 Page **11** of **87** 



# Additional Environmental Benefits

Projects that track additional environmental benefits (e.g., water quality improvements) from enrolled fields report results in this worksheet. These data will be collected about each field. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to an enrolled field. Data are not cumulative. Estimates of environmental benefits must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Table 10. Additional Environmental Benefits elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State	State name	
County	County name	
Environmental benefits	Indicator that project tracks other environmental benefits	Annual
Reduction in nitrogen loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in nitrogen loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in phosphorus loss	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Other water quality	Indicator that project tracks other water quality improvements	Annual
Туре	Type of water quality metric being tracked	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Water quantity	Indicator that project tracks reduced water use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced erosion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in soil erosion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Reduced energy use	Indicator that project tracks reductions in energy use	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Avoided land conversion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in land conversion	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual
Improved wildlife habitat	Indicator that project tracks improvements in wildlife habitat	Annual
Amount	Amount	Annual
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual

Version 1.0 Page **12** of **87** 



### Supplemental Data Submission

### Project MMRV Plan

Definition of MMRV elements:

**Measurement**: Quantification of the greenhouse gas benefits (reduction or capture) using mathematical models and/or direct physical measurements in the field

**Monitoring**: Ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time

**Reporting**: Documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization

**Verification**: Independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable.

Projects must submit an MMRV plan that includes details about how each of the following are addressed:

- · Quantification approach, including:
  - GHG models used
  - GHG measurement plan (if applicable)
  - Approach to quantifying additional environmental benefits, if applicable (e.g., water quality, habitat)
- Verification approach:
  - Compliance criteria
  - Verification plan/methodology
- · Approach to ensuring:
  - Additionality
  - Permanence
  - Leakage
  - Impacts of weather
- Plan for non-compliance

If the project is using a specific MMRV methodology or approach developed by the recipient, a project partner, or an outside organization, the project can submit documentation associated with the methodology as long as the documentation addresses each of the above categories.

If the project is tracking other environmental benefits (as reported in the Additional Environmental Benefits worksheet), include a description of the methodology and tools used to track and report on these benefits.

### Field modeled GHG benefit reports

Results from any models besides COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits must also be submitted as a separate report. This includes projects running COMET-Farm. The full results of any model can be submitted in the native/standard format generated by the modeling tool and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID.

#### Field direct measurement results

For any direct physical measurements in the field, measurement results must be submitted as a separate report and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID. Measurement results reports must include the name of the equipment used for sampling or data collection, the name of the lab that analyzed the data, and the analytical method used.

Sample report types include soil analysis reports, summarized results of portable emissions analyzers or flux towers, water quality analyses, and plant species counts. These could be collected for the purposes of determining GHG emission reductions or carbon sequestration amounts, for calibration of tools or models, for tracking other environmental benefits, or for other reasons.

Version 1.0 Page **13** of **87** 



### **Data Descriptions**

This section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated.

### Unique IDs

Project ID: Unique ID at the project level – "Award Identifying Number" shown on award documentation

Partner ID: Unique ID at the partner level - use EIN; if no EIN, a unique ID will be assigned for use in these reports

State or territory of operation: State or territory name

County of operation: Physical county name

Farm ID: Unique ID at the operation level assigned by Farm Service Agency (FSA)

**Tract ID:** Unique ID at the tract level assigned by FSA **Field ID:** Unique ID at the field level assigned by FSA

Version 1.0 Page **14** of **87** 



## **Project Summary**

Data collection level: Project

Project Summary	
Commodity type	
Data element name: Commodity type	<b>Reporting question:</b> What climate-smart commodity types are produced by this project?
Description: Type of commodity incentivi	zed by the project. These commodities include those for whom
	or other types of marketing support. See full list of commodity options
in Appendix B. List one commodity per ro	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Commodity sales	
Data element name: Commodity sales	<b>Reporting question:</b> Did project activities result in sales this quarter of the commodity(ies) produced by this project?
(7)	dity(ies) related to project activities. If sales are reported, complete the
	as part of the quarterly performance report.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
Logic: None – all respond	No Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
Farms enrolled	December 2014
Data element name: Farms enrolled	Reporting question: Did the project enroll any producers or fields this quarter?
	rolled producers or fields. If enrollment activities occurred this quarter, eld Enrollment worksheets (Tables 4 and 5) as part of the quarterly
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
,	• Yes
	• No
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	
Data element name: GHG calculation	Reporting question: What methods is the project using to
methods	calculate GHG benefits?
<b>Description:</b> List the way(s) that GHG ben	efits are being measured and calculated by the project this quarter.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Models
	Direct field measurements
Logic: None – all respond	Both  Required: Yes
Logic. None – an respond	nequired. Tes

Version 1.0 Page **15** of **87** 

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

GHG cumulative calculation

Data element name: GHG cumulative Reporting question: What method(s) was used to calculate the

calculation total cumulative GHG benefits reported here?

Description: List the method(s) that was used to calculate the total cumulative GHG benefits reported by the

project this quarter.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Both

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**Cumulative GHG benefits** 

Data element name: Cumulative GHG Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total GHG

benefits emission reductions (CO2eq) to date?

Description: Total cumulative estimated greenhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation.

This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative carbon stock

Data element name: Cumulative carbon Reporting question: How much carbon has the project

stock sequestered to date?

**Description:** Estimated total cumulative change in carbon stock based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is

one ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO2eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative CO2 benefit

Data element name: Cumulative CO2 Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

benefit cumulative CO2 emission reductions to date?

Description: Estimated total cumulative carbon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation.

This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub> Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**Cumulative CH4 benefit** 

Data element name: Cumulative CH4 benefit Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

CH4 emission reductions to date?

**Description:** Estimated total cumulative methane reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is one ton

of CH<sub>4</sub> = 25 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

CO<sub>2</sub>eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page **16** of **87** 



Cumulative N20 benefit

Data element name: Cumulative N2O benefit Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

N2O emission reductions to date?

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Description: Estimated total cumulative nitrous oxide reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no updated numbers enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Conversion rate is one ton of  $N_2O = 298$  tons of  $CO_2eq$ .

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in

CO2eq

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets produced

Data element name: Offsets produced Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been

produced in the project?

Description: Total carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields during the quarter. Offsets are defined as

having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets sale

Data element name: Offsets sale Reporting question: To what marketplace(s) were carbon offsets

sold?

Description: Marketplaces to which carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields were sold. Offsets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

List each marketplace name. Separate names with commas.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets price

Reporting question: What was the average price of carbon Data element name: Offsets price

received for offsets?

Description: Average price per metric ton paid for carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields. Offsets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Select multiple values: No Data type: Decimal

Allowed values: 0-500 Measurement unit: Dollars per metric ton

Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Insets produced

Data element name: Insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been

produced in the project?

Description: Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2ea Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Quarterly Data collection level: Project

Version 1.0 Page 17 of 87 Cost of on-farm TA

Data element name: Cost of on-farm TA Reporting question: What is the total amount that has been

spent to provide on-farm TA?

**Description:** Total cost of any field- or practice-specific technical assistance provided by the project (by recipient or partners) to any producers. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the

previous quarter.

Data type: DecimalSelect multiple values: NoMeasurement unit: DollarsAllowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

MMRV cost

Data element name: MMRV cost Reporting question: What is the total amount that has been

spent on MMRV activities?

**Description:** Total cost of all MMRV activities paid for by the project (recipient or partners). MMRV components are defined as measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practices have been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable). This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: DecimalSelect multiple values: NoMeasurement unit: DollarsAllowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**GHG** monitoring method

Data element name: GHG monitoring 1-5 Reporting question: How did the project monitor GHG benefits?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of monitoring GHG benefits used this quarter as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Drones

· Ground-level photos and videos

On-farm visit

Plot-based sampling

Producer records or attestation

· Satellite monitoring or remote sensing

Soil metagenomics

Soil sensors

Water sensors

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 18 of 87



#### **GHG** reporting method

Data element name: GHG reporting 1-5

**Reporting question:** How did the project track and report implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of tracking and reporting on practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Automated devices
- Email
- Mobile app
- Paper
- Third-party actors
- Website
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### GHG verification method

**Data element name:** GHG verification method 1-5

Reporting question: How did the project verify implementation

of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

**Description:** Up to the five most common forms of verifying practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Logic: None - all respond

Allowed values:

- Artificial intelligence
  - Audit by recipient
  - Computer modeling
  - Photos
  - Record audit
  - Satellite imagery
  - Site or field visit
  - Third-party audit
  - Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 19 of 87



### Partner Activities

U	n	iq	u	e	1	D	S

Partner ID Unique Project ID for each partner

Partner name

Data element name: Name of partner organization Reporting question: What is the official name of the

recipient or partner organization?

Description: Legal name of recipient or partner organization

Select multiple values: NA Data type: Text Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation

Partner type

Data element name: Type of partner organization Reporting question: What type of organization is this?

Description: Legal/financial structure of recipient or partner organization

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity groups (501c5)

For-profit Individual Nonprofit

State or local agency

Tribal agency University Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation

Partner POC

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Partner POC Reporting question: Who is the point of contact for

this project at the recipient or partner organization?

Description: Name of a point of contact for the recipient or partner organization

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation;

update as necessary

Partner POC email

Data element name: Partner POC email Reporting question: What is the point of contact's

email address?

Description: Email of the point of contact for the recipient or partner organization

Select multiple values: NA Data type: Text Allowed values: Text Measurement unit: NA

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation;

update as necessary

Version 1.0 Page 20 of 87



Partnership start date	
Data element name: Partnership start date	Reporting question: When did the partnership start?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	the recipient began formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partnership end date	
Data element name: Partnership end date	Reporting question: When did the partnership end?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	the recipient stopped formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership end quarter
New partnership	
Data element name: New partnership	Reporting question: Is this a new partnership?
<b>Description:</b> A new partnership means that the rec working relationship (under contract or on a grant)	ipient and the partner organization have not had a formal prior to the start of the project.
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)	prior to the start of the project.
working relationship (under contract or on a grant) <b>Data type:</b> List	-
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category  Logic: No response for recipient	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know  Required: Yes
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category  Logic: No response for recipient  Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know  Required: Yes  Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category  Logic: No response for recipient  Data collection level: Partner	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know  Required: Yes  Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category  Logic: No response for recipient  Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested  Data element name: Partner total requested  Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds that recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know  Required: Yes  Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project?  At the partner has requested reimbursement for from the ad of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the ne amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category  Logic: No response for recipient  Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested  Data element name: Partner total requested  Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds that recipient from the start of the partnership to the en	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know  Required: Yes  Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project?  At the partner has requested reimbursement for from the ad of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the ne amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If
Working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category  Logic: No response for recipient  Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested  Data element name: Partner total requested  Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds that recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the pre-	Prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know  Required: Yes  Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project?  At the partner has requested reimbursement for from the ad of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the me amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If evious quarter.
working relationship (under contract or on a grant)  Data type: List  Measurement unit: Category  Logic: No response for recipient  Data collection level: Partner  Partner total requested  Data element name: Partner total requested  Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds that recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus there are no changes, report the value from the predata type: Decimal	prior to the start of the project.  Select multiple values: No  Allowed values:  Yes  No  I don't know  Required: Yes  Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation  Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project?  At the partner has requested reimbursement for from the ad of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the me amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If evious quarter.  Select multiple values: NA

Version 1.0 Page **21** of **87** 



the second of	The second second second second		
Lotal	match	contributio	n

Data element name: Total match contribution

Reporting question: What is the total match value the organization has contributed to the project to date?

Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds and in-kind contributions (e.g., staff time, inputs, equipment rental, marketing support) that the partner has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all previous entries plus match contributions in the reporting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value from the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000 Measurement unit: Dollars

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### Total match incentives

Data element name: Total match incentives

Reporting question: What is the total value of match provided by this organization for producer incentives?

Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds for incentive payments directly to producers that the partner has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all previous entries plus match incentives in the reporting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value from the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### Match type

Data element name: Match type 1-3

Logic: None - all respond

Reporting question: What types of match contributions has the organization provided to the project?

Description: Types of match contributions other than incentives provided directly to producers by the organization from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of match contributions provided. In-kind staff time could be used for technical assistance, marketing assistance, or other support to producers. Production inputs include seed, fertilizer, pesticides, equipment and other inputs for use in the field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other match types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

- Equipment rental or use
- In-kind staff time
- Production inputs (reduced cost or free)
  - Program income
- Software
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 22 of 87

#### Match amount

Data element name: Match amount 1-3 Reporting question: What is the value of the match contributions the organization provided to the

project?

**Description:** Cumulative (total) value of funds for each match type that the organization has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amounts for up to the top three (in dollar value) match types. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns

blank.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Training type provided

Data element name: Training type 1-3 provided Reporting question: What types of training has the

organization provided to project partners?

**Description:** Types of training provided to the project partner as a result of participating in the project during the past quarter. Training can come from the recipient, a project partner organization (including other divisions of their own organization, or an outside organization. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of partner training provided. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 training types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other training types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Allowed values.

- Data collection
- Grant reporting
- Marketing opportunities
- Providing financial assistance
   Providing technical assistance
- Writing producer contracts
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

### Activity by partner

Logic: None - all respond

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner

**Reporting question:** What types of activities has the organization provided to the project?

**Description:** Types of activities that the recipient or partner organization has provided during the reporting quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other activity types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Marketing suppor

- Marketing supportMMRV support
- Producer outreach for enrollment
- Technical assistance to producers
- Training to other partner organizations

Other (specify)
 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 23 of 87



Activity cost

Data element name: Activity cost 1-3 Reporting question: What is the value of the activities

this organization has provided to the project?

**Description:** Cumulative (total) cost of each activity type that the organization has undertaken or offered from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amounts for up to the top three (in dollar value) activity types. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity types are provided, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**Products supplied** 

Data element name: Products supplied Reporting question: What products or supplies were

provided to enrolled fields?

**Description:** Name(s) of products supplied to enrolled producers as incentives or matching contributions. Enter the name of each product, including its brand. Separate each product name with a comma. If no products or

supplies were provided by the organization, leave the column blank.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

**Product source** 

Data element name: Product source Reporting question: Which companies provided the

supplies?

**Description:** Name of firm or company from which supplies were obtained.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

**Logic:** Respond if text entered for 'Products supplied' **Required:** Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 24 of 87



### Marketing Activities

Commodity type

Data element name: Commodity type Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced by

the farmers enrolled in this project?

**Description:** List a single commodity produced or marketed through incentives from this project. If multiple commodities are produced by the project, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each commodity. Use

the FSA commodity list in Appendix B and choose the commodity from the list.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing channel type

Data element name: Marketing channel Reporting question: What type of marketing channel is used to

ype sell this commodity?

**Description:** List a single type of marketing channel used to sell the commodity produced by farmers enrolled in the project. If a single commodity is marketed through multiple channels, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each combination of commodity and marketing channel. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the other marketing channel type(s) as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Agricultural marketing board

Biorefinery

Commodity broker

Direct to consumer

Direct to institution

Direct to restaurant

Distributor (including grain elevators)

Food hub or cooperative

Food processor

Non-food byproducts processor

Retailer

USDA

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Number of buyers

Data element name: Number of buyers Reporting question: How many buyers are there in this

marketing channel?

**Description:** List the number of individual firms or buyers in this marketing channel.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Count Allowed values: 1-500

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 25 of 87



Names of buyers

Data element name: Names of buyers Reporting question: What are the names of all of the buyers in

this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the names of all buyers in this marketing channel. Separate each name with a comma.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing channel geography

Data element name: Marketing channel Reporting question: What is the primary geography of the

geography marketing channel?

**Description:** The primary geography of the type of marketing channel. Primary geography means the scale at which most of the activity of buying and selling happens. Local means within a single state or directly neighboring states. Regional means within a five-to-ten state area. National means across the United States. International means specific locations outside of the United States. Global means across the world or not to a

specific international location.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

LocalRegional

NationalGlobal

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Value sold

Data element name: Value sold Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity sold in

this marketing channel?

Description: The dollar value of the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Volume sold

Data element name: Volume sold Reporting question: What is the volume of the commodity sold

in this marketing channel?

Description: The volume of the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Number Allowed values: 1-100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 26 of 87

Vo	ume	sol	d	unit

Data element name: Volume sold unit Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?

**Description:** The unit associated with the volume of the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If "other" is

chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Bales (500 pounds)

Bushels

Carcass pounds

Gallons

Kilograms

Linear board feet

Liveweight pounds

Metric tons

Pounds

· Short tons

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Price premium

Data element name: Price premium Reporting question: What price premium is received for the

commodity sold in this marketing channel?

Description: The price premium received for the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price

premium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0.01-\$10,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Price premium unit

Data element name: Price premium unit Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium?

Description: The unit associated with the price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If

"other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Per bale (500 pounds)

Per bushel

Per carcass pound

Per gallon

Per kilogram

Per linear board foot

Per live pound

Per metric ton

Per ounce

Per short ton

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 27 of 87



Price premium to producer

Data element name: Price premium to Reporting question: What percent of the price premium is

producer provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this

marketing channel?

**Description:** The percent of the price premium provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price premium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-100 Measurement unit: Percent

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Product differentiation method

Data element name: Product differentiation method 1-3 Reporting question: What methods are used

to differentiate climate-smart commodities in

this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the methods used to differentiate the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Product differentiation methods are ways to distinguish or differentiate the climate-smart commodity in the marketplace. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 product differentiation methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other product differentiation methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Certification/verification for internal insetting

- Farm certification
- Label or badge used on packaging or marketing
- Third party certification/verification
- Trademark Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing method

Data element name: Marketing method 1-3 Reporting question: What methods are used to market climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the method(s) used to market this commodity in this market channel. Marketing method is the way that potential buyers of the climate-smart commodity are engaged by the project partners as the sellers or facilitators of sale. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing methods as free text

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Label or badge used on packaging or marketing materials

Marketing partnership (e.g., promotion by buyer)

Print marketing campaign

Social media and digital marketing campaign

Verbal marketing campaign (e.g., radio, word of mouth)

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 28 of 87



Marketing channel ide	entification method
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**Data element name:** Marketing channel identification method 1-3

**Reporting question:** What methods are used to generate interest in climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

**Description:** Provide the marketing channel identification method(s) used for this commodity in this market channel. Market channel identification methods are the ways that producers and project partners generate interest in purchasing the climate-smart commodity. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing channel identification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing channel identification methods as free text

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

#### Allowed values:

- Educational tours for buyers
- In-person lead generation
- Negotiated contracts with buyers
- Partnership network or project partner
- Other (specify)
   Required: Yes

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Project

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

### Traceability method

Data element name: Traceability method

**Reporting question:** What traceability methods are used for climate-smart commodities in this channel?

**Description:** Provide the traceability method(s) used for the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Traceability methods are ways to trace the climate-smart commodity or the climate-smart claims through the supply chain. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 traceability methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other traceability methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

#### Allowed values:

- · Barcode or unique ID
- Blockchain
- Book and claim
- Chain of custody
- Mass balance
- Recordkeeping
- Registry with certification
- Segregation
- Supply shed
- Volume proxy
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 29 of 87



### **Producer Enrollment**

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Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Producer data change

Data element name: Producer data change Reporting question: Is there new/updated

information for a producer who is re-enrolling in the

project?

Description: Indicates that there is new or updated information for a producer who had previously enrolled in

the project and is re-enrolling.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment

Producer start date

Data element name: Producer start date Reporting question: When did the producer enroll in

the project?

**Description:** Date that the producer enrolled in the project by signing their first contract.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Producer name

Data element name: Producer name Reporting question: What is the name of producer

enrolled in the project?

Description: Name of the producer enrolled in the project; the name must match the name contained in the

customer's Business Partner record and the Farm Operating Plan in FSA Business File for that Farm ID.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page 30 of 87

### **Underserved status**

Data element name: Underserved status

**Reporting question:** Is this producer considered an underserved and/or a small producer?

**Description:** Underserved status of the primary operator of the enrolled operation. Underserved producers generally include beginning farmers, socially disadvantaged farmers, veteran farmers, and limited resource farmers; women farmers and producers growing specialty crops are generally also included in these categories. Small farms are generally those with less than \$350,000 in annual gross cash farm income. Indicate whether this producer is considered underserved, a small producer, or both underserved and a small producer. Use "I don't know" if the producer declines to answer. Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes, underserved

- Yes, underserved
   Yes, small producer
- Yes, underserved and small producer
- No
- I don't know

Required: No

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

#### Total area

Data element name: Total area Reporting question: What is the total area of the farm?

**Description:** Total area of the farm associated with the Farm ID. Report total area of the farm, even if only a portion of the farm is enrolled in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total area each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Logic: None - all respond

#### Allowed values:

- Less than 1 acre
- 1 to 9 acres
- 10 to 49 acres
- 50 to 69 acres
- 70 to 99 acres
- 100 to 139 acres
- 140 to 179 acres
- 180 to 219 acres
- 220 to 259 acres
- 260 to 499 acres
- 500 to 999 acres
- 1,000 to 1,999 acres
- 2,000 to 4,999 acres
- 5,000 or more acres

Logic: None – all respond

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer

**Data collection frequency:** Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Version 1.0 Page 31 of 87



Total crop area

Data element name: Total crop area Reporting question: What percent of the current operation is

cropland?

**Description:** Area of the total farm that is currently used as cropland. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total crop area each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary

updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

Total livestock area

Data element name: Total livestock Reporting question: What amount of the current operation is used for

area livestock (by area)?

**Description:** Area of the total farm that is currently used for pasture, grazing, rangeland; or animal housing, feeding or milking. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total livestock area each

time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

Total forest area

Data element name: Total forest area Reporting question: What amount of the current operation is forested

(by area)?

**Description:** Area of the total farm that is currently considered forest land use. Forest land use means that at least 10% of the land area is covered in trees that will be at least 13 feet tall when mature. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total forest area each time a new contract is signed and

provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

Version 1.0 Page 32 of 87



Livestock type

Data element name: Livestock type 1-3

Reporting question: What types of livestock are raised on the farm?

Description: Up to top three types of livestock (by head count) on the farm. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other livestock types as free text. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the livestock type each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

# Allowed values:

- Alpacas
- Beef cows
- Beefalo
- Buffalo or bison
- Chickens (broilers)
- Chickens (layers)
- Dairy cows
- Deer
- Ducks
- Elk
- **Emus**
- Equine
- Geese
- Goats
- Honeybees
- Llamas
- Reindeer
- Sheep
- Swine
- Turkeys
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Livestock head

Data element name: Livestock head 1-3

Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0

Data collection level: Producer

Reporting question: How many livestock (by type) are on this operation?

Description: Average annual head count for each type of livestock. Enter amounts for up to the top three livestock types by number. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the average annual head count each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: NA Measurement unit: Head count

Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0

Data collection level: Producer

Allowed values: 1-10,000,000

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Version 1.0 Page 33 of 87



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Data element name: Organic farm

**Reporting question:** Is any part of the farm currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

**Description:** USDA-certified organic means that the farm has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the farm each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: No

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Organic fields

Data element name: Organic fields

**Reporting question:** Are any of the fields enrolled in the project currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

**Description:** USDA-certified organic means that the operation has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the fields enrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the fields enrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the enrolled fields each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

• No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Organic operation'

Required: No

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Producer motivation

Data element name: Producer motivation

Reporting question: Which of the following was the primary

reason the producer enrolled in this project?

Description: Primary operator's motivation for enrolling in the project.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Financial benefit

Environmental benefit

New market opportunity

Partnerships or networks

Other

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page 34 of 87



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Data element name: Producer outreach 1- Reporting question: What types of outreach were provided to producers?

**Description:** Up to three most common types of outreach provided to producer prior to enrollment. Outreach activities are those focused on identifying and enrolling producers in the project. Outreach can come from the recipient or project partners. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 outreach types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other outreach types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: Yes

Measurement unit: Category Al

#### Allowed values:

- Commodity organizations
- Conferences
- Cooperative extension
- Digital communications and resources
- Education workshops, field days, and town halls
- Existing partner networks
- Farm visits and one-on-one meetings
- General advertising
- Peer referrals and producer groups
- Phone calls
- Print communications and resources
- Retailers
- State agencies
- Targeted messaging using proprietary data
- Technical service providers
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

**CSAF** experience

Data element name: CSAF experience Reporting question: Has the primary operator implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years anywhere on the farm?

**Description:** Has this farm implemented climate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practices anywhere on the farm in the past 10 years or since the current primary operator took control (whichever time period is shorter)?

CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page **35** of **87** 

CSAF federal funds

Data element name: CSAF federal funds Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by

federal funds?

**Description:** If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by federal funds? Federal funds are defined as being from programs including, but not limited to, those from the Natural Resources Conservation Service ((NRCS), including through Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP), Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP), or related programs), the Farm Service Agency Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), as well as funds from other USDA programs or other federal agencies.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF state or local funds

Data element name: CSAF state or local Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by

unds state or local funds?

**Description:** If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by state funds? State or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture or other state agencies, local water quality districts and other local agencies.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF nonprofit funds

Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by

nonprofit funds?

**Description:** If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by nonprofit funds? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit

organization to a producer.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page **36** of **87** 



### **CSAF** market incentives

Data element name: CSAF market incentives Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by market

incentives?

**Description:** If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by market incentives? Market incentives include premiums paid by a commodity

buyer or by a consumer based on branding or labeling as a climate-smart commodity.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

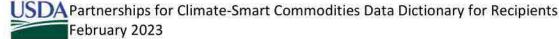
I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page 37 of 87



### Field Enrollment

In			

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
Prior Field ID, if applicable	Prior Field ID assigned by FSA if there has been reconstitution of the farm resulting in a new Field ID during the field's enrollment in the project

Field data change

Data element name: Field data change Reporting question: Has the information previously

reported for this field changed?

**Description:** Indicator that this entry is being used to report any relevant changes, such as a new Field ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations, for a field that has previously been enrolled in

the project.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment

Contract start date

Data element name: Contract start date Reporting question: What is the start date of the

contract with the producer that includes this field?

**Description:** Start date listed on the contract that enrolls the field in the project.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Total field area

Data element name: Total field area Reporting question: What is the total size of the

enrolled field?

Description: Total size of the field enrolled with the project.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: .01-500

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page 38 of 87



Commodity category				
Data element name: Commodity category	Reporting question: What category of			
AND DEFINE MEDITE MEDIT (MEDIT ME TO THE MEDIT)	commodity(ies) is (are) produced from this field			
<b>Description:</b> Category of commodity(ies) produced in fie	The state of the s			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No			
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:			
	<ul> <li>Crops</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Livestock</li> </ul>			
	• Trees			
	<ul> <li>Crops and livestock</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Crops and trees</li> </ul>			
	Livestock and trees			
Logic: None – all respond	<ul> <li>Crops, livestock and trees</li> <li>Required: Yes</li> </ul>			
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment			
The PROPERTY OF A STATE OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTR	Data collection frequency. Initial enrollment			
Commodity type  Data element name: Commodity type	Penarting question. What tune of commodity is			
Data element name: Commounty type	Reporting question: What type of commodity in produced from this field?			
Description: Type of commodity produced in field enrolle				
worksheet provides a drop-down list of the allowed value				
commodities in subsequent rows.				
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No			
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list			
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes			
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment			
Baseline yield	=			
Data element name: Baseline yield	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the baseline yield of this field?			
Description: Average annual yield of commodity in 3 year	rs prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled			
field if possible. If not at field level, provide average annu	and the state of t			
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No			
Data type: Decimal	Allowed values: .01-100,000			
Measurement unit: Production per acre or animal	Allowed values: .01-100,000			
	Allowed values: .01-100,000 Required: Yes			

Version 1.0 Page 39 of 87



Base	ino 1	HOLD	limit
Dase	11116	riciu	UIIIL

Data element name: Baseline yield unit Reporting question: Baseline yield unit

**Description:** Unit of average annual yield of commodity in enrolled field in 3 years prior to enrollment. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

· Animal units per acre

Bushels per acre

Carcass pounds per animal

Head per acre

Hundred-weights (or pounds) per head

Linear feet per acre

Liveweight pounds per animal

Pounds per acreTons per acreOther (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

**Baseline yield location** 

Data element name: Baseline yield location Reporting question: For what portion of the operation is the

baseline yield being reported?

Description: Location of the reported average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If

"other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate location as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Enrolled fieldWhole operation

Other (specify)
 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field land use

Logic: None - all respond

**Data element name:** Field land use **Reporting question:** What is this field's land use history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years?

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Crop land

Forest land

Non-agriculture

Other agricultural land

Pasture

Range

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page **40** of **87** 



			· Common	
FIR	n	Irr	102	ted

Data element name: Field irrigated Reporting question: What is this field's irrigation history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common irrigation practice on this field the past 3 years?

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

No irrigation

Center pivot

Drip-subsurface

Drip-surface

Flood/border

Furrow/ditch

Lateral/linear sprinklers

Micro-sprinklers

Seepage

Side roll

Solid set sprinklers

Supplemental

Surface

Traveling gun/towline

Wheel Line

Other

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field tillage

Data element name: Field tillage Reporting question: What is this field's tillage history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common tillage approach during the past 3 years?

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

None

Conventional, inversion

Conventional, vertical

No-till, direct seed

Reduced till, inversion

Reduced till, vertical

Strip till

Other

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page 41 of 87



Practice i	past	extent	-	farm
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Data element name: Practice past extent - Reporting question: What percent of the farm has

farm implemented this CSAF practice (combination) previously?

**Description:** Prior to enrollment, on what portion of the whole farm had this (these) CSAF practice(s) ever been used by the primary operator? If multiple practices are planned to be implemented in this field, enter the value that best corresponds to the farm's prior experience with the planned set of practices.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Never used

Used on less than 25% of operation

Used on 25-50% of operation
Used on 51-75% of operation

Used on more than 75% of operation

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field any CSAF practice

Data element name: Field any CSAF practice Reporting question: What is this field's prior experience with

CSAF practices?

Description: Prior to enrollment, have any CSAF practice or practices been used in this field in the past 3 years?

CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

I don't know
 Required: Yes

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Practice past use - this field

Data element name: Practice past use - this

field

Reporting question: Have this CSAF practice (combination)

been implemented previously in this field?

**Description:** Prior to enrollment, had this (these) CSAF practice(s) been used in this field in the in the past 3 years? Enter yes if all of the practices had been used previously in this field; enter some if multiple practices are being implemented and one or more, but not all of the practices had been used previously in this field; and enter no if none of the practices had been used previously in this field.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesSome

NoI don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page **42** of **87** 



Practice type

Data element name: Practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

in this field through the project?

**Description:** Which CSAF practice or practices will be implemented on this field as part of enrollment in the project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

**Practice standard** 

Data element name: Practice standard 1-7 Reporting question: What standard does the CSAF practice

follow?

**Description:** Is the CSAF practice being implemented on the field as part of enrollment in the project following a defined practice standard? The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

NRCS

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Planned practice implementation year

Data element name: Practice 1-7 Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to

implementation year be implemented?

**Description:** Year that the CSAF practice is planned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this project). The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Year Allowed values: 2022-2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Practice extent

Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent Reporting question: To what extent is the practice

implemented?

Description: Total area, length, or head where the practice is being implemented in the field specified by the

contract.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Extent Allowed values: .01-

100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Version 1.0 Page 43 of 87



Practice extent unit

Data element name: Practice 1-7 Reporting question: Unit for extent of practice implementation

extent unit

Description: Unit for extent of practice implementation on the field specified by the contract. If "other" is

chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Acres

Head of livestock

Linear feet

Square feet

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

### **CSAF Practice Sub-questions**

For certain practices, additional questions are asked that provide information necessary to estimate greenhouse gas benefits from implementation of the practice. See Table 11 in the CSAF Practice Sub-questions section for descriptions of individual questions to be answered depending on the CSAF practices selected.

Version 1.0 Page 44 of 87



# SDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

#### Farm Summary

### **Unique IDs**

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)		

#### Producer TA received

Data element name: Producer TA received 1-3

Reporting question: What types of technical assistance were provided to this producer?

Description: Did the recipient or any partner provide technical assistance (TA) to the producer this year? Technical assistance is any training, education, capacity building or other support provided by any project partner(s) directly to producers enrolled in the project. List up to the top three most common types of TA provided to this producer. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 TA types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other TA types as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category

### Allowed values:

- Demonstration plots
- Equipment demonstrations
- Group field days or in-person field workshops
- Hotline
- One-on-one enrollment assistance
- One-on-one field visits
- One-on-one producer mentorship
- Producer networks and peer-to-peer groups
- Retailer consultation
- Social media/digital tools
- Train-the-trainer opportunities
- Virtual meetings or field days
- Webinars and videos
- Written materials
- None
- Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond

Data collection level: Producer

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### Producer incentive amount

Data element name: Producer incentive

Reporting question: What is the total value of financial

amount

incentives provided to this producer?

Description: Total incentive payment received by the producer from USDA project funds for the year (non-

cumulative). Do not include incentive payments made with partner match funds.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$5,000,000

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 45 of 87



#### Incentive reason

Data element name: Incentive reason 1-4 Reporting question: Why were incentives provided to this producer?

Description: List up to four reasons for producer incentive payments. List the top 4 based on total value of the incentive for each reason. The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 reasons, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other reasons as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category

### Allowed values:

- Avoided conversion
- Conference or training attendance
- Demographics/equity payment
- Enrollment
- Foregone revenue
- Historic data collection
- Identity preservation (supply chain tracing)
- Implementation of practices
- MMRV (e.g., data collection, reporting)
- Passing audit
- Price premium on output
- Yield change
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

#### Incentive structure

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Incentive structure 1-4

Reporting question: What are the units for the financial incentives provided to this producer?

Description: List the structures (units) corresponding to the top 4 (by dollar value) incentive payments to producers. Production unit is weight or volume (bushel, kilogram, ton). The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 structure types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other structure types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

- Flat rate
- Per animal head
- Per area
- Per length
- Per production unit
- Per ton GHG
- Per tree
- Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Page 46 of 87 Version 1.0



Incentive type

Data element name: Incentive type 1-4

**Reporting question:** What type of incentives were provided to each producer?

**Description:** List the top 4 types of incentive payments to producers (based on dollar value). The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 incentive types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other incentive types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

- Cash payment
- Equipment loan
- · Guaranteed commodity premium payment
- Inputs and supplies
- Land rental
- Loan
- Paid labor
- Post-harvest transportation
   Tuition or fees for training
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on enrollment

Data element name: Payment on

enrollment

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon enrollment in the project?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not related to any implementation, MMRV or sales activities. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:Full payment

Partial paymentNo payment

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on implementation

**Data element name:** Payment on implementation

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon implementation of the practices?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon implementing the practices included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Full paymentPartial payment

No payment

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 47 of 87



Pay	yment	on harve	est
-----	-------	----------	-----

Data element name: Payment on harvest

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon harvest of the commodity?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon harvesting or slaughtering the commodity included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Full payment
 Partial payment

• No payment Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on MMRV

Data element name: Payment on MMRV

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon completing MMRV requirements?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon completing the annual MMRV requirements included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Required: Yes

Full paymentPartial paymentNo payment

Data collection level: Producer

Logic: None - all respond

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on sale

Data element name: Payment on sale

**Reporting question:** What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?

**Description:** Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Full payment
Partial payment
No payment
Required: Yes

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page **48** of **87** 



### Field Summary

Unique IDs
------------

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)		

Commodity type

Data element name: Commodity type Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced from

this field?

**Description:** Type of commodity produced in field enrolled in the project. See full list in Appendix B. The worksheet provides multiple columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each

column. Leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List

Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Practice type

Data element name: Field practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

in this field through the project?

**Description:** Which climate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practice or practices are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Date practice complete

Data element name: Date practice complete Reporting question: When did the project certify CSAF practice

implementation as complete?

**Description:** Date that the project certifies that implementation of the CSAF practice is complete on the field. Use January of the year prior to contract year for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively implemented in the year prior to a contract associated with this project is signed). The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page **49** of **87** 



Contract end date

Data element name: Contract end date Reporting question: Contract end date

Description: End date listed on the contract that enrolls the field in the project. If contract end date changes,

submit updated end date during the next quarter's reporting.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

MMRV assistance provided

Data element name: MMRV assistance provided Reporting question: Was MMRV assistance provided?

**Description:** Was any MMRV assistance provided to the primary operator for this field? MMRV assistance includes in-field support for the use of technologies, consultation on data collection and input, and other support related to MMRV. MMRV is defined a measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing assistance provided

Data element name: Marketing assistance provided Reporting question: Was marketing assistance

provided?

**Description:** Was any marketing assistance provided to the primary operator for the commodity(ies) produced from this field? Marketing assistance includes guaranteeing the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a platform for the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a label, branding, or other support related to marketing.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

• No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Incentive per acre or head

Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or

per-head incentive?

Description: Is this field receiving an incentive payment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices

on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis?

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page **50** of **87** 

# USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Field commodity value

Data element name: Field commodity value Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity

produced on the enrolled field?

**Description:** The dollar value of the commodity produced on the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field commodity volume

Data element name: Field commodity volume Reporting question: What is the volume of commodity

produced on the enrolled field?

**Description:** The volume of the commodity produced on the enrolled field

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Number Allowed values: 1-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field commodity volume unit

Data element name: Field commodity volume Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?

unit

Description: The unit associated with the volume of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is

chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Bushels

Carcass weight pounds

Gallons

Head

Linear feet

Liveweight pounds

Pounds

Tons

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cost of implementation

Data element name: Cost of implementation Reporting question: What is the cost of practice

implementation in the field?

Description: Total annual estimated cost per unit of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 51 of 87

Cost unit

Data element name: Cost unit Reporting question: What is the unit for cost?

Description: The unit associated with the cost of implementing CSAF practices in the field. If "other" is chosen,

enter the appropriate value in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Per acre

Per bushel

Per head

Per linear foot

Per pound

Per ton

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cost coverage

Reporting question: What percent of the practice cost is Data element name: Cost coverage

covered by the incentive?

Description: Estimated proportion of total annual cost of implementing the practice(s) that is covered by project

incentives.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-100 Measurement unit: Percent

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field GHG monitoring

Data element name: Field GHG monitoring Reporting question: How were GHG impacts monitored in this 1-3 field?

Description: Up to the top three forms of monitoring GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Drones

Ground-level photos and videos

On-farm inspection

Plot-based sampling (e.g., soil, water)

Producer records or attestation

Satellite monitoring or remote sensing

Soil metagenomics

Soil sensors

Water sensors

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 52 of 87

### Field GHG reporting

Data element name: Field GHG reporting Reporting question: How were GHG benefits reported for this

Description: Up to the top three forms of reporting on GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Automated devices
- **Fmail**
- Mobile app
- Paper
- Third-party actors
- Website
- Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

### Field GHG verification

Data element name: Field GHG verification Reporting question: How was implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions verified for this field?

Description: Up to the top three of verification of GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Artificial intelligence
  - Computer modeling
  - Recipient audit

  - Photos
  - Record audit
  - Satellite imagery
  - Site or field visit
  - Third-party audit
  - Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Page 53 of 87 Version 1.0



Field GHG calculations

Data element name: Field GHG Reporting question: What methods are used to calculate GHG

calculations benefits in this field?

Description: List the method(s) used to calculate GHG benefits in this field. If yes to direct physical

measurements, submit result reports (see Supplemental Data Submission – Field direct GHG measurement

results).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Both

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official GHG calculation

Data element name: Field official GHG Reporting question: What method was used to calculate the

calculation official GHG benefits in this field?

Description: List the method used to calculate the official GHG benefits in this field that are reported as part of

the project's aggregate impact.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official GHG ER

**Data element name:** Field official GHG Reporting question: What are the estimated total GHG emission

emission reductions reductions (CO2eq) in this field?

**Description:** Estimated greenhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice completion

or annually, as appropriate.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official carbon stock

Data element name: Field official carbon Reporting question: How much carbon has been sequestered in

stock this field?

**Description:** Estimated total change in carbon stock based on practice implementation in this field. This data element can be reported in any quarter and is cumulative for the year. Conversion rate is one ton of carbon =

3.67 tons of CO₂eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page **54** of **87** 



Field official CO2 ER

Data element name: Field official CO2 Reporting question: What are the estimated total CO2 emission

emission reductions reductions in this field?

**Description:** Estimated total carbon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

completion or annually, as appropriate.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub> Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official CH4 ER

Data element name: Field official CH4 emission Reporting question: What are the estimated total CH4

reductions emission reductions in this field?

**Description:** Estimated total methane emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

completion or annually, as appropriate. Conversion rate is one ton of  $CH_4 = 25$  tons of  $CO_2$ eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in

CO<sub>2</sub>eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official N20 ER

Data element name: Field official N2O emission Reporting question: What are the estimated total N2O

reductions emission reductions in this field?

**Description:** Estimated total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

completion or annually, as appropriate. Conversion rate is one ton of  $N_2O = 298$  tons of  $CO_2eq$ .

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in

CO₂eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field offsets produced

Data element name: Field offsets produced Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been

produced in this field?

Description: Total carbon offsets produced in the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Offsets are defined

as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 55 of 87



Field insets produced

Data element name: Field insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been

produced in this field?

**Description:** Total carbon insets produced in the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a

firm.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Other field measurement

Data element name: Other field Reporting question: Were data collected from the field for

measurement reasons other than GHG benefit estimation?

**Description:** Direct physical measurements or data collection taken in the field for any reason other than GHG benefits estimation. These reasons could include calibration of GHG estimation tools or models, tracking other environmental benefits (see Field environmental benefits report), and other reasons. If yes, submit

corresponding reports (see Supplemental data submission - Field direct measurement results).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Version 1.0 Page 56 of 87



### GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

Jnique IDs		
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

**Commodity type** 

Data element name: Commodity type 1-6 Reporting question: What type of commodity (ies) is produced

from this field?

**Description:** Type of commodity(ies) produced in field enrolled in the project. See full list of commodity options in Appendix B. The worksheet provides multiple columns with drop-down lists of the allowed values. Choose

one value for each column. Leave unnecessary columns blank

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None – all respond Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple

methods

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Practice type

Data element name: Practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

by this project?

**Description:** Which CSAF practice or practices are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented by the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple

methods

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 57 of 87

### **GHG** model

Data element name: GHG model Reporting question: What model was used for alternate calculation of GHG benefits?

Description: Select the model used for the alternate calculation of the field's GHG benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

### Allowed values:

- ACC Calculator
- Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU) Carbon Calculator
- AIRES
- APEX
- Bowen Ratio Energy Balance
- Carat-Calculator
- CArPE
- CDFA web-based calculator
- COMET-Farm
- COMET-Planner
- CoolFarm
- Cover Crop Explore
- CropTrak
- CultivateAl's FMIS
- DayCent-CR
- DNDC
- DSSAT
- Earth Optics
- EcoPractices
- EPIC
- Extrapolation based on literature
- FieldPrint
- Granular
- GREET
- gTIR
- IFSM
- IPCC default emissions factors & models
- itree
- Nitrogen Balance
- Nutrient Tracking Tool (NTT)
- RCD Project Tracker
- Revised Universal Soil Loss equation 2 (RUSLE2)
- RuFaS
- SAFE-Link
- SALUS (CIBO)
- SNAPGRAZE
- SquareRoots
- SWAT-C
- SYMFONI
- Truterra Sustainability Tool
- Verra
- WEPP
- YardStick
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Field

Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods

Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 58 of 87



Model start date	
Data element name: Model start date	<b>Reporting question:</b> For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model start date)?
Description: Date that the model parameters	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/1950 - 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Model end date	
Data element name: Model end date	Reporting question: For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model end date)?
Description: Date that the model parameters	s end.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023-12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	
Data element name: Total GHG benefits	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's
estimated	total GHG emission reductions?
	reductions from practice implementation in the field estimated
using an alternate model.  Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	
Data element name: Total carbon stock	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of how much
estimated	carbon has the field has sequestered?
	sed on practice implementation in the field estimated using an
alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton o	THE STATE OF THE S
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total CO2 estimated	
Data element name: Total CO2 estimated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the alternate estimate of the field's total CO2 emission reductions?
the filter and a second of filter the first of the first	eductions based on practice implementation in the field estimated
using an alternate model.	20 206 E 601
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 59 of 87



Total CH4 estimated			
Data element name: Total CH4 estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total CH4 emission reductions?		
<b>Description:</b> Total methane emission reductions based on praction an alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton of CH <sub>4</sub> = 25 tons			
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO₂eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
otal field N20 estimated			
Data element name: Total N2O estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total N2O emission reductions?		
<b>Description:</b> Total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on using an alternate method. Conversion rate is one ton of $N_2O$ =	298 tons of CO₂eq.		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000		
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		

Version 1.0 Page **60** of **87** 



### SDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

### GHG Benefits - Measured

u	ni	an	e	ID	1
•					•

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

#### **GHG** measurement method

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: GHG measurement method

Reporting question: What measurement method is used to calculate GHG benefits?

Description: Field-based measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

> **Emissions measurement** unit

Flux towers

Litterbags

Plant measurements

Portable emissions analyzers

Soil flux chambers

Soil samples Soil sensors

Vehicle-mounted sensors

Other (specify)

Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this

field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Lab name

Data element name: Lab name Reporting question: What is the name of the lab that

processed the measurement samples?

Description: Name of entity that received data and conducted analysis of samples. Data type: Text Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Free text Logic: None - all respond Required: If applicable

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 61 of 87



Measurement	start	date

Data element name: Measurement start date Reporting question: On what date did the

measurement start?

**Description:** Date that the measurements began. If it was a single point in time, use the same date for start date and end date. If multiple measurements took place over a time period, use the date that the measurements first

began.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes

carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission

measurements in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Measurement end date

Data element name: Measurement end date Reporting question: On what date did the

measurement end?

**Description:** Date that the measurements began. If it was a single point in time, use the same date for start date and end date. If multiple measurements took place over a time period, use the date that the measurements

were completed.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023–12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes

carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission

measurements in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Total CO2 reduction calculated

Data element name: Total CO2 reduction calculated Reporting question: What are

the total measured CO2 emission reductions?

Description: Total annual CO2 emission reductions based on practice implementation in the field calculated

from in-field measurements.

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project takes

carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency:

Annual

Total field carbon stock measured

Data element name: Total field carbon stock Reporting question: What is the total amount of

measured carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements

in this field?

**Description:** Change in carbon stock based on practice implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samples should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and

'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes

carbon stock measurements in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 62 of 87



Total CH4 reduction calculated			
Data element name: Total CH4 reduction calculated	Reporting question: What are the total measured CH4 emission reductions?		
<b>Description:</b> Total annual methane emission reductions b from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is one ton or	맞게 진짜를 막게 느니 되는데, 이번도 대학교에서 하나 하는데, 그런데 무슨데 맛이 하는데 되었다. 10분 사람이 하다 보고 나는 사람이 하는 그리고 아들은 아프로 살아가 되었다. 이 나는 사람이 하는데 그리고 아들이 아프로 살아가 되었다.		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000		
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Total N20 reduction calculated			
Data element name: Total N2O reduction calculated	<b>Reporting question:</b> What are the total measured N2O emission reductions?		
Description: Total annual nitrous oxide emission reductio	ns based on practice implementation in the field		
calculated from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is			
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000		
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or take		
	carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission		
SHE NO. THEN SEE TO BE PROPERTY IN	measurements in this field		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Soil sample result			
Data element name: Soil sample result	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the numeric result from this soil sample?		
Description: Results of measurement(s) taken to determine	ne the carbon stock of a soil (the tons of carbon found		
in a specified volume of soil).			
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: .00001-100,000		
Logic: None – all respond	<b>Required:</b> If a project conducts soil samples in this field		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		

Version 1.0 Page 63 of 87



Soil samp	ole	resul	t	unit
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Data element name: Soil sample result unit Reporting question: What is unit for the soil sample result?

**Description:** Unit for the corresponding soil sample result. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free

text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

PercentPpmGrams

Grams per cubic centimeter

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Measurement type

Data element name: Measurement type Reporting question: What type of analysis was conducted for

this soil sample?

**Description:** Type of soil analysis conducted. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

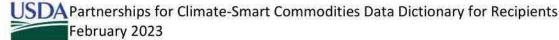
Organic matterTotal organic carbonBulk density

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 64 of 87



### Additional Environmental Benefits

u	n	in	11	P	11	Ds
v			u	•		-

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

					***
- m	roni	man	+-	hot	nefits
LIIVI	1011	1161	Lai	nei	ICHES

Data element name: Environmental Reporting question: Are environmental benefits other than

penefits GHGs being tracked in the field?

**Description:** Tracking of environmental benefits other than greenhouse gas emission reductions and carbon sequestration in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting

that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes
 No

I don't know

**Logic:** None – all respond **Required:** Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss

Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen Reporting question: Are reductions in nitrogen losses being

ss tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking reductions in nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using

some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss amount

Data element Reporting question: How much reduction in nitrogen losses

name: Reduction in nitrogen loss amount have been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of reduction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in

nitrogen loss'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 65 of 87

Red	uctio	n in	nitro	gen	loss	amount	unit

Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen

loss amount unit

Reporting question: What is the unit for how much reduction in nitrogen losses have been measured in the field?

Description: Unit for the total amount of reduction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Kilograms Metric tons Pounds

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in

nitrogen loss'

Data collection level: Field

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss purpose

Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen

loss purpose

Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduction in

nitrogen losses?

Description: Purpose of tracking reduction in nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity marketing **Producing insets** Producing offsets I don't know

Other (specify) Required: Yes

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in

nitrogen loss'

phosphorus loss

Data collection frequency: Annual

Data collection level: Project Reduction in phosphorus loss

Data element name: Reduction in

Reporting question: Are reductions in phosphorus losses being

tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking of reductions in phosphorus losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum

using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits. Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

> Yes No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in phosphorus loss amount

Data collection level: Field

Data element name: Reduction in Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses

phosphorus loss amount have been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of reduction in phosphorus losses that is measured in the field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in

phosphorus loss'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 66 of 87



benefits'

Data collection level: Field

Reduction in phosphorus loss amount unit	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in
phosphorus loss amount unit	phosphorus losses measured in the field?
Description: Unit for the total amount of re	duction in phosphorus losses that is measured in the enrolled field. If
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate val	ue as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Kilograms</li> </ul>
	Metric tons
	<ul> <li>Pounds</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Reduction in phosphorus loss'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
	Data collection frequency. Affilial
Reduction in phosphorus loss purpose	Description of the second of t
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reductions
phosphorus loss purpose	in phosphorus losses?
	n phosphorus losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter
the appropriate value as free text in the add	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I don't know</li> </ul>
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
phosphorus loss'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality	10
Data element name: Other water quality	<b>Reporting question:</b> Are other water quality metrics being tracked in the field?
Description: Project tracking of other water	quality metrics in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
using some form of monitoring and reporting	ng that can quantify benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
3.000 (000000 000000000 00 77 00 00 00 00 00 00	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes

Version 1.0 Page 67 of 87

Data collection frequency: Annual



Other water quality type  Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What type of other water quality metric
type	have been measured in the field?
ST 0.1 Thinks:	etric (besides nitrogen loss and phosphorus loss reductions) that is
- Bernath Bernath 1980년 등급 및 Bara 1985년 사람 전쟁, 일일하는 대통령 대통령 1987년 등로 1985년 및 1987년 1987년 및 1987년 1987년 1987년 1	enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Sediment load reduction
	Temperature
	Other (specify)
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount	
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: How much reduction in other water quality
amount	metrics have been measured in the field?
<b>Description:</b> Total amount of reduction in o	ther water quality metrics that is measured in the enrolled field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality amount unit	
<b>Data element name:</b> Other water quality amount unit	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the unit for the reduction in other water quality metrics measured in the field?
	duction in other water quality metrics that is measured in the
	appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Degrees F
	Kilograms
	Kilograms per liter
	Metric tons
	• Pounds
1 6 5 116 16 6	Other (specify)
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page **68** of **87** 

Other water quality purpose	
Data element name: Other water quality purpose	<b>Reporting question:</b> What is the purpose of tracking other water quality benefits?
Description: Purpose of tracking other water	r quality benefits in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the additio	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	<ul> <li>Commodity marketing</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	I don't know
Lasia Bassas differents (Otherworks	Other (specify)  Bowlind (yes)
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity	and Noticean Asia Control (Asia Marchaella College) and the Control of Contro
Data element name: Water quantity	<b>Reporting question:</b> Is water conservation being tracked in the field?
manifer the commercial contribution of the con	or reduction in use in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a
minimum using some form of monitoring ar	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	I don't know     Required: Yes
benefits'	Required. Tes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount	The Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of Contro
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: How much water conservation has been
amount	measured in the field?
Description: Total amount of water conserv	ation or reduction that is measured in the field.
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Water quantity amount unit	
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of water
amount unit	conservation measured in the field?
	ater conservation or reduced use that is measured and reported in
	r the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Acre-feet
	Cubic feet
Logic Personal if yes to Water average	Other (specify)  Required: Yes
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page **69** of **87** 

Water	quantity	purpose

Data element name: Water quantity Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking water

conservation?

Description: Purpose of tracking water conservation or reductions in water use in the enrolled field. If "other" is

chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

> Commodity marketing **Producing insets**

Producing offsets I don't know

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced erosion

Data element name: Reduced erosion Reporting question: Is reduced soil erosion being tracked in the

Description: Tracking of reduced soil erosion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some

form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced erosion amount

Data element name: Reduced erosion Reporting question: How much erosion reduction has been

amount measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of erosion reduction that is measured in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-1,000,000 Measurement unit: Amount

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced erosion amount unit

Data element name: Reduced erosion unit Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of erosion

reduction measured?

Description: Unit for the total amount of erosion reduction from enrolled fields that is measured and reported

by the project. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Tons

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 70 of 87



Reduced erosion purpose			
Data element name: Reduced erosion	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced		
purpose	erosion in the field?		
2 Strain	osion the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate		
value as free text in the additional column.			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
	<ul> <li>Commodity marketing</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>		
	I don't know		
	Other (specify)		
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Reduced energy use			
Data element name: Reduced energy use	<b>Reporting question:</b> Is reduced energy use being tracked in the field?		
Description: Tracking of reduced energy use	in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some		
form of monitoring and reporting that can qu			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
	• Yes		
	• No		
	I don't know		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes		
benefits'			
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Reduced energy use amount			
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: How much energy use reduction has been		
amount	measured in the field?		
	uction that is measured in the enrolled field.		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000		
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Reduced energy use amount unit			
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: What is the unit for the energy use		
unit	reduction measured in the field?		
	ergy use reduction that is measured in the enrolled field. If "other"		
is chosen, enter the appropriate value as fre			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
	Kilowatt hours		
	Other (specify)		
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes		
use			

Version 1.0 Page **71** of **87** 

Reduced energy use purpose

Data element name: Reduced energy use Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced

ourpose energy use in the field?

Description: Purpose of tracking reduced energy use in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity marketingProducing insetsProducing offsets

I don't knowOther (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy

use'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: Is avoided land conversion being tracked in

conversion the field?

**Description:** Tracking of avoided land conversion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits. Land conservation means land use changing from

agricultural uses to non-agricultural uses.

Data type: List

Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion amount

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: How much avoided land conversion has

conversion amount been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of avoided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field.

 Data type: Decimal
 Select multiple values: No

 Measurement unit: Amount
 Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land

conversion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion amount unit

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of avoided

conversion unit land conversion measured in the field?

Description: Unit for the total amount of avoided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field. If

"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Acres

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land

conversion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page 72 of 87

Avoided	land	convers	ion	pur	pose
---------	------	---------	-----	-----	------

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking avoided

conversion purpose land conversion in the field?

**Description:** Purpose of tracking avoided land conversion in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity marketingProducing insetsProducing offsets

I don't knowOther (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land

conversion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Improved wildlife habitat

Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: Are improvements to wildlife habitat being

habitat tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking of improvements to wildlife in and around the enrolled field. Tracking means at a

minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Improved wildlife habitat amount

Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: How much improved wildlife habitat has

habitat amount been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of improved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around the enrolled fields.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife

habitat'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Improved wildlife habitat amount unit

Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of improved

habitat unit wildlife habitat measured in the field?

Description: Unit for the total amount of improved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around enrolled

fields. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

AcresLinear feet

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife

habitat'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page **73** of **87** 



mproved wildlife habitat purpose	
Data element name: Improved wildlife habitat purpose	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking improved wildlife habitat in the field?
REPORT BOOK REPORT FOR THE PORT OF THE POR	wildlife habitat in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	<ul> <li>Producing insets</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Producing offsets</li> </ul>
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
<b>Logic:</b> Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife habitat'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

Version 1.0 Page **74** of **87** 



### **CSAF Practice Sub-questions**

For some CSAF practices, there is an additional set of questions that are unique to each practice. Responses to these questions are needed to verify estimated GHG benefits of these practices. If a field is implementing a CSAF practice with an NRCS CPS code in Table 11, answer the follow-up questions listed next to the relevant practice name in the table. Use the *Supplemental Reporting Workbook – CSAF Practice Sub-questions* to report the required information.

Table 11. Follow-on questions for select CSAF practices

Practice name and code	Follow-up question	Options (select one)
Alley Cropping (CPS 311)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Anaerobic Digester (CPS 366)	Waste storage system prior to installing anaerobic digester	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Digester type	Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring Complex mix with energy generation Plug flow with energy generation Other (specify)
	Additional feedstock source (select most common if using more than one)	Food waste Straw or bedding Wastewater Other (specify)

Version 1.0 Page **75** of **87** 

		1186 - 5271
		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
	Fuel type before installation	Kerosene
		Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount before installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	First amount with buffers	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene)
	Fuel amount unit before	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
Combustion System		Other (specify)
Improvement (CPS 372)	Fuel type after installation	Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
		Kerosene
		Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount after installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
		Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene)
	Fuel amount unit after	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
		Other (specify)
		Brassicas
Distriction of the Contract of All Contracts State Contracts	Species category (select most	Grasses
Conservation Cover	common/extensive type if	Legumes
(CPS 327)	using more than one)	Non-legume broadleaves
	.≅i	Shrubs

Version 1.0 Page **76** of **87** 

		Brassica Broadleaf
		Cool season
	Conservation crop type	Grass
		Legume
		Warm season
	<del></del>	Added perennial crop
	Change implemented	Reduced fallow period
Conservation Crop Rotation	Sharige in plenters	Both
(CPS 328)	<u> </u>	Conventional (plow, chisel, disk)
		No-till, direct seed
	WAS CHILD CONTINUE THAT I STOCKED HIS TORNING OF THE WAS A CONTINUE TO	Reduced till
	Conservation crop rotation tillage type	Strip till
		None
		Other (specify)
	Total conservation crop rotation length in	1 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	days	1-120
5	Strip width (feet)	1-100
Contour Buffer Strips (CPS		Grasses
332)	Species category	Forbs
		Mix
		Brassicas
	Species category (select most	Forbs
	common/extensive type if using more	Grasses
	than one)	Legume
	3	Non-legume broadleaves
		Grazing
Cover Crop (CPS 340)	Cover crop planned management	Haying
cover erop (er 3 3 io)	5	Termination
		Burning
		Herbicide application
	Cover crop termination method	Incorporation
		Mowing
		Rolling/crimping
		Winter kill/frost
		Grass
In the Assessment Programmer and Pro	Species category (select most	Grass legume/forb mix
Critical Area Planting (CPS	common/extensive type if using more	Herbaceous woody mix
342)	than one)	Perennial or reseeding
	and the same of	Shrubs
		Trees
	Crude protein (percent)	0-100
	Fat (percent)	0-100
Feed Management (CPS 592)		Chemical
The second secon	Feed additives/supplements	Edible oils/fats
	reca additives/supplements	Seaweed/kelp
		Other (specify)
	Species category (select most	Forbs
Field Border (CPS 386)	common/extensive type if using more	Grasses
Teld bolder (cr 3 300)	than one)	Mix
	small offs.	Shrubs

Version 1.0 Page **77** of **87** 

## USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

	Strip width (feet)	20-1,000
	Consider antercon / coloret most	Forbs
Filter Strip (CPS 393)	Species category (select most	Grasses
	common/extensive type if using	Mix
	more than one)	Shrubs
		Forest
	Land use in previous year	Multi-story cropping
Forest Farming (CPS 379)		Pasture/grazing land
		Row crops
		Other agroforestry
		Maintain or improve forest carbon stocks
		Maintain or improve forest health and
		productivity
		Maintain or improve forest structure and
<b>Forest Stand</b>	Purpose for implementation	composition
Improvement (CPS 666)		Maintain or improve wildlife, fish, and
		pollinator habitat
		Manage natural precipitation more efficiently
		Reduce forest pest pressure
		Reduce forest wildfire hazard
Grassed Waterway (CPS 412)	Species category (select most	Flowering Plants
	common/extensive type if using	Forbs
	more than one)	Grasses
	Species category (select most	Grasses
Hedgerow Planting (CPS	common/extensive type if using	Shrubs
(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	more than one)	Trees
422)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs
		Grasses
Herbaceous Wind		Mix
Barriers (CPS 603)		Shrubs
	Barrier width (feet)	1-1,000
	Number of rows	1-100
	Mulch type	Gravel
		Natural
Mulching (CPS 484)		Synthetic
Walering (et 3 404)		Wood
	Mulch cover (percent of field)	0-100

Version 1.0 Page 78 of 87

Nutrient management (CPS 590)	Nutrient type with CPS 590	Biosolids Commercial fertilizers Compost EEF (nitrification inhibitor) EEF (slow or controlled release) EEF (urease inhibitor) Green manure Liquid animal manure Organic by-products Organic residues or materials Solid/semi-solid animal manure Wastewater
	Nutrient application method with CPS 590	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
	Nutrient application method in the previous year	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
	Nutrient application timing with CPS 590	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application timing in the previous year	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application rate with CPS 590	0-20,000
	Nutrient application rate unit with CPS 590	Gallons per acre Pounds per acre
	Nutrient application rate change	Decrease compared to previous year Increase compared to previous year No change
Pasture and Hay Planting (CPS 512)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Cool-season broadleaf Cool-season grass Warm-season broadleaf Warm-season grass
	Termination process	Grazing Haying (i.e., cutting and baling) Other (specify)
Prescribed Grazing (CPS 528)	Grazing type	Cell grazing Deferred rotational Management intensive Rest-rotation

Version 1.0 Page 79 of 87

## USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Range Planting (CPS 550)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs Grasses Legumes Shrubs Trees
Residue and Tillage Management – No-till (CPS 329)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row only
Residue and Tillage Management – Reduced Till (CPS 345)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row/ridge tillage for planting Shallow across most of the soil surface Vertical/mulch
Riparian Forest Buffer (CPS 391)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Riparian Herbaceous Cover (CPS 390)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Ferns Forbs Grasses Legumes Rushes Sedges
Roofs and Covers (CPS 367)	Roof/cover type	Concrete Flexible geomembrane Metal Timber Other (specify)
Silvopasture (CPS 381)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Forage Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Strip width (feet)	1-1,000
Stripcropping (CPS 585)	Crop category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Erosion resistant crops Fallow Sediment trapping crops
	Number of strips	2-100
Tree/Shrub Establishment	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CPS 612)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Vegetative Barrier (CPS 601)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses Grass forb mix Grass legume mix
	Barrier width (feet)	3-1,000

Version 1.0 Page **80** of **87** 

Waste Separation Facility	Separation type	Chemical (e.g., salts, polymers) Mechanical (e.g., screens, presses) Settling basin
(CPS 632)	Most common use of solids	Bedding Field applied
Waste Storage Facility (CPS 313)	Waste storage system prior to installing your waste storage facility	Other (specify)  Aerobic lagoon  Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation  Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation  Anaerobic lagoon  Composting  Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring)  Covered lagoon with energy generation  Covered lagoon with flaring  Daily spread  Deep bedding pack  Deep pit  Dry lot  Dry stacking/solid storage  Pasture/range/paddock  Poultry with bedding  Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise)  Slurry tank/basin
Waste Treatment (CPS 629)	Treatment type	Biological Chemical Mechanical
Waste Treatment Lagoon (CPS 359)	Waste storage system prior to installing waste treatment lagoon	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Is there a lagoon cover/crust?	Yes No Yes
	Is there lagoon aeration?	No No

Version 1.0 Page **81** of **87** 

# USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
Renovation (CPS 380)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000

Version 1.0 Page **82** of **87** 



### Appendix A: Climate-smart Agriculture and Forestry Practices

All NRCS Practice Standards	(not limited to climate-smart	practices)

309, Agrichemical Handling Facility 390, Riparian Herbaceous Cover 311, Alley Cropping 391, Riparian Forest Buffer

313, Waste Storage Facility 393, Filter Strip 314, Brush Management 394, Firebreak

315, Herbaceous Weed Treatment 395, Stream Habitat Improvement and Management

316, Animal Mortality Facility 396, Aquatic Organism Passage 317, Composting Facility 397, Aquaculture Pond 318, Short Term Storage of Animal Waste and By-Products 398, Fish Raceway or Tank 319, On-Farm Secondary Containment Facility 399, Fishpond Management

320, Irrigation Canal or Lateral 400, Bivalve Aquaculture Gear and Biofouling Control

324, Deep Tillage 402, Dam

325, High Tunnel System 410, Grade Stabilization Structure

412, Grassed Waterway 326, Clearing and Snagging 420, Wildlife Habitat Planting 327, Conservation Cover 328, Conservation Crop Rotation 422, Hedgerow Planting 329, Residue and Tillage Management, No Till 423, Hillside Ditch

330, Contour Farming 428, Irrigation Ditch Lining

331, Contour Orchard and Other Perennial Crops 428A, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,

332, Contour Buffer Strips Plain Concrete

334, Controlled Traffic Farming

333, Amending Soil Properties with Gypsum Products 428B, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,

Flexible Membrane

336, Soil Carbon Amendment 428C, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining, 338, Prescribed Burning Galvanized Steel 340, Cover Crop 430, Irrigation Pipeline

342, Critical Area Planting 432, Dry Hydrant 345, Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till 436, Irrigation Reservoir

348, Dam, Diversion 441, Irrigation System, Microirrigation

350, Sediment Basin 442, Sprinkler System

443, Irrigation System, Surface and Subsurface 351, Well Decommissioning 447, Irrigation and Drainage Tailwater Recovery 353, Monitoring Well

355, Groundwater Testing 449, Irrigation Water Management

356, Dike and Levee 450, Anionic Polyacrylamide (PAM) Application 359, Waste Treatment Lagoon 453, Land Reclamation, Landslide Treatment 360, Waste Facility Closure 455, Land Reclamation, Toxic Discharge Control

362, Diversion 457, Mine Shaft and Adit Closing

460, Land Clearing 366, Anaerobic Digester

367, Roofs and Covers 462, Precision Land Forming and Smoothing

368, Emergency Animal Mortality Management 464, Irrigation Land Leveling 371, Air Filtration and Scrubbing 466, Land Smoothing

468, Lined Waterway or Outlet 372, Combustion System Improvement

373, Dust Control on Unpaved Roads and Surfaces 472, Access Control 374, Energy Efficient Agricultural Operation 484, Mulching

375, Dust Management for Pen Surfaces 490, Tree/Shrub Site Preparation 376, Field Operations Emissions Reduction 500, Obstruction Removal

378, Pond 511, Forage Harvest Management 379, Forest Farming 512, Pasture and Hay Planting

380, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation 516, Livestock Pipeline

520, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Soil Treatment 381, Silvopasture

382, Fence 521, Pond Sealing or Lining, Geomembrane or

383, Fuel Break Geosynthetic Clay Liner

384, Woody Residue Treatment 521A, Pond Sealing or Lining, Flexible Membrane 386, Field Border 521B, Pond Sealing or Lining, Soil Dispersant 388, Irrigation Field Ditch 521C, Pond Sealing or Lining, Bentonite Sealant

Version 1.0 Page 83 of 87

## USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

521D, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Clay Treatment

522, Pond Sealing or Lining - Concrete

527, Sinkhole Treatment 528, Prescribed Grazing 533, Pumping Plant

543, Land Reclamation, Abandoned Mined Land 544, Land Reclamation, Currently Mined Land 548, Grazing Land Mechanical Treatment

550, Range Planting

554, Drainage Water Management

555, Rock Wall Terrace 557, Row Arrangement 558, Roof Runoff Structure

560, Access Road

561, Heavy Use Area Protection 562, Recreation Area Improvement

566, Recreation Land Improvement and Protection

570, Stormwater Runoff Control

572, Spoil Disposal 574, Spring Development 575, Trails and Walkways 576, Livestock Shelter Structure

578, Stream Crossing

580, Streambank and Shoreline Protection

582, Open Channel

584, Channel Bed Stabilization

585, Stripcropping

587, Structure for Water Control

588, Crosswind Ridges 589, Cross Wind Trap Strips 590, Nutrient Management

591, Amendments for Treatment of Agricultural Waste

592, Feed Management

595, Pest Management Conservation System

600, Terrace

601, Vegetative Barrier 602, Equitable Relief

603, Herbaceous Wind Barriers

604, Saturated Buffer 605, Denitrifying Bioreactor 606, Subsurface Drain 607, Surface Drain, Field Ditc

607, Surface Drain, Field Ditch 608, Surface Drain, Main or Lateral

609, Surface Roughening

610, Salinity and Sodic Soil Management

612, Tree/Shrub Establishment

614, Watering Facility 620, Underground Outlet 629, Waste Treatment 630, Vertical Drain 632, Waste Separation Facility

633, Waste Recycling 634, Waste Transfer

635, Vegetated Treatment Area 636, Water Harvesting Catchment 638, Water and Sediment Control Basin

640, Waterspreading 642, Water Well

643, Restoration of Rare or Declining Natural Communities

644, Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management 645, Upland Wildlife Habitat Management

646, Shallow Water Development and Management 647, Early Successional Habitat Development-Mgt

649, Structures for Wildlife

650, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Renovation

654, Road/Trail/Landing Closure and Treatment

655, Forest Trails and Landings 656, Constructed Wetland 657, Wetland Restoration 658, Wetland Creation 659, Wetland Enhancement 660, Tree-Shrub Pruning 666, Forest Stand Improvement

670, Energy Efficient Lighting System 672, Energy Efficient Building Envelope 736, Crop By-Product Transfer, interim 724, Water Treatment Facility, interim 735, Waste Gasification Facility, interim

737, Reduced Water and Energy Coffee Conveyance

System, interim

740, Pond Sealing and Lining, Soil Cement, interim

751, Individual Terrace, interim 753, Infiltration Ditch, interim 755, Well Plugging, interim

770, Livestock Confinement Facility, interim 775, Drainage Ditch Covering, interim 782, Phosphorus Removal System, interim 800, Controlling Existing Flowing Wells, interim

803, Water Well Disinfection, interim

805, Amending Soil Properties with Lime, interim

808, Soil Carbon Amendment, interim

809, Conservation Harvest Management, interim 810, Annual Forages for Grazing Systems, interim

812, Raised Beds, interim

815, Groundwater Recharge Basin or Trench, interim

817, On-Farm Recharge, interim

818, Water Conservation System, interim

821, Low Tunnel Systems, interim 823, Organic Management, interim

Version 1.0 Page 84 of 87



Other CSAF Practices

Traditional or cultural practices Microbial products Solar power generation Grain bin construction Pre-season drainage

Version 1.0 Page **85** of **87** 

Appendix B: Commodity List

CROPS CINNAMON HYBRID POPLAR TREES

ALFALFA CLOVER IDLE ALMONDS COCONUTS INDIGO

AMARANTH GRAIN COFFEE ISRAEL MELONS
APPLES CORN JACK FRUIT

APRICOTS COTTON ELS JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES

ARONIA (CHOKEBERRY) **COTTON UPLAND JICAMA ARTICHOKES CRANBERRIES JOJOBA ASPARAGUS** CRENSHAW MELON JUJUBE **ATEMOYA** CRUSTACEAN **JUNEBERRIES AVOCADOS CUCUMBERS** KENAF **CURRANTS BAMBOO SHOOTS** KHORASAN **BANANAS** DASHEEN **KIWIBERRY** BARLEY DATES **KIWIFRUIT** 

BEANS DURIAN KOCHIA (PROSTRATA)

BEETS EGGPLANT KOHLRABI

BIRDSFOOT/TREFOIL EINKORN KOREAN GOLDEN MELON

**BLUEBERRIES ELDERBERRIES KUMQUATS BREADFRUIT EMMER** LAMBS EAR BROCCOFLOWER FIGS LEEKS BROCCOLI **FINFISH LEMONS** BROCCOLINI FLAX **LENTILS BRUSSEL SPROUTS FLOWERS LESPEDEZA** FORAGE SOYBEAN/SORGHUM BUCKWHEAT LETTUCE CABBAGE GAILON LIMES GARLIC CACAO LONGAN **CACTUS GENIP** LOQUATS CAIMITO **GINGER** LYCHEE CALABAZA MELON GINSENG MANGOS **CALALOO** GOOSEBERRIES **MANGOSTEEN** CAMELINA **GOURDS** MAPLE SAP

CANARY MELON GRAPERUIT MAYHAW BERRIES
CANARY SEED GRAPES MEADOWFOAM
CANEBERRIES GRASS MILKWEED
CANISTEL GREENS MILLET

CANOLA **GROUND CHERRY** MIXED FORAGE **CANTALOUPES** GUAMABANA/SOURSOP MOHAIR CARAMBOLA (STAR FRUIT) **GUAR** MOLLUSK **CARROTS GUAVA** MORINGA **CASHEW GUAVABERRY** MULBERRIES **CASSAVA GUAYULE MUSHROOMS** CAULIFLOWER HAZEL NUTS MUSTARD CELERIAC **HEMP NECTARINES** 

**CELERY HERBS** NIGER SEED NON **CHERIMOYA HESPERALOE CHERRIES** HONEY OATS **CHESTNUTS HONEYBERRIES** OKRA CHICORY/RADICCHIO HONEYDEW **OLIVES** ONIONS CHINESE BITTER MELON HOPS HORSERADISH CHRISTMAS TREES **ORANGES CHUFAS HUCKLEBERRIES PAPAYA** 

Version 1.0 Page **86** of **87** 

**TURKEYS** 

### $\overline{\mathsf{USDA}}$ Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

**PARSNIP STRAWBERRIES PASSION FRUITS** SUGAR BEETS **PAWPAW** SUGARCANE LIVESTOCK **PEACHES SUNFLOWERS ALPACAS PEANUTS BEEF COWS** SUNN HEMP **PEARS TANGELOS BEEFALO** 

**PEAS TANGERINES BUFFALO OR BISON PECANS TANGORS** CHICKENS (BROILERS) PENNYCRESS **TANGOS** CHICKENS (LAYERS) **TANNIER DAIRY COWS** 

**PEPPERS** PERENNIAL PEANUTS TARO DEER TEA **DUCKS** PERIQUE TOBACCO TEFF **PERSIMMONS ELK** PINE NUTS TI **EMUS PINEAPPLE** TOBACCO CIGAR WRAPPER **EQUINE TOBACCO BURLEY GEESE** 

**PISTACHIOS TOBACCO BURLEY 31V** PITAYA/DRAGONFRUIT **GOATS PLANTAIN** TOBACCO CIGAR BINDER **HONEYBEES PLUMCOTS** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER LLAMAS **PLUMS** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER BINDER REINDEER **POMEGRANATES** TOBACCO DARK AIR CURED SHEEP **POTATOES TOBACCO FIRE CURED SWINE** 

**POTATOES SWEET TOBACCO FLUE CURED PRUNES** TOBACCO MARYLAND

**TOBACCO VIRGINIA FIRE CURED PSYLLIUM** 

**PUMMELO TOMATILLOS PUMPKINS TOMATOES** QUINCES TREES TIMBER QUINOA TRITICALE **TRUFFLES RADISHES RAISINS TURNIPS RAMBUTAN** VETCH RAPESEED WALNUTS RHUBARB WAMPEE RICE WASABI RICE SWEET WATERMELON WAX JAMBOO FRUIT

WHEAT **RUTABAGA** 

RYE WILLOW SHRUB **SAFFLOWER** WINTER MELON SAPODILLA WOLFBERRY/GOJI

SAPOTE MAY

**SCALLIONS SESAME** SHALLOTS SORGHUM

RICE WILD

SORGHUM DUAL PURPOSE

SORGHUM FORAGE

**SOYBEANS** SPELT **SQUASH** 

STAR GOOSEBERRY

Version 1.0 Page **87** of **87** 

# Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions February 2023

### I. Overarching Statement

The following award terms and conditions are applicable to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities agreements and are in addition to the USDA FPAC General Terms and Conditions. The award recipient must abide by all terms of this grant including, but not limited to, the General Terms and Conditions, the terms in the Funding Opportunity and associated Frequently Asked Questions, and this addendum. The recipient must also deliver on the planned objectives in the project narrative and budget narrative associated with this grant.

### II. Eligibility and Highly Erodible Lands and Wetlands Compliance

In order to be eligible for an incentive payment as a part of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities, a producer must:

- Establish Farm Records with the Farm Service Agency (FSA) (have farm, tract, and field numbers in place);
- Complete an AD-2047 (Customer Data Worksheet to facilitate the collection of customer data for Business Partner Record);
- Certify highly erodible land conservation (HEL) and wetland conservation (WC) compliance via Form AD-1026, Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification; and
- · Certify that they are not a foreign person or entity.

Farm, tract, and field numbers are required for the producer, and ultimately the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipient, to report climate-smart practice implementation to USDA, as well as to certify and maintain HELC/WC compliance. This will require that some producers who do not already have these numbers, like perennial crop growers or feedlots, establish these records with USDA's FSA. Farm, tract, field numbers, producer name, and Core Customer I.D. (CCID) will be provided by the recipient to the National Program Officer as a part of routine grant reporting. Recipients must ensure that producers receiving financial assistance or incentives through this project use the same name as is included in the relevant FSA Business File for that Farm ID in any contracts or similar documentation kept by the recipient.

Producers are not bound by the payment limitations and the adjusted gross income (AGI) limitations that are in place for other USDA programs.

In order to demonstrate HELC/WC compliance for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities incentive payments, producers will need to request a copy of their subsidiary print from their

USDA FSA field office. The Subsidiary Print includes print year specific eligibility related information about a selected producer. The producer will then provide this documentation to the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipients as proof of compliance. A current year subsidiary print will be required for each crop year that the producer receives a payment, and HELC/WC eligibility information is provided under the AD-1026 and Conservation Compliance sections of subsidiary (determined by year, which can change at any time during the year or in a subsequent year). As is the case already, field offices will not be expected to provide documentation to anyone besides the producer themselves (and must always comply with Section 1619 limitations if they ever do provide documentation to third parties). Producers must have control of the land for the term of their beneficiary contract.

Recipients are responsible for determining producer eligibility within the funding opportunity requirements. Recipients must inform producers of eligibility requirements and direct them to local USDA offices for requested information as necessary, including but not limited to, farm and tract establishment and Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Compliance determinations. Privacy of producers is a priority throughout this process, and recipients are responsible for maintaining producer privacy in the process.

At minimum, the recipient will collect and review subsidiary reports from participating producers. They will ensure that the producer is listed as "compliant" in all sections of the conservation compliance portion of subsidiary and "certified" for AD-1026 before an incentive payment is made. If payments to a producer span more than one Federal fiscal year, the recipient will review an updated subsidiary print each fiscal year to ensure that the status is still compliant.

### III. Other Environmental and Cultural Resources Reviews

A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was signed by USDA NRCS on August 26, 2022. A copy of the Programmatic Environmental Assessment for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities is available at <a href="https://www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities">www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</a>. USDA may determine that additional environmental and cultural resources review is needed for any particular action under Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities. The recipient must not execute any beneficiary contracts under this grant agreement prior to receipt of a letter from USDA that specifically details:

- further procedures deemed appropriate by the Agency to ensure a completed National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review and all appropriate consultation requirements are met, and
- 2) additional instructions for any unanticipated discoveries or conditions.

A resolution of support is required for projects on Tribal lands from the governing body of the Tribe with jurisdiction over that land, if the applicant is not the Tribe nor an entity owned or

operated by that Tribe. USDA may approve alternative documentation for resolutions when USDA deems necessary and legally sufficient.

### IV. Producer Benefits

USDA encourages the recipient to disclose to participating producers the manner and amount for which any market premiums derived from the development of the relevant climate-smart commodity will be shared between participating parties, including producers. USDA will be monitoring producer benefits, in particular those to small and underserved producers, throughout the grant period. Recipients agree that their project(s) will implement a plan for engaging small and underserved producers as laid out in this agreement.

### V. Producer Data Protection and Disclosure

Recipients must ensure each producer has convenient access to any data collected from that producer or the producer's land and any associated modeling as part of the project. The recipient must provide each producer applying for benefits under this grant a description in writing of how their information, including but not limited to data about their farm and commodities, will be utilized, protected and shared as applicable.

### VI. Other Data and Reporting Requirements

In addition to the reporting information provided in the statement of work and General Terms and Conditions, USDA will provide a template for the Detailed Progress Report, also known as the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities (PSCS) Project Reporting Workbook. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, a copy of this workbook will be posted at <a href="https://www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities">www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</a> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer. USDA may provide updates to the PCSC Project Reporting Workbook or submission methods to streamline the data collection process and/or reduce the burden on the recipient throughout the grant period. Generally, these updates will be provided at least 3 months in advance of any required changes. The recipient must not transfer any data to foreign governments or foreign entities without prior approval from USDA.

USDA will provide a Technical Contact for this grant. The Technical Contact will have the responsibility of technical oversight for USDA for the project. The recipient is responsible for providing the technical assistance required to successfully implement and complete the project. The recipient must comply with any requests for information from the Technical Contact. The Technical Contact for this award is the National Program Officer assigned to this grant.

Prior to execution of this grant, the recipient must provide a shapefile depicting the project boundary for enrollment under this grant. Producer enrollment may not occur outside this boundary without modification of this grant.

Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, the recipient must provide to the National Program Officer a website address where enrollment information will be posted for producers for the project associated with this grant. Recipients will be responsible for the following reports:

- Submit quarterly performance reports that include a written progress report, as well as
  additional reporting on specific data elements contained in the most up-to-date version
  of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Project Reporting Workbook.
   Additional information about each reported element is described in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit supplemental reports required to validate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefit data, including: (1) an initial project MMRV plan, (2) field-modeled GHG benefit reports, and (3) field-direct GHG measurement results, as applicable. Additional information about these reports is in included in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit copies of project outputs and deliverables (e.g., fact sheets, reports) as attachments in ezFedGrants along with quarterly performance reports.
- Report the version of COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits of the project within each quarterly performance report. As COMET-Planner is updated, recipients must adopt the latest version of the tool as directed by USDA for use in performance reports.

Recipients must designate an individual as a member of the USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network (Partnerships Network); this representative should be identified in the Project Narrative for this grant. Each project includes a plan for up to two Partnerships Network virtual meetings and two in-person meetings a year during the project duration. Dates and other details on events will be posted at <a href="www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities">www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</a> or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer.

The Partnerships Network will be co-chaired by representative from the USDA Office of the Chief Economist and the Farm Production and Conservation Mission Area. The Partnerships Network will inform synthesis reports to be assembled by USDA on a range of topics related to the implementation of Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities projects, including:

- Lessons-learned as projects are implemented;
- Options for providing technical assistance;
- Procedures for measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verifying GHG benefits;
- Options for tracing climate-smart commodities through the supply chain;
- Mechanisms for reducing costs of implementation;
- A forum for discussion and learning regarding approaches to climate-smart agriculture and forestry implementation (including but not limited to deployment and

measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, tracking, and verification of associated greenhouse gas benefits and marketing of climate-smart commodities).

- · Synthesis of outcomes; and
- Opportunities for USDA and others to inform future approaches to generating new and expanded markets for climate-smart commodities.

The Partnerships Network topics to be discussed will cover at minimum the areas described in previous FAQs and will evolve with USDA's ongoing project data analysis efforts and with input from the project recipients on the kinds of sessions that will be most helpful to them in building the diverse climate-smart markets associated with their projects. Participation may include at least one interview a year and include questions related to the following areas:

- Technical assistance approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Producer outreach approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Monitoring, measurement, reporting, and verification (MMRV) approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Marketing approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Partnership approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Data collection and storage approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Supply chain approaches, methods and successes and/or challenges, including approaches to traceability
- Supply chain benefits and demand for climate-smart commodities
- Perspectives on program design, climate-smart commodity definitions, and future approaches or opportunities
- Project successes and stories

USDA may also request producer exit reports at a later date. Additional marketing and branding-related requirements may be provided by USDA, including signage related to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities.

### VII. Competition and Anti-Competitive Practices

In connection with this grant, recipients may not prohibit or otherwise limit a producer from changing the provider of other services or materials not included as part of this grant. Recipients may not condition, limit, steer, or discriminate in their provision or sale of non-project business functions or products to producers based on their participation or non-participation in or use of any services provided as part of this grant. Additionally, funds in this agreement shall not be used for purposes or activities related to mergers or acquisitions.

### VIII. Suspension and Disbarment

The provisions governing Suspension and Disbarment in subsection 1.a.8 shall also apply to fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification, or destruction of records, making false statements, or violations of the Federal civil antitrust or unfair trade practice laws.

### IX. Special provisions for awards to for-profit entities as recipients

This section contains provisions that apply to awards to for-profit entities. These provisions are in addition to other applicable provisions of these terms and conditions, or they make exceptions from other provisions of the terms and conditions for awards to for-profit entities. For-profit entities that receive awards have two options regarding audits:

- A financial related audit of a particular award in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, in those cases where the for-profit entity receives awards under only one USDA program; or, if awards are received under multiple USDA programs, a financial related audit of all awards in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; or
- 2) An audit that meets the requirements contained in 2 CFR 200 subpart F.

For-profit entities that receive annual awards totaling less than the audit requirement threshold in 2 CFR 200 subpart F are exempt from USDA audit requirements for that year, but records must be available for review by appropriate officials of Federal agencies or the Government Accountability Office.

### X. Non-Disparagement

Recipients may not engage in any advertising deemed by USDA as disparaging to another agricultural commodity or competing product, or in violation of the prohibition against false and misleading advertising. Disparagement is defined as anything that depicts other commodities in a negative or unpleasant light via overt or subjective video, photography, or statements. Comparative advertising is allowable, provided the presentation of facts is truthful, objective, not misleading, and supported by a reasonable basis.

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